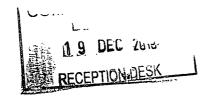
# **Greater Shankill Partnership Company Limited by Guarantee Financial Statements** 31 March 2018





AUBREY CAMPBELL & COMPANY Chartered accountants & statutory auditor 631 Lisburn Road Belfast **BT9 7GT** 

## Company Limited by Guarantee

## **Financial Statements**

## Year ended 31 March 2018

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### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## **Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report)**

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

The directors, who are also the directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2018.

#### Reference and administrative details

Registered charity name

Greater Shankill Partnership

Charity registration number

XR21072

Company registration number NI029910

Principal office and registered 331-333 Shankill Road

office

Belfast **BT13 3AA** 

The directors

D McBride J Pollock I McLaughlin E Carlisle

T Scott J Stewart T Winstone R Palmer W Drummond

Company secretary

Jackie Redpath

**Auditor** 

Aubrey Campbell & Company

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

631 Lisburn Road

Belfast **BT9 7GT** 

### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### Structure, governance and management

The Partnership is governed by a board of 9 directors, led by a chairman whose appointment has been ratified by the Department of Social Development (DSD). Company compliance and administration is controlled by the Honorary Secretary. Board meetings typically take place once a month, with extraordinary meetings held when necessary.

The directors have a responsibility to act collectively to ensure the proper administration of the charity, safeguard its assets and resources to ensure that they are used solely in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity, and act in the best interests of the charity, avoiding conflicts between it and their personal interests.

The day to day business of the Partnership is managed by a salaried Chief Executive Officer (CEO)Jackie Redpath who also acts as company secretary. Whilst managing a small but dedicated team of administrative and housekeeping staff, his main function is to provide overall leadership for the Partnership, and to be responsible to the Board for the achievement of their goals.

#### Objectives and activities

The Partnership was established in 1995 to generate strategies for the social and economic regeneration of the Greater Shankill area, and to acts as a delivery agent for a number of programmes which assist in this process. The aim is to develop a thriving community with an age-balanced population, where young people can realise their full potential and where all its people enjoy a decent quality of life.

#### Strategic report

The following sections for achievements and performance and financial review form the strategic report of the charity.

#### Achievements and performance

The Partnership has been involved in ensuring that the programme of works to regenerate the Greater Shankill area has been sufficiently communicated to the people of the area.

The Partnership continues to encourage and advise new start up businesses in the area, in partnership with other group companies and outside entities such as Department of Communities, Department of Education, Department of Health and the Belfast Health and Social Care Trust. Various flagship projects and causes have been championed during the period as well as tackling antisocial behaviour in local communal areas and the development of learning programmes for residents of the area.

#### Financial review

The Partnership generated in excess of £1.8m in the 12 months to 31 March 2018, composed entirely of voluntary income (donations and grants).

The Chairman and Board are committed to the future of the Partnership. The job of securing funding from private enterprise, the government, and other charitable agencies continues to be their top priority.

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

### Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the charity directors to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Auditor -

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that
  information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Directors' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

### Year ended 31 March 2018

The directors' annual report and the strategic report were approved on 12 December 2018 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

D McBride Director

J Pollock Director

I McLaughlin Director

E Carlisle Director

T Scott Director J Stewart Director

T Winstone You Wut

R Palmer Director

W Drummond Director

Jackie Redpath Charity Secretary

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Greater Shankill Partnership (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), statement of financial position, statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
  that may cast significant doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
  basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
  statements are authorised for issue.

### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### **Emphasis of matter**

Without qualifying our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in the financial statements concerning the Company's ability to continue to operate as a going concern, and would draw your attention to the information below and in Note 3 to the Financial Statements.

In terms of financial performance this year, continued efforts from trustees and managers, has resulted in the Company creating a surplus in the 2018 financial year. Documentation in the form of Letters of Offer from grant funders confirms that in excess of 70% of 2017/18 turnover has been awarded into the 2018/19 financial year. Based on discussions with management, they have confirmed that all core GSP programmes in operation at the year end are to continue into the 2018/19 financial year.

As a the date of approval of the accounts, this positive outlook is somewhat tempered by the uncertainty which faces all publicly funded organisations, as a result of the non-operational status of the devolved government in Northern Ireland, and the inability of government departments to make funding decisions in the long term, a fact that has been tested in the courts.

