COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: NI029910 CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: XR21072



# Greater Shankill Partnership Company Limited by Guarantee Financial Statements 31 March 2022

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JNI 30/11/2022
COMPANIES HOUSE

**AUBREY CAMPBELL & COMPANY** 

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 631 Lisburn Road Belfast BT9 7GT

# Company Limited by Guarantee

# Financial Statements

# Year ended 31 March 2022

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#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

The directors, who are also the directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### Reference and administrative details

Registered charity name

Greater Shankill Partnership

Charity registration number

XR21072

Company registration number NI029910

Principal office and registered 331-333 Shankill Road

office

**Belfast BT13 3AA** 

#### The directors

Alderman B Kingston

D McBride J Pollock I McLaughlin E Carlisle T Scott J Stewart T Winstone W Drummond

Company secretary

Jackie Redpath

**Auditor** 

Aubrey Campbell & Company

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

631 Lisburn Road

**Belfast BT9 7GT** 

#### Structure, governance and management

The Partnership is governed by a board of 9 directors. Their task, in conjunction with senior management and company secretary, is to oversee the administration of the Partnership, safeguard its assets and resources to ensure that they are used solely in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity, and to act in the best interests of the charity at all times. Board meetings typically take place bi-monthly, with extraordinary meetings held when necessary.

The day to day business of the Partnership is managed by joint Chief Executive Officers Jackie Redpath (company secretary) and Nicola Verner. Whilst managing a small but dedicated team of administrative and housekeeping staff, their main function is to provide leadership, taking ultimate responsibility for the achievement of pre-agreed goals.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### Objectives and activities

The Partnership was established in 1995 to generate strategies for the physical, social and economic regeneration of the Greater Shankill area, and to act as a delivery agent for a number of programmes which assist in this process. The aim is to maintain the thriving community that has developed since that time, where individuals, families and groups can realise their potential and enjoy a decent quality of life.

The trustees confirm that they have had due regard for the guidance produced on public benefit by the Charity Commission for Northern Ireland and are pleased to report that during the period the charitable company has continued to provide public benefits through the programmes and services we offer.

#### Strategic report

The following sections represent the Partnership's strategic report.

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### Achievements and performance

The mission of Greater Shankill Partnership Co Ltd (GSP) is to co-ordinate the physical, social and economic regeneration of the Greater Shankill area for the benefit of residents of the area. Neighbourhood Renewal and the Greater Shankill Neighbourhood Renewal Action Plan (NRAP) is the mechanism for achieving this co-ordination. The NRAP is built around four themes, endorsed by the Greater Shankill Community Convention. These themes include: Children and Young People; Employment and Employability; Physical Regeneration and Quality of Life, incorporating a Safer, Healthy and Creative Community. In addition to the co-ordination and networking function, GSP contributes directly to neighbourhood renewal and regeneration through its activities/programmes below.

#### Sure Start & Early Years Projects

The Greater Shankill Sure Start, funded by DE through BHSCT, seeks to ensure that every child in the area has the best possible start in life. Services include home visiting to individual families with young children, antenatal and postnatal support for new mothers, speech & language support, classes & group work for new mums, Sure Start Developmental Programme for 2- 3 year olds and supporting children with additional needs.

#### Integrated Services for Children and Young People (ISCYP)

The work of Integrated Services is supported through a number of contracts (Department of Health, Department of Education, Belfast Trust, Extern). These contracts allow us to provide family support counselling, mentoring, holistic therapies and groupwork sessions for parents and women's groups, in addition to the GS Generation & Think Tank and provision of a Summer School Transition Programme.

#### Community Family Support Programme - ESF

This programme supports individuals required specialist help with both personal barriers and family issues in order to progress with employment opportunities. Participants are referred to the programme from a variety of sources including Family Support Workers, Health Visitors, GP's and Schools. Participants are supported to make positive changes and take steps towards employment. Participants face barriers such as low self-esteem, social isolation, unemployment, childcare barriers, financial hardship and limited literacy and numeracy skills. This programme demonstrates various positive outcomes for the participants and their families. The aim of the programme is to reduce barriers which may be in the way of securing sustainable employment

#### Greater Shankill Family Support Hub

Greater Shankill Partnership is the Lead Body for the Greater Shankill Family Support Hub. The Hub is designed to receive referrals and where relevant, signpost onto other agencies within the locality and across Belfast in some cases for more specialist services. GS Family Support Hub have developed its membership and ensure regular communication and engagement with its Core and Associate members.

#### Health and Wellbeing Forum

The Health and Wellbeing Forum has aligned its aims, objectives and priority actions to the Neighbourhood Renewal Action plan to reflect current work streams. The Forum continues to organise workshops looking at different aspects of health & wellbeing at a community level. Some areas of training include psychological trauma, trauma and Addiction, trauma and the body, trauma and Early Years and intergenerational trauma.

