Group Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

for

Vibrant Foods Limited

#277

30/12/2023 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Company Information for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

DIRECTORS: M E Hall D S Guha

REGISTEREB OFFICE: Building 3 Croxley Park, Watford

Watford Hertfordshire WD18 8YG

REGISTERED NUMBER: 11995168 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS: PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP One Chamberlain Square Birmingham, B3 3AX

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31th December 2022.

INTRODUCTION

The Strategic Report has been prepared by the Directors to provide additional information in respect of the Group's strategies and business objectives.

The Strategic report contains forward-looking statements, which have been made in good faith by the Directors based on information available up to the point of approval of this report. Therefore, there are inherent uncertainties involved in making these statements, including both economic and business risk factors.

BUSINESS MODEL

The Group of Vibrant Foods Limited comprises several brands operating as a wholesale & retail business both within the UK and export primarily to Europe.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

As a result of the Group's strategy to focus on its core business, and therefore dispose of certain non-core assets, turnover year in year has reduced by £10.8m to £195.6m (2021: £206.4 million).

Loss before taxation decreased by £76.1m to £71.3m loss (2021: £147.4m loss restated).

The Balance Sheet position of the Group at 31st December 2022 is not liabilities of £219.8m (2021: £171.1m not liability restated). The Balance sheet position at 31st December 2022 of the Company is not liabilities of £251.8m (2021: £251.5m not liabilities).

The key performance indicators for the group include turnover, gross margin, operating profit which are stated in our Consolidated Income Statement. Non-financial key performance indicators include health and safety, quality, technical performance, order intake, fulfilment and demand forecast. The financial position of the group and company at the end of the year is given in the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets.

During the year the Group closed the remaining cash and carry business. The Group experienced a significant downturn in performance in 2021 and 2022. The Group has seen increasing levels of cost inflation across ingredients, energy, transport and warehousing. The Group was not successful in passing on these costs and this has led to significant losses. The operational challenges have continued into 2023 with the recovery taking longer than originally anticipated. As a result, the Group has undertaken refinancing exercises which was completed in August 2023.

In July 2022 the company sold the subsidiary Laksmi & Sons Ltd to Eat Real Ltd, a company that shares the same ultimate controlling party as Vibrant Foods Limited.

STREAMLINE ENERGY AND CARBON REPORTING

SECR for the Group are disclosed in the financial statements of the ultimate parent, Vibrant Topco Limited

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Risks are manged across the group which includes those relevant to the company.

The group's activities expose it to a number of financial risks. The risks on interest payable on Bank Borrowings is managed by a swap which expires in March 2024. The Group's interest is paid half yearly and represents a significant outgoing at March and September of each year.

The group's customers are either UK based or European in origin. The majority of income is received in sterling or euro. A significant proportion of purchases are in US 5. The Group manages this risk by hedging where appropriate although an existing hedging arrangement ended in October 2023 and any new deals have to be agreed with HSBC.

The Group manages liquidity risk by forecasting on a 13 week basis and an annual budget. The Group's customers are for 21% of the business large supermarket chains. For the remaining 79% of the business its sales are to independent traders and there is a risk of bad debts. The suppliers are spread across a large number of businesses. The supply is manged by monitoring suppliers and paying when they request. This exposes the Group to a supplier risk as the Group has limited credit insurance. This is managed by paying suppliers regularly.

Health and safety risks in operations are subject to the group's procedures and are reported at board level.

Group Strategic Report
For the Year Finded 31st December 2022

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE DUTY TO PROMOTE THE SUCCESS OF THE GROUP

Section 172 of the Act requires directors to act in a way that they consider, in good faith, would be, most likely to promote the success of a company. In doing so, the directors must take into consideration the interests of the various stakeholders of the Company, the impact of the Company's operations on the community and the environment, take a long-term view on decisions they make as well aiming to maintain a reputation for high standards and fair treatment between the members of the Company. In accordance with the Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018, the Company explains below how the directors have discharged their duty under section 172.

- Employee engagement is important to our success. We strive to put in place a diverse and inclusive workplace where every
 employee can reach their potential. We work with our people to ensure we are delivering to their expectations and making the
 correct business decisions.
- Customers; we maintain a high degree of customer contact to anticipate the future needs of customers. We collaborate and innovate with our customers to improve product performance.
- Suppliers; we engage with our suppliers to build a relationship from which we can mutually benefit to ensure they are
 performing to our standards and conducting business to our expectations.
- Shareholders and lenders. We work to ensure our shareholders and lenders have a good understanding of our strategy and performance.
- Governing bodies and regulators. We engage with government agencies and key regulatory bodies to ensure we have the licences to operate safely and ensure regulatory compliance. We work with local and governments and health agencies where we have operations.
- Communities. We are committed to building positive relations with the communities in which we operate.
- Culture. The Board are responsible for the overall effectiveness in directing the Company and promoting a culture of openness
 and debate. The Directors are required to act with integrity, lead by example and promote this culture within the Company.

