COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC308400

Artemis Architects Limited
Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
For the year ended
31 August 2019



Statement of Financial Position

31 August 2019

		2019	2018	
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		7,323	9,579
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	12,014 19,358		3,210 48,000 79,054
		31,372		130,264
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	9,962	•	16,826
Net current assets			21,410	113,438
Total assets less current liabilities			28,733	123,017
Net assets			28,733	123,017
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			100	100
Profit and loss account			28,633	122,917
Shareholders funds			28,733	123,017

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 August 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 August 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A McLarty Director

Company registration number: SC308400

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 33 Kittoch Street, East Kilbride, Glasgow, G74 4JW.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

20% straight line

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Amortisation (continued)

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Equipment

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer equipment Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance
20% reducing balance
25% reducing balance
20% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2018: 2).

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	2.222
At 1 September 2018 and 31 August 2019	8,000
Amortisation At 1 September 2018 and 31 August 2019	8,000
·	
Carrying amount At 31 August 2019	-
At 31 August 2018	

6. Tangible assets

	Computer equipment £	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 September 2018 and 31 August 2019	29,527	18,579	4,090	52,196
Depreciation At 1 September 2018 Charge for the year	22,720 1,702	16,745 366	3,152 188	42,617 2,256
At 31 August 2019	24,422	17,111	3,340	44,873
Carrying amount At 31 August 2019	5,105	1,468	750	7,323
At 31 August 2018	6,807	1,834	938	9,579

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2019

7.	Debtors		
	•	2019	2018
	Trada dahtara	£	30 30e
	Trade debtors Other debtors	8,220 3,704	30,206 17,794
	Other deptors	3,794	17,794
		12,014	48,000
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	2,931	5,128
	Social security and other taxes	3,502	6,439
	Other creditors	3,529	5,259
		9,962	16,826

Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

- ,	2019			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
A McLarty	(2,759	(3,893)	5,623	(<u>1,029</u>)
	2018			
	Balance	Advances/		
	brought forward	(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
•	£	£	£	£
A McLarty	7,215	6,088	(16,062)	(2,759)

10. Related party transactions

Control:The company was under the control of A McLarty throughout the current and previous year. A McLarty is the managing director and together with his wife owns 100% of the issued share capital.

Transactions:- During the year the company paid rents totalling of £17,000 (2018: £17,000) at a commercial rate to A McLarty, a Director of the company, for use of premises.