LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

Nomina No 498 LLP

Annual Report and Financial Statements

♦ 31 December 2017 **♦**



Registered Number: OC340246

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Partnership Information

Designated Members

Nomina Designated Member No. 1 Limited Nomina Designated Member No. 2 Limited

Members' Agent (Regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority) Hampden Agencies Ltd

Auditors

PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

Registered Number

OC340246

Registered Office

5th Floor, 40 Gracechurch Street London EC3V 0BT

Members' Report

The Members present their Report together with the audited Financial Statements of the Partnership for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Partnership is that of a limited liability underwriting member of Lloyd's. The Partnership ceased underwriting with effect from 1 January 2016 and will continue to wind up the liabilities arising from underwriting business prior to that date.

Results

The Financial Statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the syndicates on which the Partnership participates for the 2015 year of account, as well as any 2014 and prior run-off years. The 2015 year closed at 31 December 2017 with a result of £47,507 (2014: £68,126).

The results for the year are set out on pages 7 and 8 of the Financial Statements.

Impact of Brexit vote

Following the referendum vote for the United Kingdom to leave the EU, Lloyd's has been working together with market members to prepare for changes that are likely to arise as a result of leaving the EU. Lloyd's have noted that, although only around 11% of the market's gross written premiums arise from the EU excluding the UK, they are making preparations to maintain access to the insurance market in the EU. At this time the details of future trading with the EU in general and the impact on the Lloyd's market cannot be known, although these uncertainties, together with related economic factors including exchange rates and investment values, may have an impact on results for several years. The Members are monitoring the Lloyd's market's preparations along with general market conditions to identify if it is appropriate to make any changes to the current strategy of the Partnership.

Members' interests

The net profit or loss of the Limited Liability Partnership for the financial year is allocated to each Member in accordance with their respective profit shares for the relevant year(s) of account.

During the year, Members may receive drawings representing payments on account of profits which may be allocated to them. The amount of such drawings may be reclaimed from Members until such time as profits have been allocated to them.

Profits are determined, allocated and divided between Members in accordance with the partnership agreement. The partnership agreement requires the net profit of the LLP to be allocated once it has been ascertained.

Designated Members

The Designated Members during the period were as follows:

Nomina Designated Member No. 1 Limited Nomina Designated Member No. 2 Limited

Members' Report (continued)

Members' Responsibilities Statement

The Members are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law (as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) requires the Members to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Members have prepared the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law (as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) the Members must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that period.

In preparing those Financial Statements, the Members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departure disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The Members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclosure with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for: such internal control as they determine necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements, that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error; and safeguarding the assets of the Limited Liability Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

These responsibilities are exercised by the Designated Members on behalf of the Members.

Auditor

- (i) PKF Littlejohn LLP has signified its willingness to continue in office as auditor.
- (ii) Disclosure of information to the Auditor:

Each of the persons who is a Member at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the Member is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware; and
- the Member has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Member in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Approved by the Members on 26 July 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

Hampden Legal Plc for and on behalf of

Nomina Designated Member No. 1 Limited Designated Member

Hamplen leyer PIC

Independent Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Nomina No 498 LLP

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Nomina No 498 LLP (the "Limited Liability Partnership") for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Members' Interests, the Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Limited Liability Partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Limited Liability Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Financial Statements is not appropriate; or
- the Members have not disclosed in the Financial Statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Limited Liability Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the Financial Statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Members are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the Financial Statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us;
 or
- the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Responsibilities of Members

As explained more fully in the Members' Responsibilities Statement, the Members are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Members are responsible for assessing the Limited Liability Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Members either intend to liquidate the Limited Liability Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Limited Liability Partnership's Members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Limited Liability Partnership's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Limited Liability Partnership and the Limited Liability Partnership's Members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Carmine Papa (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP

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Statutory Auditor

26 July 2018

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

Profit and Loss Account Technical Account – General Business for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Premiums written Gross premium written Outward reinsurance premiums	6,7		2,281 2,196		70,559 (8,352)
Net premiums written			4,477		62,207
Change in the provision for unearned premiums Gross provision Reinsurers' share	8		36,436 (3,916)		181,398 (27,153)
Net change in the provision for unearned premiums			32,520		154,245
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance			36,997		216,452
Allocated investment return transferred from the non-technical account			7,288		8,034
Other technical income, net of reinsurance					-
Total technical income			44,285		224,486
C laims paid Gross amount Reinsurers' share		(121,521) 19,870		(186,277) 26,630	
Net claims paid	_	(101,651)		(159,647)	
Change in the provision for claims Gross amount Reinsurers' share		140,383 (23,987)	·	66,516 750	
Change in the net provisions for claims	8	116,396		67,266	
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance	_		14,745		(92,381)
Changes in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance Net operating expenses Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	9		43 (34,764)		(1,036) (97,453)
Balance on the technical account for general business			24,309		33,616

Profit and Loss Account Non-Technical Account for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 ₤	2016 £
Balance on the technical account for general business		24,309	33,616
Investment income	10	10,544	11,874
Unrealised gains on investments	10	4,065	6,989
nvestment expenses and charges	10	(3,245)	(5,102)
Jnrealised losses on investments	10	(4,052)	(5,715)
Allocated investment return transferred to the general business technical account	ınt	(7,288)	(8,034)
Other income		499	-
Other charges		(10,384)	4,456
Profit/(loss) for the financial year before Members' remuneration and profit shares	11	14,448	38,084
Members' (remuneration)/contribution charged as an expense	12	(14,448)	(38,084)
Result for the financial year available for discretionary division among Members		<u>.</u>	-
Statement of Comprehensive Income Result for the financial year available for discretionary division among		2017 £	2016 £
Action			
Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences		(3,894)	7,315
		(3,694)	1,313
Other comprehensive income before Members' remuneration and profit shares		(3,894)	7,315
Members' (remuneration)/contribution	12	3,894	(7,315)
Other comprehensive income for the year available for discretionary livision among Members	_	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the financial year available for liscretionary division among Members	_		

All items derive from continuing activities.

