Registration number: 13141577

# Lion Labels & Packaging Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2022

### Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	4 to 8

### **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr Ian Graham Tatley

Mr Jonathan Mark Hough

Registered office Regent House Regent Street

Coppull Chorley Lancashire PR7 5AX

(Registration number: 13141577) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	137,193	153,023
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	3,437	4,583
		140,630	157,606
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	64,248	64,421
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	44,644	29,505
Cash at bank and in hand		27,072	36,505
		135,964	130,431
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(240,017)	(279,197)
Net current liabilities		(104,053)	(148,766)
Total assets less current liabilities		36,577	8,840
Provisions for liabilities		(653)	(870)
Net assets		35,924	7,970
Capital and reserves			
Profit and loss account		35,924	7,970
Shareholders' funds		35,924	7,970

For the financial year ending 31 May 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 8 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

(Registration number: 13141577) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2022

Mr Ian Graham Tatley

Director

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2022

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Regent House Regent Street Coppull Chorley Lancashire PR7 5AX Great Britain

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 8 September 2022.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2022

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Vans and equipment

Depreciation method and rate

25% reducing balnce

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Over 10 years

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2022

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 6 (2021 - 7).

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2022

### 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation	150 200	159 200
At 1 June 2021	158,300	158,300
At 31 May 2022	158,300	158,300
Amortisation	. 0.00	5 055
At 1 June 2021 Amortisation charge	5,277 15,830	5,277 15,830
At 31 May 2022	21,107	21,107
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2022	137,193	137,193
At 31 May 2021	<u> 153,023</u>	153,023
5 Tangible assets		
	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 June 2021	5,000	5,000
At 31 May 2022	5,000	5,000
Depreciation		
At 1 June 2021	417	417
Charge for the year	1,146	1,146
At 31 May 2022	1,563	1,563
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2022	3,437	3,437
At 31 May 2021	4,583	4,583
6 Stocks		
2	2022	2021
Stock	<b>£</b> 64,248	£ 64,421

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2022

7 Debtors		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	43,312	29,381
Prepayments	1,332	124
	44,644	29,505
8 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
· ·	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	69,408	66,905
VAT and PAYE	11,758	17,407
Staff pensions	53	53
Corporation tax	14,720	3,952
Accrued expenses	1,738	1,128
Amounts due on contracts	131,000	183,000
Directors loan account	11,340	6,752
	240,017	279,197

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.