The Strategic report and the financial statements on pages 9 to 32 were approved by the Board of Directors on 22 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

M E Hall - Director

Date: 22/

Report of the Directors

for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the group for the year ended 31st December 2022

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the year to 31 December 2022, after taxation, amounted to £58.7m. (2021: £148.3m restated)

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31st December 20?? (20?1: f31 0m)

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Group of Vibrant Foods Limited will continue to comprise of several brands operating as a wholesale & retail business both within the UK and export primarily to Europe.

DIRECTORS

The directors who have held office during the period from 1st January 2022 to the date of this report unless otherwise stated are as follows:

M E Hall - appointed on 24 March 2023

N J Pike appointed on 24 March 2023 and resigned on 20 December 2023

G E J Dibb-Fuller resigned on 20 December 2022

R Samani - resigned on 24 March 2023 U Parmar - resigned on 24 March 2023

D S Guha - appointed on 20 December 2023

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

These are included and considered within the principal risks and uncertainties section in the Strategic report

ENGAGEMENT WITH EMPLOYEES

Employee engagement is important to our success. We work to create a diverse and inclusive workplace where every employee can reach their full potential and be at their best

We engage with, consult and provide information to our staff through a variety of methods including notice boards, presentations and emails.

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the group and the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible be identical to that of other employees.

GOING CONCERN

Given the company's net current hability position at year end, the company has received a letter of support from its ultimate parent undertaking who has given guarantees to support the company meet its obligation as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the company's financial statements. The directors have performed a group wide going concern assessment which demonstrates their ability to be able to provide this support, see details below.

The Group's activities and recent trading performance, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, as well as the Group's approach to credit risk, cash flows and liquidity risks are set out in the Strategic Report for the Group and The Company.

In preparing the financial statements on a going concern basis the Directors have considered the following:

- Financial Forecasts for the Group prepared to 31" December 2024
- The profile of the facilities and the need for further funding to meet its liability and debt obligations
- Operational improvements that are being implemented across the business to deliver the above forecasts.

The base case financial forecasts represent the board approved budget which underpinned the refinancing exercise and the associated due diligence ahead of August 2023 funding. The forecasts have been prepared to 31st December 2024 recognising the current trading conditions and inflationary pressures, operational efficiencies, restructuring program and transition of warehousing and distribution to new providers. They include expected price increases from current negotiations.

The Directors have prepared forecasts through to December 2024 which have stress-tested the forecasts to reduce consumer demand and lower gross margins. ("Downside Forecasts"). In each case the Group and the Company would have sufficient to meet its liabilities and covenants as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements.

Notwithstanding the risks, for the reasons outlined, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and the Company has adequate resources to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, being a period of at least 12 months form the date these financial statements are approved. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Board of Directors

For the Year Ended 31st December 2022

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Events subsequent to the year-end are disclosed in note 29.

QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY INSURANCE

The directors had qualifying third party indemnity insurances during the year and also at the date of approval of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the group and the company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' CONFIRMATIONS

In the case of each director in office at the date the directors' report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group's and company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant
 audit information and to establish that the group's and company's auditors are aware of that information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The independent auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors report and the financial statements on pages 9 to 32 were approved by the Board of Directors on 22 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by

M E Hall - Director

Date: 22/12/23

Independent auditors' report to the members of Vibrant Foods Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Vibrant Foods Limited's group financial statements and company financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of the
 group's loss and the group's cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Group Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets as at 31 December 2022; the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated and Company Statements of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other

information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic report and Report of the Directors we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic report and Report of the Directors

in our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit the information given in the Strategic report and Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2022 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whather due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities including fraud, is detailed below

Based on our understanding of the group and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to food safety regulation, health and safety regulation, road transport regulation and employment law, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and taxation legislation. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to the posting of inappropriate journal entries and management bias in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Enquiry with management and those charged with governance of any known instances of non-compliance with laws, regulations and fraud;
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates;

- · Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular journal entries posted with unexpected account combinations;
- Incorporating unpredictability into the nature, timing and/or extent of our testing;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less fixely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as frauding involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our respons-billities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- . we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- . the company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility

Matt Palmer (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Matt Palmer

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Birmingham

22 December 2023

Consolidated Income Statement for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

	Notes	31.12.22 Continuing £'000	31.12.22 Discontinued £'000	31.12.22 Total £'000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	3	178,449 (<u>164,652</u>)	17,171 <u>(15,955</u>)	195,620 (180,607)
GROSS PROFIT		13,797	1,216	15,013
Administrative expenses		(60,982)	(3,406)	(64,388)
		(47,185)	(2,190)	(49,375)
Other operating income				
OPERATING LOSS	5	(47,185)	(2,190)	(49,375)
Interest receivable and similar income	б	3,473	•	3,473
Loss on disposal of operations Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(25,382)	<u> </u>	(25,382)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION Tax on loss	8	(69,094) 12,596	(2,190) (1)	(71,284) _12,595
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(56,498)	(2,191)	(58,689)

Consolidated Income Statement for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

