Registered number: SC363604

THE KNIGHTS VAULT LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2021

The Knights Vault Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 August 2021

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The Knights Vault Ltd Balance Sheet As at 31 August 2021

Registered number: SC363604

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		7,200		10,800
Tangible Assets	4	_	5,956	_	7,446
			13,156		18,246
CURRENT ASSETS	_				
Stocks	5	33,571		94,220	
Debtors	6	59,205		121,268	
Cash at bank and in hand		33,221	_	17,418	
		125,997		232,906	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(89,776)	-	(102,378)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	36,221	_	130,528
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	49,377	-	148,774
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8	_	(35,000)	_	_
NET ASSETS		_	14,377	_	148,774
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_		_	
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Profit and Loss Account		_	14,277	_	148,674
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		_	14,377	_	148,774

The Knights Vault Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 August 2021

For the year ending 31 August 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Colin Hope

Director

31/05/2022

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

The Knights Vault Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 August 2021

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of years.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 20% RBM Fixtures & Fittings 20% RBM Computer Equipment 20% RBM

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

The Knights Vault Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 August 2021

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.7. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 15 (2020: 30)

Intangible Assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 September 2020	18,000
As at 31 August 2021	18,000
Amortisation	
As at 1 September 2020	7,200
Provided during the period	3,600
As at 31 August 2021	10,800
Net Book Value	
As at 31 August 2021	7,200
As at 1 September 2020	10,800

The Knights Vault Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 August 2021

4. Tangible Assets				
	Plant & Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 September 2020	2,688	8,298	2,504	13,490
As at 31 August 2021	2,688	8,298	2,504	13,490
Depreciation				
As at 1 September 2020	1,587	2,988	1,469	6,044
Provided during the period	220	1,063	207	1,490
As at 31 August 2021	1,807	4,051	1,676	7,534
Net Book Value				
As at 31 August 2021	881	4,247	828	5,956
As at 1 September 2020	1,101	5,310	1,035	7,446
5. Stocks				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Stock - finished goods			33,571	94,220
		_	33,571	94,220
		=		
6. Debtors				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Due within one year			7 127	6.020
Trade debtors			7,127	6,028
Other debtors - CT refundable Director's loan account			22,023 30,055	115 240
Director's loan account		_		115,240
		=	59,205	121,268
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Trade creditors			70,674	106,149
Corporation tax			-	(22,023)
Other taxes and social security			8,581	11,719
VAT			5,902	3,443
Other creditors- Net wages		_	4,619	3,090
			89,776	102,378
		=		

The Knights Vault Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 August 2021

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans	35,000	
	35,000	
9. Share Capital		
	2021	2020
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

10. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

11. General Information

The Knights Vault Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC363604. The registered office is 102 West Bow, Edinburgh, EH1 2HH.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.