In accordance with Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006.

IN01

Application to register a company



ľ

FEE PAID

A fee is payable with this form. Please see 'How to pay' on the last page. BELFAST

COMPANIES HOUSE

What this form is for

You may use this form to register a private or public company.

What this form is NOT for

You cannot use this form to registe a limited liability partnership. To do this, please use form LL IN01.



12/06/2013 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

Part 1 **Company details A**1 Company name → Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals. To check if a company name is available use our WebCHeck service and select the 'Company Name Availability Search' option: All fields are mandatory unless specified or indicated by * www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info O Duplicate names Duplicate names are not permitted. Please show the proposed company name below. A list of registered names can be found on our website. There Proposed company Glor na Mona Teo are various rules that may affect name in full 0 your choice of name. More information on this is available in NT618886 For official use our guidance booklet GP1 at: www.companieshouse.gov.uk A2 Company name restrictions o Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive OCompany name restrictions or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a A list of sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require government department or other specified body. consent can be found in our I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted quidance booklet GP1 at: www.companieshouse.gov.uk words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response. **A3** • Name ending exemption Only private companies that are Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to limited by guarantee and meet other have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative. specific requirements are eligible to apply for this. For more details, I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for please go to our website: exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', www.companieshouse.gov.uk 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative. Company type 4 OCompany type Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' If you are unsure of your company's liability (only one box must be ticked): type, please go to our website: Public limited by shares www.companieshouse.gov.uk Private limited by shares COMPANIED HOUSE \square Private limited by guarantee Private unlimited with share capital 1 2 JUN 2013 Private unlimited without share capital CHFP000 BIS Department for Business Innovation & Skills

BELLAST

05/12 Version 5.0

Application to register a company Situation of registered office o Registered office Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the Every company must have a proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked): registered office and this is the **England and Wales** address to which the Registrar will Wales send correspondence. Scotland For England and Wales companies, the address must be in England or Northern Ireland Wales. For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively. **A6** Registered office address @ Registered office address Please give the registered office address of your company. You must ensure that the address shown in this section is consistent Building name/number 195 with the situation indicated in Street section A5. Bóthar na Carraige Báine/ Whiterock Road You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to be registered in England and Wales. Post town Béal Feirste/ Belfast You must provide an address in County/Region Aontroim/ Antrim Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland for companies to be registered in Postcode Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively. **A7** Articles of association 9 Please choose one option only and tick one box only. For details of which company type can adopt which model articles, I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick Option 1 please go to our website: only one box. www.companieshouse.gov.uk Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee Public company Option 2 I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions. I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box. Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee Public company Option 3 I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke **7** articles to this application. **A8** Restricted company articles © Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted. • Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment. For more details, please go to our website: www.companieshouse.gov.uk

IN01

Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1; For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1; For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1; For a corporate director, go to Section E1.

Secretary

Secretary appointments • O Corporate appointments Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation. For corporate secretary For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C5. appointments, please complete section C1-C5 instead of Title* Miss section 8. Full forename(s) Brónagh Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more Surname Fusco than one secretary, please use the 'Secretary appointments' Former name(s) • n/a continuation page. Pormer name(s) Please provide any previous names which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years. Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used for business purposes.

Secretary's service address o		
195		
Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road		
Béal Feirste/ Belfast		
B T 1 2 7 F W		

O Service address

This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.

Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's registered office.

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

В3	Signature 👁		
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1.	0	
Signature	Signature X brusses.	(

O Signature

The person named above consents to act as secretary of the proposed company.

Application to register a company

Corporate secretary

C1 '	Corporate secretary appointments •			
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation.	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the		
Name of corporate body/firm		'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page.		
Building name/number		Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address		
Street		must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or		
Post town		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number.		
County/Region				
Postcode				
Country				
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm			
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section C3 only → No Complete Section C4 only			
C3	EEA companies ©	-		
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register.	● EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance:		
Where the company/ firm is registered ⑤		www.companieshouse.gov.uk This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law		
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC).		
C4	Non-EEA companies			
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where		
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register.		
Governing law				
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •				
Registration number				
C5	Signature 9			
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1.	⊗ Signature		
Signature	Signature X	The person named above consents to act as corporate secretary of the proposed company.		

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation. For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5.	Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an			
Title*	Mr	individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of			
Full forename(s)	Feargal	which must be an individual.			
Surname	Maclonnrachtaigh	• Former name(s) Please provide any previous name			
Former name(s) 🛚	n/a	which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years. Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used			
Country/State of residence Output The state of the sta	Northern Ireland	for business purposes.			
Nationality	Irish	● Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual			
Date of birth	^d 2 ^d 7 ^m 0 ^m 5 ^y 1 ^y 9 ^y 8 ^y 1	residential address as stated in section D4			
Business occupation (if any) •	Irish Language Project Worker	Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.			
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page.			
D2	Director's service address Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's	⊕ Service address			
p. 1.1:	usual residential address in Section D4.	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not			
Building name/number	<u> </u>	have to be your usual residential address.			
Street	Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service			
Post town	Béal Feirste/ Belfast	address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of			
County/Region	Aontroim/Antrim	directors as the company's registered office.			
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the			
Country		public record.			
D3	Signature [©]				
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1.	© Signature The person named above consents			
Signature	Signature X	to act as director of the proposed			

