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Registered number: 82559

UK REGISTERB) NUMBER : FC025679

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# Collingwood Limited

Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2008

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## **Directors**

Ms HG Brierley Mr G Parry (appointed 21 May 2007) Mr MP Genikis Mr JWA Fox (resigned 21 May 2007)

## **Secretary**

**Bedell Secretaries Limited** 

## **Registered Office**

26 New Street St Helier Jersey JE4 8PP Channel Islands

## **Registered Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers CI LLP Twenty Two Colomberie St Helier Jersey JE1 4XA Channel Islands 1

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2008

The directors submit their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008.

### Review of activities and future developments

The Company's principal activity is to act as an investment holding company within the BT Group plc group of companies either directly or through wholly owned companies. The directors do not anticipate any change in the foreseeable future.

#### Profits and dividends

The profit before taxation was £45,958,000 (2007: £37,120,000). The charge for taxation was £13,869,000 (2007: £11,218,000) which left profit after taxation for the year of £32,089,000 (2007: £25,902,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of an ordinary share dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2008 (2007 - £nil). Preference dividends are payable as explained in Note 2 to these Financial Statements.

## Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors of BT Group plc (the ultimate controlling entity of the company) manage the group's risks at a group level, rather than at an individual business unit level. For this reason, the company's directors believe that a discussion of the group's risks would not be appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the company's business. The principal risks and uncertainties of BT Group plc, which include those of the company, are discussed on pages 33 to 35 of the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

## **Key performance indicators ("KPIs")**

The directors of BT Group plc manage the group's operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators for the company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company.

#### **Directors**

A list of the current directors is set out on page 1. Mr G Parry was appointed to the board on 21 May 2007. Mr JWA Fox served as a director until he resigned on 21 May 2007. The remaining directors held office throughout the financial year under review and up to the date of this report.

# Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2008

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

A statement by the directors of their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements is included on page 4.

### **Auditors**

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers CI LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office, and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board,

Glyn Parry Director

5 March 2009

## Statement of directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to
  presume that the company will continue in business, in which case there should be
  supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary.

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COLLINGWOOD LIMITED

#### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Collingwood Limited which comprise the balance sheet as of 31 March 2008 and the profit and loss account for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and with the requirements of Jersey law. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as of 31 March 2008, and of its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the director's report.

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COLLINGWOOD LIMITED - CONTINUED

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Article 110 of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

PricewaterhouseCoopers CI LLP

Chartered Accountants Jersey, Channel Islands

10 March 2009

## Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2008

	Notes	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Operating costs	1	(37)	(7)
Net interest receivable	2	45,995	37,127
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		45,958	37,120
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(13,869)	(11,218)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		32,089	25,902
Retained profit for the year	10	32,089	25,902

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation derives entirely from continuing activities.

Other than the profit for the period, there have been no other recognised gains or losses.

There were no material differences between the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the results on an unmodified historic cost basis.

## Balance sheet as at 31 March 2008

	Notes	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Current assets			
Debtors .	6	879,261	833,100
Cash at bank and in hand		-	
Total current assets		879,261	833,100
Creditors: amounts falling due			
within one year	7	(25,362)	(11,290)
want one year	•		(::,=::)
Net current assets		853,899	821,810
Creditors: amounts falling due			
after more than one year	8	(5,000)	(5,000)
Net assets		848,899	816,810
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	726	726
Share premium account	10	725,276	725,276
Capital redemption reserve	10	318	318
Profit and loss account	10	122,579	90,490
Total equity shareholders' funds	11	848,899	816,810

The financial statements on pages 7 to 16 were approved by the board of directors on March 2009 and were signed on its behalf by

Glyn Parry Director

## Notes to the financial statements

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies, which have been consistently applied, are set out below.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates are used principally when accounting for provisions for liabilities and charges and taxes.

#### Financial instruments

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market other than:

- those that the Company intends to sell immediately or in the short term, which are classified as held for trading;
- those for which the Company may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration, which are classified as available-for-sale.

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with changes in carrying value recognised in the profit and loss account in the line which most appropriately reflects the nature of the item or transaction.

The Company does not adopt FRS 26 and therefore does not have to adhere to FRS 29.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account deferred tax.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted.

## Notes to the financial statements

## **Accounting policies (continued)**

## Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis.

#### Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BT Group plc. The cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of BT Group plc whose annual report is publicly available. Consequently the company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 (Revised 1996) from publishing a cash flow statement.

#### **Interest receivable**

Interest receivable arises on loans to group undertakings and bank deposits and is accounted for on an accruals basis.

## Notes to the financial statements

## 1 Administration expenses

Administrative expenses include:

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Auditors' remuneration for audit services	6	6
Other operating expenses	31	1
	37	7
2 Net interest receivable		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Interest receivable from group undertakings	46,332	37,379
Interest payable to group undertakings	(64)	_
Interest receivable from bank	(272)	20
Preference dividends payable	(273)	(272)
	45,995	37,127

On 13 May 2005, the 323,000 preference shares (issued at a premium of £999 per share) were transferred from BT Newgate Investments Limited to British Telecommunications plc, an intermediate parent company, who subsequently transferred them to Cegetel Holdings II B.V. on 27 May 2005. On 15 December 2005, the Company redeemed 318,000 preference shares at a premium of £999 per share for total consideration of £318 million.

The preference shares are due for redemption, at par, on 30 April 2009. The preference shareholders are entitled to receive notice of Annual General Meetings of the Company and attend and vote thereat. Each preference holder is entitled to one vote.

