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GALIBIER INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2009

WEDNESDAY



REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027216 REGISTERED NUMBER (CAYMAN ISLANDS): WK177139

Registered Number (England and Wales) FC027216

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2009

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of Galibier Investments Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2009

Review of business and future outlook

The principal activity of the Company is to act as an investment company. No significant change in this activity is envisaged in the foreseeable future and the directors expect the Company's future performance to be in line with the current year.

The directors have reviewed the Company's business and performance and consider it to be satisfactory for the year. The directors consider that the Company's position at the end of the year is consistent with the size and complexity of the business.

Given the nature of the business, the Company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using Key Performance Indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

Results and dividends

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Company made a profit after tax of €83,067,336 (2008 € 86,027,642) The directors declared and paid ordinary dividends of €82,606,888 (2008 €82,381,801) during the year and preference share dividends out of distributable reserves of ε (2008 ε 52,826,202) The Company had net assets of ε 2,096,455,498 as at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008 ε 2,096,010,066)

Financial instruments

Barclays financial risk management objectives and policies, which are followed by the Company and the exposure to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are set out in note 19 'Financial Risks'

Directors

The directors of the Company, who served during the period, together with their dates of appointment and resignation, where appropriate, are as shown below

R Isman

R Craine

E Edis

R Chandra

(appointed 27 August 2009)

A Shah

(resigned 27 February 2009)

Since the year end, E Edis has resigned as director on 7 May 2010 R Isman, R Craine and R Chandra resigned as Directors on 23 June 2010 G Brawn, J Corswarem, M Treharne and N Abhat were appointed as Directors on 23 June 2010

Directors' third party indemnity provisions

Qualifying third-party indemnity provisions were in force during the course of the financial year ended 31 December 2009 for the benefit of the then Directors and, at the date of this report, are in force for the benefit of the Directors in relation to certain losses and liabilities which may occur (or have occurred) in connection with their duties/powers of office

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2009

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the Auditors' Report, is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the respective responsibilities of the directors and of the auditors in relation to the financial statements

The directors are required by the Companies Act 1985, as applicable to overseas companies, to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss for the financial year

The directors consider that in preparing the financial statements

- the Company has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and
- that all the accounting standards which they consider to be applicable have been followed, and
- that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

The directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985, as applicable to overseas companies

The directors in office as at the date of this report confirm that

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

The directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

Auditors

The directors have appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors to the Company PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
Director
Name J. Cors Harlen
Date 29 October 2010

For and on behalf of Galibier Investments Limited

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Registered Number (England and Wales) FC027216

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF GALIBIER INVESMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Galibier Investments Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprises the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Cash Flow Statement, and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out in the notes to the financial statements

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the directors to meet their obligations under the Companies Act 1985 applicable to overseas companies and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come including without limitation under any contractual obligations of the Company, save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, as applicable to overseas companies. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

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Registered Number (England and Wales) FC027216

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF GALIBIER INVESMENTS LIMITED (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted for use in the European Union, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, as applicable to overseas companies, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

November 20x

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London, United Kingdom

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Registered Number (England and Wales) FC027216

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Notes	For the year ended 31 December 2009	For the year ended 31 December 2008
Continuing operations:		ϵ	ϵ
Interest receivable and similar income .	4	83,470,183	86,889,729
Interest payable and similar expenses		(69)	308,576
Net interest income		83,470,114	87,198,305
Other income/(expense)		8,892	(35)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	83,479,006	87,198,270
Taxation	8	(411,670)	(1,170,628)
Profit for the year		83,067,336	86,027,642
			

Profit for the year is derived from continuing activities. The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Registered Number (England and Wales) FC027216

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

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	2009 €	2008 €
Net profit for the year	83,067,336	86,027,642
Other comprehensive (expense)/income- Fair value (losses)/gains on available for sale		
investments	(20,854)	21,292
Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	5,838	(6,068)
		(0,000)
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the year net of tax	(15,016)	15,224
Total comprehensive income for the year	83,052,320	86,042,866
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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

