Company registration number: SC247310

H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 April 2021

SATURDAY



SCT

30/10/2021 COMPANIES HOUSE

#39

Contents

	Page
Directors and other information	1
Accountants report	2
Statement of financial position	3 - 4
Statement of changes in equity	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 10

Directors and other information

Directors

Peter Pasieka

Susan Pasieka

Secretary

Peter Pasieka

Company number

SC247310

Registered office

Metropolitan House

31-33 High Street

Inverness IV1 1HT

Business address

Plot 1

43B Harbour Road

Inverness IV1 1UF

Accountants

Frame Kennedy Metropolitan House

31-33 High Street

Inverness IV1 1HT

Bankers

Bank of Scotland

90 High Street

Elgin

Morayshire IV30 1BJ

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd Year ended 30 April 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd for the year ended 30 April 2021 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of ICAS, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of ICAS as detailed at http://www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd. You consider that H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of H & M Hydraulic Services Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Frame Kennedy Chartered Accountants

(re Venney

Metropolitan House 31-33 High Street Inverness IV1 1HT

18 August 2021

Statement of financial position 30 April 2021

	2021		2020		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	218,587		230,502	
			218,587		230,502
Current assets					
Stocks		18,927		18,573	
Debtors	6	62,445		71,095	
Cash at bank and in hand		250,891 ———		174,413	
		332,263		264,081	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(145,795)		(95,108)	
Net current assets			186,468		168,973
Total assets less current liabilities			405,055		399,475
Provisions for liabilities			(5,163)		(6,526)
Accruals and deferred income			(4,525)		(1,700)
Net assets			395,367		391,249
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			50		50
Capital redemption reserve			(164,950)		(164,950)
Profit and loss account			560,267		556,149
Shareholders funds			395,367		391,249

For the year ending 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Page 3
Frame Kennedy

Statement of financial position (continued) 30 April 2021

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 August 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Peter Pasieka

Peter A Passide

Director

Company registration number: SC247310

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 30 April 2021

·	Called up share capital £	Capital redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 May 2019	50	(164,950)	550,513	385,613
Profit for the year			45,636	45,636
Total comprehensive income for the year			45,636	45,636
Dividends paid and payable			(40,000)	(40,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		-	(40,000)	(40,000)
At 30 April 2020 and 1 May 2020	50	(164,950)	556,149	391,249
Profit for the year			24,118	24,118
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	24,118	24,118
Dividends paid and payable			(20,000)	(20,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	_		(20,000)	(20,000)
At 30 April 2021	50	(164,950)	560,267	395,367

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 April 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is Frame Kennedy, Metropolitan House, 31-33 High Street, Inverness, IV1 1HT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

There were no material departures from this statement.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2021

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property - 2% straight line

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2021

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2021

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Fair value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 7 (2020: 8).

5. Tangible assets

6.

•	i aligible assets					
		Freehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost					
	At 1 May 2020	197,821	162,670	17,660	19,504	397,655
	Additions	-	542	447	-	989
	At 30 April 2021	197,821	163,212	18,107	19,504	398,644
	Depreciation	<u></u>	<u></u>			
	At 1 May 2020	3,956	138,259	16,406	8,532	167,153
	Charge for the year	3,877	6,042	242	2,743	12,904
	At 30 April 2021	7,833	144,301	16,648	11,275	180,057
	Carrying amount			-		
	At 30 April 2021	189,988	18,911	1,459	8,229	218,587
	At 30 April 2020	193,865	24,411	1,254	10,972	230,502
•	Debtors					
					2021	2020
	•				£	£
	Trade debtors				52,155	58,624
	Other debtors				10,290	12,471
					62,445	71,095

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2021

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2021	2020
£	£
77,153	28,131
8,030	12,543
11,587	8,869
49,025	45,565
145,795	95,108
	77,153 8,030 11,587 49,025

8. Events after the end of the reporting period

The COVID-19 outbreak has developed rapidly in 2020 with a significant number of infections. Measures taken by various governments to contain the virus have affected our economic activity in various ways. For example, due to government measures we had to temporarily close our premises.

Depending on the duration of the COVID-19 crisis and continued negative impact on the overall economy, the results of the company may be affected. The exact impact on our activities for the remainder of 2021 and thereafter cannot be predicted.

9. Related party transactions

During the year the company paid remuneration of £49,045 (2020- £50,020) and dividends of £20,000 (2020 - £40,000) to the directors of the company.