Accordingly, we have considered the effect on the Charity in the event of a loss of public funding, and the consequences of such an occurrence. It is acknowledged that the Statement of Financial Position displays substantial net assets, but much of this resides in 2 properties. However, the potential of a controlled wind up of the organisation in the event of forced closure is hampered in particular by the growing number of staff on the payroll and hence potential redundancy costs, when compared to the liquidity of the organisation (net current assets, after disregarding balances owed by subsidiaries).

In taking all of the above into consideration, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon continued levels of public sector funding upon which the organisation is dependent for its core operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the withdrawal of this support.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Greater Shankill Partnership (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Mage (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Aubrey Campbell & Company Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

631 Lisburn Road Belfast BT9 7GT

12 December 2018

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

# Statement of Financial Activities (including income and expenditure account)

## Year ended 31 March 2018

	Unrostricted	2018		2017
Note	funds £	funds	Total funds £	Total funds £
5 6	554 16,801	1,802,897 -	1,803,451 16,801	1,263,838 275
	17,355	1,802,897	1,820,252	1,264,113
7,8	22,336	1,792,041	1,814,377	1,279,391
	22,336	1,792,041	1,814,377	1,279,391
	(4,981)	10,856	5,875	(15,278)
13	69,847	-	69,847	5,950
	64,866	10,856	75,722	(9,328)
usly	277,174 -	609,150 -	886,324 -	886,315 9,337
ed	277,174	609,150	886,324	895,652
	342,040	620,006	962,046	886,324
	5 6 7,8 13	Note £  5 54 6 16,801 17,355  7,8 22,336 22,336 (4,981)  13 69,847 64,866  usly 277,174 ed 277,174	Note £ £ £  5 554 1,802,897 6 16,801 — 17,355 1,802,897 7,8 22,336 1,792,041 22,336 1,792,041	Vote         E         Restricted funds £         Total funds £           5         554         1,802,897         1,803,451           6         16,801         —         16,801           17,355         1,802,897         1,820,252           7,8         22,336         1,792,041         1,814,377           22,336         1,792,041         1,814,377           (4,981)         10,856         5,875           13         69,847         —         69,847           64,866         10,856         75,722           usly         277,174         609,150         886,324           ed         277,174         609,150         886,324

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## **Statement of Financial Position**

## 31 March 2018

	2018			2017	
·	Note	£	£	£	
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	14		730,864	737,732	
Investments	15		4	4	
			730,868	737,736	
Current assets					
Debtors	17	234,740		174,224	
Cash at bank and in hand		214,965		125,542	
		449,705		299,766	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	207,248		151,178	
Net current assets			242,457	148,588	
Total assets less current liabilities			973,325	886,324	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than					
one year	20		11,279		
Net assets			962,046	886,324	
Funds of the charity					
Restricted funds			620,006	609,150	
Unrestricted funds			342,040	277,174 	
Total charity funds	24		962,046	886,324	

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on page 10 form part of these financial statements.

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Statement of Financial Position (continued)

#### 31 March 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 12 December 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

D McBride Director

J Pollock Director

I McLaughlin Director

E Carlisle Director

T Scott Director J Stewart Director

(Pa H Den and T Winstone Chairman

R Palmer Director

W Drummond Director

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## Year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Cash flows from operating activities Net income/(expenditure)		5,875	(15,278)
Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Accrued expenses/(income)		24,662 63,796	23,479 (22,611)
Changes in: Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors		(60,516) 1,762	(33,894) 2,518
Cash generated from operations		35,579	(45,786)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		35,579	(45,786)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets	٠,	(17,794)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(17,794)	· <del>-</del>
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from loans from group undertakings		89,828	(1,480)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities		89,828	(1,480)
Net.increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		107,613 41,252	(47,266) 88,518
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	18	148,865	41,252

### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 1. General information

The charity is a public benefit entity and a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Northern Ireland and a registered charity in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is 331-333 Shankill Road, Belfast, BT13 3AA.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Company Limited by Guarantee

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis, and in doing so it has been assumed that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, meeting its liabilities as they fall due.

Management have been actively involved in attempts to service historic levels of public sector funding, and the success of their engagement with this sector can be measured by the increase in grant income and overall activity at the Spectrum Centre, as clearly displayed in the Statement of Financial Activity. Management realise that there is no room for complacency, and continue to seek new sources of funding, with an increased focus on the private sector.

In addressing the going concern status of the company in the short to medium term, it is important to note that the management team have secured new streams of funding through the Executive Office, CLEAR and The Heritage Lottery fund in recent years. In terms of core grant funding, the GSP, ISCYP and Surestart projects have maintained the support provided by the Department for Communities, Department of Health and The Department of Education through BHSCT, acknowledging that minor reductions have been made.