	Notes	31.12.21 (Restated) Continuing £000	31.12.21 Discontinued £'000	31.12.21 (Restated) Total £'000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	3	197,674 (146,750)	8,764 (6,858)	206,438 (<u>153,608</u>)
GROSS PROFIT		50,924	1,906	52,830
Administrative expenses		<u>(176,051</u>)	(1,946)	<u>(177,997</u>)
		(125,127)	(40)	(125,167)
Other operating income		23	-	23
				
OPERATING LOSS	5	(125,104)	(40)	(125,144)
Interest receivable and similar income Loss on disposal of operations	8	6,640	(3,582)	6,640 (3,582)
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(25,273)		(25,273)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION Tax on loss	8	(143,737) (963)	(3,622)	(147,359) (963)
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>(144,700</u>)	(3,622)	(148,322)

For details on the prior year restatement, please refer to note 30

Vibrant Foods Limited (Registered number: 11995168)

Consolidated Balance Sheet As at 31st December 2022

		31.12.2	2	31.12.21 (Restated)
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000 £'000
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets	10		30,952	39,445
Tangihle assets	11		17,693	<u> 19,2/3</u>
			48,645	58,718
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks	14	32,012		48,545 58,333
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	15	50,828 3,689		58,232 5,804
Cash at bank and in hand				<u></u>
CREDITORS		86,529		112,581
Amounts falling due within one year	16	(179,721)		(166,255)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(93,192)	<u>(53,674</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(44,547)	5,044
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(175,241)	(173,289)
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	22		-	(2,819)
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	23		<u>=</u>	(35)
NET LIABILITIES			(219,788)	(171,099)
CARMAN AND DECEMBER				
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	24		20 206	28,305
Called up share capital Accumulated losses	24 25		38,305 (258,093)	28,305 (199,404)
recomminated 1055c5	23	:	(230,093)	(139,404)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT			(219,788)	(171,099)

For details on the prior year restatement, please refer to note 30.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22/12/23 signed on its behalf by:

M E Hall - Director

Vibrant Foods Limited (Registered number: 11995168)

Company Balance Sheet As at 31st December 2022

		31	1.12.22		31.12.21
	Notes	£'000	£,000	£,000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS	10		1.007		6 171
Intangible assets Tangible assets	10 11		1, 88 6 721		6,171 1,046
Investments	13		26,382		26,382
THI USBITUTES			20,2 02		20,502
			28,989		33,599
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	15	52,764		29,200	
Cash at bank and in hand		80		270	
		52,844		29,470	
CREDITORS		,		,	
Amounts falling due within one year	16	(158,248)		(141,279)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(105,404)		(111,809)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			(76,415)		(78,210)
CREDITORS					
Amounts failing due after more than one year	17		(175,241)		(173,289)
NET LIABILITIES			(251,656)		(251,499)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	24		38,305		28,305
Accumulated losses	25		(289,961)		(279,804)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT			(251,656)		(251,499)
Company's loss for the financial year			(10,157)		(232,986)
. , ,					

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on	12 12 13 and were
signed on its behalf by:	

M E Hall - Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31th December 2022

Balance at 1st January 2021	Called up share capital £'000 26,051	Accumulated Losses (Restated) £'000 (51,082)	Total equity (Restated) £'000 (25,031)
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Intercompany receivable remedial action Dividends Paid Total comprehensive expense	2,254	31,000 (31,000) (34,149)	2,254 31,000 (31,000) (34,149)
Balance at 31st December 2021	28,305	(85,231)	(56,926)
Balance at 1st January 2022 Restatement Balance at 1st January 2022 (restated)	28,305 28,305	(85,231) (114,173) (199,404)	(56,926) (114,173) (171,099)
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Total comprehensive expense	10,000	(58,689)	10,000 (58,689)
Balance at 31st December 2022	38,305	(258,093)	(219,788)

Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings/ Accumulated losses £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1st January 2021	26,051	(46,818)	(20,767)
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Intercompany receivable remedial action Dividends paid Total comprehensive expense Balance at 31st December 2021	2,254	31,000 (31,000) (232,986) (279,804)	2,254 31,000 (31,000) (232,986) (251,499)
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Total comprehensive expense	10,000	(10,157)	10,000 (10,157)
Balance at 31st December 2022	38,305	(289,961)	(251,656)

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

Not	2022 es £'000	2021 €'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
	1 (7,569)	5,113
Corporation tax paid	(292)	(3,441)
		<u> </u>
Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	(7,861)	1,672
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of subsidiaries (net of cash)		(37,357)
Purchase of tangible assets	(1,063)	(5,240)
Purchase of intangible assets	-	(5,475)
Proceeds from disposal of trade and assets	-	30,498
Deal and Debt Fees	<u>·</u>	(1,912)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,063)	(19,486)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payments to financing/Line of credit	•	(11,914)
Proceeds from shareholder loan		13,582
Drawdown of borrowings	6,500	17,500
Share issue	10,000	2,254
Interest paid	(9,818)	(12,331)
Fees for arrangement of borrowings		(205)
		
