COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC004585

The Dundee Football Club Limited Filleted Financial Statements 31 May 2019

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 May 2019

Contents	Page	
Officers and professional advisers	1	
Directors' responsibilities statement	2	
Statement of financial position	3	
Statement of changes in equity	4	
Notes to the financial statements	5	

Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors Mr I R Crighton (Resigned 9 August 2018)

Mr S Martin (Resigned 1 December 2018)

Mr R W Hynd Mr J Nelms Mr T Keyes

Mr D J Gray (Appointed 9 August 2018)

Registered office Dens Park Stadium

Sandeman Street

Dundee Scotland DD3 7JY

Auditor FourM Limited

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Stannergate House 41 Dundee Road West Broughty Ferry

Dundee

DD5 1NB

Bankers Barclays Bank plc

24 High Street

Dundee DD1 1SZ

Solicitors Thorntons Law LLP

Whitehall House 33 Yeaman Shore

Dundee DD1 4BJ

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

Year ended 31 May 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to: - select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; - make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; - prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business. The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of Financial Position

31 May 2019

		2019		2018
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		137,840	145,318
Current assets				
Stocks		6,043		7,493
Debtors	6	520,329		939,251
Cash at bank and in hand		40,100		296,835
		566,472		1,243,579
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	2,704,769		2,832,790
Net current liabilities			2,138,297	1,589,211
Total assets less current liabilities			(2,000,457)	(1,443,893)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one				
year	8		191	2,797
Provisions for liabilities				
Other provisions	9		579,472	560,432
Net liabilities			(2,580,120)	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	10		2,550,000	1,489,829
Share premium account	11		1,877,559	1,685,059
Profit and loss account	11		(7,007,679)	(5,182,010)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered. These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 February 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Nelms

Director

Company registration number: SC004585

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 May 2019

	Called up share	Share premium	Profit and loss	
	capital	account	account	Total
	£	£	£	£
At 1 June 2017	1,489,681	1,685,007	(4,756,262)	(1,581,574)
Loss for the year			(425,748)	(425,748)
Total comprehensive income for the year			(425,748)	(425,748)
Issue of shares	148	52	_	200
Total investments by and distributions to owners	148	52	_	200
At 31 May 2018	1,489,829	1,685,059	(5,182,010)	(2,007,122)
Loss for the year			(1,825,669)	(1,825,669)
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	(1,825,669)	(1,825,669)
Issue of shares	1,060,171	192,500	_	1,252,671
Total investments by and distributions to owners	1,060,171	192,500	_	1,252,671
At 31 May 2019	2,550,000	1,877,559	(7,007,679)	(2,580,120)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 May 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is Dens Park Stadium, Sandeman Street, Dundee, DD3 7JY, Scotland.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is in the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company has made a loss for the year of £1,825,669 (2018 - loss of £425,748). During the year, the majority shareholder converted loan monies due by the company of £1,252,323 into new shares and, at the year-end, there was a deficit of £2,580,120 (2018 - deficit of £2,007,122) of shareholders' funds. In considering the company's ability to continue as a going concern in light of the level of loss and the level of deficit on shareholders' funds, the directors of the company have prepared detailed financial projections covering the period to 31 May 2021. The projections reflect the expected trading results for seasons 2019/20 and 2020/21, which are expected to be an improvement on year end 31 May 2019. These projections have been drawn up on the basis of conservative assumptions as to the league position to be achieved by the football club, attendance levels at matches, and the management of all costs, including expenditure on players. The projected trading results anticipate further losses in each of season 2019/20 and 2020/21 and and deficits from operations over the period. The company does not have formal funding facilities in place to cover such deficits and it will continue to rely on further financial support from the majority shareholder. The board of directors has received an undertaking in writing from the majority shareholder that it will continue to make additional funds available to the company as these funds are required, with the aim of ensuring that the company has sufficient funds available to meet its financial commitments as they fall due for at least the 12 months period from the date of signing these accounts. The directors are satisfied that the majority shareholder has sufficient financial resources to fulfil this undertaking. Consequently, the directors consider that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises amounts invoiced or received by the company in respect of season ticket sales, gate receipts, donations and other commercial income, exclusive of Value Added Tax. Season ticket and commercial income sales which relate to the next football season starting after the year end date are deferred and recognised in the following year.