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

		3:	31 December 2017			31 December 2016			
		Syndicate participation	Partnership	Total	Syndicate participation	Partnership	Total		
	Note	£	£	£	£	£	£		
Assets									
Intangible assets	13	-	-	-	-	•	-		
Investments		•							
Financial investments	14	286,065	-	286,065	428,340	-	428,340		
Deposits with ceding undertakings		32	-	32	34	-	34		
		286,097	-	286,097	428,374	-	428,374		
Reinsurers' share of technical									
provisions	0	015		015	5 166		5 466		
Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding	8 8	915 99,252	-	915 99,252	5,466 129,445	-	5,466 129,445		
Other technical provisions	o	830	-	830	786	-	786		
Other Common provisions									
		100,997	-	100,997	135,697	-	135,697		
Debtors Arising out of direct insurance operatio	ns:								
- Policyholders		6		6	10	-	10		
- Intermediaries		10,037	-	10,037	31,481	-	31,481		
Arising out of reinsurance operations		50,684	-	50,684	96,405	-	96,405		
Other debtors	15	19,561	-	19,561	59,977	1	59,978		
		80,288	-	80,288	187,873	1	187,874		
Other assets									
Cash at bank and in hand		14,277	1	14,278	23,879	-	23,879		
Other		22,449	· <u> </u>	22,449	28,440	<u> </u>	28,440		
		36,726	1	36,727	52,319	-	52,319		
Prepayments and accrued income							_		
Accrued interest		504	-	504	728	-	728		
Deferred acquisition costs	8	14,556	-	14,556	29,920	-	29,920		
Other prepayments and accrued income	;	464	-	464	775	-	775		
		15,524	-	15,524	31,423	-	31,423		
Total assets		519,632	1	519,633	835,686	1	835,687		

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

	3:	l December 201'	7	31	December 2016	
Note	Syndicate participation £	Partnership	Total £	Syndicate participation £	Partnership £	Total £
Liabilities and Members' interests				~	~	~
Loans and other debts due to Members within one year Other	47,507	(6,631)	40,876	89,257	(16,025)	73,232
Technical provisions Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding – gross amount Other technical provisions 8	21,057 392,723	- - -	21,057 392,723	60,084 576,511	- - -	60,084 576,511
	413,780	<u> </u>	413,780	636,595	-	636,595
Provisions for other risks and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposit received from reinsurers	53	-	53	210	-	210
Creditors Arising out of direct insurance operations Arising out of reinsurance operations Amounts owed to credit institutions Other creditors including taxation and social security 17	7,504 24,137 - 26,033 - 57,674	126	7,504 24,137 - 26,159 57,800	9,902 45,729 - 57,244	- - - 147	9,902 45,729 - 57,391
Accruals and deferred income	618	6,506	7,124	(3,251)	15,879	12,628
Total liabilities	472,125	6,632	478,757	746,429	. 16,026	762,455
Total liabilities and Members' interests	519,632	1	519,633	835,686	1	835,687

The Financial Statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Members of the Limited Liability Partnership on 26 July 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Jeremy Evans, for and on behalf of Nomina Designated Member No. 1 Limited Designated Member

Partnership registration number: OC340246

Statement of Changes in Members' Interests for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Loans and other Members less any	Debt Loans and other debts due to Members less any amounts due from Members		
	Syndicate capacity £	Other £	Total £	
At 1 January 2016 Allocated remuneration from profit/(loss) Allocated remuneration from other comprehensive income Funds introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Other movements	3,286 - - - -	70,397 38,084 7,315 (45,850)	73,683 38,084 7,315 (45,850)	
At 31 December 2016	3,286	69,946	73,232	
At 1 January 2017 Allocated remuneration from profit/(loss) Allocated remuneration from other comprehensive income Funds introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Other movements	3,286 499 - - -	69,946 13,949 (3,894) (42,910)	73,232 14,448 (3,894) (42,910)	
At 31 December 2017	3,785	37,091	40,876	

Debt:

The profit/loss on disposal of syndicate capacity together with the amortisation charge is shown under the heading 'Syndicate capacity'. The direct underwriting return and all other movements are shown under the heading 'Other'.

Loans and other debts due to Members rank equally with debts due to ordinary creditors on winding up.

Within loans and other debts due to Members, there is no Members' capital classified as debt.

Equity:

Within equity, based on the Partnership agreement, there are no Members' Other Interests.