Notes	2009	2008 €
	E	C
10	2,083,000,000	2,083,000,000
_	2,083,000,000	2,083,000,000
_		
11 12 13 14	2,003,129 80,047,750 5,627,172 382,475	2,019,800 79,413,641 6,077,345 94,769
_	88,060,526	87,605,555
_	2,171,060,526	2,170,605,555
15	540,052 74,064,976	530,513 74,064,976
_	74,605,028	74,595,489
-	2,096,455,498	2,096,010,066
=		
16 16	2,001 1,999,998,000 85,000,000 11,455,207 290	2,001 1,999,998,000 85,000,000 10,994,759 15,306
	2,096,455,498	2,096,010,066
	10	€ 10 2,083,000,000 2,083,000,000 11 2,003,129 12 80,047,750 13 5,627,172 14 382,475 88,060,526 2,171,060,526 2,171,060,526 74,605,028 2,096,455,498 16 2,001 16 1,999,998,000 85,000,000 11,455,207 290

Notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 October 2010

Director

Name J. CORSWAKEN Date 29 October 2010

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Called up share capital ϵ	Share premium account	Other distributable reserves	Available for sale reserve	Retained earnings E	Total equity
At 1 January 2009	2,001	1,999,998,000	85,000,000	15,306	10,994,759	2,096,010,066
Profit for the year	,	•	'	t	83,067,336	83,067,336
Fair value loss on available for sale financial assets	•	1	•	(20,854)	• '	(20,854)
Tax on fair value loss on available for sale financial assets	•	ı	•	5,838	•	5,838
Dividends paid	1	,	1	•	(82,606,888)	(82,606,888)
At 31 December 2009	2,001	1,999,998,000	85,000,000	290	11,455,207	11,455,207 2,096,455,498

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

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Total equity	2,092,349,001	•	86,027,642	21,292	(6,068)	(82,381,801)	2,096,010,066
Retained earnings E	7,348,918	ı	86,027,642	•	•	(82,381,801)	10,994,759
Available for sale reserve	82	1	•	21,292	(6,068)	i	15,306
Other distributable reserves	58,108,821	26,891,179	1	1	•	1	85,000,000
Capital contribution	26,891,179	(26,891,179)	1	•	•	, ;	•
Share premium account	1,999,998,000	ı	,	•	•	•	1,999,998,000
Called up share capital	2,001	ı	•	ı	ı	ı	2,001
	At 1 January 2008	Transfer to other distributable reserves	Profit for the year	Fair value gain on available for sale financial assets	Tax on fair value loss on available for sale financial assets	Dividends paid	At 31 December 2008

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CASHFLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Notes	2009	2008
		€	€
CASHFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Preference dividends received	17	1,376,298 82,606,887	4,703,326 82,381,801
Interest paid Tax paid		(69) (396,291)	- (978,307)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		83,586,825	86,106,820
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Loan to parent undertaking		(663,371)	(41,978,086)
Repayment of loan to parent undertaking		-	91,162,785
Purchase of available-for-sale securities		(2,002,860)	(2,001,496)
Maturity of available-for-sale securities		1,974,000	2,000,000
NET CASH (USED IN)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(692,231)	49,183,203
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Preference dividends paid		•	(52,826,202)
Ordinary dividends paid		(82,606,888)	(82,381,801)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(82,606,888)	(135,208,003)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		287,706	82,020
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		94,769	12,749
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF			
THE YEAR		382,475	94,769
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE:			
Cash in hand	14	382,475	94,769
		382,475	94,769
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Registered Number (England and Wales) FC027216

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements are prepared for Galibier Investments Limited (the "Company"), the principal activity of which is to act as an investment company. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Barclays Bank PLC Barclays PLC prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union, and accordingly consolidated financial statements have not been prepared for Galibier Investments Limited

Galibier Investments Limited is a limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The Company's registered office is

Walkers SPV Limited Mary Street George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

2. COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting interpretations Committee (IFRIC), as published by the International Accounting standards Board (IASB) They are also in accordance with the IFRSs and IFRIC interpretations as adopted by the European Union

The Company is an overseas company and as such has prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act as applicable to overseas companies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The adoption of IAS 1 (revised) has resulted in the reformatting of the statement of recognised gains and losses into a statement of comprehensive income and the addition of a statement of changes in equity. The adoption of IAS 1 (revised) does not change the recognition, measurement or disclosure of specific transactions and events required by other standards.