#### Greater Shankill Children & Young People Zone

The Greater Shankill Children & Young People Zone is a place based approach to transforming the lives of this generation of children & young people in the area. At the core of the Zone's work is a

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

conversation process with individual children & young people about 'the story they want their lives to be'; designing the pathway to get there and then providing sustained support for their journey from a 'coalition of the willing'. The 'conversations process' will also produce an outcomes framework for the Greater Shankill that will inform Government, their Agencies and community groups of the area's priorities. The Zone is supported in its journey by a range of partners including, among others, QUB; UU; PwC; Ulster Orchestra (UO) and a range of local groups. The Zone's Crescendo programme brings together UO, QUB/CESI, along with Colin NP to deliver a musical development programme in Primary schools in both communities.

#### **Communities in Transition**

Funded by TEO (The Executive Office), GSP has secured a new programme of delivery - Youth Engagement. This programme will focus on engagement at community level with organisations who can contribute to transformation by supporting our young people.

#### **City-wide Engagement**

Greater Shankill Partnership represents the interests of residents of the Greater Shankill and contributes to a number of city-wide Forums.

- Belfast Area Partnerships (BAPs) bring together, on a bi-monthly basis, staff of East, West, South and Greater Shankill Partnerships to discuss areas of common interest and agree strategies for moving forward on a city-wide basis.
- Belfast Community Planning Partnership (BCPP) oversees the development and implementation of the Belfast Agenda. GSP is represented on the BCPP and the BCPP Boards: the Living Here Board; the Work and Learning Board; Growing the Economy & City Development Board and the Resilience & Sustainability Board.
- Belfast Outcomes Group for Children & Young People (BOAG) promotes better outcomes for children & young people in the City and reports to the Children & Young People Strategic Partnership for Northern Ireland.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### Achievements and performance (continued)

#### Risk and Uncertainties

The Board is aware and have experience of the consequences of the Partnership's dependence on public funding, as it leaves the entity vulnerable to changes in government policy, for example the austerity measures that were imposed in the last 10 years or so.

However, the directors have sought to mitigate such risk by sourcing funding from a range of departments and agencies, thus avoiding reliance - as much as possible - on a single source of funding.

It is perhaps pertinent to mention that although the company has had minimal direct funding from "European" based funding sources in the past, it is difficult to predict the impact on the economy - and, consequently, on public sector funding on a national scale - of full and final withdrawal of the UK from the EU.

#### Financial review

The Chief Executives and directors are committed to the future of the Partnership. The job of securing funding from private enterprise, the government, and other charitable agencies continues to be a priority.

During the year ended 31st March 2022, net incoming resources of £1.7M were generated (2021: £1.5m). The Partnership received funding from a wide range of public and private funding sources during the period, chiefly the Executive Office, the Department for Communities (NI), the Department of Health (NI), the Department of Education (NI), the Department of Employment & Learning (NI), Belfast Health & Social Service Trust and Belfast City Council.

#### Reserves policy and going concern

The policy of the charity is to establish and maintain sufficient levels of reserves which ensure the Partnership's core functions could continue during a period of unforeseen difficulty or emergency such as asset recovery, funding gaps in allocation or meeting contractual obligations should the company have to reduce its activities or ultimately close.

In light of this, the directors carry out an annual assessment of the charity's requirements for reserves and consideration of the main risks to the company. The directors have concluded that to allow the charity to be managed efficiently, and to provide a buffer, they would aim to build a reserve which equates to approximately six months of unrestricted fund expenditure.

As of 31st March 2022, the Partnership controls unrestricted reserves, which can be used for this purpose, of £624,228 (2021: £559,699). The Board continue to explore ways in which the level of unrestricted reserves can be raised to the desired level per the policy in place.

A further £631,537 (2021: £588,503) of restricted reserves are under the control of the Partnership at the year end. This reserve is comprised of assets that may only be used for specific purposes and cannot be used for the core running of the Partnership.

The directors believe that reserves are adequate to ensure that the going concern assumption is appropriate.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### Plans for future periods

Over the next twelve months the Partnership will seek to at least consolidate its funding position, build upon its current level of activity, and diversify its objectives appropriately where possible. The Partnership remains committed to its priorities of supporting better outcomes in the Greater Shankill area, particularly for children, young people and families.

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the charity directors to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Auditor**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that
  information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

# **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

The directors' annual report and the strategic report were approved on 8 November 2022 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

Alderman B Kingston

Director

Dennahablue

J Pollock

I McLaughlin Director

E Carlisle Director

T Scott Director

J Stewart Director

W Drummond -

Jackie Redpath Charity Secretary

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership Year ended 31 March 2022

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Greater Shankill Partnership (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), statement of financial position, statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to note 3 in the financial statements, which indicates that as a result of continued efforts from trustees and managers, the Partnership returned a surplus for the year to 31 March 2022 of £107,563.

Based on protracted discussions with key staff and management throughout the audit process, their contention that all core Partnership programmes have successfully attracted funding throughout the 2022 financial year, and on review of current year financial information (to 30th September 2022) as maintained by the Partnership, this would suggest that the going concern status of the Partnership is not in question imminently.