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •			
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation. For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5.	Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an		
Title*	Mr	individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of		
Full forename(s)	Ciarán	which must be an individual.		
Surname	MacGiollaBhéin	● Former name(s) Please provide any previous names		
Former name(s) @	n/a	which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.		
Country/State of	Northern Ireland	Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used for business purposes.		
residence Nationality	Irish	Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual		
Date of birth		residential address as stated in Section D4		
Business occupation	Irish Language Youth Officer	Business occupation If you have a business occupation,		
(if any) ⊙		please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.		
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page.		
D2	Director's service address®	<u> </u>		
	Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4 .	Service address This is the address that will appear		
Building name/number	195	on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential		
Street	Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	address.		
		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service		
Post town	Béal Feirste/Belfast	address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of		
County/Region	Aontroim/Antrim	directors as the company's registered office.		
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	If you provide your residential		
Country		address here it will appear on the public record.		
D3	Signature ®	1		
_ _	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1.	Ø Signature		
Signature	X C. Wee Grell Dr X	The person named above consents to act as director of the proposed company.		

Application to register a company

Corporate director

E1	Corporate director appointments •			
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation.	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one		
Name of corporate body or firm				
Building name/number		Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear		
Street		on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be		
Post town		a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or		
County/Region		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number.		
Postcode				
Country				
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm			
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section E3 only → No Complete Section E4 only			
E3	EEA companies ♥			
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register.	EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance:		
Where the company/ firm is registered		www.companieshouse.gov.uk This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law		
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC).		
E4	Non-EEA companies	·		
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	• Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,		
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register.		
Governing law				
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •				
If applicable, the registration number				
E 5	Signature			
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1.	Signature The person named shows consents		
Signature	Signature X	The person named above consents to act as corporate director of the proposed company.		

Application to register a company Statement of capital Part 3 Does your company have share capital? → Yes Complete the sections below. → No Go to Part 4 (Statement of guarantee). Share capital in pound sterling (£) Please complete the table below to show each class of shares held in pound sterling. If all your issued capital is in sterling, only complete Section F1 and then go to Section F4. Aggregate nominal value 😉 Amount paid up on Amount (if any) unpaid Number of shares ② Class of shares (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.) each share 0 on each share 0 £ £ **Totals** £ F2 Share capital in other currencies Please complete the table below to show any class of shares held in other currencies. Please complete a separate table for each currency. Currency Aggregate nominal value 🛭 Number of shares 2 Class of shares Amount paid up on Amount (if any) unpaid (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.) each share 0 on each share 0 **Totals** Currency Class of shares Number of shares @ Aggregate nominal value 9 Amount paid up on Amount (if any) unpaid (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.) each share 🗣 on each share 0 **Totals Totals** Please give the total number of shares and total aggregate nominal value of O Total aggregate nominal value issued share capital. Please list total aggregate values in different currencies separately. For Total number of shares example: £100 + €100 + \$10 etc. Total aggregate nominal value 9 • Including both the nominal value and any Number of shares issued multiplied by **Continuation Pages** share premium. Please use a Statement of Capital continuation nominal value of each share. page if necessary.

Total number of issued shares in this dass.

F4 ·	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)	
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Sections F1 and F2 .	OPrescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
Class of share		
Class of share Prescribed particulars	of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Sections F1 and F2.	attached to shares The particulars are: a. particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances; b. particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution; c. particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in distribution (including on winding up); and d. whether the shares are to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder and any terms or conditions relating to redemption of these shares. A separate table must be used for each class of share. Continuation pages Please use the next page or a 'Statement of Capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary.

Class of share	• Prescribed particulars of	rights
Proceribed particulars	attached to shares	
Prescribed particulars	The particulars are:	
v	a. particulars of any voting	rights,
•	including rights that arise	e only in
	certain circumstances;	-
	b. particulars of any rights,	as
	respects dividends, to pa	ırticipate
	in a distribution;	•
	c. particulars of any rights,	as
	respects capital, to partic	cipate in a
	distribution (including or	n windina
	up); and	,
	d. whether the shares are t	to be
	redeemed or are liable to	
	redeemed at the option	
	company or the shareho	lder and
	any terms or conditions	relating
	to redemption of these s	shares.
	A separate table must be u	ised for
	each class of share.	
	Continuation pages	
	Please use a 'Statement of	canital
	(Prescribed particulars of ri	inhte
	attached to shares)' contin	າຊາເວ ກມatinn
	page if necessary.	iidguoii
	page in necessary.	
•	<u> </u>	
	l i	
	1	
	1	
,	1	
		•
	CHEPOOD	

F5 Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital.

Please complete the details below for each subscriber.

The addresses will appear on the public record. These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

Initial shareholdings

Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order.