The adoption of amendment to IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments Disclosures, has resulted in additional disclosures being made regarding liquidity risk and the fair value of financial instruments

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the fair valuation of certain financial instruments to the extent required or permitted under IAS 39, 'Financial Instruments, recognition, and measurement' as set out in the relevant accounting policies. They are stated in Euros, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised in the income statement when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will be received by the Company Revenue is reported at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Foreign exchange

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Euros using the average rates prevailing during the year

Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the spot rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. All exchange gains and losses are recognised in the income statement except for items that are designated as hedging instruments in qualifying cash flow hedges or hedges of net investments, translation differences for which are recognised in equity

Interest

Interest income or expense is recognised on all interest bearing financial instruments classified as held to maturity, available for sale or other loans and advances, and on interest bearing financial liabilities, using the effective interest method.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the expected future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument, or when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the instrument. The application of the method has the effect of recognising income (and expense) receivable (or payable) on the instrument evenly in proportion to the amount outstanding over the period to maturity or repayment.

Taxation

Taxation payable on taxable profits is recognised as an expense in the period in which the profits arise Income tax recoverable on tax allowable losses is recognised as an asset only to the extent that it is regarded as probable that it is recoverable by offset against current or future taxable profits

Current tax assets and liabilities are only offset when they arise in the same tax reporting group and where there is both the legal right and the intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

Loans and advances

Loans and advances are recorded on balance sheet according to the substance of the contractual arrangement entered into Loans and advances are initially recorded at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently valued at amortised cost, less any amounts that have been provided for to reflect impairment in the value of the investment where there is objective evidence of impairment. Income is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate which discounts estimated future cash flows through the life of the financial asset to that assets net carrying value.

Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial investments. They are initially recognised at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently held at fair value, and gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included as a separate component of equity until sale or impairment when the cumulative gain or loss is transferred to the income statement. The assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments in preference shares of group undertakings

Investments in preference shares of group undertakings are initially recorded at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently valued at amortised cost, less any amounts that have been provided for to reflect diminutions in the value of the investment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

Borrowings

Borrowings entered into and debt securities issued by the Company are recognised as a liability when a contractual agreement results in the Company having a present obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder. The liability is initially recognised at fair value and amortised to the redemption value using the effective rate of interest over the life of the instrument.

Borrowing costs are charged as an expense to the income statement in the period in which they are incurred

The Class A and Class B redeemable preference shares issued by the Company have been classified as compound financial instruments in accordance with IAS 32 and are being split into its debt and equity components

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash comprises cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash equivalents Cash equivalents comprise highly liquid investments that are convertible into cash with an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturities of less than three months

Share capital

Share capital classified as equity, provided that there is no present obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, is shown in called up share capital, and the costs associated with the issuance of shares are recorded as a deduction from equity

Capital contribution

The capital contribution received from the Company's parent undertaking has been recorded in equity

Dividends on ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are paid or, if earlier, approved by the Company's shareholder

Determining fair value

Where the classification of a financial instrument requires it to be stated at fair value, this is determined by reference to the quoted market value in an active market wherever possible. Where no such active market exists for the particular asset, the Company uses a valuation technique to arrive at the fair value, including the use of prices obtained in recent arms' length transactions, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants

The following fair value classifications are used when determining the fair value of assets and liabilities in the financial risks note

Level 1

Financial instruments for which their valuations are determined by reference to unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets where the quoted price is readily available and the price represents actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis,

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a portfolio of financial assets, including trade receivables, is impaired. The factors that the Company takes into account include significant financial difficulties of the debtor or the issuer, a breach of contract or default in payments, the granting by the Company of a concession to the debtor because of a deterioration in its financial condition, the probability that the debtor will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, or, in the disappearance of an active market for a security because of the issuer's financial difficulties

Impairment allowances are calculated, based on the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and its estimated recoverable amount, calculated by reference to the expected cash flows from it discounted at the original effective interest rate for the asset

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

, ,	2009 €	2008 €
Interest receivable from parent undertakings	1,260,584	4,432,256 82,381,801
Dividends receivable on preference shares in group undertaking Interest on available-for-sale investments	82,156,714 52,885	75,672
_	83,470,183	86,889,729

5. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The audit fee is borne by another group company. Although the audit fee is borne by another group company, the fee that would have been charged to the Company amounts to ϵ 4,492 (2008 ϵ 4,171) for the year. This fee is not recognised as an expense in the financial statements

6. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the Company during the year (2008 €nil)

7. STAFF COSTS

There were no employees employed by the Company during 2009 or 2008

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

8. TAXATION

•	2009 €	2008 €
UK corporation tax Foreign exchange on tax	370,241 41,429	1,284,750 (114,122)
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	411,670	1,170,628

The UK corporation tax charge is based on the UK corporation tax rate of 28% (2008 285% blended rate) The reduction is due to the use of a blended corporation tax rate for the year 2008, as a result of the reduction of the corporation tax rate from 30% to 28% with effect from 1 April 2008. The effective tax rate is lower than the standard tax rate as a result of non-taxable items and foreign exchange.