However, although the financial and operational situation at the Partnership remains positive, uncertainty regarding the ability of the Spectrum Centre to host activities and programmes must be considered by the Board. The lack of visibility regarding government funding in light of the instability within the Northern Ireland Assembly remains a concern, along with the continued impact of Brexit and its potential impact on the not-for-profit sector in Northern Ireland.

In conclusion, the Partnership returned a surplus this financial year, and exhibited a healthy year-end balance sheet, to include a strong net current asset position. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the continued receipt of historic levels of Government funding and support and the general public sector funding climate, particularly in light of the topical uncertainties specified above. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the withdrawal of this support. However, as stated in note 3, the events or conditions alluded to above — along with other matters as set forth in the note — indicate that a material uncertainty exists which may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with trustees and other-management;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions; and
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in note 3 were indicative of potential bias.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance; and

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Magee (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Aubrey Campbell & Company Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

631 Lisburn Road Belfast BT9 7GT

8 November 2022

# **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# Statement of Financial Activities (including income and expenditure account)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

			2022		2021
		Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total funds	Total funds
	Note	£	£	£	£
Income and endowments					
Donations and legacies	5	2,954	1,712,856	1,715,810	1,550,898
Other trading activities	6	44,586	15,451	60,037	28,149
Total income		47,540	1,728,307	1,775,847	1,579,047
Expenditure					
Expenditure on charitable activities	7,8	11,610	1,685,273	1,696,883	1,789,342
Total expenditure	••	11,610	1,685,273	1,696,883	1,789,342
Net income/(expenditure)		35,930	43,034	78,964	(210,295)
Extraordinary items	13	28,599	-	28,599	124,417
Net movement in funds		64,529	43,034	107,563	(85,878)
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		559,699	588,503	1,148,202	1,234,080
Total funds carried forward		624,228	631,537	1,255,765	1,148,202

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

# **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# **Statement of Financial Position**

# 31 March 2022

		202	22	2021 (restated)
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible fixed assets	14		641,455	657,717
Investments	15		4	4
			641,459	657,721
Current assets				
Debtors	17	375,005		237,364
Cash at bank and in hand		315,681		340,811
		690,686		578,175
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	76,380		87,694
Net current assets			614,306	490,481
Total assets less current liabilities			1,255,765	1,148,202
Net assets			1,255,765	1,148,202
Funds of the charity				
Restricted funds			631,537	588,503
Unrestricted funds			624,228	559,699
Total charity funds	22		1,255,765	1,148,202

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 18 to Error! Bookmark not defined, form part of these financial statements.

# **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Statement of Financial Position (continued)

#### 31 March 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 8 November 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Alderman B Kingston

Director

Director

I McLaughlin Director

E Carlisle Director

T Scott Director

J Stewart Director

T Winstone Chairman

W Drummond

Director

# **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

# Year ended 31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	(restated) £
Cash flows from operating activities  Net income/(expenditure)		78,964	(210,295)
Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Government grant income Loss on disposal of heritage assets Accrued (income)/expenses		18,818 - - (4,710)	18,456 (1,040) 4,820 10,534
Changes in: Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors		(137,641) (26,878)	83,129 41,259
Cash generated from operations		(71,447)	(53,137)
Net cash used in operating activities		(7 <u>1,447</u> )	(53,137)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets Proceeds from sale of tangible assets Proceeds from sale of heritage assets		(2,556) - -	(3,359) 20,320 (4,820)
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities		(2,556)	12,141
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from loans from group undertakings Government grant income		28,599 -	124,417 1,040
Net cash from financing activities		28,599	125,457
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(45,404) 340,811	84,461 256,350
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	18	295,407	340,811

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 1. General information

The charity is a public benefit entity and a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Northern Ireland and a registered charity in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is 331-333 Shankill Road, Belfast, BT13 3AA.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Going concern

Despite the continuing disruption brought about by the fall out of the Covid 19 pandemic and pressures put upon the Partnership with cuts to public spending the financial statements demonstrate the continued hard work by the management team and staff at the Partnership.

In terms of generating cash resources, total income increased by 12.4% to £1.775M (2021: £1.579M). The rise was largely the result of increased funding received from the likes of The Executive Office, Department of Education, Department for Communities and new funding from The Community Foundation and The Northern Ireland Housing Association.

The Partnership managed to successfully maintain its core suite of programmes (ISCYP, Surestart etc) during the year, despite the difficulties encountered as a result of the continuing impact of Covid-19 restrictions. Overall partnership expenditure decreased by 5%, from £1.789M in 2021 to £1.697M in 2022. As per note 11, average staff numbers decreased, and rent costs fell due to the closure of CIT projects.