Please use an 'Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary.

residential address.			1	continuation page	
Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) unpaid	Amount paid
					<u>†</u>
		-			
	·			Class of share Number of shares Currency Nominal value of	Class of share Number of shares Currency Nominal value of Amount (if any)

Part 4	Statement of guarantee	
	Is your company limited by guarantee?	-
	→ Yes Complete the sections below.	
	→ No Go to Part 5 (Statement of compliance).	
G1	Subscribers	
	Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below.	Name Please use capital letters. Address The addresses in this section will
	I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for:	appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.
	payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I cease to be a member;	Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted.
	 payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and; adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below. 	Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary.
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •	Feargal Maclonnrachtaigh	
Surname •	Maclonnrachtaigh	_
Address 9	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	- -
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed 9	£10	-
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •	Ciarán	
Surname •	MacGiollaBhéin	_
Address 2	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	_
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed	£10	_
	Subscriber's details	_
Forename(s) •	Maura	
Surname •	Connoily	
Address 🛭	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	_
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed 9	F10	_

Application to register a company

1	Subscriber's details	● Name
Forename(s) •	Pádraig	Please use capital letters. • Address
Surname •	MacCathail	The addresses in this section will
Address •	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted.
Amount guaranteed 9	£10	Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'
	Subscriber's details	continuation page if necessary.
Forename(s) •	Danny	
Surname •	Barclaigh	
Address ②	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed 9	£10	
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •	Breanda	
Surname •	UiChléirigh	
Address @	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed	£10	
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •	Seán	
Surname •	Hawkins	
Address 2	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed 9	£10	
-	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •	Máirtín	
Surname •	MacGabhann	
Address 🕹	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed 9	£10	

•	Subscriber's details	O Name
Forename(s) •	Conchúr	Please use capital letters.
Surname •	Ó Muadaigh	● Address The addresses in this section will
Address 🛭	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted.
Amount guaranteed 9	£10	Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'
	Subscriber's details	continuation page if necessary.
Forename(s) •	Ciarán	
Surname 0	Ó Brolcháin	
Address •	195 Bóthar na Carraige Báine/Whiterock Road	
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Amount guaranteed 9	£10	
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname €		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 9		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 👁		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		

Part 5 Statement of compliance This section must be completed by all companies. Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers? Go to Section H1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the → Yes Go to Section H2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent). H1 Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers • • Statement of compliance Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent delivered by the subscribers for the subscribers of the memorandum of association. Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance. I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with. Signature Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature Lale God & X X Subscriber's signature M. Nr Chonghaile X Subscriber's signature B. U. Calévija A. Mac Catharl X Subscriber's signature X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X Subscriber's signature X

Subscriber's signature	Signature X Lean & Waeliain	X	Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign.	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X Mar Callen	X		
Subscriber's signature	Signature X Concord .	X		
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	X		
H2	Statement of compliance delivered by an agent	<u>'</u>		
	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association.			
Agent's name				
Building name/number				
Street		_		
Post town				
County/Region				
Postcode				
Country				
	I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration	n		
	have been complied with.	i		

Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name	Feargal Maclonnrachtaigh	
Company name	Glór na Móna	
Address 195		
Bóthar na Carraige Báine/ Whiterock Road		
Post town	Béal Feirste/Belfast	
County/Region	Anroim/Antrim	
Postcode	B T 1 2 7 F W	
Country		
DX		
Telephone C	2890 234442	

Certificate

We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below:

- ☐ At the registered office address (Given in Section A6).☐ At the agents address (Given in Section H2).
- ✓ Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following:

- You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website.
- ☐ If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company and Business Names (Miscellaneous Provisions)

 Regulations 2008, please attach consent.
- You have used the correct appointment sections.
 Any addresses given must be a physical location.
 They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number.
- ☐ The document has been signed, where indicated.☐ All relevant attachments have been included.
- ☐ You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association.
- You have enclosed the correct fee.

Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses.

£ How to pay

A fee is payable on this form.

Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House'. For information on fees, go to: www.companieshouse.gov.uk

Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below:

For companies registered in England and Wales: The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ. DX 33050 Cardiff.

For companies registered in Scotland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF. DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post).

For companies registered in Northern Ireland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG. DX 481 N.R. Belfast 1.

Section 243 exemption

If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below:

The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE.

Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

COMPANY NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

Memorandum of association of

Glor na mona Teo

Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company.

Name of each subscriber	Authentication by each subscriber
Feargal Maclonnrachtaigh	JnZ
Ciarán MacGiolla Bhéin	Data Ed &:
Maura NíChonghaile	Maura Ni Chonghaile
Breanda UíChléirigh	B. W. Chréingh
Pádraig MacCathail	B. W. Chreingh P. Mac Cathad
Danny Barclaigh	Donall Bareloigh. Giath 5 Boldre.
Ciarán Ó Brolcháin	
Seán Ó hÉacháir	an O hEachain
Máirtín MacGabhann	Vient Mar Wh lan
Conchúr Ó Muadaigh	ConQuet.

Dated 30/5/13



FILE COPY

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company No. NI618886

The Registrar of Companies for Northern Ireland hereby certifies that

GLOR NA MONA TEO

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by guarantee, and the situation of its registered office is in Northern Ireland

Given at Companies House on 14th June 2013





COMPANY NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

Articles of Association for a Charitable Company

Articles of Association of

Glor na Mona Teo

1 The company's name is

Glor na Mona Teo

(and in this document it is called the 'company').