Net cash generated from financing activities	_6,682	8,886
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,242)	(8,928)
Exchange gains on cash and cash equivalents	127	•
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2 5,804	14,732
		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3,689	5,804

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

RECONCILIATION OF LOSS BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2022	2021
		(Restated)
	£'UUU	F,000
Loss before taxation	(71,284)	(147,359)
Depreciation and amortisation charges	10,425	20,076
Impairment of goodwill	•	114,173
Loss on disposal of trade and assets	-	3,581
Loss on disposal of fixed assets and intangibles	702	339
Unwind of fair value adjustments	•	775
Finance costs	25,446	25,273
Finance income	(3,473)	(6,640)
	(38,184)	10,218
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	16,533	(11,373)
Decrease in trade and other debtors	20,633	19,778
Decrease in trade and other creditors	(6,551)	(13,510)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(7,569)	5,113

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

As at 31st December 2	ハフフ

	2022	2021
	000'3	£'000
Cash and cash equivalents	3,689	5,804
	-	
	3,689	5,804

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	Other non-cash	
	At 1.1.22 £'000s	Acquired £'000	changes £'000	At 31.12.22 £'000
Net cash				
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>5.804</u>	(2,242)	<u>127</u>	<u>3.689</u>
	5,804	(2,242)	127	3,689
Debt Debts falling due				
within 1 year Debts falling due	(116,981)	(6,500)	(8,504)	(131,985)
after 1 year	(173,289)	-	(1.952)	(175,241)
	(290,270)	(6,590)	(10,456)	(307,226)

Other non-cash changes include accrued interest on the amounts owed to group undertakings, and the unwind of deal fees allocated against the amounts owed to group undertakings and bank loans.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31th December 2022

STATUTORY INFORMATION

Vibrant Foods Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

Group of Vibrant Foods Limited comprises several brands operating as a wholesale & retail business both within the UK and export primarily to Europe.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified by financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through the profit and loss. The financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £'000. These consolidated and company financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to express its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently, other than where new policies have been adopted.

Given the company and group's net current liability position at year end, the company and group have received a letter of support from its ultimate parent undertaking, Vibrant Topco Limited, who has given guarantees to support the company and group meet their obligation as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the company's financial statements. The directors have performed a group wide going concern assessment at Vibrant Topco Ltd level which demonstrates their ability to be able to provide this support to Vibrant Foods Limited Company and Group, see details below.

The Group's activities and recent trading performance, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, as well as the Group's approach to credit risk, cash flows and liquidity risks are set out in the Strategic Report for the Group and The Company

In preparing the financial statements on a going concern basis the Directors have considered the following:

- Financial Forecasts for the Group prepared to 31st December 2024
- The profile of the facilities and the need for further funding to meet its liability and debt obligations
- Operational improvements that are being implemented across the business to deliver the above forecasts.

The base case financial forecasts represent the board approved budget which underpinned the refinancing exercise and the associated due diligence ahead of August 2023 funding The forecasts have been prepared to 31st December 2024 recognising the current trading conditions and inflationary pressures, operational efficiencies, restructuring program and transition of warehousing and distribution to new providers. They include expected price increases from current negotiations.

The Directors have prepared forecasts through to December 2024 which have stress-tested the forecasts to reduce consumer demand and lower gross margins. ("Downside Forecasts"). In each case the Group and the Company would have sufficient to meet its liabilities and covenants as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements.

Notwithstanding the risks, for the reasons outlined, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and the Company has adequate resources to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, being a period of at least 12 months form the date these financial statements are approved. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirement of paragraph 3.17(d).
- the requirement to disclose the company income statement and cash flow statement
- the requirement to disclose remuneration for key management personnel

Subsidiary company audit exemption

For the year ended 31 December 2021, East End Foods Holdings Limited (Registered number: 07812840), East End Foods Properties Limited (Registered number: 07813491), Spice & Seasoning International Limited (Registered number: 09078673), East End Foods Limited (formerly TRS International Foods Limited. Registered number: 00938359), Everest Dairies Limited (Registered number: 03481276), Cashew Newco Limited (Registered number: 13199879), Fudco Limited (Registered number 13755240) and Narottam TM Limited (Registered number 11389208) were entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Basis of consolidation

The Group consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 2022

Where a subsidiary has different accounting policies to the Group, adjustments are made to those subsidiary financial statements to apply the Group's accounting policies when preparing the consolidated financial statements

Any subsidiary undertakings sold or acquired during the year are included up to, or from, the dates of change of control or change of significant influence respectively

All intra-Group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Investments for the Company

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. In assessing control, the Group takes in to consideration potential voting rights that are currently exercisable The acquisition date is the date on which control is transferred to the acquirer. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Significant judgements and estimates

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions impact recognised assets and liabilities, as well as revenue, expenses and other disclosures. These estimates are based on historical experience and on various assumptions considered reasonable under the prevailing conditions. The actual outcome may diverge from these estimates if other assumptions are made, or other conditions arise. The estimates and assumptions that may have a significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the year include:

Impairment of intangible assets and goodwill

The Group considers whether intangible assets and/or goodwill are impaired. Where an indication of impairment is identified the estimation of recoverable value requires estimation of the recoverable value of the cash generating units. This requires estimation of the future cash flows from the CGUs and also selection of appropriate discount rates in order to calculate the net present value of those cashflows.