As a result, the Board reported a surplus of £78k (prior to the covenanting of annual profit from 100% owned trading subsidiaries GSP Property Development Co Ltd ('GSPPD') and The Early Years Company ('EYC')). This compares to a deficit of £56k returned in 2021 (before restatement of the 2021 financial performance and position (see note 25 for details)).

It is worth referring to the Partnership's subsidiaries, as above, both of which were in a position to covenant profits to the Partnership in the current year totalling £29k (2021: £124k). On the face of it, this should be considered as a positive step as the Board continues toward reaching its goal of establishing underlying value within the company, in order to meet its self-imposed objective of amassing an unrestricted reserve which equates to approximately six months of operational expenditure. It is noteworthy that the Directors acknowledge advice previously given by the auditor that unless efforts are made to physically "shift" value to the Partnership from its subsidiaries (in the form of cash or similar), there is little purpose in considering the performance of the subsidiaries and their effect on the Partnership's reserves when contemplating the short to medium term viability of the parent company itself.

The management team continue to diligently maintain what has become a busy roster of programmes. Established provisions such as Integrated Services (ISCYP) and Surestart receive continued support from the Department for Communities, Department of Health, Department of Education and The Department of Education through Belfast Health and Social Care Trust (BHSCT). It is comforting that management information produced by the finance team for the period to September 2022 suggests that the Partnership will receive a similar level of funding in the year to 31st March 2023 should it continue on its current trajectory, when compared to 2022.

Accordingly, given the success of the Partnership in attracting new and maintaining ongoing funding streams in recent years; its reputation as a trusted 'partner' in testing times and the reliance placed on it by those seeking to distribute funds in a charitable manner; and the relatively strong financial position of the company and the Group as a whole at 31 March 2022, the Board is confident that the going concern status of the Partnership is secure for the foreseeable future.

However, the Management and the Board are aware that should Government support or public funding be cut, the going concern basis of preparation might become invalid. The Directors continue to

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

consider issues such as the potential inability of the Partnership to host programmes as a result of continued political uncertainty, and the effect of Brexit on public sector funding for the local charities sector.

The financial statements have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends on the operational success of the charity, government and associated public sector funding opportunities. They do not include any adjustments that would result from unmaintainable losses or the withdrawal of this support. In such circumstances, the going concern basis of preparation may become invalid, and adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of assets to their recoverable amount to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify fixed assets as current assets.

#### Consolidation

The charity is not required to prepare consolidated accounts in accordance with the Charities Act (Northern Ireland) 2008, and has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the charity and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### **Fund accounting**

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the directors for particular future project or commitment.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.

#### Incoming resources

'Other income from other trading activities' has been restated in the 2022 financial statement to reflect £17,347 of income from counselling services provided to third parties. This was previously included in the financial statements as 'Donations' (both unrestricted in nature, therefore there is no net effect on fund designation within reserves).

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking
  activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those
  support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable
  activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, unless it reverses a charge for impairment that has previously been recognised as expenditure within the statement of financial activities. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, except to which it offsets any previous revaluation gain, in which case the loss is shown within other recognised gains and losses on the statement of financial activities.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Property - 2% straight line
Fixtures and Fittings - 20% straight line
Motor Vehicles - 20% reducing balance
Equipment - 20% straight line
Computer Equipment - 33% reducing balance

Land included in Freehold Property is not depreciated.

#### Investments

Unlisted equity investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value. If fair value cannot be reliably measured, assets are measured at cost less impairment.

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investments (continued)

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in income or expenditure.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value taken through income or expenditure. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

#### Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value taken through income or expenditure. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the charity will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

#### Short term employee benefits

The company provides short term benefits including holiday pay to their employees. These are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs.

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the statement of financial activities, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### Defined contribution plans .

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as an expense in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Limited by guarantee

The company, being a company limited by guarantee, does not have share capital. The liability of members of the company is limited to £1 per member

#### 5. Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds 2022
Donations	£	£	£
<b>Donations</b> Donations	2,954	_	2,954