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2017

Adjustments for: (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Increase)/decrease in creditors (Increase)/decrease in cash and cash equivalents (Increase)/decrease in cash and c		2017 £	2016 £
Profit/(loss) before Members' remuneration and profit shares 14,448 38,084 Deduction of (profit/)loss atributed to syndicate transactions (30,175) (55,6072) Distribution/(collection) of closed year result from syndicates 88,031 63,031 Profit/(loss) excluding syndicate transactions 2 1 Adjustments for: (Increase)/decrease in debtors 2 1 (Increase)/decrease in debtors (9,394) (176) (Profit/)/Goss on disposal of intangible assets (499) - Amortisation of syndicate capacity - - Investment income (23) (12) Realised/unrealised (gains)/losses on investments - - Income tax paid - - Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities 23 12 Investment income 23 12 Purchase of syndicate capacity - - Proceeds from	Cash flows from anarating activities		
Deduction of (profit)) loss attributed to syndicate transactions 68,031 63,031 Profit/(loss) excluding syndicate transactions 68,031 63,031 Profit/(loss) excluding syndicate transactions 72 1 Increase/(decrease in debtors 9,394 (176) (Profit)/(loss) on disposal of intangible assets (499)		14.448	38.084
Distribution/(collection) of closed year result from syndicates 68,031 63,031 Profit/(loss) excluding syndicate transactions 52,304 45,043 Adjustments for: (Increase)/decrease in debtors 2 1 Increase//decrease in reditors 9,394 (176) (Profit)/loss on disposal of intangible assets (499) 1- Amortisation of syndicate capacity (23) (12) Investment income (23) (12) Realised/unrealised (gains)/losses on investments - - Income tax paid 42,390 44,856 Cash flows from investing activities 23 12 Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities 23 12 Purchase of syndicate capacity 2 - Purchase of investing activities 2 1 Purchase of investments 2 1 Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity 499 - Purchase of investments 2 1 Proceeds from sale of investments - - Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities with Members and for		•	
Profit/(loss) excluding syndicate transactions \$2,304 \$45,043		,	
Clincrease//decrease in debtors 2			45,043
Increase/(decrease) in creditors (9,394) (176)	Adjustments for:		
Profit/Joss on disposal of intangible assets	(Increase)/decrease in debtors	2	1
Amortisation of syndicate capacity Investment income (23) (12) Realised/unrealised (gains)/losses on investments	Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(9,394)	(176)
Investment income	(Profit)/loss on disposal of intangible assets	(499)	-
Realised/unrealised (gains)/losses on investments Income tax paid Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Investment income Investment income Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from sale of	Amortisation of syndicate capacity	· · ·	-
Income tax paid Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Investment income Purchase of syndicate capacity 23 12 Purchase of syndicate capacity 499 - Purchase of investments 5 1 - Proceeds from sale of investments 5 2 12 Cash allows from investing activities with Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions Cash and cash equivalents at end of	Investment income	(23)	(12)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Investment income 23 12 Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity		-	-
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income 23 12 Purchase of syndicate capacity		-	
Investment income Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments Cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments (42,910) (45,850) Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of investments (42,910) (45,850) Proceeds from sale of fivestments members Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of investments (42,910) (45,850) Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of five from sale	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	42,390	44,856
Investment income Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments Cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments (42,910) (45,850) Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of investments (42,910) (45,850) Proceeds from sale of fivestments members Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of investments (42,910) (45,850) Proceeds from sale of fivestments Proceeds from sale of five from sale	Cook flows from investing activities		
Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity Purchase of investments Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Purchas		22	12
Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity 499 Purchase of investments		23	12
Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities with Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities with Members and former Members Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 - Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 - Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		400	_
Proceeds from sale of investments Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities with Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities with Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1 (982) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year - 982 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		722	_
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities with Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities with Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1 (982) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year - 982 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 - Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 - Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		-	_
Cash flows from financing activities with Members and former Members Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities with Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1 (982) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year - 982 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 - Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 - Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank and in hand Other financial investments		522	12
Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities with Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1 (982) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year - 982 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank and in hand 1 Other financial investments			
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities with Members and former Members (42,910) (45,850) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank and in hand Other financial investments (42,910) (45,850) (45,850) (42,910) (45,850)	Cash flows from financing activities with Members and former Members		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of year I Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank and in hand Other financial investments 1 (982) - 982 - 982	Contributions introduced by / (repaid to) Members and former Members	(42,910)	(45,850)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year - 982 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 1 - Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank and in hand 1 - Other financial investments -	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities with Members and former Members	(42,910)	(45,850)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1	(982)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents at heginning of year	_	082
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank and in hand Other financial investments 1 -		- -	-
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank and in hand Other financial investments			-
Cash at bank and in hand Other financial investments 1	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1	-
Cash at bank and in hand Other financial investments			
Other financial investments	Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
	Cash at bank and in hand	1	-
Cash and cash equivalents	Other financial investments	-	-
	Cash and cash equivalents	1	_

The Partnership has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the Statement of Cash Flows is prepared reflecting only the movement in Partnership funds, which includes transfers to and from the syndicates at Lloyd's.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

The Partnership is a limited liability partnership that was incorporated in England and Wales and whose registered office is 40 Gracechurch Street, London, EC3V 0BT. The Partnership participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various syndicates at Lloyd's.

2. Statement of compliance

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and FRS 103 "Insurance Contracts" and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnership (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. The Financial Statements have also been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships dated 26 January 2017 (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016), and the Schedule 3 of the Large and Medium sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations, relating to insurance.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these Financial Statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost basis of accounting, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Financial Statements are disclosed in Note 4.

Going concern

The Partnership participates as an underwriting member of Lloyd's. Its underwriting is supported by Funds at Lloyd's, either made available by the Partnership directly or by its Members. The Members are of the opinion that the Partnership has adequate resources to meet its underwriting and other operational obligations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the going concern concept has been adopted in the preparation of the Financial Statements.

Basis of accounting

The Financial Statements have been prepared using the annual basis of accounting. Under the annual basis of accounting, a result is determined at the end of each accounting period, reflecting the profit or loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods.

Amounts reported in the general business technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the syndicates on which the Partnership participates.

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the syndicates' managing agents. Accordingly, these assets and liabilities have been shown separately in the Balance Sheet as "Syndicate participation". Other assets and liabilities are shown as "Partnership". The syndicate assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the syndicates' insurance creditors.

The information included in these Financial Statements in respect of the syndicates has been supplied by managing agents based upon the various accounting policies they have adopted. The following describes the policies they have adopted:

General business

i. Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable in respect of business incepted during the year together with any differences between booked premiums for prior years and those previously accrued, and include estimates of premiums due but not yet receivable or notified to the syndicates on which the Partnership participates, less an allowance for cancellations. All premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude taxes and duties levied on them.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

ii. Unearned premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the Balance Sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each syndicate is determined by the relevant managing agent.

iii. Deferred acquisition costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned.

iv. Reinsurance premiums

Managing agents enter into reinsurance contracts on behalf of syndicates, in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from certain exposures. Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the managing agent of each syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned.

v. Claims incurred and reinsurers' share

Claims incurred comprise claims and settlement expenses (both internal and external) occurring in the year and changes in the provisions for outstanding claims, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported and settlement expenses, together with any other adjustments to claims from previous years. Where applicable, deductions are made for salvage and other recoveries.

The provision for claims outstanding comprises, amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported ("IBNR"). The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by each syndicate's in house reserving team and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR; net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to each syndicate's reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. Each syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making these estimates.

Accordingly the two most critical assumptions made by each syndicate's managing agent as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used including pricing models for recent business are reasonable indicators of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred.

The level of uncertainty with regard to the estimations within these provisions generally decreases with time as the exposure period recedes. In addition, the nature of short tail claims, such as property where claims are typically notified and settled within a short period of time, will normally have less uncertainty after a few years than long tail risks, such as some liability business where it may be several years before claims are fully advised and settled. In addition to these factors, if there are disputes regarding coverage under policies or changes in the relevant law regarding a claim this may increase the uncertainty in the estimation of the outcomes.

The assessment of these provisions is usually the most subjective aspect of an insurer's accounts and may result in greater uncertainty within an insurer's accounts than within those of many other businesses. The provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries have been assessed on the basis of the information currently available to the directors of each syndicate's managing agent. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the Financial Statements for the period in which the adjustments are made. The provisions are not discounted for the investment earnings that may be expected to arise in the future on the funds retained to meet the future liabilities. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly.

The reinsurers share of provision for claims together with any other reinsurance assets are assessed for impairment at the balance sheet date, based on the likely amounts to be recovered. Any impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account for the period.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

vi. Unexpired risks provision

Provisions for unexpired risks are made where the costs of outstanding claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs are expected to exceed the unearned premium provision carried forward at the Balance Sheet date. The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return. The provision is made on a syndicate by syndicate basis by the relevant managing agent.

vii. Closed years of account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the year of account into which it is reinsured.

