Registered number: 13262186

### DK ASSOCIATES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 12 MARCH 2021 TO 31 MARCH 2022

Kennedy Johnson

83 Carlton Drive Wigston LE18 1DG

## DK Associates Limited Financial Statements For the Period 12 March 2021 to 31 March 2022

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### DK Associates Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2022

Registered number: 13262186

		31 March 2022	
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible Assets	3	_	16,001
CURRENT ASSETS			16,001
Stocks	4	38,022	
Debtors	5	53,319	
Cash at bank and in hand		68,880	
		160,221	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(86,367)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	73,854
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	89,855
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7	_	(31,587)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			
Deferred Taxation		_	(3,040)
NET ASSETS		_	55,228
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_	
Called up share capital	8		2
Profit and Loss Account		_	55,226
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		_	55,228

## DK Associates Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2022

For the period ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Dean Dewsbury

Director

30/05/2022

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

## DK Associates Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period 12 March 2021 to 31 March 2022

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### 1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Equipment

25% per annum calculated on the reducing balance.

#### 1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

#### 1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 8

# DK Associates Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 12 March 2021 to 31 March 2022

3. Tangible Assets	
	Plant & Equipment
	£
Cost	
As at 12 March 2021 Additions	18,733
As at 31 March 2022	18,733
Depreciation	
As at 12 March 2021	-
Provided during the period	2,732
As at 31 March 2022	2,732
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2022	16,001
As at 12 March 2021	-
4. Stocks	
4. Stocks	31 March
	2022 £
Stock - materials	38,022
	38,022
5. <b>Debtors</b>	
	31 March 2022
	£
Due within one year	
VAT repayable	53,319
	53,319
C. Cuaditana, Amanusta Falling Dua Within One Year	
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	31 March
	2022
	£
Trade creditors	61,599
Corporation tax	11,423
Pension scheme Accruals and deferred income	620 12,725
, 155, 331,5 31,1 46,17, 64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,64 17,6	
	86,367

# DK Associates Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 12 March 2021 to 31 March 2022

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	
	31 March 2022
	£
Directors loan account	31,587
	31,587
8. Share Capital	
	31 March 2022
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	2
9. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees	
Dividends paid to directors	
	31 March 2022
	£
Dean Dewsbury	20,000

#### 10. General Information

DK Associates Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 13262186. The registered office is Glenborough Court, Station Road, Glenfield, Leicestershire, LE3 8BZ.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.