# Company Limited by Guarantee

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 31 March 2022

## 5. Donations and legacies (continued)

Grants         Halo         −         −         −           Greystone         −         63,405         63,405         63,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         53,405         52,296         232,960         24,985		Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds 2022
Halo   Greystone		£	£	£
Belfast Health and Social Care Trust				
Belfast Health and Social Care Trust   -   63,405   63,405   Street Beats   -   11,522   11,522   123,960   232,961   232,96		-	_	-
Street Beats	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	63.405	63.405
Executive Office - CIT 1 & 2				
Department for Communities		· <u>-</u>	•	
The Community Foundation		_		·
Belfast City Council	Department of Employment and learning via USDT	_	57,941	
Department of Health		_		
Queens University Belfast		_		
Department of Education through BHSCT			185,294	185,294
Department of Education		_	663.424	663 424
Northern Ireland Housing Association Government grant income	•	_ _		
Covernment grant income   Covernment grant		_	•	•
Unrestricted Funds		-	_	_
Unrestricted Funds		2 954	1 712 856	1 715 810
Funds   Funds   Constitute   Funds   Constitute   Funds   Constitute   Funds   Funds		2,304	1,7 12,000	1,7 13,810
Donations   Dona		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total Funds
Donations   Dona		Funds	Funds	2021
Donations         2,198         8,000         10,198           Grants         Halo         - 10,000         10,000           Greystone         - 50,000         50,000           Belfast Health and Social Care Trust         - 67,541         67,541           Street Beats         - 201,461         201,461           Department for Communities         - 182,125         182,125           Department of Employment and learning via USDT         - 80,800         80,800           The Community Foundation         - 132,542         132,542           Department of Health         - 231,511         231,511           Queens University Belfast         - 562         562           Department of Education through BHSCT         - 658,053         658,053           Department of Education through Association         - (74,935)         (74,935)           Northern Ireland Housing Association         - 1,040         1,040		•	•	
Grants         10,000           Halo         - 10,000         10,000           Greystone         - 50,000         50,000           Belfast Health and Social Care Trust         - 67,541         67,541           Street Beats          - 201,461         201,461           Department for Communities         - 182,125         182,125           Department of Employment and learning via USDT         - 80,800         80,800           The Community Foundation          -           Belfast City Council         - 132,542         132,542           Department of Health         - 231,511         231,511           Queens University Belfast         - 562         562           Department of Education through BHSCT         - 658,053         658,053           Department of Education         - (74,935)         (74,935)           Northern Ireland Housing Association         - (74,935)            Government grant income         - 1,040         1,040	Denotions	£	£	£
Grants         Halo       -       10,000       10,000         Greystone       -       50,000       50,000         Belfast Health and Social Care Trust       -       67,541       67,541         Street Beats       -       -       -       -         Executive Office - CIT 1 & 2       -       201,461       201,461       201,461         Department for Communities       -       182,125       182,125       182,125         Department of Employment and learning via USDT       -       80,800       80,800         The Community Foundation       -       -       -       -         Belfast City Council       -       132,542       132,542         Department of Health       -       231,511       231,511         Queens University Belfast       -       562       562         Department of Education through BHSCT       -       658,053       658,053         Department of Education       -       (74,935)       (74,935)         Northern Ireland Housing Association       -       -       -       1,040       1,040		2 198	8 000	10 198
Halo       —       10,000       10,000         Greystone       —       50,000       50,000         Belfast Health and Social Care Trust       —       67,541       67,541         Street Beats       —       —       —         Executive Office - CIT 1 & 2       —       201,461       201,461         Department for Communities       —       182,125       182,125         Department of Employment and learning via USDT       —       80,800       80,800         The Community Foundation       —       —       —         Belfast City Council       —       —       132,542       132,542         Department of Health       —       231,511       231,511         Queens University Belfast       —       562       562         Department of Education through BHSCT       —       658,053       658,053         Department of Education       —       —       —       —         Northern Ireland Housing Association       —       —       —       —         Government grant income       —       1,040       1,040	Conations	2,100	0,000	10,130
Greystone         -         50,000         50,000           Belfast Health and Social Care Trust         -         67,541         67,541           Street Beats         -         -         -         -           Executive Office - CIT 1 & 2         -         201,461         201,461           Department for Communities         -         182,125         182,125           Department of Employment and learning via USDT         -         80,800         80,800           The Community Foundation         -         -         -         -           Belfast City Council         -         132,542         132,542         132,542           Department of Health         -         231,511         231,511         231,511         231,511           Queens University Belfast         -         562         562         562           Department of Education through BHSCT         -         658,053         658,053           Department of Education         -         (74,935)         (74,935)           Northern Ireland Housing Association         -         -         -           Government grant income         -         1,040         1,040	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Belfast Health and Social Care Trust       -       67,541       67,541         Street Beats       -       -       -         Executive Office - CIT 1 & 2       -       201,461       201,461         Department for Communities       -       182,125       182,125         Department of Employment and learning via USDT       -       80,800       80,800         The Community Foundation       -       -       -         Belfast City Council       -       132,542       132,542         Department of Health       -       231,511       231,511         Queens University Belfast       -       562       562         Department of Education through BHSCT       -       658,053       658,053         Department of Education       -       (74,935)       (74,935)         Northern Ireland Housing Association       -       -       -       -         Government grant income       -       1,040       1,040		-		
Street Beats         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		-		
Executive Office - CIT 1 & 2       —       201,461       201,461         Department for Communities       —       182,125       182,125         Department of Employment and learning via USDT       —       80,800       80,800         The Community Foundation       —       —       —         Belfast City Council       —       132,542       132,542         Department of Health       —       231,511       231,511         Queens University Belfast       —       562       562         Department of Education through BHSCT       —       658,053       658,053         Department of Education       —       (74,935)       (74,935)         Northern Ireland Housing Association       —       —       —         Government grant income       —       1,040       1,040		<b>-</b>	07,541	07,541
Department for Communities         -         182,125         182,125           Department of Employment and learning via USDT         -         80,800         80,800           The Community Foundation         -         -         -         -           Belfast City Council         -         132,542         132,542         132,542           Department of Health         -         231,511         231,511         231,511           Queens University Belfast         -         562         562           Department of Education through BHSCT         -         658,053         658,053           Department of Education         -         (74,935)         (74,935)           Northern Ireland Housing Association         -         -         -           Government grant income         -         1,040         1,040		<del>.</del>	201 461	201 461
Department of Employment and learning via USDT         -         80,800         80,800           The Community Foundation         -         -         -         -           Belfast City Council         -         132,542         132,542         132,542           Department of Health         -         231,511         231		_	•	
The Community Foundation         - <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>		_		
Department of Health       -       231,511       231,511         Queens University Belfast       -       562       562         Department of Education through BHSCT       -       658,053       658,053         Department of Education       -       (74,935)       (74,935)         Northern Ireland Housing Association       -       -       -         Government grant income       -       1,040       1,040		_	<del>-</del>	_
Queens University Belfast-562562Department of Education through BHSCT-658,053658,053Department of Education-(74,935)(74,935)Northern Ireland Housing AssociationGovernment grant income-1,0401,040		_		
Department of Education through BHSCT - 658,053 658,053  Department of Education - (74,935)  Northern Ireland Housing Association		-		
Department of Education - (74,935)  Northern Ireland Housing Association	•	-		
Northern Ireland Housing Association – – – – Government grant income – 1,040 1,040		_	•	
Government grant income		<u>-</u>	(/4,935)	(74,835)
2.198 1.548,700 1.550,898		_	1,040	1,040
		2,198	1,548,700	1,550,898