Stock provision

The Group considers the recoverability of the costs of inventory and associated provisioning required. When calculating the inventory provision, management considers the nature and condition of the inventory, as well as applying assumptions and anticipated saleability of packaging, finished goods and future usage of raw materials.

Useful economic lives of tangible fixed assets

The useful economic lives and residual values of tangible fixed assets are estimated based on economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets and are amended when necessary resulting in changes to the annual depreciation charge.

Impairment of debtors

The Company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience.

Recoverability of deferred tax asset

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. The company therefore assesses the likelihood of future taxable profits being sufficient to recover the deferred tax asset.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

The Group operates a retail outlet for the sale of a range of branded and own branded products. Sales of goods are recognised on sale to the customer, which is considered the point of delivery. Retail sales are usually by cash, credit or payment card.

Condwil

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of businesses, is being amortised evenly over the estimated useful life of ten years. A prior year restatement has been recognised to reflect the correct opening position as at 1st January 2022 of goodwill in the group. This restatement recognised a prior year impairment charge of £114,173,000 to goodwill which increases the accumulated loss brought forward.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Patents & licences - 4% straight line balance
Computer Software - 3 years straightline

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the Group assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Depreciation on other assets is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using straight line and reducing balance methods

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life:

Freehold property 1% straight line Leasehold property - 15 years straight line Plant and machinery - 15% reducing balance Fixtures and fittings - 15% reducing balance Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose only of the cash flow statement.

Financial instruments

The Group and Company have adopted Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, and loans from fellow Group companies are unitally recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits

Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the group is sterling

Monetary assets and habilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

The cost of the business combination is the fair value of the consideration given, habilities incurred or assumed and of the equity instruments issued plus the costs directly attributable to the business combination

At the acquisition date, the Group recognised goodwill as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- directly attributable transaction costs; less
- · the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

Goodwill is amortised over its expected useful life which is estimated to be ten years. Goodwill is assessed for impairment when there are indicators of impairment and any impairment is charged to the income statement. No reversals of impairment are recognised.

Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, that can be reliably measured and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and loss before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity	y of the group	
An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below		
	2022	2021
11 . 12 . 1	£'000	£'000
United Kingdom Europe	135,848 58,550	156,542 46,633
Rest of World	1,222	3,263
	195,620	206,438
		-
4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	30,152	27,754
Social security costs	1,527	2,421
Other pension costs		419
	31,947	30,594
The monthly average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Manufacturing	533	458
Sales and marketing	92	85
Administration and support	129	
	754	767
The Company had no employees during the year.		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	1,233,602	1,500,248
Compensation for loss of office		337,489
Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
	2022	2021
,		
Directors' remuneration	2022 £ 408,000	£ 624,667

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

5. OPERATING LOSS

The operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):

		2022	2021
			(Restated)
		£,000	£,000
	Hire of plant and machinery	623	1,037
	Other operating leases	272	493
	Depreciation - owned assets	1, 94 1	1,491
	Loss on disposal of operations	-	3,582
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets and intangibles	702	-
	Impairment of goodwill	•	114,173
	Goodwill amortisation	4,198	18,281
	Patents and licences amortisation	1	18
	Computer software amortisation	4,285	286
	Auditors' remuneration for audit services	502	147
	Auditors' remuneration for taxation services	94	45
	Foreign exchange differences	116	849
	Inventory recognised as an expense	4,070	
	Inventory provision charge/(release)	6,339	(1,327)
	Bad debt provision charge	1,927	388
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£,000
	Movement on derivatives	3,468	4,024
	Bank loan interest	5	<u> 2,616</u>
		3,473	6,640
			•
7	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	***	
		2022	2021
	P. L. C.	000'3	£'000
	Bank interest	97	10.164
	Bank loan interest	13,380	12,164
	Amortisation of deal and loan fees Shareholder Loan Interest	2,347	1,979
	Pulatenoider i Toau Turetear	9,622	11,130
		25,446	25,273
		-	
8	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the loss for the year was as follows:		
		31.12.22	31.12.21
		£'000	£,000
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax	(1,051)	2,163
	Adjustments, including that in respect of prior periods	<u>(1,133</u>)	(44)
	Total current tax	(2,184)	2,119
	Deferred tax:		
	Originiation and reversal of timing differences	(8,175)	(504)
	Adjustment in respect of previous periods	346	(1,212)
	Effects of changes in tax rates	(2,582)	560
	Total A.C. and Associated	4444	// ***
	Total deferred tax	(10,411)	(1.156)
	Total tax (credit)/charge	(1 <u>2,595</u>)	963
	, v	`	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Loss before tax	31.12.22 £'000 (71,283)	31.12.21 £'000 (33,186)
Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)	(13,539)	(6,305)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,359	-
Income not taxable	(5,082)	-
Effect of group relief/other reliefs	1,828	•
DT not provided	4,207	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(787)	7,268
Tax rate changes	(2,581)	
Total tax (credit)/charge	(12,595)	963

Factors that may affect future tax charges
In the Spring Budget 2021, the Government announced that from 1 April 2021 the corporation tax rate would remain the at
19% until 31 March 2023. At that point, the corporation tax rate will increase to 25%.

INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT 9.

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

10 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Group

COST	Goodwill £'000	Putents and licences £'000	Computer software £'000	Totals £'000
At 1st January 2022	181,602	48	6,457	188,107
Additions	101,002		-	.00,.07
Disposals	-	(9)		(9)
At 31st December 2022	181,602	39	6,457	188,098
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION				
At 1st January 2022 (Restated)	148,357	19	286	148,662
Amortisation for year	4,198	1	4,285	8,484
Disposals	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	
At 31st December 2022	152,555		4,571	157,146
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31st December 2022	29,047	19	1,886	30,952
At 31st December 2021 (Restated)	33,245	29	6,171	39,445

Company

	Computer software £'000
COST At 1st January 2022	6,457
Additions	
At 31st December 2022	6,457
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	200
At 1st January 2022 Charge for year	286 4,285
At 31st December 2022	4,571
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31st December 2022	1,886
At 31st December 2021	6,171

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Finded 31st December 2022

11. TANGIBLE ASSETS

Group

Gloup			
	Freehold	Short	Plant and
	property	leasehold	machinery
	£'000	£'000	£'000
COST	2 000	2 000	2 000
	9,825	5,107	22,230
At 1st January 2022	9,823	5,107	•
Additions	-		549
Disposals		(21)	<u>(4,200</u>)
At 31st December 2022	9,825	5,600	19 570
At 318t December 2022	7,823		18,579
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
At 1st January 2022	201	2,465	16,120
Charge for year	96	490	1,277
Eliminated on disposal	-	(21)	(3,754)
			<u> </u>
At 31st December 2022	<u> 297</u>	<u> 2,934</u>	13,643
NEW DOOK WAS IN			
NET BOOK VALUE	0.500	2.666	4.024
At 31st December 2022	9,528	2,666	4,936
At 31st December 2021	9,624	2,642	_6,110
1			=
	Fixtures		
	and	Motor	
	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	000'3	£'000	£'000
COST			
At 1st January 2022	2,522	626	40,310
Additions	-,		1,063
Disposals	(266)	(157)	(4,644)
At 31st December 2022	2,256	469	36,729
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
At 1st January 2022	1,813	438	21,037
Charge for year	•	78	1,941
Disposals		<u>(167</u>)	<u>(3,942</u>)
At 31st December 2022	1,813	349	19,036
AC 3130 Describer 2022	1,013		12,000
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31st December 2022		120	17,693
At 31St December 2022	443	120	**,=>=
At 3181 December 2022	443	120	11,000
At 31st December 2021	709	188	19,273

The net book value of land included in Freehold Property amounted to £5,005,161 (2021: £5,005,161) and is not depreciated

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

11. TANGIBLE ASSETS - continued

Company

	Leasehold improvements etc £'000
COST	
At 1st January 2022	1,379
Additions	23
At 31st December 2022	1,402
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	
At 1st January 2022	333
Charge for year	348
At 31st December 2022	681
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31st December 2022	721
At 31st December 2021	1,046

12. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 29 July 2022, the Group discontinued the operations of TRS Cash & Carry Limited which is the cash & carry business in Southall, West London. It then ceased to trade as TRS Cash & Carry Limited and became a dormant entity Trading for the entity in 2022 is presented as Discontinued Operations through the profit and loss account, with comparatives presented for 2021.

13. INVESTMENTS

Company

	Shares in group undertakings £'000
NET BOOK VALUE At 31st December 2022	26,382
At 31st December 2021	26,382

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

13. INVESTMENTS (continued)

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company at the year end:

Name	County of incorporation	Class of	Holding	Principal activity
TRS Wholesale Co. Limited *	England	Ordinary	100%	Trading
East End Foods Limited (formerly TRS	Lifenin	Q10)	10070	11206
International Foods Limited) *	England	Ordinary	100%	Trading
TRS Cash & Carry Limited **	England	Ordinary	100%	Trading
Spice & Seasoning International Limited ***	England	Ordinary	100%	Trading
East End Foods Holdings Limited ****	England	Ordinary	100%	Holding
East End Foods Properties Limited ****	England	Ordinary	100%	Property
Vibrant Brands Limited (formerly East End	-	•	,	
Foods Limited) ****	England	Ordinary	100%	Trading
Narottam Holdings Limited	UAE	Ordinary	100%	Holding
Narottam TM Limited *****	England	Ordinary	100%	Holding
Everest Dairies Limited *	England	Ordinary	100%	Trading
Cashew Newco Limited *	England	Ordinary	100%	Trading
Fudco Limited *	England	Ordinary	100%	Non-trading

^{*} The registered office is Building 3 Croxley Park, Watford, Hertfordshire, WD18 8YG.