Interpretation

2 In the articles:

'address' means a postal address or, for the purposes of electronic communication, a fax number, an e-mail or postal address or a telephone number for receiving text messages in each case registered with the company;

'the articles' means the company's articles of association;
'the charity' means the company intended to be regulated by the articles;
'clear days' in relation to the period of a notice means a period excluding:

- The day when the notice is given or deemed to be given; and
- The day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

'the Commission' means the Charity Commission for Northern Ireland;

'the Companies Acts' means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006) insofar as they apply to the charity;

'the Charities Act' means the Charities Act (NI) 2008 and any statutory modification or re-enactment for the time being in force thereof;

'the directors' means the board of directors of the company, and includes any person occupying the position of director regardless of whether they are referred to as 'the board', 'the management committee' or by whatever other name they are called;

'document' includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;

'the United Kingdom' means Great Britain and Northern Ireland; and

Words importing one gender shall include all genders, and the singular includes the plural and vice versa.

Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in the articles have the same meaning as in the Companies Acts but excluding any statutory modification not in force when this constitution becomes binding on the charity.

Apart from the exception mentioned in the previous paragraph a reference to an Act of Parliament includes any statutory modification or re-enactment of it for the time being in force.

Liability of members

٠,

The liability of the members is limited to a sum not exceeding £10, being the amount that each member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the

- event of its being wound up while he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member, for:
- (1) Payment of the company's debts and liabilities incurred before he, she or it ceases to be a member;
- (2) Payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up; and
- (3) Adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

Objects

4

- 4 The company's objects ('Objects') are specifically restricted to the following:
 - a) Promote for the benefit of the Upper Springfield area of Belfast, particularly but not exclusively the Irish language community, the provision of community facilities via the medium of Irish as a cultural, recreational and educational facility for individuals, particularly those in need by reason of their age, disablement, financial hardship or social and economic circumstances or for the public at large in the interests of social welfare and with the object of improving the condition of life of the said inhabitants;
 - b) To advance education, in particular through the development of the Irish medium primary school sector, via the medium of the Irish language.
 - To assist any charitable body or bodies, which assistance may include providing access to community facilities
 - d) Promote such other charitable objects as may from time to time to be determined by the members of the Company.

[Nothing in the articles shall authorise an application of the property of the company for purposes which are not charitable in accordance with section 2 of the Charities Act (Northern Ireland) 2008.]

Powers

- The company has power to do anything which is calculated to further its Object(s) or is conductive or incidental to doing so. In particular, the company has power:
 - To raise funds. In doing so, the company must not undertake any taxable permanent trading activity and must comply with any relevant statutory regulations;

- (3) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the company. In exercising this power, the charity must comply as appropriate with sections 117 and 122 of the Charities Act 2011.
- (4) To borrow money and to charge the whole or any part of the property belonging to the charity as security for repayment of the money borrowed or as security for a grant or the discharge of an obligation. The company must comply as appropriate with any provisions of the Charities Act for the time being in force;
- (5) To co-operate with other charities, voluntary bodies and statutory authorities and to exchange information and advice with them;
- (6) To establish or support any charitable trusts, associations or institutions formed for any of the charitable purposes included in the Objects;
- (7) To acquire, merge with or to enter into any partnership or joint venture arrangement with any other charity;
- (8) To set aside income as a reserve against future expenditure but only in accordance with a written policy about reserves;
- (9) To employ and remunerate such staff as are necessary for carrying out the work of the company. The company may employ or remunerate a director only to the extent it is permitted to do so by article 7 and provided it complies with the conditions in that article;
- (10) To:

3

- (a) Deposit or invest funds;
- (b) Employ a professional fund-manager; and
- (c) Arrange for the investments or other property of the company to be held in the name of a nominee;

In the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the trustees of a trust are permitted to do by the Trustee Act (NI) 2001;

- (11) To provide indemnity insurance for the directors in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 93 of the Charities Act;
- (12) To pay out of the funds of the charity the costs of forming and registering the charity both as a company and as a charity;
- (13) To do all such other lawful things as may be necessary for or incidental to the attainment and furtherance of the above objects or any of them.

Application of income and property

6 (1) The income and property of the company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects.

- (b) A director may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased at the charity's expense in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 93 of the Charities Act.
- (c) A director may receive an indemnity from the charity in the circumstances specified in article 57.
- (d) A director may not receive any other benefit or payment unless it is authorised by article 7.
- (3) Subject to article 7, none of the income or property of the company may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the company. This does not prevent a member who is not also a director receiving:
 - (a) a benefit from the company in the capacity of a beneficiary of the company;
 - (b) reasonable and proper remuneration for any goods or services supplied to the company.

Benefits and payments to company directors and connected persons

7 (1) General provisions

4

No director or connected person may:

- (a) Buy any goods or services form the company on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;
- (b) Sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the company;
- (c) Be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the company;
- (d) Receive any other financial benefit from the company;

Unless the payment is permitted by sub-clause (2) of this article, or authorised by the court or the Charity Commission.