Management and the Board of Directors acknowledge, however, that at the balance sheet date, the Northern Ireland assembly is currently not sitting. Accordingly, should this situation lead to indecision regarding public sector funding in the next 12 months and the organisation faces significant cuts in funding, the preparation of the financial statements using the going concern basis may become inappropriate.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends on the operational success of the charity, government and associated public sector funding opportunities. They do not include any adjustments that would result from unmaintainable losses or the withdrawal of this support. In such circumstances, the going concern basis of preparation may become invalid, and adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of assets to their recoverable amount to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify fixed assets as current assets.

#### Consolidation

The charity is not required to prepare consolidated accounts in accordance with the Charities Act (Northern Ireland) 2008, and has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the charity and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Fund accounting**

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the directors for particular future project or commitment.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.

#### Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably.
- legacy income is recognised when receipt is probable and entitlement is established.
- income from donated goods is measured at the fair value of the goods unless this is impractical to measure reliably, in which case the value is derived from the cost to the donor or the estimated resale value. Donated facilities and services are recognised in the accounts when received if the value can be reliably measured. No amounts are included for the contribution of general volunteers.
- income from contracts for the supply of services is recognised with the delivery of the
  contracted service. This is classified as unrestricted funds unless there is a contractual
  requirement for it to be spent on a particular purpose and returned if unspent, in which case
  it may be regarded as restricted.

### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, noncharitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking
  activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those
  support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable
  activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at re-valued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, unless it reverses a charge for impairment that has previously been recognised as expenditure within the statement of financial activities. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, except to which it offsets any previous revaluation gain, in which case the loss is shown within other recognised gains and losses on the statement of financial activities.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Property - 2% straight line
Fixtures and Fittings - 20% straight line
Motor Vehicles - 20% reducing balance
Equipment - 20% straight line
Computer Equipment - 33% reducing balance

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investments

Unlisted equity investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value. If fair value cannot be reliably measured, assets are measured at cost less impairment.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in income or expenditure.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value taken through income or expenditure. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

#### Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value taken through income or expenditure. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Impairment of fixed assets (continued)

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the charity will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs.

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the statement of financial activities, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as an expense in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Limited by guarantee

The company, being a company limited by guarantee, does not have share capital. The liability of members of the company is limited to £1 per member

#### 5. Donations and legacies

Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2018 £
554	13,425	13,979
_	429	429
_	121,613	121,613
_	519,452	519,452
_	4,967	4,967
_	153,785	153,785
_	74,368	74,368
_	7,400	7,400
_	10,196	10,196
_	18,698	18,698
_	185,233	185,233
_	4,995	4,995
_	610,145	610,145
-	78,191	78,191
554	1,802,897	1,803,451
	Funds £ 554	Funds £ £  554 13,425  - 429 - 121,613 - 519,452 - 4,967 - 153,785 - 74,368 - 7,400 - 10,196 - 18,698 - 185,233 - 4,995 - 610,145 - 78,191

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 31 March 2018

## 5. Donations and legacies (continued)

6.

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2017 £
<b>Donations</b> Donations	200	_	200
Grants Public Health Agency Belfast Health and Social Care Trust Executive Office CLEAR Department for Communities Department of Employment and learning Heritage Lottery Fund Belfast City Council Education Authority NI Department of Health Northern Ireland Housing Executive Department of Education through BHSCT Department of Education	- - - - - - - - - - - - 200	813 53,986 79,650 — 160,049 84,271 — 5,405 10,147 184,515 — 684,802 — 1,263,638	813 53,986 79,650 - 160,049 84,271 - 5,405 10,147 184,515 - 684,802 - 1,263,838
Other trading activities			
Room Hire Income Other income from other trading activities	Unrestricted Funds £ 175 16,626 16,801	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2018 £ 175 16,626 16,801
Room Hire Income Other income from other trading activities	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £ 275 275	Total Funds 2017 £ 275 275

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 31 March 2018

## 7. Expenditure on charitable activities by fund type

			Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2018 £
	Activity type 1		22,216 120	1,763,607 28,434	1,785,823 28,554
	Support costs			<u> </u>	
	•		22,336	1,792,041	1,814,377
		•	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total Funds
			Funds £	Funds £	2017 £
	Activity type 1		-	1,240,309	1,240,309
	Support costs			39,082	39,082 
			_	1,279,391	1,279,391
8.	Expenditure on charitable activities	by activity typ	e		ì
		Activities			
	·	undertaken directly £	Support costs £	Total funds 2018 £	Total fund 2017 £
	Activity type 1	1,785,823	_	1,785,823	1,240,309
	Governance costs		28,554	28,554	39,082
		1,785,823	28,554 ———	1,814,377	1,279,391
9.	Net income/(expenditure)				
	Net income/(expenditure) is stated after	er charging/(cred	diting):		
				2018 £	2017 £
•	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets			24,662	23,479
10.	Auditors remuneration	•			
				2018	2017
				£	£
	Fees payable for the audit of the finance	cial statements		6,750	_
	Fees payable to the charity's auditor ar	nd its associate	s for other serv	rices:	0.000
	Audit-related assurance services				6,000

### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 11. Staff costs

The total staff costs and employee benefits for the reporting period are analysed as follows:

. ,	2018 £	2017 £
Wages and salaries	882,521	912,616
Social security costs	57,648	_
Employer contributions to pension plans	11,018	3,128
	9 <del>51,187</del>	915,744

The average head count of employees during the year was 60 (2017: 58). The average number of full-time equivalent employees during the year is analysed as follows:

	2018	2017
	No.	No.
Number of administrative staff	1	2
Number of management staff	3	3
Number of staff employed to work in the community	56	53
	60	58
	<del></del>	

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2017: Nil).

#### 12. Trustee remuneration and expenses

No remuneration or other benefits from employment with the charity or a related entity were received by the trustees during the year.

#### 13. Extraordinary items

The Charity receives the taxable profits of the two subsidiary companies of which it is a 100% owner, at the discretion of their directors. This income is the taxable profit of The Early Years Company Limited £10,079 (2017: £5,950) and GSPPD Co Ltd £59,768 (2017: £Nil) for the current year.

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 31 March 2018

### 14. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
Cost	780,000	111,808	63,064	252,735	145,994	1 252 604
At 1 Apr 2017 Additions	780,000	14,154	03,004	252,735	1,000	1,353,601 17,794
At 31 Mar 2018	780,000	125,962	63,064	255,375	146,994	1,371,395
Depreciation						••
At 1 Apr 2017 Charge for the	85,800	111,808	23,376	252,048	142,837	615,869
year	11,700	2,831	7,938	807	1,386	24,662
At 31 Mar 2018	97,500	114,639	31,314	252,855	144,223	640,531
Carrying amount						
At 31 Mar 2018	682,500	11,323	31,750	2,520	2,771	730,864
At 31 Mar 2017	694,200		39,688	687	3,157	737,732

#### Tangible fixed assets held at valuation

In respect of tangible fixed assets held at valuation, the aggregate cost, depreciation and comparable carrying amount that would have been recognised if the assets had been carried under the historical cost model are as follows:

At 31 March 2018 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation	Freehold property £ – –
Carrying value	
At 31 March 2017 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation	1,636,328 (566,372)
Carrying value	1,069,956

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 31 March 2018

### 15. Investments

					Shares in group undertaking
			• •		£
	Cost or valuation At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018		•		4
	Impairment At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018				<u>-</u>
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2018				_4
	At 31 March 2017				4
,	All investments shown above are held a	at valuation.	•		•
16.	Investment entities				
	Subsidiaries and other investments				
			C	ass of share	Percentage of shares held
	Subsidiary undertakings Greater Shankill Property Development Early Years Company Limited	Co Limited	0	Ordinary Ordinary	100 100
	The results for subsidiaries and other un	ndertakings are a Capital and r <b>2018</b> £		Profit/(loss) 1 2018 £	for the year 2017 £
	Subsidiary undertakings Greater Shankill Property	_	_	_	
	Development Co Limited Early Years Company Limited	382,829 26,697	360,630 26,697	81,167 10,079 ———	15,827 5,950
17.	Debtors				
				2018 £	2017 £
	Prepayments and accrued income			7,275	4,693
	Early Years Debtor Other debtors			28,679 198,786	15,287 154,244
				234,740	174,224

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 18. Cash and cash equivalents

19.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following	Cash a	nd cash	equivalents	comprise	the	following:
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Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	2018 £ 214,965 (66,100)	2017 £ 125,542 (84,290)
Dank Overdraits	148,865	41,252
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2018 £	2017 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	66,100	84,290
Trade creditors	23,739	21,977
Amounts owed to group undertakings	55,592	35,611
Accruals and deferred income	61,817	9,300

The bank loans and overdrafts £66,100 (2017: £84,290) disclosed under creditors falling due within one year, are secured by the charity.

Bank overdrafts are secured by a legal charge of company owned property. GSP also secure a subsidiary company's (GSPPD) overdraft facilities by a legal charge of company owned property.