# **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# . Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 31 March 2022

# 6. Other trading activities

			Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds 2022
			£	£	£
	Room Hire Income Other income from other trading activities		2,400 42,186	_	2,400 42,186
	Insurance Claim		42,100	15,451	15,451
			44,586	15,451	60,037
			++,000	10,101	***************************************
			Unrestricted	Restricted	Total Funds
	•		Funds	Funds	2021
			£	£	(restated) £
	Room Hire Income		405	_	405
	Other income from other trading activities		26,244	1,500	27,744
	Insurance Claim				
			26,649	<u>1,500</u>	28,149
7.	Expenditure on charitable activities by fu	nd type			
			Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds 2022
	Creater Shankill Bartaership		£ 11,610	£ 1,670,309	£ 1,681,920
	Greater Shankill Partnership Support costs		-	1,070,309	14,963
			11,610	1,685,273	1,696,883
				.,	
			Unrestricted	Restricted	Total Funds
			Funds	Funds	2021
			£	£	(restated) £
	Greater Shankill Partnership		1,906	1,769,964	1,771,871
	Support costs	,		17,472	<u> 17,471</u>
			1,906	1,787,436	1,789,342
8.	Expenditure on charitable activities by ac	ctivity type	e		
		Activities			<b></b>
	ur	ndertaken	Support costs	Total funds 2022	Total fund 2021
		directly £	£	£	£
	•	,681,920	_	1,681,920	1,771,871
	Governance costs		14,963	14,963	<u> 17,471</u>
	1	,681,920	14,963	1,696,883	1,789,342

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 9. Net income/(expenditure)

Net income/(expenditure) is stated after	er charging/(crediting):
--	--------------------------

, a ciaca and a ci	2022	2021 (restated)
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	18,818	18,456
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	· <del>-</del>	4,820
Auditors remuneration		
	2022	2021 (restated)
	£	£
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	9,322	10,023

#### 11. Staff costs

10.

The total staff costs and employee benefits for the reporting period are analysed as follows:

	2022	2021 (restated)
	£	£
Wages and salaries	882,679	996,932
Social security costs	. 61,154	64,861
Employer contributions to pension plans	14,548	15,327
	958,381	1,077,120

The average head count of employees during the year was 50 (2021: 53). The average number of full-time equivalent employees during the year is analysed as follows:

	2022	2021
	No.	No.
Number of administrative staff	2	2
Number of management staff	3	3
Number of staff employed to work in the community	45	48
	50	53
	مستحد	-

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2021: Nil).

#### 12. Trustee remuneration and expenses

No remuneration or other benefits from employment with the charity or a related entity were received by the trustees during the year.

#### 13. Extraordinary items

The Charity receives the taxable profits of its two 100% owned subsidiary companies, at the discretion of their directors. For the current year, this income amounts to the taxable profit of The Early Years Company Limited of £19,697 (2021: £16,108), and of GSP Property Development Co Ltd of £8,902 (2021: £108,309).

