Registered No. FC021877

Punch Taverns Finance B Limited
Report and Non Statutory Accounts
15 August 2021



#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

#### **DIRECTORS**

E Bashforth

S Dando

D Wynne - Resigned 30 June 2021

### SECRETARY

F Appleby

### **AUDITOR**

Cooper Parry Group Limited Sky View Argosy Road East Midlands Airport Derby DE74 2SA

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Maple and Calder Ugland House PO Box 309 George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

#### STRATEGIC REPORT

Registered No. FC021877

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is the raising of debt externally and lending of money to other group companies. The external loans were fully repaid in the period as a result of a group refinance. As a result the company was released from all the pre-existing covernants.

Operations are managed at group level.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit after taxation for the 52 week period amounted to £4,000 (52 week period ended 16 August 2020: profit after taxation of £5,000). The directors do not propose the payment of a final dividend (2020: £nil).

#### **REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS**

Operations are managed at a group level and the directors therefore believe that disclosure of key performance indicators for the company are not appropriate to understand the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of the group is discussed in the Vine Acquisitions Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements which are available from Companies House. The directors do not consider that there are any specific principal risks and uncertainties applicable to the company which need to be disclosed.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

After due consideration the Director's believe that they have a reasonable expectation that the company has sufficient resources to continue in operational existence for the 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, and therefore continue to adopt the going concern in their preparation.

On behalf of the board

S Dando Director

15 December 2021

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Registered No. FC021877

The directors present their report and non statutory accounts for the financial period ended 15 August 2021.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the company who served during the period are listed on the Company Information page.

A third party indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the directors.

#### **AUDIT INFORMATION**

The directors confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware and that each director has taken all reasonable steps to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

#### **AUDITOR**

The company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint an auditor annually under s487 of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

S Dando

Director

15 December 2021

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT, STRATEGIC REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

The directors of Punch Taverns Finance B Limited ('the directors') have accepted responsibility for the preparation of these non-statutory accounts for the year ended 15 August 2021 which are intended by them to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. They have decided to prepare the non-statutory accounts in accordance with UK accounting standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework and as if applicable UK law applied to them.

In preparing these non-statutory accounts, the directors have:

- · selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- stated whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the non-statutory accounts; and
- used the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of nonstatutory accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PUNCH TAVERNS FINANCE (B) LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Punch Taverns Finance (B) Limited (the 'company') for the period ended 15 August 2021, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 15 August 2021 and its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the company's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our assessment focused on key laws and regulations the company has to comply with and areas of the financial statements we assessed as being more susceptible to misstatement. These key laws and regulations included but were not limited to compliance with the Companies Act 2006, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the United Kingdom, and relevant tax legislation.

We are not responsible for preventing irregularities. Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the pub sector;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence where applicable; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in note 1 were indicative of potential bias, in particular the director's accounting treatment of the group restructure;
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions
- reviewed client's basis for provisions; and
- reviewed nominals of certain nominal codes for indication of any management override.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC and associated parties

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Katharine Warrington (senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Cooper Parry Group Limited

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Sky View, Argosy Road East Midlands Airport Castle Donington Derby DE74 2SA

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### Punch Taverns Finance B Limited

### Period ended 15 August 2021

### **PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT**

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

		52 week period ended 15 August 2021	52 week period ended 16 August 2020	
	Notes	Total £000	Total £000	
Other operating income		4	5	
OPERATING PROFIT	2	4	5	
Interest receivable and similar income	4	28,402	33,021	
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(28,402)	(33,021)	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		4	5	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	· -	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		4	5	

The profit and loss account relates to continuing activities.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 15 August 2021

	· Notes	15 August 2021 £000	16 August 2020 £000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: (including £nil (2020: £495,691,000) due after more than one year)	7	2,263	513,979
OURDENT LIABILITIES	· ·	2,263	513,979
Creditors: amounts falling due in loca than one year	8	(420)	(16 167)
Creditors: amounts falling due in less than one year	. •	(138)	(16,167)
		(138)	(16,167)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,125	497,812
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	-	(495,691)
	-	-	(495,691)
NET ACCETO	-	0.405	0.404
NET ASSETS	=	2,125	2,121
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	-11	· _	-
Profit and loss account		2,125	2,121
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	-	2,125	2,121

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and signed on its behalf on 15 December 2021

S Dando

Registered No.