In this article a 'financial benefit' means a benefit, direct or indirect, which is either money or has a monetary value.

Scope and powers permitting directors' or connected persons' benefits

- (2) (a) A director or connected person may receive a benefit from the company in the capacity of a beneficiary of the company provided that a majority of the directors do not benefit in this way
 - (b) A director or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the company where that is permitted in accordance with the Charities Act.
 - (c) Subject to sub-clause (3) of this article a director or connected person may provide the company with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the company by the director or connected person.
 - (d) A director or connected person may receive interest on money lent to the company at a reasonable and proper rate which must be not more that the Bank of England bank rate (also known as the base rate).
 - (e) A director or connected person may receive rent for premises let by the director or connected person to the company. The amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease must be reasonable and proper. The director concerned must withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion.
 - (f) A director or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the company on the same terms as members of the public.

Payment for supply of goods only - controls

- The charity and its directors may only rely upon the authority provided by sub-clause (2)(c) of this article if each of the following conditions is satisfied:
 - (a) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set out in writing between the company or its directors (as the case may be) and the director or connected person supplying the goods ('the supplier') under which the supplier is to supply the goods in question to or on behalf of the company.
 - (b) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.

- (c) The other directors are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the company to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a director or connected person. In reaching that decision the directors must balance the advantage of contracting with a director or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so.
- (d) The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the company.
- (e) The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting.
- (f) The reason for their decision is recorded by the directors in the minute book.
- (g) A majority of the directors then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by article 7.

'Connected person' includes any person within the definition in article 61 'interpretation'.

Declaration of directors' interests

A director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the company which has not previously been declared. A director must absent himself or herself from any discussions of the company directors in which it is possible that a conflict will arise between his or her duty to act solely in the interests of the company and any personal interest (including but not limited to any personal financial interest.)

Conflicts of interest and conflicts of loyalties

- 9 (1) If a conflict of interests arises for a director because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person and the conflict is not authorised by virtue of any other provision in the articles, the unconflicted directors may authorise such a conflict of interests where the following conditions apply:
 - (a) The conflicted director is absent from the part of the meeting at which there is discussion of any arrangement or transaction affecting that other organisation or person;
 - (b) The conflicted director does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when considering whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting; and
 - (c) The unconflicted directors consider it is in the interests of the company to authorise the conflict of interests in the circumstances applying.
 - (2) In this article a conflict of interests arising because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person only refers to such a conflict which does not involve a direct or indirect benefit of any nature to a director or to a connected person.

- 10 (1) The subscribers to the memorandum are the first members of the company.
 - (2) Membership is open to other individuals or organisations who:
 - (a) Apply to the company in the form required by the directors; and
 - (b) Are approved by the directors.
 - 3) (a) The directors may only refuse an application for membership if, acting reasonably and properly, they consider it to be in the best interests of the company to refuse the application.
 - b) The directors must inform the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal within twenty-one days of the decision.
 - c) The directors must consider any written representations the applicant may make about the decision. The directors' decision following any written representations must be notified to the applicant in writing but shall be final.
 - (4) Membership is not transferable.
 - (5) The directors must keep a register of names and addresses of the members.

Classes of membership

- 11 (1) The directors may establish classes of membership with different rights 'and obligations and shall record the rights and obligations in the register of members.
 - (2) The directors may not directly or indirectly alter the rights or obligations attached to a class of membership.
 - 3) The rights attached to a class of membership may only be varied if:
 - (a) three-quarter of the members of that class consent in writing to the variation; or
 - (b) a special resolution is passed at a separate general meeting of the members of that class agreeing to the variation.
 - (4) The provisions in the articles about general meetings shall apply to any meeting relating to the variation of the rights of any class of members.

Termination of membership

12 Membership is terminated if:

- (1) the member dies or, if it is an organisation, ceases to exist;
- (2) the member resigns by written notice to the company unless, after the resignation, there would be less than two members;
- (3) any sum due from the member to the company is not paid in full within six months of it falling due;
- (4) the member is removed from membership by a resolution of the directors that it is in the best interests of the company that his or her its membership is terminated. A resolution to remove a member from membership may only be passed if:
- (a) The member has been given at least twenty-one days' notice in writing of the meeting of the directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it is to be proposed;
- (b) The member or, at the option of the member, the member's representative (who need not be a member of the company) has been allowed to make representations to the meeting.

General meetings

``

- 13 (1) The company must hold its first annual general meeting within eighteen months after the date of its incorporation.
 - (2) An annual general meeting must be held in each subsequent year and not more than fifteen months may elapse between successive annual general meetings.
- 14 The directors may call a general meeting at any time.

Notice of general meetings

- 15 (1) The minimum periods of notice required to hold a general meeting of the company are:
 - (a) twenty-one clear days for an annual general meeting or a general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution;
 - (b) fourteen clear days for all other general meetings.
 - (2) A general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority who together hold not less than 90 percent of the total voting rights.
 - 3) The notice must specify the date time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. If the meeting is to be annual general meeting, the notice must say so. The notice must also

contain a statement setting out the right members to appoint a proxy under section 324 of the Companies Act 2006 and article 22.