The overall tax charge is explained in the following table

	1 Jan 2009 to 31 Dec 2009	1 Jan 2008 to 31 Dec 2008
,	€	€
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	83,479,006	87,198,270
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 285%) Effect of	23,374,122	24,851,507
Non deductible dividend income	(23,003,880)	(23,478,813)
Foreign exchange Non-taxable movement on redemption value of	41,429	(114,122)
preference shares	-	(87,944)
Current tax charged to income statement	411,670	1,170,628

An analysis of the tax charge/ (credit) on items charged directly to equity is as follows -

	For the year	For the year
	ended 31	ended 31
	December 2009	December 2008
	€	€
Available for sale investments	(5,838)	6,068

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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8. TAXATION (continued)

The tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income were as follows

			2009			2008	
		Before Tax Amount €	Tax credit €	Net of tax amount €	Before Tax Amount €	Tax charge €	Net of tax amount €
	Available for sale investments	(20,854)	5,838	15,016	21,292	(6,068)	15,224
	:	(20,854)	5,838	15,016	21,292	(6,068)	15,224
9.	DIVIDENDS						
	An analysis of dividends paid is as fo	llows					
11/2	ı	1			2009 €		2008 €
	Ordinary shares - €41,283 (2008 €41,170) per ord	dinary share		82	2,606,888	82,	381,801
			1	82	2,606,888	82,	381,801
10.	INVESTMENT IN GROUP UNDERTA	KING					
					2009 €		2008 €
	Class A preference shares in group Class B preference shares in group				5,000,000 3,000,000		000,000 000,000
				2,083	3,000,000	2,083,	000,000

The Company holds an investment of 1,785 class A and 298 class B fixed rate preference shares in Peyresourde Investments Limited ("Peyresourde") for a subscription price of €1,000,000 each, being a par value of €1 and share premium of €999,999 per share. This amount represents 100% of the preference share capital issued by Peyresourde.

Peyresourde is a Cayman Islands registered company and its principal activity is to act as an investment company

The fair value of the non-redeemable preferences shares at 31 December 2009 was €2,231,313,121

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

11.	AVAILABLE-FOR-SAI	LE INVESTMENTS

	AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE HIVESTIMENTS	2009	2008
	'	€	€
	Balance at beginning of year	2,019,800	2,006,954
	Acquisitions	2,002,860	2,001,496
	Redemption	(1,974,000)	(2,000,000)
	Revaluation (deficit)/surplus transferred to equity	(20,854)	21,292
	Amortisation of discount/premium	(24,088)	1,309
	(Decrease)/increase in interest receivable on securities	(589)	(11,251)
	Fair value of available-for-sale investments	2,003,129	2,019,800
	The investments above represent investments in overseas de	bt securities The interes	st rate risk
	inherent in these debt securities is disclosed in note 19		
12.	LOANS AND ADVANCES		
12.	LOANS AND ADVANCES	2009	2008
12.	LOANS AND ADVANCES	2009 €	2008 €
12.	Amounts due from parent undertakings		
12.		€ 80,047,750	€
12.	Amounts due from parent undertakings	€ 80,047,750	€
¥	Amounts due from parent undertakings = The fair value of the Company's loans and advances approximately	€ 80,047,750	€
¥	Amounts due from parent undertakings = The fair value of the Company's loans and advances approximately	€ 80,047,750 mates the carrying value	€ 79,413,641
,	Amounts due from parent undertakings = The fair value of the Company's loans and advances approximately	€ 80,047,750 mates the carrying value 2009	€ 79,413,641 2008

14.

CASH AT HAND			
		2009	2008
		ϵ	€
Cash in bank with parent company	•	382,475	94,769
		382,475	94,769

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. BORROWINGS

BOKKOWINGS	2009 €	2008 €
Class A preference shares Class B preference shares	32,173,798 41,891,178	32,173,798 41,891,178
	74,064,976	74,064,976
The preference share liability detailed above consists of	2009 €	2008 €
Authorised· 85 class A redeemable preference shares of €1 each 100 class B redeemable preference shares of €1 each	85 100	85 100
i E.	185	185
Allotted and fully paid: 85 class A redeemable preference shares of €1 each 100 class B redeemable preference shares of €1 each	85 100	85 100
Share premium:	185	185
85 class A redeemable preference shares of €999,999 each 100 class B redeemable preference shares of €999,999 each	84,999,915 99,999,900	84,999,915 99,999,900
Preference dividends paid:		
Dividends on class A preference shares Dividends on class B preference shares	-	(52,826,202) (58,108,822)

