Dalziel Commercials Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 October 2018

Dalziel Commercials Limited

Registered number: SC307548

Balance Sheet

as at 31 October 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		21,912		10,033
Current assets					
Debtors	3	15,568		4,486	
Cash at bank and in hand		46,939		45,701	
		62,507		50,187	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	4	(18,390)		(15,534)	
Net current assets			44,117		34,653
Net assets		_	66,029	_	44,686
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			66,027		44,684
Shareholders' funds		<u> </u>	66,029	<u> </u>	44,686

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

David Bennie

Director

Approved by the board on 21 November 2018

Dalziel Commercials Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 October 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 November 2017	1,975	17,422	19,397
	Additions		19,180	19,180
	At 31 October 2018	1,975	36,602	38,577
	Depreciation			
	At 1 November 2017	1,743	7,621	9,364
	Charge for the year	56	7,245	7,301
	At 31 October 2018	1,799	14,866	16,665
	Net hook value			
	At 31 October 2018	176	21,736	21,912
	At 31 October 2017	232	9,801	10,033
3	Debtors		2018	2017
•			£	£
	Trade debtors		6,735	480
	Other debtors		8,833	4,006
			15,568	4,486
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2018	2017
7	Creations, amounts faining due within one year		2018 £	£
	Trade creditors		3,545	3,120

Corporation tax	9,202	10,965
Other taxes and social security costs	-	869
Other creditors	5,643	580
	18,390	15,534

5 Other information

Dalziel Commercials Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland. Its registered office is:

17 Flowerhill Street

Airdrie

ML6 6AP

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