# **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 14. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
Cost	_	-	_		
At 1 April 2021 (as					
restated)	780,000	17,552	8,921	6,518	812,991
Additions	-	-	_	2,556	2,556
At 31 March 2022	780,000	17,552	8,921	9,074	815,547
Depreciation			<del></del>		•
At 1 April 2021	132,600	13,361	5,762	3,551	155,274
Charge for the year	11,700	3,511	1,784	1,823	18,818
At 31 March 2022	144,300	16,872	7,546	5,374	174,092
Carrying amount		<del></del>			
At 31 March 2022	635,700	680	1,375	3,700	641,455
At 31 March 2021	647,400	4,191	3,159	2,967	657,717

#### 15. Investments

	Shares III
	group
	undertaking
	•
	· s
	£
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	4
The Property and the Control of the	
Impairment	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	_
At 1 April 2021 and 31 march 2022	
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2022	4
At 24 March 2024	
At 31 March 2021	4
	4-4-4

All investments shown above are held at valuation.

All investments shown above are held at cost.

#### 16. Investment entities

#### Subsidiaries and other investments

		of shares
	Class of share	held
Subsidiary undertakings		
Greater Shankill Property Development Co Limited	Ordinary	100
Early Years Company Limited	Ordinary	100

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 16. Investment entities (continued)

The results for subsidiaries and other undertakings are as follows:

Subsidiary undertakings   F			Capital and reserves		Profit/(loss) for the year	
Subsidiary undertakings Greater Shankill Property Development Co Limited   409,257   400,039   9,218   17,490   Early Years Company Limited   18,091   18,091     -						-
Creater Shankill Property   Development Co Limited   409,257   400,039   9,218   17,490   Early Years Company Limited   18,091   18,091   -			£	£	£	£
Development Co Limited						
Trade debtors						
17.   Debtors     2022   2021   (restated)   £ £ £ £ £   (restated)   £ £ £ £ £ £   (restated)   £ £ £ £ £ £   (restated)   £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £					9,218	17,490
Trade debtors		Early Years Company Limited	18,091	18,091		
Trade debtors				<del></del>		
Trade debtors   39,581   10,538   10,	17.	Debtors				
Trade debtors   39,581   10,538   10,					2022	2021
Trade debtors       39,581       10,538         Prepayments and accrued income       7,128       8,284         Early Years Debtor       76,108       55,689         Other debtors       252,188       162,853         375,005       237,364         18. Cash and cash equivalents						
Prepayments and accrued income         7,128         8,284           Early Years Debtor         76,108         55,689           Other debtors         252,188         162,853           375,005         237,364           18. Cash and cash equivalents					£	£
Early Years Debtor Other debtors   76,108   55,689   162,853   375,005   237,364						
Other debtors       252,188       162,853         375,005       237,364         18. Cash and cash equivalents						
375,005       237,364         18. Cash and cash equivalents         Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:         E       £ </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
18. Cash and cash equivalents         Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:         2022 2021 (restated)         £       £         £       £         £       £         £       295,407         340,811         19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         2022       2021 (restated)         £       £		Other debtors			252,188	162,853
Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:         2022 2021 (restated)         £       £         £       £         £       £         £       295,407         340,811         19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         2022       2021 (restated)         £       £					375,005	237,364
Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:         2022 2021 (restated)         £       £         £       £         £       £         £       295,407         340,811         19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         2022       2021 (restated)         £       £	18.	Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash at bank and in hand   State of E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E		·				
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts       £ £ £ £ £ £ 340,811         19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         Bank loans and overdrafts       £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ Accruals and deferred income Social security and other taxes       20,274		Cash and cash equivalents comprise th	e following:			
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts       £ (20,274) (20,					2022	
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts       315,681 (20,274) (20,274					c	
Bank overdrafts   (20,274)   -   295,407   340,811		Cash at hank and in hand				
295,407   340,811   340,						040,011
19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  2022 2021 (restated) £ £ £  Bank loans and overdrafts 20,274 - Trade creditors 16,351 51,122 Accruals and deferred income 31,862 36,572 Social security and other taxes 7,893 -					` <u> </u>	
2022   2021   (restated)					295,407	340,811
E   F   E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E	19.	Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
E   F   E   E   E   E   E   E   E   E					2022	2021
Bank loans and overdrafts 20,274 – Trade creditors 16,351 51,122 Accruals and deferred income 31,862 36,572 Social security and other taxes 7,893 –						
Trade creditors 16,351 51,122 Accruals and deferred income 31,862 36,572 Social security and other taxes 7,893 —			,		£	
Accruals and deferred income 31,862 36,572 Social security and other taxes 7,893			•		•	_
Social security and other taxes 7,893			•			
· — — ·						36,572
<b>76,380</b> 87,694		Social security and other taxes			7,893	_
					76,380	87,694

The bank loans and overdrafts £20,274 (2021: £nil) disclosed under creditors falling due within one year, are secured by the charity.

Bank overdrafts are secured by a legal charge of company owned property. GSP also secure a subsidiary company's (GSPPD) overdraft facilities by a legal charge of company owned property.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 20. Pensions and other post retirement benefits

#### **Defined contribution plans**

The amount recognised in income or expenditure as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £14,548 (2021: £15,327).

