Company registration number: NI617785

Clandeboye Agencies Limited Trading as Clandeboye Agencies

Unaudited financial statements

31 March 2017

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Directors and other information

Directors David Walker

Nicholas Walker Stephen Walker Andrew Walker

Company number

NI617785

Registered office

Unit 30

Rathenraw Industrial Estate

Greystone Road

Antrim BT41 2SJ

Business address

Rathenraw Industrial Estate

Greystone Road

Antrim BT41 2SJ

Accountants

Prior McMahon

104-108 Frances Street

Newtownards Co Down BT23 7DY

Bankers

Danske bank

Ballymena Finance Centre

18 Ballymoney Road

Ballymena BT43 5BY

Directors report Year ended 31 March 2017

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

David Walker Nicholas Walker Stephen Walker Andrew Walker

Small company provisions

War

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 31 May 2017 and signed on behalf of the board by:

David Walker

Director

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Clandeboye Agencies Limited Year ended 31 March 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Clandeboye Agencies Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us

As a practising member firm of Chartered Accountants Ireland, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.charteredaccountants.ie.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Clandeboye Agencies Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Clandeboye Agencies Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Clandeboye Agencies Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of Chartered Accountants Ireland as detailed at www.charteredaccountants ie To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Clandeboye Agencies Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Clandeboye Agencies Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Clandeboye Agencies Limited. You consider that Clandeboye Agencies Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Clandeboye Agencies Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

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Prior McMahon

Chartered Accountant

104-108 Frances Street

Newtownards

Co Down BT23 7DY

Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover Cost of sales		1,983,058 (1,478,543)	2,147,435 (1,597,682)
Gross profit		504,515	549,753
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(485,713) 54,425	(473,761) 57,495
Operating profit		73,227	133,487
Interest payable and similar expenses		(3,489)	(1,397)
Profit before taxation	4	69,738	132,090
Tax on profit		(19,070)	(28,063)
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		50,668	104,027

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of financial position 31 March 2017

	•	2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	189,425		214,585	
Tangible assets	6	369,781		367,672	
			559,206		582,257
Current assets					
Stocks		100,799		102,466	
Debtors	7	458,983		460,961	
Cash at bank and in hand		31,600		10,375	
		591,382		573,802	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(369,632)		(380,017)	
Net current assets			221,750		193,785
Total assets less current liabilities			780,956		776,042
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	9		(425,082)		(446,116)
Provisions for liabilities			(29,364)		(24,404)
Net assets			326,510		305,522
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			4		4
Profit and loss account			326,506		305,518
Shareholders funds			326,510		305,522

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2017

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 May 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

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David Walker

Director

Company registration number: NI617785

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2017

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2015	4	229,131	229,135
Profit for the year		104,027	104,027
Total comprehensive income for the year		104,027	104,027
Dividends paid and payable		(27,640)	(27,640)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(27,640)	(27,640)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	4	305,518	305,522
Profit for the year		50,668	50,668
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	50,668	50,668
Dividends paid and payable		(29,680)	(29,680)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(29,680)	(29,680)
At 31 March 2017	4	326,506	326,510

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is Clandeboye Agencies Limited, Unit 30, Rathenraw Industrial Estate, Greystone Road, Antrim, BT41 2SJ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 12.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Lease income is recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. The aggregate cost of lease incentives are recognised as a reduction to income over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Costs, including depreciation, incurred in earning the lease income are recognised as an expense. Any initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging the operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the lease and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business.

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed five years.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

- 10%% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 15%% straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 15%% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25%% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2010
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	24,978	12,500
Depreciation of tangible assets	71,352	69,828

2017

2016

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

5.	Intangible assets					Goodwill	Total
						£	£
	Cost At 1 April 2016 Disposals					250,000 (220)	250,000 (220)
	At 31 March 2017					249,780	249,780
	Amortisation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year Disposals					35,415 24,978 (38)	35,415 24,978 (38)
	At 31 March 2017					60,355	60,355
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017					189,425	189,425
	At 31 March 2016		·			214,585	214,585
6.	Tangible assets						
		Short leasehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Slush & Coffee Machines	Total
	Cost	£	£	£	£	£	£
	At 1 April 2016 Additions Disposals	1,254 - -	48,925 55,239	65,327 4,193 -	37,559 - (24,790)	377,708 25,977 -	530,773 85,409 (24,790)
	At 31 March 2017	1,254	104,164	69,520	12,769	403,685	591,392
	Depreciation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year Disposals	-	10,720 17,452	20,966 7,283	18,217 3,129 (12,842)	113,198 43,488	163,101 71,352 (12,842)
	At 31 March 2017	-	28,172	28,249	8,504	156,686	221,611
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017	1,254	75,992	41,271	4,265	246,999	369,781
	At 31 March 2016	1,254	38,205	44,361	19,342	264,510	367,672
							<u>-</u>

