Со	ompany Registration No. SC382849 (Scotland)
PIONEER-HUB L	TD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL ST	TATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31	JULY 2020
PAGES FOR FILING WITH I	REGISTRAR

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REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS OF PIONEER-HUB LTD

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Pioneer-Hub Ltd for the year ended 31 July 2020 set out on pages 2 to 7 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the ICAS we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at

https://www.icas.com/professional-resources/practice/support-anc-guidance/framework-for-the-preparation-of-accounts-revised-january-

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Pioneer-Hub Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Pioneer-Hub Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Pioneer-Hub Ltd, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the ICAS as detailed at

https://www.icas.com/professional-resources/practice/support-and-guidance/framework-for-the-preparation-of-accounts-revised-january-To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Pioneer-Hub Ltd and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Pioneer-Hub Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Pioneer-Hub Ltd. You consider that Pioneer-Hub Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

Finlaysons

Chartered Accountants

4 September 2020

4 Albert Place PERTH PH2 8JE

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2020

	2020)	2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		12,536		15,567
Investments	4		25,663		25,663
			38,199		41,230
Current assets					
Stocks		1,500		2,000	
Debtors	5	17,197		49,561	
Cash at bank and in hand		37,868		18,505	
		56,565		70,066	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(45,742)		(30,576)	
Net current assets			10,823		39,490
Total assets less current liabilities			49,022		80,720
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			4		4
Profit and loss reserves			49,018		80,716
Total equity			49,022		80,720

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 July 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 4 September 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

David Scott

Director

Company Registration No. SC382849

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Pioneer-Hub Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 4 Albert Place, PERTH, PH2 8JE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services net of VAT.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 15% per annum reducing balance Fixtures, fittings & equipment 15% per annum straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and invoice. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks and work in progress to their present level.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2020 Number	2019 Number
Total	3	3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and
		!	machinery etc
			£
	Cost		25.020
	At 1 August 2019 Disposals		25,608 (969)
	At 31 July 2020		24,639
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 August 2019		10,041
	Depreciation charged in the year		2,813
	Eliminated in respect of disposals		(751) ———
	At 31 July 2020		12,103
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 July 2020		12,536
	At 31 July 2019		15,567
4	Fixed asset investments		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Other investments other than loans	25,663	25,663
	Movements in fixed asset investments		
			Investments
			other than
			loans £
	Cost or valuation		~
	At 1 August 2019 & 31 July 2020		25,663
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 July 2020		25,663
	At 31 July 2019		25,663

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

5	Debtors		
•		2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	9,952	38,735
	Other debtors	7,245	10,826
		17,197	49,561
_	2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade creditors	15	1,564
	Corporation tax	28,375	19,944
	Other taxation and social security	11,400	5,278
	Other creditors	5,952	3,790
		45,742	30,576

7 Directors' transactions

Dividends totalling £64,000 (2019 - £68,000) were paid in the year in respect of shares held by the company's directors.

Interest free loans have been granted (to)/by the company to/(by) its directors as follows:

balanc	Opening balance		•	ng balance
	£	£	£	£
-	1,360	10	(1,448)	(78)
	1,360	10	(1,448)	(78)
		balance £ - 1,360	balance advanced £ £ - 1,360 10	balance advanced £ £ £ - 1,360 10 (1,448)

The loan is included under Other creditors/(Other debtors) and is repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.