#### 21. Government grants

The amounts recognised in the financial statements for government grants are as follows:

<u> </u>	J	J	2022	2021 (restated)
Recognised in income from donations and legacies:			£	£
Government grants income				1,040

#### 22. Analysis of charitable funds

#### **Unrestricted funds**

General funds	At 1 April 2021 £ 559,699	Income £ 76,139	Expenditure £ (11,610)	At 31 March 20 22 £ 624,228
General funds	At 1 April 2020 £ 408,341	Income £ 153,264	Expenditure £ (1,906)	At 31 March 20 21 £ 559,699
Restricted funds				
Greater Shankill Renewal Fund Greater Shankill Renewal Fund - Restricted Fund 2	At 1 April 2021 £ 1,006,566 (418,063) 588,503	Income £ 1,728,307 — 1,728,307	Expenditure £ (1,685,273) ————————————————————————————————————	At 31 March 20 22 £ 1,049,600 (418,063) 631,537
Greater Shankill Renewal Fund Greater Shankill Renewal Fund - Restricted Fund 2	At 1 April 2020 £ 1,243,802 (418,063) 825,739	Income £ 1,550,200 — 1,550,200	Expenditure £ (1,787,436) ————————————————————————————————————	At 31 March 20 21 £ 1,006,566 (418,063) 588,503

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 22. Analysis of charitable funds (continued)

Restricted Fund 2 relates to historical intra-group write offs.

#### 23. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted Funds £	Funds £	Total Funds 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets Investments	_	641,455 4	641,455
Current assets Creditors less than 1 year	624,228 -	66,457 (76,379)	690,685 (76,379)
Net assets	624,228	631,537	1,255,765
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total Funds
	Funds	Funds	2021
Tangible fixed assets Investments	£ -	£ 657,717 4	657,717 4
Current assets Creditors less than 1 year	559,699 -	18,476 . (87,694)	578,175 (87,694)
Net assets	559,699	588,503	1,148,202

#### 24. Financial instruments

For financial instruments measured at fair value, the basis for determining fair value must be disclosed. When a valuation technique is used, the assumptions applied in determining fair value for each class of financial assets or financial liabilities must be disclosed. If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available for ordinary or preference shares measured at fair value through profit or loss, this must also be disclosed.

#### 25. Prior year adjustments

In the 2020 financial statements, net assets were overstated by £154,909 in relation to a grant debtor balance. Restricted donations and legacies were overstated by this amount.

In order to amend this situation, a prior period adjustment was applied to the 2021 comparative figures, thereby removing the grant debtor. This resulted in a restated deficit of £85,878 for the financial year (compared to a previously reported surplus of £69,031).

Restricted reserves carried forward into the current financial year were also restated (previously £743,412) to £588,503.

#### 26. Analysis of changes in net debt

			At
	At 1 Apr 2021	Cash flows	31 Mar 2022
Cash at bank and in hand	340,811	(25,130)	315,681
Bank overdrafts	<b>-</b>	(20,274)	(20,274)
	340,811	(45,404)	295,407

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Detailed Statement of Financial Activities

#### Year ended 31 March 2022

#### 27. Contingencies

Since incorporation the company has received various revenue grants subject to claw back provisions. A contingent liability exists to repay these grants should the condition under which these grants were awarded fail to be met. Due to the nature of this contingency, it is not possible to quantify the potential financial effect or give an indication of timing as to the liabilities that may arise.

A number of grant funders also hold legal charges over company property.

#### 28. Limitation of auditors liability

The company has entered into a liability limitation agreement with its auditor, Aubrey Campbell and Company, on the following basis:

- (a) the maximum aggregate amount of the auditor's liability to the company shall not exceed the sum of seven times the fees payable (excluding expenses and value added tax) under the engagement letter agreed for the financial period, or £30,000, whichever is the lesser amount.
- (b) the agreement was passed by a resolution of the company's trustees on 05th August 2021.

#### 29. Related parties

The Greater Shankill Partnership ("GSP"), a company limited by guarantee, was under the control of the board of directors during the financial period under examination.

Three of GSP's directors and their secretary hold trustee positions in a company limited by guarantee, The Spectrum Centre Trust, a company under common control, operating out of the Spectrum Centre. In the current year transactions totalling £nil (2021: £3,850) occurred between the two companies and Spectrum Centre Trust owed £nil (2021: £nil) to GSP at the year end.

GSP holds 100% of the share capital of Greater Shankill Partnership Property Development Company Limited ("GSPPD"). As at 31 March 2022 GSPPD owed GSP £133,893 (2021: £135,567). Transactions between the two entities typically involve the payment of salaries and wages, utilities and repairs by the Partnership, which is then recharged to GSPPD in a timely manner.

Similarly, GSP holds 100% of the share capital in the Early Years Company Limited ("EYC") –a similar type of relationship is in place between these entities in terms of the transactions between the two. As at 31 March 2022, EYC owed GSP £76,109 (2021: £55,689).