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

7.	Debtors		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade debtors	324,339	324,552
	Other debtors	134,644	136,409
		458,983	460,961
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	11,228	15,979
	Trade creditors	178,454	185,879
	Corporation tax	14,111	24,286
	Social security and other taxes	41,613	40,646
	Other creditors	124,226	113,227
		369,632	380,017
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		0040
		2017	2016
	011	£	£
	Other creditors	425,082	446,116

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017				
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		forward	the directors	•	
		£	£	£	£
David Walker		(127,998)	-	8,199	(119,799)
Nicholas Walker		(50,352)	(529)	-	(50,881)
Stephen Walker		(55,334)	(44)	-	(55,378)
Andrew Walker		(50,438)	(185)	-	(50,623)
		(284,122)	(758)	8,199	(276,681)
	2016				
	2010	Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
			the directors	, 0 p a i a	o, o.cg
		£	£	£	£
David Walker		-	-	-	-
Nicholas Walker		_	-	-	_
Stephen Walker		-	_	-	-
Andrew Walker		-	-	-	_

11. Controlling party

The directors by virtue of their interest in shares are the controlling parties.

12. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.

The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts.

Detailed income statement Year ended 31 March 2017

		2017 £	2016 £
Turnover			
Sales		1,918,224	2,081,097
Sales - type 4		64,834	66,338
		1,983,058	2,147,435
Cost of sales			
Opening stock		(102,466)	(138,323)
Purchases		(1,267,411)	(1,375,306)
Direct costs		(137,779)	(134,971)
Consumables		(10,757)	(2,899)
Deliverly costs		(48,610)	(36,380)
Carriage		(12,319)	(12,269)
•		(1,579,342)	(1,700,148)
Closing stock		100,799	102,466
v		(1,478,543)	(1,597,682)
Gross profit		504,515	549,753
Gross profit percentage		25.4%	25.6%
Overheads			
Administrative expenses			
Wages and salaries		(137,985)	(152,834)
Directors remuneration		(80,226)	(81,086)
Employer's social security contributions		(18,836)	(22,500)
Staff training		(8,807)	(7,411)
Rent payable		(12,000)	(12,000)
Rates		(4,811)	(4,735)
Insurance		(4,303)	(3,095)
Operating lease payments - plant and machinery		(2,278)	(1,079)
Operating lease payments - office equipment		-	. (21)
Light and heat		(3,644)	(3,814)
Cleaning		. (708)	(636)
Repairs and maintenance		(1,907)	(3,918)
Parts and Repairs for Slush & Coffee Machines		(5,695)	(335)
Printing, postage and stationery		(3,615)	(5,011)
Advertising		(7,170)	(2,756)
Promotional Expenses		(6,875)	-
Telephone		(3,868)	(4,356)
Computer costs		(18,736)	(14,049)
Leasing of motor vehicles		(19,640)	(25,853)
Motor expenses		(35,148)	(36,046)
Travelling and entertainment	Page 17	(1,977)	(1,961)

Detailed income statement (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

	2017 £	2016 £
Entertaining	(1,709)	(1,343)
Legal and professional	(750)	(40)
Accountancy fees	(4,400)	(4,300)
Bank charges	(2,577)	(2,413)
Credit card charges	-	(6)
Bad debts	_	(155)
Profit on exchange	1,834	6,642
Loss on exchange	(4,124)	(1,418)
Canteen	(1,762)	(2,547)
Staff welfare	(33)	(183)
General expenses	(503)	(909)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(24,978)	(12,500)
Depreciation of tangible assets	(71,352)	(69,828)
Gain/loss on disposal of intangible assets	4,818	-
Gain/loss on disposal of tangible assets	(1,948)	(1,265)
	(485,713)	(473,761)
Other operating income		
Operating lease rental income	54,373	57,495
Sundry income	52	<u> </u>
	54,425	57,495
Operating profit	73,227	133,487
Operating profit percentage	3.7%	6.2%
Interest payable and similar expenses	(3,489)	(1,397)
Profit before taxation	69,738	132,090