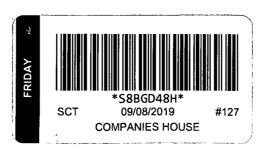
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

H G Murray

G L Murray

A M MacKenzie

Secretary .

Ledingham Chalmers LLP

Company number

SC119825

Registered office

Kintail House INVERNESS

IV2 3BW

Accountants

Johnston Carmichael LLP

Clava House

Cradlehall Business Park

INVERNESS IV2 5GH

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

£	£	£
		~
973,569		738,014
	15,380	
	522,100	
	1,478,223	4.4
	552,799	
	2,568,502	
	(554,831)	
2,172,704		2,013,671
3,146,273		2,751,685
	11,721	
(9,506)		(11,721)
2 126 767		2,739,964
		=======================================
· ·		49,999
3,086,768		2,689,965
3,136,767		2,739,964
	2,172,704 3,146,273 (9,506) 3,136,767 ——————————————————————————————————	15,380 522,100 1,478,223 552,799 2,568,502 (554,831) 2,172,704 3,146,273 11,721 (9,506) 3,136,767 149,999 3,086,768

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

For the financial year ended 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

H G Murray Director

Company Registration No. SC119825

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Migdale Smolt Limited (SC119825) is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Kintail House, INVERNESS, IV2 3BW.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 applicable to small entities have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services in the normal course of business and is shown net of VAT and relevant discounts. Turnover is recognised on the accruals basis.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings freehold

Land and buildings leasehold

Plant and machinery

Motor vehicles

5% straight line

straight line over the life of the lease

15% reducing balance and 16.5% straight line

25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.5 Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Biological assets

The company rears smolts and as a result holds fish as biological assets within current assets.

In accordance with FRS102 these assets are defined as biological assets and are held at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.12 Retirement benefits

The company makes contributions into the personal pension funds of certain of its directors and employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

(

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 18 (2018 - 18).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

3	Tangible fixed assets			
	·	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 May 2018	204,111	2,161,648	2,365,759
	Additions	265,826	134,275	400,101
	Disposals	(34,197)	(76,724)	(110,921)
	At 30 April 2019	435,740	2,219,199	2,654,939
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 May 2018	133,713	1,494,032	1,627,745
	Depreciation charged in the year	8,208	122,367	130,575
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	(34,197)	(42,753)	(76,950)
	At 30 April 2019	107,724	1,573,646	1,681,370
	Carrying amount			·
	At 30 April 2019	328,016	645,553	973,569
	At 30 April 2018	70,398	667,616	738,014

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

4	Biological assets		
			Smolts £
	Cost		~
	At 1 May 2018		522,100
	Change in inventory		9,497
	At 30 April 2019		531,597
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2018 & 30 April 2019		
	Carrying amount		
	At 30 April 2019		531,597
	At 30 April 2018		522,100
			Smolts
	Carrying amount at 30 April 2019 classified as:		£
	Current assets		531,597
	Carrying amount at 30 April 2018 classified as:		
	Current assets		522,100 ———
5	Debtors		
		2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	17,227	188,195
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	859,972	1,199,898
	Other debtors	36,329	49,159
	Prepayments and accrued income	46,382	40,971
		959,910	1,478,223
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
			-
	Trade creditors	382,732	312,584
	Corporation tax	71,636	174,370
	Other taxation and social security Other creditors	27,809 8,710	22,940 8,248
	Accruals and deferred income	70,950	36,689
	Accidate and deterred income		
		561,837	554,831
			
7	Called up share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	40.000	40.000
	49,999 Ordinary shares of £1 each	49,999	49,999
		49,999	49,999
8	Operating lease commitments		
	Lessee		
	At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future r	minimum leas	e payments
	under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:	2019	2018
		2015 £	2016 £
		20.402	50.044
		39,403	52,841
•			
9	Capital commitments		
	Amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements:		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Acquisition of tangible fixed assets	_	155,000
	1		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

10	Related party transactions		
	Transactions with related parties		
	The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:	,	
		2019	2018
	Amounts due to related parties	£	£
	Other related parties	5,677	6,677
	The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:		
		2019	2018
	Amounts due from related parties	£	£
	Other related parties	859,972	1,199,898

11 Parent company

The parent company is Badbea Crofters Limited whose registered office is Dornoch Road, BONAR BRIDGE, Sutherland, IV24 3EB. The ultimate controlling party is the board of directors of that company.