Company registration number 12374548 (England and Wales)
CAMBRIAN LONDON LIMITED
Annual report and financial statements
For the year ended 31 May 2022

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr A Morris

Mr M Applebee

Secretary WSM Services Limited

Company number 12374548

Registered office Connect House

133-137 Alexandra Road

London SW19 7JY

Auditor WSM Advisors Limited

Connect House

133-137 Alexandra Road

London SW19 7JY

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STRATEGIC REPORT

For the year ended 31 May 2022

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 May 2022.

Fair review of the business

The directors are pleased to report that the group consolidated turnover is consistent with that achieved in the prior year.

The underlying gross profit margin is 28.7% (2021: 24.6%) driven by greater efficiency within the business.

During the next year the directors aim to consolidate their sales position by adding and developing new lines to the product mix and by continuing their investment in the business. They also continue to aim to increase the geographical area of distribution of the company.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties for the group are aligned with those of the underlying trading company.

Cash flow risk - The company's activities expose it primarily to the risk of customer bad debt. The company has customer credit record check procedures in place to minimise its exposure to potential bad debts and regular checks are carried out on balances to ensure action is taken at the earliest opportunity.

Liquidity risk - To maintain liquidity the company uses a mixture of long and short term debt finance. The company has benefited from low interest rates, which have allowed it to decrease long term debt reducing exposure to future changes to interest rates.

Price risk - The company is exposed to a very competitive marketplace and maintaining gross profit margins has been challenging. The company is continuing to identify new products to add to the product mix and is committed to increasing margins.

On behalf of the board

Mr M Applebee Director

21 September 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 May 2022

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is as a holding company for Raven Roofing and Building Supplies Limited which buys and selling roofing materials to both trade customers and the general public.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £590,000. The directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr A Morris Mr M Applebee

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the company is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the company is aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Mr M Applebee **Director**

21 September 2022

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 May 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company, and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the;
- prepare the on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMBRIAN LONDON LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cambrian London Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 May 2022 which comprise the group prefit and loss account, the group statement of comprehensive income, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of cash flows, the company statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 May 2022 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the group and parent company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may east significant doubt on the group's and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMBRIAN LONDON LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Our tests included agreeing the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation where relevant, enquiries with management as to the risks of non-compliance and any instances thereof, challenging assumptions and judgments made by management, and identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account combinations. Our audit procedures also focused on laws and regulations that could give rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements, including, but not limited to, the Companies Act 2006.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMBRIAN LONDON LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Wendy Patterson (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of WSM Advisors Limited

21 September 2022

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Connect House 133-137 Alexandra Road Wimbledon London SW19 7JY

GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 May 2022

	Notos	2022	2021 £
	Notes	£	r
Turnover	3	19,572,498	19,667,047
Cost of sales		(13,956,874)	(14,812,974)
Gross profit		5,615,624	4,854,073
Selling and distribution costs		(626,018)	(647,639)
Administrative expenses		(3,012,726)	(3,107,336)
Other operating income		-	107,083
Operating profit	4	1,976,880	1,206,181
Interest receivable and similar income	8	77	134
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	(19,184)	(24,557)
Profit before taxation		1,957,773	1,181,758
Tax on profit	10	(374,363)	(233,113)
Profit for the financial year		1,583,410	948,645

Profit for the financial year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 May 2022

	2022 £	2021 £
Profit for the year	1,583,410	948,645
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,583,410	948,645

Total comprehensive income for the year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 May 2022

		202	2	2021 as restate	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	12		79,726		81,037
Investments	13		1,300		1,300
			81,026		82,337
Current assets			0.,020		02,00
Stocks	15	1,673,311		1,494,213	
Debtors	16	3,014,638		3,341,205	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,290,087		717,603	
		6,978,036		5,553,021	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		, ,			
Ç ,	17	(4,712,739)		(4,285,210)	
Net current assets			2,265,297		1,267,811
Total assets less current liabilities			2,346,323		1,350,148
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax liability	18	3,793		1,028	
			(3,793)		(1,028)
Net assets			2,342,530		1,349,120
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	20		2,000		2,000
Profit and loss reserves			2,340,530		1,347,120
Total equity			2,342,530		1,349,120
- •			===		

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 September 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A Morris

Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 May 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	13		1,000		1,000
Current assets					
Debtors	16	376,292		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		386,804		192,753	
		762.006		102.752	
Creditores amounts falling due within one year		763,096		192,753	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(457,806)		(162,846)	
Net current assets			305,290		29,907
Net assets			306,290		30,907
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	20		2,000		2,000
Profit and loss reserves			304,290		28,907
Total equity			306,290		30,907

As permitted by \$408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's profit for the period was £865,383.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 September 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A Morris **Director**