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims.

The Members consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The Partnership has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account.

viii. Run-off years of account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the underwriting member participating therein. As a result, any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

ix. Net operating expenses (including acquisition costs)

Net operating costs include acquisition costs, profit and loss on exchange and other amounts incurred by the syndicates on which the Partnership participates.

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts, are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the Balance Sheet date.

x. Distribution of profits and collection of losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between syndicates and their underwriting members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of syndicates to be on a year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

xi. Financial assets and financial liabilities

Classification:

The accounting classification of financial assets and liabilities determines their basis of measurement and how changes in those values are presented in the Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income. These classifications are made at initial recognition and subsequent classification is only permitted in restricted circumstances.

The syndicates' investments comprise of debt and equity investments, derivatives, cash and cash equivalents and loans and receivables. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the syndicate after deducting all of its liabilities.

Recognition:

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the syndicate becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. In respect of the purchases and sales of financial assets, they are recognised on the trade date.

Initial measurement:

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction, the financial asset or liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate if interest for a similar debt instrument.

Subsequent measurement:

Non-current debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one financial year and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Other debt instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities:

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flow from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the syndicates transfer to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the syndicates, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, have transferred control of the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Fair value measurement:

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset or liability in an active market that the entity can access at the measurement date.

When quoted prices are unavailable, observable inputs developed using market data for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, are used to determine the fair value.

If the market for the asset is not active and there are no observable inputs, then the syndicate estimates the fair value by using unobservable inputs, i.e. where market data is unavailable.

Impairment of financial instruments measured at amortised cost or cost:

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of an impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, i.e. using the effective interest method.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

xi. Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit and loss immediately.

Offsetting:

Debtors/creditors arising from insurance/reinsurance operations shown in the Balance Sheet include the totals of all the syndicates' outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility. No account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate.

xii. Investment return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses and charges.

Realised and unrealised gains and losses are measured by reference to the original cost of the investment if purchased in the year, or if held at the beginning of the year by reference to the fair value at that date.

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting the underwriting business.

xiii. Basis of currency translation

The presentational and functional currency of the Partnership is Pound Sterling, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. Supported syndicates may have different functional currencies.

Income and expenditure in US dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros is translated at the average rate of exchange for the year. Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed.

Monetary assets and liabilities, which according to FRS 103 are deemed to include unearned premiums and deferred acquisition costs, are translated into Pound Sterling at the rates of exchange at the Balance Sheet date.

Any non-monetary items are translated into the functional currency using the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transaction.

Differences arising on translation to the functional currency of the syndicates where the functional currency was not Pound Sterling are reported in Other Comprehensive Income. All other exchange differences are reported within the Profit and Loss Account, Non-Technical Account (or the Technical Account in respect of Life syndicates).

Reinsurance at partnership level

Where considered applicable, the Partnership may purchase additional reinsurance to that purchased through the syndicates. Any such reinsurance premiums and related reinsurance recoveries are treated in the same manner as described for syndicates in Note 3 (iv) and (v) above.

Taxation

Income tax payable on the Partnership's profits is solely the personal liability of the Members and consequently is not dealt with in these Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets

Costs incurred by the Partnership in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible assets and amortised over a five year period beginning in the year following the purchase of the syndicate participation.

The intangible assets are reviewed for impairment where there are indicators for impairment, and any impairment is charged to the Profit and Loss Account for the period.

Cash and cash equivalents and Statement of Cash Flows

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and cash in hand.

The Partnership has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the Statement of Cash Flows is prepared reflecting only the movement in Partnership funds, which includes transfers to and from syndicates at Lloyd's.

Members' interests

The net profit/loss of the Partnership for the financial year is allocated to each Member in accordance with their respective profit shares for the relevant year(s) of account.

Loans and other debts due to Members rank pari passu with other unsecured creditors on the winding up of a partnership.

Members' remuneration

Under the partnership agreement the net profit of the LLP is allocated to each Member in accordance with the Members' yearly shares for the underwriting years of account. Allocation between the underwriting years of account are apportioned on a fair and equitable basis.

Under the agreement the net profits are divided between Members when ascertained. Accordingly the net profits have been treated as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Comprehensive Income. To the extent they remain unpaid at the year end they are shown as liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

Related party transactions

The Partnership discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

4. Key accounting judgements and estimation uncertainties

In applying the Partnership's accounting policies, the Members are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities. These judgements, estimates and assumptions are based on the best and most reliable evidence available at the time when the decisions are made, and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be applicable. Due to the inherent subjectivity involved in making such judgements, estimates and assumptions, the actual results and outcomes may differ. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The measurement of the provision for claims outstanding is the most significant judgement involving estimation uncertainty regarding amounts recognised in these Financial Statements in relation to underwriting by the syndicates and this is disclosed further in Note 5.

The management and control of each syndicate is carried out by the managing agent of that syndicate, and the Partnership looks to the managing agent to implement appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls to manage each syndicate.

The key accounting judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty set out below therefore relate to those made in respect of the Partnership only, and do not include estimates and judgements made in respect of the syndicates.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Key accounting judgements and estimation uncertainties (continued)

Purchased syndicate capacity:

Estimating value in use:

Where an indication of impairment of capacity values exists, the Members will carry out an impairment review to determine the recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The value in use calculation requires an estimate of the future cash flows expected to arise from the capacity and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value.

Determining the useful life of purchased syndicate capacity:

The assessed useful life of syndicate capacity is five years. This is on the basis that this is the life over which the original value of the capacity acquired is used up.

Assessing indicators of impairment:

In assessing whether there have been any indicators of impairment assets, the Members consider both external and internal sources of information such as market conditions, counterparty credit ratings and experience of recoverability. There have been no indicators of impairments identified during the current financial year.

Recoverability of receivables:

The Partnership establishes a provision for receivables that are estimated not to be recoverable. When assessing recoverability, factors such as the aging of the receivables, past experience of recoverability, and the credit profile of individual or groups of customers are all considered.

5. Risk management

This section summarises the financial and insurance risks the Partnership is exposed to either directly at its own corporate level or indirectly via its participation in the Lloyd's syndicates.