- 4) The notice must be given to all the members and to the directors and auditors.
- The proceedings at a meeting shall not be invalidated because a person who was entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of an accidental omission by the company.

Proceedings at general meetings

- 17 (1) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present.
 - (2) A quorum is:
 - (a) [10] members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be conducted at the meeting; or
 - (b) one tenth of the total membership at the time whichever is the greater.
 - (3) The authorised representative of a member organisation shall be counted in the quorum.
- 18 (1) if:
 - (a) A quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting; or
 - (b) During a meeting a quorum ceases to be present; the meeting shall be adjourned to such time and place as the directors shall determine.
 - (2) The directors must reconvene the meeting and must give at least seven clear days' notice of the reconvened meeting stating the date, time and place of the meeting.
 - 3) If no quorum is present at the reconvened meeting within fifteen minutes of the time specified for the staff of the meeting the members present in person or by proxy at that time shall constitute the quorum for that meeting.
 - 19 (1) General meetings shall be chaired by the person who has been appointed to chair meetings of the directors.
 - (2) If there is no such person or he or she is not present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for the meeting a director nominated by the directors shall chair the meeting.

- 3) If there is only one director present and willing to act, he or she shall chair the meeting.
- (4) If no director is present and willing to chair the meeting within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding it, the members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote must choose one of their number to chair the meeting.
- 20 (1) The members present in person or by proxy at a meeting may resolve by ordinary resolution that the meeting shall be adjourned.
 - (2) The person who is chairing the meeting must decide the date, time and place at which the meeting is to be reconvened unless those details are specified in the resolution.
 - 3) No business shall be conducted at a reconvened meeting unless it could properly have been conducted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place.
 - 4) If a meeting is adjourned by a resolution of the members for more than seven days, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given of the reconvened meeting stating the date, time and place of the meeting.
- 21 (1) Any vote at a meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is demanded:
 - (a) By the person chairing the meeting; or
 - (b) By at least two members present in person or by proxy and having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (c) By a member or members present in person or by proxy representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.
- (2) (a) The declaration by the person who is chairing the meeting of the result of a vote shall be conclusive unless a poll is demanded.
 - b) The result of the vote must be recorded in the minutes of the company but the number or proportion of votes cast need not be recorded.
- (3) (a) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn, before the poll is taken, but only with the consent of the person who is chairing the meeting.
 - b) If the demand for a poll is withdrawn the demand shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

- 4 (a) A poll must be taken as the person who is chairing the meeting directs, who may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and who may fix a time and place for declaring the results of the poll.
 - (b) The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll is demanded.
- 5 (a) A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair a meeting or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately.
 - b) A poll demanded on any other question must be taken either immediately or at such time and place as the person who is chairing the meeting directs.
 - The poll must be taken within thirty days after it has been demanded.
 - d) If the poll is not taken immediately at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
 - e) If a poll is demanded the meeting may continue to deal with any other business that may be conducted at the meeting.

Content of proxy notices

- 22 (1) Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a 'proxy notice') which
 - (a) States the name and address of the member appointing the proxy;
 - (b) Identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;
 - (c) Is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine; and
 - (d) Is delivered to the company in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate.
 - (2) The company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.
 - (3) Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.
 - 4 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as –
 - (a) Allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and

(b) Appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.

Delivery of proxy notices

- 22A (1) A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person.
 - (2) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.
 - (3) A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.
 - If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf.

Written resolutions

- 23 (1) A resolution in writing agreed by a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution by a majority of not less than 70%) of the members who would have been entitled to vote upon it had it been proposed at a general meeting shall be effective provided that:
 - (a) A copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to every eligible member;
 - (b) A simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution a majority of not less than 70%) of members has signified its agreement to the resolution; and
 - (c) It is contained in an authenticated document which has been received at the registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date.
 - (2) A resolution in writing in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members have signified their agreement.
 - (3) In the case of a member that is an organisation, its authorised representative may signify its agreement.

Votes of members

Subject to article 11, every member, whether an individual or an organisation shall have one vote.

- Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting at which the vote is tendered and the decision of the person who is chairing the meeting shall be final.
- 26 (1) Any organisation that is a member of the company may nominate any person to act as its representative at any meeting of the company.
 - (2) The organisation must give written notice to the company of the name of its representative. The representative shall not be entitled to represent the organisation at any meeting unless the notice has been received by the company. The representative may continue to represent the organisation until written notice to the contrary is received by the company.
 - (3) Any notice given to the company will be conclusive evidence that the representative is entitled to represent the organisation or that his or her authority has been revoked. The company shall not be required to consider whether the representative has been properly appointed by the organisation.

Directors

- 27 (1) A director must be a natural person aged 16 years or older.
 - (2) No one may be appointed a director if he or she would be disqualified from acting under the provisions of article 39.
- The minimum number of directors shall be 4 but (unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution) shall not be subject to any maximum.
- The first directors shall be those persons notified to Companies House as the first directors of the company.
- A director may not appoint an alternate director or anyone to act on his or her behalf at meetings of the directors.