Under the terms of the Subscription Agreement, the preference shares are entitled to receive a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 5,500% of the par value (£55 per share) on a quarterly basis. The dividend only accrues from such date that that Directors shall determine and notify to the holders of the Preference Shares. There is no penalty for late payment of the dividend.

In the event of winding up, preference shares rank higher than ordinary shares and are entitled to receive the nominal value and premium paid up plus any unpaid dividends prior to the winding up and any surplus assets available following distribution of the nominal value and premium paid up to ordinary shareholders rateably distributed between the preference shareholders and ordinary shareholders on the basis of the aggregate amounts of nominal value and premium paid up by both classes of shareholders prior to the winding up.

## Notes to the financial statements

### 2 Net interest receivable (continued)

Preference share dividends for the financial year were as follow:

	Date of payment	£'000
1 April 2007 to 30 June 2007	Paid 30 April 2007	68
1 July 2007 to 30 September 2007	Paid 31 October 2007	69
1 October 2007 to 31 March 2008	Accrued	136
		273

#### 3 Directors' emoluments

The directors are employed and remunerated as executives of British Telecommunications plc and other group companies in respect of their services to the group as a whole. No emoluments were paid to the directors in respect of their services to the Company for the year ended 31 March 2008 (2007: £nil).

### 4 Employee information

The average monthly number of persons employed by the Company during the year was nil (2007: £nil).

### 5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

#### Jersey taxation

The Company has been granted tax-exempt status by the Comptroller of Tax in Jersey and consequently, it incurs an annual fee of £600. With effect from 1 January 2009, Jersey will abolish the exempt company regime for existing companies. At the same time, the standard rate of income tax for companies moves from 20% to 0%. Therefore, some entities previously exempt from tax under the provision will now be taxed at 0%.

### **UK** taxation

The Company is centrally and effectively managed and controlled within the UK and is therefore UK tax resident.

## Notes to the financial statements

## Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

The Company is liable to UK corporation tax at 30% on its taxable profits. The tax charge for the current year is £13,869,000 (2007: £11,218,000) which reconciles to the theoretical tax charges as follows:

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of	2 000	~ 000
corporation tax at 30%	13,787	11,136
Effects of:		
Preference share dividends	82	82
Non taxable income		-
Expenses incurred for which there is no tax effect		-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	13,869	11,218
6 Debtors		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	879,261	833,100
	879,261	833,100

The amounts owed by group undertakings include a loan (£225,652,000) plus accrued interest due from BT Holdings Limited, the immediate parent company and another loan (£554,153,220) plus accrued interest due from Tudor Minstrel, a fellow group undertaking.

The interest charged on the BT Holdings Limited loan is based on the 3 month sterling LIBOR rate on the applicable rate setting dates (being 15 February, 15 May, 15 August and 15 November) plus 50 basis points.

The interest charged on the Tudor Minstrel loan is based on the 3 month sterling LIBOR rate on the applicable rate setting dates (being 15 February, 15 May, 15 August and 15 November) less 10 basis points.

## Notes to the financial statements

## 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Corporation tax	13,869	11,218
Preference share dividends	136	66
Amounts owed to group undertakings	11,351	-
Accruals	6	6
	25,362	11,290

The amounts owed to group undertakings include a loan (£11,287,000) plus accrued interest due to BT Group Investments Limited, a fellow group undertaking.

The interest payable on the BT Group Investments Limited loan is based on the 3 month sterling LIBOR rate on the applicable rate setting dates (being 15 February, 15 May, 15 August and 15 November) plus 50 basis points

## 8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
5,000 (2007: 5,000) redeemable preference shares of £1 each Preference share premium	5 4,995	5 4,995
	5,000	5,000
9 Called up share capital		
A other death	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
<b>Authorised:</b> 775,000 (2007: 775,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	775	775
	775	775
Issued, called up and fully paid:		724
726,004 (2007: 726,004) ordinary shares of £1 each	726	726
	726	726

The preference shares are disclosed within creditors due after more than one year (see note 8).

## Notes to the financial statements

## 10 Reserves

	Capital Redemption Reserve £'000	Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 April 2007	318	725,276	90,490	816,084
Retained profit for the financial year	-	•	32,089	32,089
Balance at 31 March 2008	318	725,276	122,579	848,173

## 11 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

·	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Retained Profit for the financial year	32,089	25,902
Net addition to shareholders' funds	32,089	25,902
Opening shareholders' funds	816,810	790,908
Closing shareholders' funds	848,899	816,810

## 12 Contingent liabilities

At 31 March 2008 there were no contingent liabilities or guarantees other than those arising in the ordinary course of the Company's business and on these no material losses are anticipated.

## Notes to the financial statements

## 13 Controlling entities

The Company is a subsidiary of BT Holdings Limited, which is the immediate controlling entity. The ultimate controlling entity as at 31 March 2008 was BT Group plc.

The parent undertaking of the largest group of companies into which the results of the Company are consolidated is BT Group plc, a company incorporated in England & Wales. Consequently the Company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from disclosing details of transactions and balances with BT Group plc, fellow group subsidiaries and associated undertakings and those deemed under control during the year ended 31 March 2008. Copies of the financial statements of BT Group plc may be obtained from The Assistant Secretary, BT Group plc, 81 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7AJ.

The parent undertaking of the smallest group of companies into which the results of the Company are consolidated is British Telecommunications plc, a company incorporated in England & Wales. Copies of the financial statements of British Telecommunications plc are available from The Secretary, British Telecommunications plc, 81 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7AJ.