14. STOCKS

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Raw materials and packaging	15,901	15,436
Work in progress	1,831	97
Finished goods	14,280	33,012
	32,012	48,545

There is no material difference between the balance sheet value of stocks and their replacement cost.

Stocks are stated after provision for impairment of £7,004,226 (2021: £665,685).

The Company has no inventory (2021: £mil)

15. DEBTORS

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	22,436	46,047	-	•
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	46,019	25,119
Other debtors	3,743	4,091	86	1,731
Corporation tax receivable	742	-	•	261
Deferred tax asset (see note 22)	7,896		-	-
Derivative financial instruments	5,469	877	5,463	838
VAT	1,907	1,088	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	_8,635	6,129	1,196	1,251
	50,828	58,232	52,764	29,200

Trade debtors are shown net of an impairment amounting to £1,941,037 (2021: £1,711,308) as at the year end.

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

^{**} The registered office is TRS Head Office, Southbridge Way, The Green, Southall, Middlesex, UB2 4BY.

^{***} Spice & Seasoning International Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of TRS Wholesale Co. Limited. Its registered office is Unit 6 Hollands Centre, Hollands Road, Haverhill, Suffolk, CB9 8PR.

^{****} The registered office is East End House, Kenrick Way, West Bromwich, West Midlands, B71 4EA.

^{******} The registered office is 31 High View Close, Leicester, LE4 9LJ.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000	£.000	£.000
Bank loans and overdrafts - RCF (see note 18)	27,917	17,500	27,917	17,500
Trade creditors	17,606	37,945	1,142	1,036
Amounts owed to group undertakings	108,022	99,482	127,043	120,852
Corporation Tax		1,194	_	
Other taxation and social security	751	519	•	* ·
Other creditors	2,222	855	116	174
Derivative financial instruments	1,324	201		
Accruals and deferred income	21,879	8,559	2,030	1,717
	179,721	166,255	158,248	141,279

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. Derivative financial instruments above are measured at fair value through the profit and loss account. All other financial instruments are measured at amortised cost

17 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2022 2021		2022	2021
	£,000	£'000	£.000	£,000
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 18)	175,241	173,289	175,241	173,289

18 LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£'000	000'£	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:				
RCF and bank loans	27,917	17,500	27,917	17,500
Other Loans	108,022	99,482		
	135,939	116,982	27,917	<u>17,500</u>
Amounts falling due in more than five years: Repayable by instalments				
Bank loans	175,241	173,289	175,241	173,289

The RCF bore interest averaging at 5.140% (2021: 2 817%) for the original borrowing during the year ended 31 December 2022. There was also an RCF upsize borrowing in the year which bore interest of 5.54% (2021: nil). The RCF is unsecured and the repayment terms for each drawdown of the RCF vary from 61 days to 91 days.

Other Loans are amounts owed to group undertakings due within one year are unsecured and are repayable on demand. Interest is charged at 10% per annum.

Bank loans represent £175,241,479 (2021: £173,289,350) net of issue costs, which bear interest averaging at 6 08% (2021: 6.08%). The bank debt is repayable 26 November 2026 and is secured against the assets of The Group

On 18 May 2020 the Company agreed a loan facility of up to a maximum amount of £1,000,000 with Cricket Employee Benefit Trust, of which £5,025 (2021: £5,025) has been drawn down to date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

19 LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows: Group

-	1			
	Land &		Land &	
	Buildings	Others	Buildings	Others
	2022	2022	2021	2021
	000°£	£'000	£.000	£'000
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	1,316	586	2,199	424
Within 2 to 5 years	5,236	1,052	5,633	1,170
In more than 5 years	5,548	19	6,807	149
•	12,100	1,657	14,639	1,743
Сотрапу			Land & Buildings	Land & Buildings
			2022	2021
			£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year			395	384
Within 2 to 5 years			1,622	1,612
In more than 5 years			1,013	1,419
			3,030	3,415

20 SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors.

	G	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	£ 000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Bank loans	<u> 175,241</u>	173,289	175,241	173,289	

Under the terms of the Group's financial arrangements, security has been granted over the Group's assets to the Group's financiers

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group and Company have the following financial instruments.