Powers of directors

- 31 (1) The directors shall manage the business of the company and may exercise all the powers of the company unless they are subject to any restrictions imposed by the Companies Acts, the articles or any special resolution.
 - (2) No alteration of the articles or any special resolution shall have retrospective effect to invalidate any prior act of the directors.

(3) Any meeting of directors at which a quorum is present at the time the relevant is made may exercise all the powers exercisable by the directors.

Retirement of directors

- At the first annual general meeting all the directors must retire from office unless by the close of the meeting the members have failed to elect sufficient directors to hold a quorate meeting of the directors. At each subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors or, if their number is not three or a multiple or three, the number nearest to one-third, must retire form office. If there is only one director he or she must retire.
- 33 (1) The directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment. If any directors became or were appointed directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.
 - (2) If a director is required to retire at an annual general meeting by a provision of the articles the retirement shall take effect upon the conclusion of the meeting.

Appointment of directors

- 34 The company may by ordinary resolution:
 - (1) Appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director; and
 - (2) Determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire.
- No person other than a director retiring by rotation may be appointed a director at any general meeting unless:
 - (1) He or she is recommended for re-election by the directors; or
 - (2) Not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date of the meeting, the company is given a notice that:
 - (a) Is signed by a member entitled to vote at the meeting;
 - (b) States the member's intention to propose the appointment of a person as a director;
 - (c) Contains the details that, if the person were to be appointed, the company would have to file at Companies House; and
 - (d) Is signed by the person who is to be proposed to show his or her willingness to be appointed.
- All members who are entitled to receive notice of a general meeting must be given not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days' notice of any resolution to be

put to the meeting to appoint a director other than a director who is to retire by rotation.

- 37 (1) The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director.
 - (2) A director appointed by a resolution of the other directors must retire at the next annual general meeting and must not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation.
- The appointment of a director, whether by the company in general meeting or by the other directors, must not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed as the maximum number of directors.

Disqualification and removal of directors

- 39 A director shall cease to hold office if he or she:
 - (1) Ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision in the Companies Acts or is prohibited by law from being a director;
 - (2) Is disqualified from acting as a trustee by virtue of section 86 of the Charities Act (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision);
 - (3) Ceases to be a member of the company;
 - (4) Becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder, illness or injury of managing and administering his or her own affairs;
 - (5) Resigns as a director by notice to the company (but only if at least two directors will remain in office when the notice of resignation is to take effect); or
 - (6) Is absent without the permission of the directors from all their meetings held within a period of six consecutive months and the directors resolve that his or her office be vacated.

Remuneration of directors

The directors must not be paid any remuneration unless it is authorised by article 7.

Proceedings of directors

- 41 (1) The directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit, subject to the provisions of the articles.
 - (2) Any director may call a meeting of the directors.
 - (3) The secretary must call a meeting of the directors of requested to do so by a director.
 - (4) Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.
 - (5) In the case of an equality of votes, the person who is chairing the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

- 42 (1) No decision may be made by a meeting of the directors unless a quorum is present at the time the decision is purported to be made
 - (2) The quorum shall be four or the number nearest to one-third of the total number of directors, whichever is the greater, or such larger number as may be decided from time to time by the directors.
 - (3) A director shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which that director is not entitled to vote.
- 43 If the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- 44 (1) The directors shall appoint a director to chair their meetings and may at any time revoke such appointment.
 - (2) If no-one has been appointed to chair meetings of the directors or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within ten minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to chair that meeting.
 - (3) The person appointed to chair meetings of the directors shall have no functions or powers except those conferred by the articles or delegated to him or her by the directors.
- 45 (1) A resolution in writing or in electronic form agreed by all of the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors and to vote upon the resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held.
 - (2) The resolution in writing may comprise several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to each of which one or more directors has signified their agreement.

Delegation

- 46 (1) The directors may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee of two or more directors but the terms of any delegation must be recorded in the minute book.
 - 2) The directors may impose conditions when delegating, including the conditions that:
 - (a) The relevant powers are to be exercised inclusively by the committee to whom they delegate;
 - (b) No expenditure may be incurred on behalf of the company except in accordance with a budget previously agreed with the directors.

- (3) The directors may revoke or alter a delegation.
- (4) All acts and proceedings of any committees must be fully and promptly reported to the directors.

Validity of directors' decisions

- 47 (1) Subject to article 47(2), all acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be valid notwithstanding the participation in any vote of a director:
 - (a) Who was disqualified from holding office;
 - (b) Who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate office:
 - (c) Who was not entitled to vote on the matter, whether by reason of a conflict of interests or otherwise;

If without:

- (d) The vote of that director; and
- (e) That director being counted in the quorum;

The decision has been made by a majority of the directors at a quorate meeting.

2) Article 47(1) does not permit a director or a connected person to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him or her by a resolution of the directors or of a committee of directors if, but for article 47(1), the resolution would have been void, or if the director has not complied with article 8.