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals require to be accounted for on a straight line basis over the full lease term. Where there is a difference between the rental amounts accounted for on that basis on that basis and the rentals actually paid per the terms of the lease, then the difference is charged or credited to the statement of comprehensive income and adjusted against the provision (see note 9).

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Tenant's improvements - Straight line over the remaining life of the lease

Plant and machinery - 10%-33% Reducing balance and Straight line

Fixtures and fittings - 10%-33% Straight line
Motor vehicles - 20% Straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. The terms of the stadium lease provide for an annual escalation of rentals payable. On adoption of FRS 102, the company has established a significant provision for additional rental costs recognised in the accounts as a result of the change in accounting to a straight line basis to comply with FRS 102.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income immediately For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Pension cost

The pension cost charged in the financial statements represents the contributions payable by the company during the year.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 69 (2018: 67).

5. Tangible assets

	Tenant's	Plant and	Fixtures and		
	improvements	machinery	fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	$\mathfrak t$	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 June 2018	149,734	66,599	73,557	16,300	306,190
Additions	_	7,236	15,617	8,910	31,763
Disposals	-	-	(1,467)	_	(1,467)
At 31 May 2019	149,734	73,835	87,707	25,210	336,486
Depreciation					
At 1 June 2018	58,577	38,826	55,809	7,660	160,872
Charge for the year	14,974	10,952	11,156	2,160	39,242
Disposals	_	_	(1,468)	_	(1,468)
At 31 May 2019	73,551	49,778	65,497	9,820	198,646
Carrying amount					
At 31 May 2019	76,183	24,057	22,210	15,390	137,840
At 31 May 2018	91,157	27,773	17,748	8,640	145,318

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

£ £ £ At 31 May 2019 - 6,480 6,480		Plant and		
At 31 May 2019 — 6,480 6,480 At 31 May 2018 9,966 8,640 18,606 6. Debtors 2019 2018 E £ £ Trade debtors 159,573 293,184 Prepayments and accrued income 352,083 628,240 Other debtors 8,673 17,827 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 E £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141		machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
At 31 May 2018 9,966 8,640 18,606 6. Debtors 2019 2018 £ £ £ Trade debtors 159,573 293,184 Prepayments and accrued income 352,083 628,240 Other debtors 8,673 17,827 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141		£	£	£
At 31 May 2018 6. Debtors 2019 2018 £ £ Trade debtors 159,573 293,184 Prepayments and accrued income 352,083 628,240 Other debtors 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019	At 31 May 2019	_		6,480
6. Debtors 2019 2018 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ Prepayments and accrued income 352,083 628,240 Other debtors 8,673 17,827 520,329 939,251 7. 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ £ £ £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	At 31 May 2018		8,640	18,606
Trade debtors 159,573 293,184 Prepayments and accrued income 352,083 628,240 Other debtors 8,673 17,827 520,329 939,251 520,329 939,251 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	6. Debtors			
Trade debtors 159,573 293,184 Prepayments and accrued income 352,083 628,240 Other debtors 8,673 17,827 520,329 939,251 520,329 939,251 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141			2019	2018
Prepayments and accrued income 352,083 628,240 Other debtors 8,673 17,827 520,329 939,251 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141			£	£
Other debtors 8,673 17,827 520,329 939,251 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	Trade debtors		159,573	293,184
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Aceruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	Prepayments and accrued income		352,083	628,240
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	Other debtors		·	
DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141				
## DFC 50 Bonds	7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
DFC 50 Bonds 50,000 50,000 Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141			2019	2018
Trade creditors 237,138 177,423 Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141			£	£
Accruals and deferred income 618,218 699,388 Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	DFC 50 Bonds		50,000	50,000
Social security and other taxes 218,370 319,153 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	Trade creditors		237,138	177,423
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 3,022 3,685 Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	Accruals and deferred income		618,218	699,388
Other creditors 1,578,021 1,583,141	Social security and other taxes		218,370	319,153
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts		3,022	3,685
	Other creditors			
			2,704,769	2,832,790

The DFC 50 Bonds totalling £50,000 (2018: £50,000) are redeemable at any time at the option of the directors.

