

Registered number
OC400705

Armstrong Cary LLP

Filleled Accounts

31 March 2019

Armstrong Cary LLP**Registered number:**

OC400705

Balance Sheet**as at 31 March 2019**

	Notes	2019	2018
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	43,065	58,930
Tangible assets	4	9,118	4,834
		<u>52,183</u>	<u>63,764</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		2,900	3,500
Debtors	5	22,773	25,375
Paypal		1	1
Cash at bank and in hand		4,821	2,288
		<u>30,495</u>	<u>31,164</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(12,194)	(12,265)
Net current assets		<u>18,301</u>	<u>18,899</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		70,484	82,663
Net assets attributable to members		<u>70,484</u>	<u>82,663</u>
Represented by:			
Loans and other debts due to members	7	<u>45,608</u>	<u>90,198</u>
Members' other interests			
Other reserves		<u>24,876</u>	<u>(7,535)</u>
		<u>70,484</u>	<u>82,663</u>
Total members' interests			
Loans and other debts due to members	7	45,608	90,198
Members' other interests		24,876	(7,535)
		<u>70,484</u>	<u>82,663</u>

For the year ended 31 March 2019 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs).

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the

Registrar of Companies.

These accounts were approved by the members on 29 December 2019 and signed on their behalf by:

Joanna Armstrong
Designated member

Armstrong Cary LLP
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Division of profits

Profits are treated as being available for discretionary division only if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment of the profits of a particular year unless and until the members agree to divide them. Profits are otherwise automatically divided and included under Members' remuneration charged as an expense in the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Taxation is not provided for in the accounts as taxation is the personal liability of the members. Any amounts held by the LLP on behalf of members in respect of their tax liabilities are treated as debts due to members.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Members' capital

Members' capital is classified as debt and not equity if there is a contractual obligation for the LLP to repay the capital to members, even if that obligation is conditional.

2	Employees	2019	2018
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the LLP	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>
3 Intangible fixed assets			£
Goodwill:			
Cost			
At 1 April 2018			90,660
At 31 March 2019			<u>90,660</u>
Amortisation			
At 1 April 2018			31,730
Provided during the year			<u>15,865</u>
At 31 March 2019			<u>47,595</u>
Net book value			
At 31 March 2019			<u>43,065</u>
At 31 March 2018			<u>58,930</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 April 2018	8,631	-	8,631
Additions	-	7,000	7,000
At 31 March 2019	<u>8,631</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>15,631</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018	3,797	-	3,797
Charge for the year	966	1,750	2,716
At 31 March 2019	<u>4,763</u>	<u>1,750</u>	<u>6,513</u>
Net book value			
At 31 March 2019	<u>3,868</u>	<u>5,250</u>	<u>9,118</u>
At 31 March 2018	4,834	-	4,834

5 Debtors	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	21,873	24,475
Other debtors	900	900
	<u>22,773</u>	<u>25,375</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
	£	£
Other taxes and social security costs	9,200	9,190
Other creditors	2,994	3,075
	<u>12,194</u>	<u>12,265</u>

7 Loans and other debts due to members	2019	2018
	£	£
Loans from members	90,000	90,000
Amounts due to members in respect of profits	(44,392)	198
	<u>45,608</u>	<u>90,198</u>
Amounts falling due within one year	<u>45,608</u>	<u>90,198</u>

Loans and other debts due to members rank equally with debts due to ordinary creditors in a winding up.

8 Other information

Armstrong Cary LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

41 Edburton Avenue

Brighton

East Sussex

BN1 6EL

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