UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

NATIVE PLOT LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 12552205

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

			2022		2021
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		2,439		3,419
Investments	5		133		100
		_	2,572	-	3,519
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	3,185,322		354,171	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	1,059,850		421,422	
		4,245,172	_	775,593	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(3,338,067)		(771,199)	
Net current assets			907,105		4,394
Total assets less current liabilities		-	909,677	-	7,913
Net assets		_ _	909,677	-	7,913
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			909,577		7,813
		_	909,677	-	7,913

NATIVE PLOT LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 12552205

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Aslan Ryskali

Director

Date: 1 June 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

1. General information

Native Plot Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales (registration number 12552205). The company's registered office address is 101 New Cavendish Street, 1st Floor South, London, W1W 6XH.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.4 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles - 20% Computer equipment - 25%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.7 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2021 - 1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

4. Tangible fixed assets

5.

At 30 April 2022

		Computer	
	Motor vehicles	equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 May 2021	2,000	2,399	4,399
At 30 April 2022	2,000	2,399	4,399
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2021	500	480	980
Charge for the year on owned assets	500	480	980
At 30 April 2022	1,000	960	1,960
Net book value			
At 30 April 2022	1,000	1,439	2,439
At 30 April 2021	1,500	1,919	3,419
Fixed asset investments			
			Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 May 2021			100
Additions			33

133

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

6.	Debtors		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	424,123	2,700
	Other debtors	2,761,199	351,471
		3,185,322	354,171
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,059,850	421,422
		1,059,850	421,422
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade creditors	1,555	3,488
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	33	-
	Corporation tax	204,635	1,031
	Other creditors	3,126,844	764,180
	Accruals and deferred income	5,000	2,500
		3,338,067	771,199

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.