

Rule 4.233

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to Article 162 of the
Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

A.162

For Official Use

To the Registrar of Companies

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Company Number

NI004648

Name of Company

Ambler of Ballyclare Limited

We

Emma Cray
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, One Chamberlain Square, Birmingham, B3 3AX

Toby Scott Underwood
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Central Square, 29 Wellington Street, Leeds LS1 4DL

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of our statement of receipts and payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989.

Signed  Date 21 January 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Central Square
29 Wellington Street
Leeds
LS1 4DL

Ref: 2000095158/DVP/SK

For Official Use	
Public Office	Liquidation Section

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

Form 4.69 Cont.

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of company	Ambler of Ballyclare Limited
Company's registered number	NI004648
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Members
Date of commencement of winding up	31 December 2015
Date to which this statement is brought down	30 December 2020
Name and address of liquidator	
	Emma Cray PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, One Chamberlain Square, Birmingham, B3 3AX
	Toby Scott Underwood PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Central Square, 29 Wellington Street, Leeds LS1 4DL

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

FORM AND CONTENTS OF STATEMENT

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

TRADING ACCOUNT

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

DIVIDENDS

(3) When dividends, instalments of composition, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991.

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT**Form 4.69 Cont.**

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount (£)
		Brought Forward	100,000.00
30/12/2020	Ambler of Ballyclare	Reverse entry 31/12/2015 Intercompany debtor due - not realised to date	(100,000.00)
Carried Forward			0.00

NOTE: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account.

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

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Analysis of balance

Form 4.69 Cont.

Total realisations	£	0.00
Total disbursements		0.00
Balance £		0.00
The balance is made up as follows		
1. Cash in hands of liquidator		0.00
2. Balance at bank		0.00
3. Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0.00
4. Amounts invested by Liquidator	£	0.00
Less: The cost of investments realised		0.00
Balance		0.00
5. Accrued Items		0.00
Total Balance as shown above		0.00

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

NOTE previously filed reports for this company noted that total realisations to date amounted to £100k. No realisations have been made to date therefore the amount of total realisations so far is nil

The Liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

	£	
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)		100,000.00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors		0.00
Floating charge holders		0.00
Preferential creditors		0.00
Unsecured creditors		0.00
- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash		100,000.00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash		0.00
- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Intercompany Debtor balance due from IPT (UK) Ltd
Estimated value – we understand the original estimated value was £100,000.00, however given the ultimate parent company is in insolvent liquidation, the anticipated realisation is likely to be less than £100,000.00
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Due to an ongoing personal injury claim against the company
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Following a recent update from solicitors, we hope within 6 months