	Group		Company		
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
Financial assets that are debt instruments me	asured at an	nortised cost			
	Note				
Trade debtors	15	22,436	46,047	-	
Other debtors	15	1,689	4,091	86	1,731
Amounts due from group undertakings	15	•		46,019	25,119
Financial assets at fair value through profit of	r loss:				
	Note				
Derivative financial instruments	15	5,469	877	5.463	838

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

, manous, manifest dans and door and amount	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Group		Company	
		2022 £000s	2021 £'000s	2022 £'000s	2021 £:000s
	NT. 4	1 0003	r cons	£ 000s	L UUUS
0.1 - 1	Note	115.000	117.000	22.012	15.500
Other loans	16	135,939	116,982	27,917	17,500
Trade creditors	16	17,606	37,945	1,142	1,036
Other creditors	16	2,224	855	116	174
Bank loans and overdrafts	17	175,241	173,289	175,241	173,289
Amounts owed to group undertakings	16	•	•	127,043	120,852
Financial liabilities at fair value through profi	t or loss:				
Derivative financial instruments	16	1,324	201		-

The Group has entered into an interest rate swap to receive interest at Libor-BBA and pay interest at an all in fixed rate of 1.04%, which is based on a Libor-BBA rate. The swap is based on a principal amount of £130,000,000, the principal amount of the group's sterling Senior loan facilities, and matures in 2024.

The instrument is used to hedge the group's exposure to interest rate movements on the Senior loan facility. The hedging arrangement fixes the total interest payable on the sterling Senior loan to 7.5% The fair value of the interest rate swap is £5,463,352 (2021: £838,295).

Cash flows on both the loan and the interest rate swaps are paid every six months. During 2022, a hedging gain of £3,468,180 (2021: £838,295) was recognised in the profit and loss for changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap.

22 DEFERRED TAX

	Gre	ep
Defenden (and Alli Adam)	31.12.22 £000	31.12.21 £'000
Deferred tax (asset)/liability Deferred tax	(7,896)	<u>2,819</u>
	(7,896)	2,819
Group		Deferred
		tax Deferred
Balance at 1st January 2022		2,819
Adjustment in respect of prior years		41
Credit to Income Statement during year		(10,756)
Amounts arising on acquisitions		
Balance at 31st December 2022		(7,896)
The provision/(asset) is made up as follows:		
	2022	2021
	£'000	£.000
Fixed asset timing differences	97	570
Other timing differences	(203)	(108)
Losses	(10,147)	-
Revaluations fair value adjustments	<u>2,357</u>	
Total deferred tax provision/(asset)	(7,896)	2,819

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

23. ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Deferred government grants	<u></u>	35

The company had no deferred government grants as at the year end (2021: £nil)

24. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issue	ed and fully paid.			
Number	Class:	Nominal	2022	2021
		value	£'000	£'000
38,305,382	Ordinary	£1	38,305	28,305

The company issued in the year £10,000,000 (2021: £2,254,766) shares for a consideration of £10,000,000 (2021: £2,254,766)

25. ACCUMULATED LOSSES Group

J. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Accumulated losses £'000
At 1st January 2022 (Restated) Loss for the year	(199,404) (58,689)
At 31st December 2022	(258,093)
Company	Accumulated losses £'000
At 1st January 2022 Loss for the year	(279,804) (10,157)
At 31st December 2022	(289,961)

26. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The group operates a number of defined contribution pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. The pension charges amounted to £268,302 (2021: £419,085) Outstanding contributions of £161,714 (2021: £148,446) were included within creditors at the year end.

27 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group did not have capital commitments at the year end (2021: £nil).

The Company had no capital commitments as at the year end (2021: £nil).

28 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The consolidated Vibrant Foods Limited financial statements has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group. Related party transactions for the group can be seen in the financial statements of Vibrant Topco Limited.

Company

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the Financial Reporting Standard FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group. Related party transactions for the group can be seen in the financial statements of Vibrant Topco Limited.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2022

29. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Post Balance Sheet events reviewed below include all those across the wider Vibrant Topco Group.

In the period since December 2022 the Group has received cash injections of £10 million in January 2023 and £15 million in March 2023 from the sale of its remaining investment in Warp Group Limited (30%). The sale was to its common shareholder Exponent for book value

On 31 March 2023 the Group entered into signed a waiver and consent letter with Pemberton and HSBC. On 4th May 2023 the Group signed Amendment & restatement agreement from its Lenders detailing the conditions under which future funding should be provided. This agreement with Lenders provided £2 million in funding. The lenders provided a further £12 million on 31 August after completing due diligence.

The agreement also provided forgiveness of all covenants, a new cash covenant equal to a minimum of £2 million until 31 August 2023 and £4 million after that date. There are no other covenants until July 2024.

At the same time Exponent agreed subject to due diligence, a further equity commitment of £18 million. This due diligence was completed successfully and the equity injection was made on 31 August 2023.

30. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR

The prior year restatement has been recognised to reflect the correct opening position as at 1st January 2022 of goodwill in the group. This restatement recognised a prior year impairment charge of £114,173,000 to goodwill which increases the accumulated loss brought forward.

31. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY AND PARENT UNDERTAKING

The ultimate controlling party is Exponent Private Equity Partners IV, LP, a fund managed by Exponent Private Equity LLP The immediate parent company is Vibrant Midco Limited.

Vibrant TopCo Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group and Vibrant Foods Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group, which prepare publicly available consolidated financial statements. Consolidated financial statements are available from Companies house, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.