The Company initially issued 85 and 100 Class A and Class B redeemable preference shares respectively to Credit Agricole Luxembourg S A at a subscription price of €1,000,000 per share These shares are now held by Barclays Darnay Euro Investments Limited

The holders of the class A and class B preference shares are not entitled to vote at the general meetings of the Company `On 19 February 2008 and 19 September 2008, the Company paid contractual dividends of €36,978,341 and €15,847,861 respectively on the class A preference shares in accordance with the terms of the preference shares, the contractual dividends when they are paid are treated as repayments of capital with no associated expense being reported in the income statement or equity. As all contractual dividends had been paid by 31 December 2008, the class A and class B preference shares will in the future only pay a dividend determined by the unanimous consent of the Directors in their absolute discretion by reference to the funds of the Company lawfully available for distribution. Any such dividends are recognised in equity in the period in which a contractual obligation to make a payment arises

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. BORROWINGS (continued) 5

The class A and class B preference shares may be redeemed by either the Company or the holder at any time upon the serving of a redemption notice. On redemption, the holder will receive the initial par value of the preference shares, less dividends. The fair value of the Companies borrowings as at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 approximates carrying value.

On a return of capital or liquidation or otherwise, the holders of the class A and class B preference shares rank senior to the holders of the ordinary shares. The holders of the class A and class B preference shares are not entitled to participate in the distribution of any surplus assets.

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised:	2009 €	2008 €
2,001 Ordinary shares of €1 each	2,001	2,001
Allotted, called-up and fully pard:		
2,001 Ordinary shares of €1 each	2,001	2,001
Share premium:		
2,000 Ordinary shares of €999,999 each	1,999,998,000	1,999,998,000
	2,000,000,001	2,000,000,001
i		

The Company has issued 2,001 ordinary shares at a subscription price of €1,000,000 per share and one ordinary share at €1 per share. The holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to vote at the general meetings of the Company and are entitled to receive such dividends as directors may declare. The ordinary shares are not redeemable and on a return of capital or liquidation or otherwise, the holders of the class A and class B preference shares rank senior to the holders of the ordinary shares. The holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to participate in the distribution of any surplus assets of the Company.

17. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAX TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net cash from operating activities	1,376,298	4,703,326
Net decrease/(increase) in accrued interest	29,849	(111,834)
Preference dividends receivable	(82,156,714)	(82,381,801)
Amortisation of discount	24,088	(1,309)
Interest expense	69	-
Profit before tax	83,479,006	87,198,270
_	€	€
	2009	2008

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial or operational decisions, or one other party controls both

The definition of related parties includes parent company, ultimate parent company, subsidiary, as well as the Company's key management which includes its Directors

Barclays Bank Plc is the parent undertaking and controlling party. During the year there have been no other transactions with related parties other than transactions disclosed in notes 4,5,10,12,13,14 and 15

19. FINANCIAL RISKS

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. These are liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk (which includes interest rate risk)

The Company's Directors operate within the requirements of the Barclays Group risk management policies. This policy includes specific guidelines on the management of foreign exchange, interest rate and credit risks, and advises on the use of financial instruments to manage them. The Company seeks to minimize its exposure to liquidity, credit and market risk by applying these policies, and monitors exposures on a portfolio basis.

Liquidity risk

This is the risk that the Company's cash and committed facilities may be insufficient to meet its debts as they fall due. The Company maintains financial support from the parent, Barclays Bank PLC. The Company seeks to manage the cash flow profile of its assets and liabilities to ensure that it has sufficient funds to make payments when they fall due. These are designed to ensure the Company has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansion.

The table below shows the maturity of financial liabilities the company is exposed to, and the undiscounted contractual maturity of the liabilities it faces

	31 December 2009	
	Borrowings	Total
	€	€
Financial liabilities repayable:		
- not more than three months	74,064,976	74,064,976
Total	74,064,976	74,064,976
	31 December	2008
1	Borrowings	Borrowings
	€	€
Financial liabilities repayable:		
- not more than three months	74,064,976	74,064,976
Total	74,064,976	74,064,976
·		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

Credit risk

This is the risk that counterparties to the Company's financial assets may default. The Company assesses all counterparties for credit risk before contracting with them. The Company monitors its exposures and seeks to minimize its credit exposures by monitoring the credit rating of its counterparties in accordance with Barclays Group risk management policies. The Company's assets are neither past due or impaired.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is detailed in the table below. The exposure reported in the table represents the gross receivable amounts. The exposure is reported gross and does not include any collateral or other credit risk mitigants which reduce the Company's exposure.