FC021877

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

	Share Capital £000	Profit & Loss Account £000	Total Equity £000
At 18 August 2019	-	2,116	2,116
Profit for the period	-	5	5
At 16 August 2020	•	2,121	2,121
Profit for the period	• - •	4	4
At 15 August 2021		2,125	2,125

Share Capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

The Profit and Loss Account represents all current and prior periods retained profit and losses after the payment of dividends.

#### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparation

These non statutory accounts were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these non statutory accounts, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the UK ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

There have been no changes to accounting policies during the year.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking, Vine Acquisitions Limited, includes the company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Vine Acquisitions Limited are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House.

In these non statutory accounts, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

Cash Flow Statements and related notes

Comparative period reconciliations for share capital and tangible fixed assets

Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned group companies

Disclosures in respect of capital management

The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs

Disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel

Disclosures of transactions with a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the company.

As the consolidated financial statements of Vine Acquisitions Limited include the equivalent disclosures, the company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 Impairment of assets in respect of the impairment of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets

Disclosures required by IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations in respect of the cash flows of discontinued operations

Certain disclosures required by IFRS 3 Business Combinations in respect of business combinations undertaken by the company

Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 9 Financial Instrument Disclosures

The company proposes to continue to adopt the reduced disclosure framework of FRS 101 in its next non statutory accounts.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these non statutory accounts.

#### Measurement convention

The non statutory accounts are prepared on the historical cost basis.

#### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Fundamental accounting concept - going concern

The directors have reviewed the recoverability of the assets owing to the company and have concluded that all amounts could be satisfied if called upon. As a result, the directors have decided to prepare these accounts on a going concern basis.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date.

#### Financial Instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other accounts receivable and payable, and other third parties and loans to related parties. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost. For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

#### Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure or contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Management bases its estimates and judgements on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgements about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

The estimates and judgements that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are detailed below:

#### Impairment of fixed asset investments

The company assesses the risk of impairment to the investment in its subsidiaries. There is a judgement in considering whether an impairment arises because of the difference between the carrying value and the fair value, being value in use.

#### Impairment of debt

The company assesses the risk of impairment to the recoverable value of the debt held. There is judgement in considering whether an impairment arises because of the difference between the carrying value and the recoverable value.

#### **Accounting policy changes**

The group has applied certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2020. The group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

The following amendments will be applied in the next financial year:

- IAS 1 and IAS 8 "Definition of material"
- IFRS 3 "Definition of a business"
- IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 "Interest rate benchmark reform phase 1"

### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

None of these amendments are expected to have a material impact

The following amendments were applied in the current financial year:

- IFRS 16 "Covid Rent concessions"

The amendment isn't material and no adjustment has been made within the accounts

#### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

#### 2 · OPERATING PROFIT

This is stated after crediting:

52 week	52 week
period ended	period ended
16 August	15 August
2020	2021
£000	£000
5	4

Management fee receivable

Auditor remuneration is paid by another company in the Vine Acquisitions Limited group in the current and preceding periods. The amount of auditor remuneration relating to the company was £1,000 (2020: £1,000).

#### 3 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND STAFF COSTS

The directors did not receive any remuneration in respect of their services to the company (2020: nil). Their roles within the company are deemed to be incindental to their wider roles within the group and therefore the company bears no costs in relation to the directors.

The company had no employees other than the directors during the current or preceding periods.

# NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

### INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

		52 week period ended 15 August 2021 £000	52 week period ended 16 August 2020 £000
	Interest receivable from group undertakings Amortisation of deferred issue costs charged to group undertakings	28,066 336 28,402	32,615 406 33,021
5	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	, 52 week	52 week
		period ended 15 August 2021 £000	period ended 16 August 2020 £000
	Bank and other loans Amortisation of deferred issue costs	28,066 336 28,402	32,615 406 33,021

### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

### 6 TAXATION

Tax recognised in the profit and loss account

	52 week period ended 15 August 2021 £000	52 week period ended 16 August 2020 £000
- current tax on income for the period - adjustments in respect of prior periods	- <u>-</u> -	1
Total tax charge for the period		-
There is no charge for tax on the result for the period (2020: £nil)		
There is no provided or unprovided deferred tax.		
Reconciliation of tax charge		
	52 week period ended 15 August 2021 £000	52 week period ended 16 August 2020 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	5
Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%)		1
Effects of: Income not chargeable for tax purposes Adjustments in respect of prior periods Total current tax charge	(1)	(1)

### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

#### 7 DEBTORS

Amounts falling due in less than one year:	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts due from group undertakings	· -	6,413
Loans due from group undertakings	2,263	11,875
	2,263	18,288
Amounts falling due after more than one year:	2021 £000	2020 £000
Loans due from group undertakings	-	495,691
		495,691
Total Debtors	2,263	513,979

In the prior year loans due from group undertakings is a loan due from a fellow group undertaking, Punch Partnerships (PML) Limited, £507,566,000. The terms of the loan are such that the interest rate is identical to that of the company's secured loans. The interest terms and repayment profile of this loan is shown in note 10. The loan was repaid in the year from Punch Partnership (PML) Limited.

### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Loans (note 10)	-	11,875
Loans owed to group undertakings	28	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	. 110	139
Accruals and deferred income	-	4,152
Corporation tax	• -	. 1
	138	16,167

The loans is due to Punch Taverns Holdco (B) Limited, the loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

9 CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year

CILEDITORS: amounts faming due after more than one	•	2020
•	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Loans (note 10)	· -	495,691
		495,691

### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

### 10 INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS

INTEREST-BEARI	NG LOANS AND BURKOWINGS		
	·	2021	2020
		000£	£000
Creditors falling di	ue within one year		
Secured loan notes			44 075
Secured loan notes			11,875
		-	11,875
Creditors falling de	ue after more than one year	•	
-	·		, , , , , , , , , ,
Secured loan notes	•		495,691
	•		495,691
		<del></del>	
		2021	2020
•		£000	£000
Details of the secure	ed loans are as follows:	2000	2000
Class A3 secured fix	xed rate notes repayable by September 2021 at 7.369% per annum		96,619
		-	
	ked rate notes repayable by September 2022 at 5.943% per annum	•	204,864
	ixed rate notes repayable by March 2024 at 5.267% per annum	-	134,139
Class B3 secured fix	xed rate notes repayable by December 2025 at 7.750% per annum		72,911
	i ·		508,533
Less: deferred issue	costs	-	(967)
	·		507,566

The loans were repaid in the current year, as a result the company was released from the security covernant associated with the debt.

## **Punch Taverns Finance B Limited**

## Period ended 15 August 2021

# NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

### SHARE CAPITAL

	2021	2021	2020	2020
	No.	£	No.	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2

#### NOTES TO THE NON STATUTORY ACCOUNTS

for the 52 week period ended 15 August 2021

#### 12 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On the 15 December 2021, funds managed by affiliates of Fortress Investment Group LLC acquired the entire issued share capital of Vine Acquisitions Limited. Following completion of the acquisition, the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party becomes Fortress Investment Group LLC, an independently operated subsidiary of SoftBank Group Corp.

#### 13 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Punch Taverns (PMH) Limited a company registered in England & Wales

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Patron Capital, V L.P., a Jersey L.P. managed and controlled in Jersey.

Following completion of the acquisition referenced in note 12, the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party becomes Fortress Investment Group LLC, an independently operated subsidiary of SoftBank Group Corp.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Vine Acquisitions Limited, a company registered in England & Wales.

Copies of the financial statements of Vine Acquisitions Limited are available from Companies House.