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	191	2,797

9. Provisions for liabilities

	Stadium
	rental
	£
At 1 June 2018	560,432
Charge against provision	19,040
At 31 May 2019	579,472

Under FRS 102, rental amounts payable in relation to leases require to be accounted for on a straight line basis over the full lease term. The company's stadium lease provides for an annual escalation in rentals payable. With the transition to FRS 102, a transitional adjustment was needed to reflect additional rental charges for earlier years. The total of these earlier years' differences was deferred as a provision. Each year, the difference between the straight line rental amount and the amount payable per the lease will be charged (where amounts payable are lower) or credited (where amounts payable are higher) to the statement of comprehensive income and adjusted against the provision.

10. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 0.01 each	239,524,714	2,395,247	133,507,614	1,335,076
Ordinary A shares of £ 0.01 each	15,475,300	154,753	15,475,300	154,753
	255,000,014	2,550,000	148,982,914	1,489,829
Share movements				
			No.	£
Ordinary				
At 1 June 2018			133,507,614	1,335,076
Issue of shares			106,017,100	1,060,171
At 31 May 2019			239,524,714	2,395,247

The number of shares outstanding at the year end date for all other classes of shares is consistent with the prior year.

11. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses. Share premium account - This reserve records the amount above the nominal value received for shares issued, less transaction costs.

12. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	114,197	129,210
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	431,818	334,214
Later than 5 years	1,257,654	1,359,055

	1,803,669	1,822,479

Included in the above are amounts for the stadium rental (see Note 9). The future payments are split as follows: Not later than 1 year £71,000 (2018 - £65,000); later than 1 year and not later than 5 years £356,850 (2018 - £326,950) and later than 5 years £1,257,654 (2018 - £1,359,054).

13. Events after the end of the reporting period

After the year end, an additional 205,566 £0.01 ordinary shares were issued on 27 September 2019 and each were taken up at a price of £0.0135 to the value of £2,775. A further 14,814,814 £0.01 ordinary shares were issued on 28 November 2019 at £0.0135 per share to the value of £200,000. On the 8 February 2020 the company issued 45,084,253 £0.01 shares at £0.0135 to the value of £608,637. 45,000,000 shares were issued to Football Partners Scotland L.P., to the value of £607,500 and an equivalent amount was written off their loan to the company. The remaining amount was received as cash.

14. Summary audit opinion

The auditor's report for the year dated 28 February 2020 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Iain McBride MA CA, for and on behalf of FourM Limited.

15. Related party transactions

Name of related party: Football Partners Scotland L.P. (FPS) Nature of relationship: FPS is the majority shareholder of The Dundee Football Club Limited (DFC). The transaction: During the year, FPS advanced further loan funds amounting to £1,248,947 (2018 - £325,965) to DFC and £1,252,323 of the debt was converted to equity during the year. The full amount outstanding at the year-end is £1,561,514 (2018 - £1,524,251) and is included in Other creditors in the above note 7 - Creditors: amounts falling due within one year. The loan has no set repayment dates and interest is being charged at 1% per year. Name of related party: Dark Blue Property Holdings Limited (DBPH) Nature of relationship: DBPH shares two common directors with The Dundee Football Club Limited (DFC). The transaction: During the year, DBPH advanced loan funds amounting to £Nil (2018 - £140,000) to DFC and has repaid £18,200 (2018 - £172,000). The full amount outstanding at the year-end is £9,957 (2018- £28,000) and is included in Other creditors in the above note 7 - Creditors: amounts falling due within one year. The loan has no set repayment dates and interest is being charged at 1% per year.

16. Controlling party

At the year end the company was under the control, due to their majority shareholding of 75% (2018: 57%), of Football Partners Scotland L.P. This entity is controlled by T. Keyes, a director of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.