Risk background

The syndicate's activities expose it to a variety of financial and non-financial risks. The managing agent is responsible for managing the syndicate's exposure to these risks and, where possible, introducing controls and procedures that mitigate the effects of the exposure to risk. Each year, the managing agent prepares a Lloyd's Capital Return ("LCR") for the syndicate, the purpose of this being to agree capital requirements with Lloyd's based on an agreed assessment of the risks impacting the syndicate's business, and the measures in place to manage and mitigate those risks from a quantitative and qualitative perspective. The risks described below are typically reflected in the LCR, and, typically, the majority of the total assessed value of the risks concerned is attributable to insurance risk.

The insurance risks faced by a syndicate include the occurrence of catastrophic events, downward pressure on pricing of risks, reductions in business volumes and the risk of inadequate reserving. Reinsurance risks arise from the risk that a reinsurer fails to meet their share of a claim. The management of the syndicate's funds is exposed to risks of investment, liquidity, currency and interest rates leading to financial loss. The syndicate is also exposed to regulatory and operational risks including its ability to continue to trade. However, supervision by Lloyd's provides additional controls over the syndicate's management of risks.

The Partnership manages the risks faced by the syndicates on which it participates by monitoring the performance of the syndicates it supports. This commences in advance of committing to support a syndicate for the following year, with a review of the business plan prepared for each syndicate by its managing agent. In addition, quarterly reports and annual accounts together with any other information made available by the managing agent are monitored and if necessary enquired into. If the Partnership considers that the risks being run by the syndicate are excessive it will seek confirmation from the managing agent that adequate management of the risk is in place and, if considered appropriate will withdraw support from the next underwriting year. The Partnership relies on advice provided by the members agent which acts for it, who are specialists in assessing the performance and risk profiles of syndicates. The Partnership also mitigates its insurance risks by participating across several syndicates.

Impact of Brexit vote:

The Brexit vote will have an impact on various risk factors, including currency risks. The Lloyd's market is in the process of developing a strategy for dealing with Brexit and the Partnership will monitor these developments and identify whether it needs to modify its participation in the Lloyd's market.

The analysis below provides details of the financial risks the Partnership is exposed to from syndicate insurance activities and at a corporate partnership level, as required by FRS 103. Note 8 provides further analysis of sensitivities to reserving and underwriting risks.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

5. Risk management (continued)

Syndicate risks

i. Liquidity risk

The syndicates are exposed to daily calls on their available cash resources, principally from claims arising from its insurance business. Liquidity risk arises where cash may not be available to pay obligation when due, or to ensure compliance with the syndicate's obligations under the various trust deeds to which it is party.

The syndicates' aim to manage their liquidity position so that they can fund claims arising from significant catastrophic events, as modelled in their Lloyd's realistic disaster scenarios ("RDS").

Although there are usually no stated maturities for claims outstanding, syndicates have provided their expected maturity of future claims settlements as follows:

2017	No stated maturity £	0-1 year £	1-3 years	3-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Claims outstanding	1,337	140,901	129,379	61,722	59,384	392,723
2016	No stated maturity £	0-1 year ₤	1-3 years	3-5 years	> 5 years	Total £
Claims outstanding	21,273	185,095	194,458	88,103	87,582	576,511

ii. Credit risk

Credit ratings to syndicate assets emerging directly from insurance activities which are neither past due nor impaired are as follows:

2017	AAA	AA	A	BBB or lower	Not rated	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial investments	47,271	78,697	81,638	38,113	40,346	286,065
Deposits with ceding undertakings	-	-	-	_	32	32
Reinsurers share of claims outstanding	297	33,207	62,169	1,149	2,525	99,347
Reinsurance debtors	8	900	7,072	133	170	8,283
Cash at bank and in hand	2,539	867	8,231	2,488	152	14,277
	50,115	113,671	159,110	41,883	43,225	408,004
2016	AAA	AA	A	BBB or lower	Not rated	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial investments	86,823	128,284	111,337	51,435	50,406	428,285
Deposits with ceding undertakings	-	-	-	-	34	34
Reinsurers share of claims outstanding	2,081	41,494	81,659	1,192	2,910	129,336
Reinsurance debtors	642	2,026	6,478	260	121	9,527
Cash at bank and in hand	4	7,478	12,804	3,587	6	23,879
	89,550	179,282	212,278	56,474	53,477	591,061

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

5. Risk management (continued)

Syndicate risks (continued)

ii. Credit risk (continued)

Syndicate assets emerging directly from insurance activities, with reference to their due date or impaired are as follows:

	Neither	Past o	due but not imp			
2017	past due		Between 6			
	nor	Less than 6	months and	Greater		
	impaired	months	1 year	than 1 year	Impaired	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial investments	286,065	-	-	-	-	286,065
Deposits with ceding undertakings	32	-	-	-	-	32
Reinsurers share of claims outstanding	99,347	-	-	-	(95)	99,252
Reinsurance debtors	8,283	2,092	291	188	(6)	10,848
Cash at bank and in hand	14,277	-	-	-	-	14,277
Insurance and other debtors	89,649	344	184	905	(104)	90,978
	497,653	2,436	475	1,093	(205)	501,452

	Neither	Neither Past due but not impaired				
2016	past due nor	Less than 6	Between 6	Greater		
	impaired	months	1 year	than 1 year	Impaired	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Financial investments	428,285	-	-	-	55	428,340
Deposits with ceding undertakings	34	-	-	-	-	34
Reinsurers share of claims outstanding	129,336	99	6	4	-	129,445
Reinsurance debtors	9,527	1,374	186	96	211	11,394
Cash at bank and in hand	23,879	-	-	-	-	23,879
Insurance and other debtors	190,422	1,732	1,255	2,923	(19)	196,313
	781,483	3,205	1,447	3,023	247	789,405

iii. Interest rate and equity price risk

Interest rate risk and equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates and market prices, respectively.

iv. Currency risk

The syndicates' main exposure to foreign currency risk arises from insurance business originating overseas, primarily denominated in US dollars. Transactions denominated in US dollars form a significant part of the syndicates' operations. This risk is, in part, mitigated by the syndicates maintaining financial assets denominated in US dollars against its major exposures in that currency.