Seal

If the company has a seal it must only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary (if any) or by a second director.

Minutes

- 49 The directors must keep minutes of all:
 - (1) Appointments of officers made by the directors;
 - (2) Proceedings at meetings of the company;
 - (3) Meetings of the directors and committees of directors including;
 - (a) The names of the directors present at the meeting;
 - (b) The decisions made at the meetings; and

(c) Where appropriate the reasons for the decisions.

Accounts

- 50 (1) The directors must prepare for each financial year accounts as required by the Companies Acts. The accounts must be prepared to show a true and fair view and follow accounting standards issued or adopted by the Accounting Standards Board or its successors and adhere to the recommendations of applicable Statements of Recommended Practice.
 - 2) The directors must keep accounting records as required by the Companies Act.

Annual Report and Return and Register of Charities

51 (1) The directors must comply with any requirements of the Charities Act (or any statutory re-enactment or modification for the time being in force thereof) with regard to the preparation of an annual report and annual return and its transmission to the Charity Commission.

Means of communication to be used

- 52 (1) Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the company under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the company.
 - 2) Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being.
- Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles:
 - (1) Must be in writing; or
 - (2) Must be given in electronic form.
- 54 (1) The company may give any notice to a member either:
 - (a) Personally; or
 - (b) By sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his or her address; or
 - (c) By leaving it at the address of the member; or
 - (d) By giving it in electronic form to the member's address.

- (e) By placing the notice on a website and providing the person with a notification in writing or in electronic form of the presence of the notice on the website. The notification must state that it concerns a notice of a company meeting and must specify the place date and time of the meeting.
- 2) A member who does not register an address with the company or who registers only a postal address that is not within the United Kingdom shall not be entitled to receive any notice from the company.
- A member present in person at any meeting of the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and of the purposes for which it was called.
- (1) Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given.
 - 2) Proof that an electronic form of notice was given shall be conclusive where the company can demonstrate that it was properly addressed and sent, in accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006.
 - (3) In accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006 notice shall by deemed to be given:
 - (a) 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted; or
 - (b) In the case of an electronic form of communication, 48 hours after it was sent.

Idemnity

- (1) The company shall indemnify a relevant director against any liability incurred in successfully defending legal proceedings in that capacity, or in connection with any application in which relief is granted by the Court from liability for negligence, default, or breach of trust in relation to the company.
 - 2) In this article a 'relevant director' means any director or former director of the company.

Rules

- (1) The directors may from time to time make such reasonable and proper rules or bye laws as they deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the company.
 - 2) The bye laws may regulate the following matters but are not restricted to them:

- (a) The admission of members of the company (including the admission of organisations to membership) and the rights and privileges of such members, and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by members;
- (b) The conduct of members of the company in relation to one another, and to the company's employees and volunteers;
- (c) The setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the company's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes;
- (d) The procedure at general meetings and meetings of the directors in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Companies Acts or by the articles;
- (e) Generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules.
- 3) The company in general meeting has the power to alter, add to or repeal the rules or bye laws.
- The directors must adopt such means as they think sufficient to bring the rules and bye laws to the notice of members of the company.
- The rules or bye laws shall be binding on all members of the company. No rule or bye law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained in, the articles.

Disputes

If a dispute arises between members of the company about the validity or propriety of anything done by the members of the company under these articles, and the dispute cannot be resolved by agreement, the parties to the dispute must first try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation before resorting to litigation.

Dissolution

- (1) The members of the company may at any time before, and in expectation of, its dissolution resolve that any net assets of the company after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision has been made for them, shall on or before the dissolution of the company be applied or transferred in any of the following ways:
 - (a) Directly for the Objects; or
 - (b) By transfer to any charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects; or
 - (c) To any charity or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within the Objects.
- 2) Subject to any such resolution of the members of the company, the directors of the company may at any time before and in expectation of its dissolution resolve that any net assets of the company after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision made for them, shall on or before dissolution of the company be applied or transferred:

- (a) Directly for the Objects; or
- (b) By transfer to any charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects; or
- (c) To any charity or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within the Objects.
- In no circumstances shall the net assets of the company be paid to or distributed among the members of the company (except to a member that is itself a charity) and if no resolution in accordance with article 60(1) is passed by the members or the directors the net assets of the company shall be applied for charitable purposes as directed by the Court or the Commission.

Interpretation

- 61. In article 7, sub-clause (2) of article 9 and sub-clause (2) of article 47 'connected person' means:
 - (1) A child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of the director;
 - (2) The spouse or civil partner of the director or of any person falling within sub-clause (1) above;
 - (3) A person carrying on business in partnership with the director or with any person falling within sub-clause (1) or (2) above;
 - (4) An institution which is controlled -
 - (a) By the director or any connected person falling within sub-clause (1), (2), or (3) above; or
 - (b) By two or more persons falling within sub-clause 4(a), when taken together
 - (5) A body corporate in which -
 - (a) The director or any connected person falling within sub-clauses (1) to (3) has a substantial interest; or
 - (b) Two or more persons falling within sub-clause (5) (a) who, when taken together, have a substantial interest.