	Available for sale	Preference	Loans and	Other	
	investments	shares	advances	receivables	Total
	€	, €	€	€	€
Carrying value	2,003,129	2,083,000,000	80,047,750	5,627,172	2,170,678,051
Total	2,003,129	2,083,000,000	80,047,750	5,627,172	2,170,678,051
The table below describ	pes the Company's	credit exposure by	ındustry type		
	Available for				
	; sale	Preference	Loans and	Other	
	ınvestments	shares	advances	receivables	Total
	€	€	€	ϵ	€
Other financial intermediaries Financial	-	2,083,000,000	80,047,750	5,627,172	2,168,674,922
institutions	2,003,129	-	-	-	2,003,129
Total	2,003,129	2,083,000,000	80,047,750	5,627,172	2,170,678,051

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the Company's earnings or capital, or its ability to meet business objectives will be adversely affected by changes in the level or volatility of market rates or prices such as interest rates, equity prices and foreign exchange rates

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. FINANCIAL RISKS (continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates will result in higher financing costs and / or reduced income from the Company's interest bearing financial assets and liabilities. The Company's interest rate risk arises from its loans and advances and it long term borrowings.

As at 31 December 2009, the Company's loans and advances of ϵ 80,047,750 (2008 ϵ 79,413,641) carry floating rate interest. The Company's investments in debt securities of ϵ 2,003,129 (2008 ϵ 2,019,800) carry fixed rate interest.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the income statement is the effect of assumed changes in interest rates on the net interest income for one year, based on the floating rate non-trading financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 December 2009. As at 31 December 2009, the Company has floating rate non-trading financial assets of €80,047,750 (2008 €79,413,641)

Impact on net interest income ,

The Company has considered the effect on interest of a 100 basis points change. This analysis has been performed by applying a 100 basis point change to the outstanding floating rate interest bearing positions. The impact would be as follows.

	+100 basis points 2009	+100 basis points 2008	-100 basis points 2009	-100 basis points 2008
Total	€ 800,477	€ 794,136	(€ 800,477)	(€ 794,136)
As a percentage of net interest income	0 959%	0 917%	(0 959%)	(0 917%)

Fair values

The fair value of financial instruments is disclosed in the respective notes to the accounts

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

19. FINANCIAL RISKS

Valuation methodology

The table below shows the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are recognised and measured at fair value analysed by valuation technique. The classification of instruments is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. A description of the nature of the techniques used to calculate valuations based on observable inputs and valuations based on unobservable inputs can be found in note 3.

		Level 1	Total
	Financial assets	€	€
	Available for sale investments - Debt securities	2,003,129	2,003,129
•	Total	2,003,129	2,003,129

20 ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Barclays Darnay Euro Investments Limited. The parent undertaking of the smallest group that presents consolidated financial statements is Barclays Bank PLC. The ultimate holding company and the parent company of the largest group presents consolidated financial statements is Barclays PLC. All three companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and their statutory financial statements are available from the Barclays Corporate Secretariat, 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP.

21. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company is required to operate within the risk management policies of Barclays Bank PLC, its ultimate parent, which include guidelines covering capital management. The capital management objectives and policies for Barclays Bank PLC can be found in its financial statements (see Note 20)

The Company's objectives when managing capital are

- To safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern
- To maintain an optimal capital structure in order to reduce the cost of capital

The board of directors is responsible for capital management and has approved minimum control requirements for capital and liquidity risk management. The Company regards as capital its equity reported on balance sheet and its redeemable preference shares in issue of £74,064,976. Although the preference shares in issue are redeemable, the directors expect that these funds will remain available to the company in support of its continuing activities and they are therefore managed as part of the capital of the company.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

21. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

•	2009 €	2008 €
Ordinary share capital Share premium	2,001 1,999,998,000	2,001 1,999,998,000
Capital distribution Other distributable reserves Retained earnings	- 85,000,000 11,455,207	26,891,179 85,000,000 10,994,759
Total Equity	2,096,455,208	2,122,885,939
Redeemable preference shares	74,064,976	74,064,976
Total capital resources	2,170,520,184	2,196,950,915