The table below provides details of syndicate assets and liabilities by currency:

2017	GBP	USD	EUR	CAD	Other	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
	converted	converted	converted	converted	converted	converted
Total assets	107,804	314,245	32,453	54,716	10,414	519,632
Total liabilities	(139,730)	(264,214)	(29,189)	(30,912)	(8,080)	(472,125)
Surplus/(deficiency) of assets	(31,926)	50,031	3,264	23,804	2,334	47,507

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

5. Risk management (continued)

Syndicate risks (continued)

iv. Currency risk (continued)

2016	GBP	USD	EUR	CAD	Other	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
	converted	converted	converted	converted	converted	converted
Total assets	132,202	533,079	47,927	72,506	49,972	835,686
Total liabilities	(193,612)	(438,511)	(46,764)	(38,964)	(28,578)	(746,429)
Surplus/(deficiency) of assets	(61,410)	94,568	1,163	33,542	21,394	89,257

The impact of a 5% change in exchange rates between GBP and other currencies would be £3,972 on loans and other debts due to Members within one year (2016: £7,533).

Partnership risks

i. Investment, Credit and Liquidity risks

The significant risks faced by the Partnership are with regard to the investment of the available funds within its own custody. The elements of these risks are investment risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. The main liquidity risk would arise if a syndicate had inadequate liquid resources for a large claim and sought funds from the Partnership to meet the claim. In order to minimise investment, credit and liquidity risk the Partnership's funds are invested in readily realisable short term deposits. The Partnership does not use derivative instruments to manage risk and, as such, no hedge accounting is applied.

ii. Currency risks

The syndicates can distribute their results in Pound Sterling, US dollars or a combination of the two. The Partnership is exposed to movements in the US dollar between the Balance Sheet date and the distribution of the underwriting profits and losses, which is usually in the May following the closure of a year of account.

iii. Regulatory risks

The Partnership is subject to continuing approval by Lloyd's to be a member of a Lloyd's syndicate. The risk of this approval being removed is mitigated by monitoring and fully complying with all requirements in relation to membership of Lloyd's. The capital requirements to support the proposed amount of syndicate capacity for future years are subject to the requirements of Lloyd's. A variety of factors are taken into account by Lloyd's in setting these requirements including market conditions and syndicate performance and although the process is intended to be fair and reasonable, the requirements can fluctuate from one year to the next, which may constrain the volume of underwriting the Partnership is able to support.

iv. Operational risks

As there are relatively few transactions actually undertaken by the Partnership there are only limited systems and operational requirements of the Partnership and therefore operational risks are not considered to be significant. Close involvement of all Members in the Partnership's key decision making and the fact that the majority of the Partnership's operations are conducted by syndicates, provides control over any remaining operational risks.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

2017	Gross premiums written £	Gross premiums earned £	Gross claims incurred £	Net operating expenses £	Reinsurance balance	То
Direct insurance	r	Z.	ı	ı	£	
Accident and health	511	2,355	(592)	(1,582)	(140)	
Motor – third party liability	(59)	334	(412)	(219)	71	(2
Motor – other classes	(147)	1,063	2,286	(634)	(2,595)	(-
Marine, aviation and transport	(849)	1,627	4,340	(2,747)	(269)	2,
Fire and other damage to property	2,281	12,070	4,148	(11,911)	(657)	3,
Third party liability	410	9,312	1,158	(7,041)	(577)	2,
Credit and suretyship	1,010	8,148	(1,196)	(6,721)	93	
Legal expenses	(68)	(24)	(41)	(43)	9	(
Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	(55)	633	(654)	(245)	(180)	(4
Total direct	3,034	35,518	9,037	(31,143)	(4,245)	9,
Reinsurance inward	(753)	3,199	9,825	(3,621)	(1,592)	7,
Total	2,281	38,717	18,862	(34,764)	(5,837)	16,
2016	Gross premiums written	Gross premiums earned	Gross claims incurred	Net operating expenses	Reinsurance balance	To
2010	written £	£	£	expenses £	£	10
Direct insurance		d.	<i>a</i> -	<i>a</i> .	~	
Accident and health	4,999	12,120	(5,799)	(6,228)	(202)	(1
Motor – third party liability	851	1,804	(1,118)	(695)	(29)	(
Motor – other classes	4,334	24,884	(29,962)	(8,984)	11,380	(2,6
Marine, aviation and transport	2,435	21,785	(10,173)	(9,018)	180	` ź,
Fire and other damage to property	18,686	67,186	(22,073)	(25,849)	(8,916)	10,
Third party liability	22,165	59,610	(30,276)	(21,712)	(2,417)	5,
Credit and suretyship	9,251	11,809	(5,092)	(7,852)	(172)	(1,3
Legal expenses	106	384	(256)	(232)	21	(
Assistance	•	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	412	3,232	(1,003)	(1,137)	(241)	
Total direct	63,239	202,814	(105,752)	(81,707)	(396)	14,
Reinsurance inward	7,320	49,143	(14,009)	(15,746)	(7,729)	11,
Total -	70,559	251,957	(119,761)	(97,453)	(8,125)	26,
				2017		
Geographical analysis				_		
				£		
Direct gross premium written in:						(2)
				2,954 3		63,0

3,034

63,239

8.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

Technical provisions						
Movement in claims outstanding	Gross £	Reinsurance £	2017 Net £	Gross £	Reinsurance	2016 Net £
At I January	576,511	129,445	447,066	575,189	114,523	460,666
Movement in technical account	(140,383)	(23,987)	(116,396)	(66,516)	750	(67,266)
Other movements	(43,405)	(6,206)	(37,199)	67,838	14,172	53,666
At 31 December	392,723	99,252	293,471	576,511	129,445	447,066
Movement in unearned premiums	Gross	Reinsurance	2017 Net	Gross	Reinsurance	2016 Net
	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 January	60,084	5,466	54,618	227,878	30,396	197,482
Movement in technical account	(36,436)	(3,916)	(32,520)	(181,398)	(27,153)	(154,245)
Other movements	(2,591)	(635)	(1,956)	13,604	2,223	11,381
At 31 December	21,057	915	20,142	60,084	5,466	54,618
			2017			2016
Movement in deferred acquisition costs			Net			Net
			£			£
At 1 January			29,920			71,259
Movement in deferred acquisition costs			(15,293)			(48,264)
Other movements			(71)			6,925
At 31 December		-	14,556		_	29,920

Included within other movements are foreign exchange movements and the effect of the 2014 and prior years' technical provisions being reinsured to close into the 2015 year of account (2016: 2013 and prior years' technical provisions being reinsured to close into the 2014 year of account), to the extent where the Partnership's syndicate participation portfolio has changed between those two years of account.