#### 20. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Accruals and deferred income	2018 £ 11,279	2017 £ —
21.	Deferred income		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Amount released to income Amount deferred in year	(2,831) 64,110	_ _
	At 31 March 2018	61,279	_

#### 22. Pensions and other post retirement benefits

#### **Defined contribution plans**

The amount recognised in income or expenditure as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £11,018 (2017: £3,128).

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 31 March 2018

## 23. Government grants

The amounts re	coanised in the	financial statemen	ts for government	grants are as follows:
The announce to	ooginood iii alo	milanolal olatomic	to for government	granto are as reneme.

<b>.</b>	J	2018 £	2017 £
Recognised in creditors:  Deferred government grants due within one year  Deferred government grants due after more than one year		50,000 (2,831)	· _
		47,169	_

## 24. Analysis of charitable funds

#### **Unrestricted funds**

General funds	At 1 April 2017 £ 277,174	Income £ 87,202	Expenditure £ (22,336)		31 March 20 18 £ 342,040
General funds	At 1 April 2016 £ 261,687	Income £ 6,150	Expenditure £	Prior year adjustments £ 9,337	At 31 March 20 17 £ 277,174
Restricted funds			•		
Greater Shankill Renewal Fund	At 1 April 2017 £ 1,027,213	Income £ 1,802,897	Expenditure £ (1,792,041)	Prior year adjustments £	At 31 March 20 18 £ 1,038,069
Restricted Fund 2	(418,063) 609,150	1,802,897	(1 <u>,792,041</u> )	<u>-</u>	(418,063) 620,006
Ore atom Chambill	At 1 April 2016 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Prior year adjustments £	At 31 March 20 17 £
Greater Shankill Renewal Fund Restricted Fund 2	1,042,691 (418,063)	1,263,913 -	(1,279,391) -	- -	1,027,213 (418,063)
	624,628	1,263,913	(1,279,391)		609,150

Restricted Fund 2 relates to historical intra-group write offs.

## **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 25. Analysis of net assets between funds

Tangible fixed assets Investments Current assets Creditors less than 1 year	Unrestricted Funds £ - - 342,078	Restricted Funds £ 730,864 4 107,627 (207,248)	Total Funds 2018 £ 730,864 4 449,705 (207,248)
Creditors greater than 1 year	_	(11,279)	(11,279)
Net assets	342,078	631,247	962,046
	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds	Total Funds 2017 £
Tangible fixed assets Investments	~, _ _	737,732 4	737,732 4
Current assets Creditors less than 1 year	277,174 -	22,592 (151,178)	299,766 (151,178)
Net assets	277,174	609,150	886,324

#### 26. Prior period adjustment

The prior period adjustment in the 2017 accounts of £9,337 relates to the covenanting of taxable profits to the Greater Shankill Partnership from Early Years Company Limited. This was to match the accounts to the treatment shown in their tax computation.

#### 27. Financial instruments

For financial instruments measured at fair value, the basis for determining fair value must be disclosed. When a valuation technique is used, the assumptions applied in determining fair value for each class of financial assets or financial liabilities must be disclosed. If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available for ordinary or preference shares measured at fair value through profit or loss, this must also be disclosed.

#### 28. Contingencies

Since incorporation the company has received various revenue grants subject to a claw back provision. A contingent liability exists to repay these grants should the condition under which these grants were awarded fail to be met. Due to the nature of this contingency, it is not possible to quantify the potential financial effect or give an indication of timing as to the liabilities that may arise.

A number of grant funders also hold legal charges over company property.

### **Company Limited by Guarantee**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2018

#### 29. Related parties

The Greater Shankill Partnership ("GSP"), a company limited by guarantee, was under the control of the board of directors during the financial period under examination.

Three of GSP's directors and their secretary hold trustee positions in a company limited by guarantee, The Spectrum Centre Trust. The Company is operated from the Spectrum Centre and managed by Jackie Redpath and Nicola Verner, therefore a company under common control. No transactions occurred with the company during the 2018 financial year.

GSP holds 100% of the share capital in Greater Shankill Partnership Property Development Company Limited ("GSPPD"). As at 31 March 2018 GSPPD owed GSP £67,495 (2017: £7,847) and GSP owed GSPPD £55,592 (2017: £35,611).

GSP holds 100% of the share capital in the Early Years Company Limited ("EY"). As at 31 March 2018 EY owed GSP £28,679 (2017: £15,287). During the period GSP also recharged a number of salary, utility and maintenance costs to EY.