Steven Abbott Associates LLP Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

31 March 2023

KA FARR & CO

6-8 Botanic Road Churchtown Southport Merseyside PR9 7NG



Members' Report

Year ended 31 March 2023

The members present their report and the unaudited abridged financial statements of the LLP for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was of town planners.

Designated members

The designated members who served the LLP during the year were as follows:

Mr S.H. Abbott Mr A.J Skelton

Policy regarding members' drawings and the subscription and repayment of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members

Members are permitted to make drawings in anticipation of profits which will be allocated to them. The amount of such drawings is set at the beginning of each financial year, taking into account the anticipated cash needs of the LLP.

New members are required to subscribe a minimum level of capital and in subsequent years members are invited to subscribe for further capital, the amounts of which is determined by the performance and seniority of those members. On retirement, capital is repaid to members.

This report was approved by the members on 14 November 2023 and signed on behalf of the members by:

Mr A.J Skelton Designated Member

Alestri J. Stalk.

Registered office:
Balmoral House
Ackhurst Business Park
Foxhole Road
Chorley
England
PR7 1NY

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Report to the Members on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Abridged Financial Statements of Steven Abbott Associates LLP

Year ended 31 March 2023

As described on the abridged statement of financial position, the members of the LLP are responsible for the preparation of the abridged financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023, which comprise the abridged statement of financial position and the related notes.

You consider that the LLP is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these abridged financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

KA FARR & CO

6-8 Botanic Road

Churchtown

Southport

Merseyside

PR9 7NG

14 November 2023

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5	7,709	8,383
Current assets Work in progress Debtors		67,921 422,514 490,435	55,140 433,157 488,297
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		240,360	206,915
Net current assets		250,075	281,382
Total assets less current liabilities		257,784	289,765
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		71,820	103,801
Net assets		185,964	185,964
Represented by:			
Loans and other debts due to members Members' capital classified as a liability Other amounts	6 6	185,964 185,964	185,964 185,964
Members' other interests Other reserves			
		185,964	185,964
Total members' interests Amounts due from members Loans and other debts due to members Members' other interests	6	(327,783) 185,964 (141,819)	(370,551) 185,964 ————————————————————————————————————

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs), the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The abridged statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2023

For the year ending 31 March 2023 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements.

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2023 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 14 November 2023, and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr S.H. Abbott Designated Member

Registered number: OC347995

Mr A.J Skelton Designated Member

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2023

1. General information

The LLP is registered in England and Wales.

The address of the registered office is Balmoral House, Ackhurst Business Park, Foxhole Road, Chorley, PR7 1NY, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in December 2018 (SORP 2018).

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Members' participation rights

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with Section 22 of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships'. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2023

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Members' participation rights (continued)

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the abridged statement of comprehensive income in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as liabilities in the abridged statement of financial position.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the abridged statement of comprehensive income and are equity appropriations in the abridged statement of financial position.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the abridged statement of financial position within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the abridged statement of comprehensive income within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the abridged statement of financial position within 'Members' other interests'.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2023

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property was charged at Nil depreciation

Fixtures and fittings

15% reducing balance

Computer equipment

25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the LLP are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the LLP becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2023

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the LLP during the year, including the members with contracts of employment, amounted to 6 (2022: 7).

5. Tangible assets

_	£
Cost At 1 April 2022 Additions	41,405 1,198
At 31 March 2023	42,603
Depreciation At 1 April 2022 Charge for the year	33,022 1,872
At 31 March 2023	34,894
Carrying amount At 31 March 2023	7,709
At 31 March 2022	8,383

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2023

6. Loans and other debts due to member	6.	Loans	and	other	debts	due	to	member
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2023 2022 £ £ 185,964 185,964

Other amounts