Assumptions, changes in assumptions and sensitivity

As described in Note 5 the majority of the risks to the Partnership's future cash flows arise from its participation in the results of Lloyd's syndicates and are mostly managed by the managing agents of the syndicates. The Partnership's role in managing these risks, in conjunction with the Partnership's members' agent, is limited to a selection of syndicate participations and monitoring the performance of the syndicates and their managing agents.

The amounts carried by the Partnership arising from insurance contracts are calculated by the managing agents of the syndicates and derived from accounting information provided by the managing agents and reported upon by the syndicate auditors. The key assumptions underlying the amounts carried by the Partnership arising from insurance contracts are:

- the net premiums written calculated by the managing agent are an accurate assessment of the premiums payable as a result of the risks contractually committed to up to the Balance Sheet date;
- the net unearned premiums calculated by the managing agent are an accurate assessment of the net premiums written that reflect the exposure to risks arising after the Balance Sheet date, including appropriate allowance for anticipated losses in excess of the unearned premium;
- the claims reserves calculated by the managing agents are an accurate assessment of the ultimate liabilities in respect of claims relating to events up to the Balance Sheet date;
- the potential ultimate result of run-off year results has been accurately estimated by the managing agents; and
- the values of investments and other assets and liabilities are correctly stated at their realisable values at the Balance Sheet date.

There have been no changes to these assumptions in 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

8. Technical provisions (continued)

Assumptions, changes in assumptions and sensitivity (continued)

The amounts carried by the Partnership arising from insurance contracts are sensitive to various factors as follows:

- a 5% increase/decrease in net earned premium (with all other underwriting elements assumed to change pro-rata with premium) will increase/decrease the Partnership's profit/loss by £1,850 (2016: £10,823);
- a 5% increase/decrease in the managing agents' calculation of gross claims reserves will decrease/increase the Partnership's profit/loss by £19,636 (2016: £28,826);
- a 5% increase/decrease in the managing agents' calculation of net claims reserves will decrease/increase the Partnership's profit/loss by £14,674 (2016: £22,353).

The 5% movement has been selected to give an indication of the possible variations in the assumptions used.

The tables below show the historical gross and net claims development based on the Partnership's syndicate participations on all syndicate years during the year ended 31 December 2017. The table does not include the claims development on any syndicates which the Partnership no longer participates upon and is based on the latest participation shares during the year ended 31 December 2017.

Claims development - Gross

Underwriting pure year	After one year £000	After two years £000	After three years £000	After four years £000	After five years £000	After six years £000	After seven years £000	Profit/(loss) on RITC received £000
2011	153,276	244,114	242,195	240,010	235,871	233,236	229,486	29,643
2012	150,427	223,902	224,998	218,247	216,098	212,366		24,021
2013	116,839	208,364	206,561	202,139	198,602			13,152
2014	121,989	216,235	226,929	223,480				24,524
2015	126,947	246,912	254,068					
2016	_	-						
2017	-					ŕ		

Claims development - Net

Underwriting pure year	After one year £000	After two years £000	After three years £000	After four years £000	After five years £000	After six years £000	After seven years £000	Profit/(loss) on RITC received £000
2011	127,999	207,882	204,302	199,457	195,011	205,341	191,338	20,671
2012	122,326	191,225	190,106	182,299	179,234	177,962		23,458
2013	98,278	179,158	175,714	170,216	168,584			18,296
2014	103,208	186,174	193,506	189,991				18,798
2015	108,002	209,582	212,617					
2016	-	-						
2017	-							

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

9.	Net operating expenses				2017		2016
7.	Net operating expenses				£		£
	Acquisition costs				3,937		24,036
	Change in deferred acquisition cost	S			15,293		48,264
	Administrative expenses				15,534		25,153
	Loss/(profit) on exchange				-		-
					34,764		97,453
10.	Investment return				2017		2016
					£		£
	Investment income				5,708		6,953
	Dividend income				98		125
	Interest on cash at bank				310		288
	Other interest and similar income				396		738
	Realised gains on investments				4,032		3,770
	Investment income				10,544		11,874
	Investment management expenses				(660)		(759)
	Realised losses on investments			•	(2,585)		(4,343)
	Investment expenses and charges				(3,245)		(5,102)
	Unrealised gains and losses, net				13		1,274
							·
	Total investment return				7,312	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,046
	Analysed of follows						
	Analysed as follows:	Investments at			Investments at		
		fair value	Investments	2017	fair value	Investments	
		through	available	Total	through	available	2016
		profit or loss	for sale	•	profit or loss	for sale	Total
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Realised gains and losses	1,447	_	1,447	(573)	_	(573)
	Unrealised gains and losses	13	_	13	1,274	_	1,274
	Other relevant income	-	-	-	-,	-	-
		1,460	-	1,460	701	-	701
	Interest and similar income, net of expenses			5,852			7,345
	Total investment return			7,312		<u> </u>	8,046
						_	

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Profit/(loss) for the financial year before Members' remuneration an	2017	2016
		£	£
	The profit/(loss) for the financial year before Members' remuneration and	~	~
	profit shares is stated after charging/(crediting):	•	
	Amortisation of syndicate capacity	-	-
	Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	-	-
	Interest on other interest	-	-
	The Partnership has no employees.		
	The auditors, PKF Littlejohn LLP, charge a fixed fee to Nomina Plc for the provis the service fee charged to the Partnership by Nomina Plc and equates to approxim	ion of the audit of the LLP. Thi ately £67 (2016: £72).	s fee is included wit
2.	Members' remuneration		
	The average number of Members during the year was 3.		
		2017	2016
	Pro Calling No. 1 diagrams and in No. 14 diagrams diagrams and in No. 1 diagrams and in	£	£
	Profit/(loss) (including remuneration) attributable to the Member with the largest entitlement	10,554	45,399
	3	10,501	,0
3.	Intangible assets		
٥.	Intangiole assets	2017	2016
	Purchased syndicate capacity	£	£
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Cost		
	At 1 January Additions	-	-
	Disposals .	-	-
	At 31 December	<u>-</u>	
	Amortisation		
	At 1 January Provided during the year	-	-
	Disposals	-	-
		-	-
	At 31 December		
	At 31 December		
	Net book value		
	Net book value		

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

14. Financial investments

The Partnership early adopted as of 1 January 2016 the amendments of FRS 102 made in March 2016 and effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

The Partnership categorises its fair value measurement using the following three fair value hierarchy levels based on the reliability of inputs used in determining fair values as follows:

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets that an entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset.

Financial investments		Financial inv	Held at			
Syndicate		fair value thro			amortised	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	cost	Total
2017	£	£	£	£	£	£
Shares and other variable yield						
securities and units in unit trusts	12,264	32,899	1,994	47,157	•	47,157
Debt securities and other fixed						
income securities	67,865	163,860	_	231,725	-	231,725
Participation in investment pools	394	2,267	2,727	5,388	-	5,388
Loans and deposits with credit	993	10	292	1,295	-	1,295
institutions		10	-/-	1,275		.,275
Derivatives	229	270	_	499	_	499
Other investments		1	_	1	_	1
Financial assets classified as held	-	1	_	Í	_	ı
for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	01.745	100 207	5.012	206.065		206.065
Fair value	81,745	199,307	5,013	286,065		286,065
			•			
						Total
			_	200.022		£
Cost			_	288,822		288,822
·			•			
Financial investments						
		Tinonoial inv	actments		Hold of	
	hold a	Financial inv		loon	Held at	
Syndicate		t fair value thro	ugh profit or		amortised	Total
Syndicate	Level 1	t fair value thro Level 2	ough profit or l	Total	amortised cost	Total
Syndicate 2016		t fair value thro	ugh profit or		amortised	Total
Syndicate 2016 Shares and other variable yield	Level 1	t fair value thro Level 2 £	ugh profit or l Level 3 £	Total £	amortised cost	£
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts	Level 1	t fair value thro Level 2	ough profit or l	Total	amortised cost	
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed	Level 1 £ 20,415	t fair value thro Level 2 £	ugh profit or l Level 3 £	Total £ 69,904	amortised cost	£ 69,904
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090	Level 3 £	Total £ 69,904 343,689	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795	t fair value thro Level 2 £	Level 3 £	Total £ 69,904	amortised cost	£ 69,904
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090	Level 3 £	Total £ 69,904 343,689	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689
Syndicate 2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970	Level 3 £	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970	Level 3 £	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729	Level 3 £	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions Derivatives Other investments	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729	Level 3 £ 16 - 3,938 164	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions Derivatives Other investments Financial assets classified as held	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729	Level 3 £ 16 - 3,938 164	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860
Syndicate 2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions Derivatives Other investments Financial assets classified as held for sale	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289 572	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729 288 -	Level 3 £ 16 - 3,938 164 - 2	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2
2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions Derivatives Other investments Financial assets classified as held	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729	Level 3 £ 16 - 3,938 164	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860
Syndicate 2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions Derivatives Other investments Financial assets classified as held for sale	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289 572	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729 288 -	Level 3 £ 16 - 3,938 164 - 2	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2	amortised cost	\$69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2
Syndicate 2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions Derivatives Other investments Financial assets classified as held for sale	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289 572	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729 288 -	Level 3 £ 16 - 3,938 164 - 2	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2	amortised cost	£ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2 - 428,340 Total
Syndicate 2016 Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts Debt securities and other fixed income securities Participation in investment pools Loans and deposits with credit institutions Derivatives Other investments Financial assets classified as held for sale	Level 1 £ 20,415 92,599 795 4,289 572	t fair value thro Level 2 £ 49,473 251,090 2,970 1,729 288 -	Level 3 £ 16 - 3,938 164 - 2	Total £ 69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2	amortised cost	\$69,904 343,689 7,703 6,182 860 2

Financial investments - Partnership

In accordance with the Partnership deed, the Partnership does not hold any financial investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

15.	Other debtors						
				2017			2016
		Syndicate participation £	Partnership £	Total £	Syndicate participation £	Partnership £	Total £
	Amounts due from group undertakings		-	-	-	-	
	Other	19,561	-	19,561	59,9 77	1	59,978
		19,561	<u> </u>	19,561	59,977	1	59,978

16. Profit and loss account

The result for each underwriting year of account is generated over a three year period. These Financial Statements, which cover the period from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017, show movements in the first twelve months of the 2017 year of account, the second twelve months of the 2016 year of account and the final twelve months of the 2015 year of account.

Future cash flows will arise when profits/(losses) are distributed/(collected) by Lloyd's after each year of account has closed. Subject to certain conditions, Lloyd's can allow the partial early release of some profits or in the event of an expect loss require advance funding prior to the year of account closing.

The cumulative profit and loss account on all open underwriting years of account is shown in the Balance Sheet under 'Syndicate participation' as detailed in the table below:

	2017	2016
Underwriting year of account (cumulative):	£	£
2014 after 36 months	-	68,126
2015 after 36 months / 24 months	47,507	21,131
2016 after 24 months / 12 months	-	-
2017 after 12 months	-	-
	47,507	89,257

17. Other creditors including taxation and social security

			2017			2016
	Syndicate participation £	Partnership £	Total £	Syndicate participation £	Partnership £	Total £
Third party funds Other creditors Amount due to group undertakings	26,033 -	- 126 -	26,159 -	57,244 -	- 147 -	57,391
undertakings	26,033	126	26,159	57,244	147	57,391

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

18. Financial liabilities

The Partnership early adopted as of 1 January 2016 the amendments of FRS 102 made in March 2016 and effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

The Partnership categorises its fair value measurement using the following three fair value hierarchy levels based on the reliability of inputs used in determining fair values as follows:

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical liabilities that an entity can access at the measurement date,

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the liability.

Financial liabilities Syndicate	held at	Financial lia fair value thro	Held at amortised			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	cost	Total
2017	£	£	£	£	£	£
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivatives liabilities	95	-	-	95	-	95
Financial liabilities classified as	-	-	-	-	-	-
held for sale						
Fair value	95	-	-	95		95

Financial liabilities Syndicate	Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss				Held at amortised	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total £	cost £	Total £
2016						
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivatives liabilities	439	68	· _	507	-	507
Financial liabilities classified as	-	-	-	-	-	-
held for sale	· _					
Fair value	439	68	-	507	-	507

All other financial liabilities of the syndicate participation, including creditors arising out of direct insurance operations, creditors arising out of reinsurance operations and other creditors, are measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities - Partnership

All Partnership financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

19. Related party transactions

There are no related party transactions to be disclosed.

20. Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party of the Partnership is Mr I P E Culverhouse.