Company Registration No. 12374548

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capitalProfit and loss reserves		Total	
	Notes	£	£	£
Balance at 1 June 2020		2,000	759,475	761,475
Period ended 31 May 2021:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period		-	948,645	948,645
Dividends	11	-	(361,000)	(361,000)
Balance at 31 May 2021		2,000	1,347,120	1,349,120
Year ended 31 May 2022:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	1,583,410	1,583,410
Dividends	11	-	(590,000)	(590,000)
Balance at 31 May 2022		2,000	2,340,530	2,342,530

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capitalProfit and loss reserves		Total	
	Notes	£	£	£
Balance at date of incorporation		2,000		2,000
Period ended 31 May 2021:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period		-	389,907	389,907
Dividends	11	-	(361,000)	(361,000)
Balance at 31 May 2021		2,000	28,907	30,907
Year ended 31 May 2022:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	865,383	865,383
Dividends	11	-	(590,000)	(590,000)
Balance at 31 May 2022		2,000	304,290	306,290

GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		202	2	2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	23		2,426,398		1,679,845
Interest paid			(19,184)		(24,557)
Income taxes paid			(206,573)		(99)
Net cash inflow from operating activities			2,200,641		1,655,189
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(38,234)		(4,421)	
Receipts arising from loans made		-		5,460	
Interest received		77		134	
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing					
activities			(38,157)		1,173
Financing activities					
Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(590,000)		(361,000)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(590,000)		(361,000)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			1,572,484		1,295,362
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			717,603		(577,759)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			2,290,087		717,603

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
	Notes	ı.	ı.	ı	ı.
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	24		875,574		552,753
Interest paid			(63)		-
Income taxes paid			(91,460)		-
Net cash inflow from operating activities			784,051		552,753
Investing activities					
Repayment of loans		-		1,000	
Not and an analysis of the second sec					1.000
Net cash generated from investing activities			_		1,000
Financing activities					
Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(590,000)		(361,000)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(590,000)		(361,000)
Net increase in eash and eash equivalents			194,051		192,753
			102.770		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			192,753		-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			386,804		192,753
Casii and Casii equivalents at end of year			700,004		

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 May 2022

I Accounting policies

Company information

Cambrian London Limited ("the company") is a private limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales . The registered office is Connect Ilouse. 133-137 Alexandra Road, London, SW19 7JY.

The group consists of Cambrian London Limited and its subsidiary Raven Roofing and Building Supplies Limited.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Business combinations

The Company acquired its holding in Raven Roofing and Building Supplies Limited via a share-for-share exchange on the 17 July 2020.

The merger accounting method was used whereby the carrying values of the assets and liabilities of the combination had not been adjusted to fair value.

There was no difference between the nominal value of the shares and the nominal value of the shares received in exchange. As a result there is no movement on other reserves presented in the consolidated financial statements.

Merger expenses were not included as part of this adjustment, but were instead charged to the statement of comprehensive income as part of profit or loss of the combined entity at the effective date of the group reconstruction.

1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.4 Revenue

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or received for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Property, plant and equipment

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings 10% on cost Plant and equipment 15% on cost Fixtures and fittings 15% on cost Computers 15% on cost Motor vehicles 20% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.6 Inventories

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due,

1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

1.14 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.15 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Turnover and other revenue

	2022	2021
	£	£
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Roofing materials	19,572,498	19,667,047
	2022	2021
	£	£
Turnover analysed by geographical market		
United Kingdom	19,572,498	19,667,047

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

3	Turnover and other revenue		(Continued)
		2022 £	2021 £
	Other revenue		
	Interest income	77	134
	Grants received	-	107,083
4	Operating profit		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(erediting):		
	Government grants	-	(107,083)
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	39,545	54,992
	Operating lease charges	624,580	775,814
5	Auditor's remuneration		
		2022	2021
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:	£	£
	For audit services		
	Audit of the financial statements of the group and company	1,375	1,250
	Audit of the financial statements of the company's subsidiaries	14,745	13,275
		16,120	14,525
		====	

6 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group and company during the year was:

Group		Company	
2022	2021	2022	2021
Number	Number	Number	Number
48	52	4	4

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs 1,748,143 1,589,3 Social security costs Pension costs 144,790 213, 2,075,994 1,965,7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont(2021 - 2). Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:		(Continued)
Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs 1,748,143 1,589,3 Social security costs Pension costs 144,790 213,3 2,075,994 1,965,7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:		
Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs 1,748,143 1,589,3 183,061 162,2 2,075,994 1,965,7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont(2021 - 2). Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	Company	
Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs 183,061 162. Pension costs 144,790 213. 2,075,994 1,965.* 7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). 8 Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	21 2022	2021
Social security costs Pension costs 183,061 162; Pension costs 2,075,994 1,965; 7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont(2021 - 2). 8 Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	£	£
Pension costs 144,790 213; 2,075,994 1,965; 7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). 8 Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss 9 Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	85 182,265	180,000
Pension costs 144,790 213; 2,075,994 1,965; 7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). 8 Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss 9 Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	12 23,465	22,412
7 Directors' remuneration Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). 8 Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss 9 Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	57 86,666	160,000
Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	54 292,396	362,412
Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	2022	2021
Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	2022 £	
Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined cont (2021 - 2). Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	2,265	-
(2021 - 2). 8 Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss 9 Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	6,667	80,000
(2021 - 2). 8 Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss 9 Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	8,932	80,000
Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	2022 £	
Interest on bank deposits Investment income includes the following: Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	ı.	æ.
Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss 9 Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	77	134
9 Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:		
Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:		134
Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:		
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	2022	2021
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Other finance costs:	£	£
Other finance costs:		
	19,121	24,557
Other interest	63	
Total finance costs	19,184	24,557
Other interest	19,121	24,55

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10 Taxation		
	2022 £	2021
Current tax	*	•
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	371,598	209,579
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	3,063
Total current tax	371,598	212,642
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	2,765	20,471
Total tax charge	374,363	233,113
	2022 £	
Profit before taxation		:
	1,957,773	:
Profit before taxation Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%)	1,957,773	1,181,758
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the	1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = UK of 19.00%	1,181,758
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable particles and the particles of the	1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = UK of 19.00%	1,181,758 224,534 5,317 (28,93)
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable particle and the companies of the companies of tax losses not previously recognised adjustments in respect of financial assets	£ 1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = 371,978 cofit 2,403	1,181,758 224,534 5,31' (28,93: 8,660
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable provided the factor of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised Adjustments in respect of financial assets Under/(over) provided in prior years	# 1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = 2,403	224,532 5,31' (28,93) 8,660 3,064
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable put a reflect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised Adjustments in respect of financial assets	### 1,957,773 #### 1,957,773 ##################################	224,53- 5,31- (28,93- 8,66- 3,06-
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable provided the factor of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised Adjustments in respect of financial assets Under/(over) provided in prior years	# 1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = 2,403	224,53- 5,31- (28,93 8,666 3,06- 20,47
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable provided in the companies of tax losses not previously recognised Adjustments in respect of financial assets Under/(over) provided in prior years Movement in deferred tax	# 1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = 1,957,773 = 1,978	224,53- 5,31' (28,93: 8,660 3,06- 20,47
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable partial transfer of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised Adjustments in respect of financial assets Under/(over) provided in prior years Movement in deferred tax Taxation charge Dividends	£ 1,957,773 2 UK of 19.00% 371,978 2,403 (15) (2,768) 2,765 374,363 2022	224,534 5,317 (28,933 8,660 3,064 20,47 233,113
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the (2021: 19.00%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable provided the following taxable provided to the following taxable provided taxable pro	1,957,773 E UK of 19.00% 371,978 2,403 (15) (2,768) 2,765 374,363	2021 1,181,758 224,534 5,317 (28,933 8,660 3,064 20,471 233,113

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

12	Tangible	fixed	assets
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Group	Freehold land and buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Computers M	lotor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost						
At 1 June 2021	200,919	85,939	181,049	161,111	126,725	755,743
Additions		25,493	4,645	8,096		38,234
At 31 May 2022	200,919	111,432	185,694	169,207	126,725	793,977
Depreciation and impairmen	t —					
At 1 June 2021	196,449	77,366	145,268	129,222	126,401	674,706
Depreciation charged in the						
year	4,470	5,436	14,709	14,606	324	39,545
At 31 May 2022	200,919	82,802	159,977	143,828	126,725	714,251
Carrying amount						
At 31 May 2022	-	28,630	25,717	25,379	-	79,726
At 31 May 2021	4,470	8,573	35,781	31,889	324	81,037

The company had no tangible fixed assets at 31 May 2022 or 31 May 2021.

13 Fixed asset investments

		Group		Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	1,000	1,000
Unlisted investments		1,300	1,300		
		1,300	1,300	1,000	1,000

Movements in fixed asset investments

Group	Investments £
Cost or valuation	~
At 1 June 2021 and 31 May 2022	1,300
Carrying amount At 31 May 2022	1,300
At 31 May 2021	1,300

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13	Fixed asset investments				(Continued)
	Movements in fixed asset investments Company				Shares in
					subsidiaries
	Cost or valuation				£
	At 1 June 2021 and 31 May 2022				1,000
	·				
	Carrying amount				1.000
	At 31 May 2022				1,000
	At 31 May 2021				1,000
14	Subsidiaries				
	Substances				
	Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31	May 2022 are as follows:			
	Name of undertaking	Registered office		Class of	% Held
				shares held	Direct
	Raven Roofing and Building Supplies Limited	Applemor House Head Office, Ca Twickenham, TW2 5BY	mpbell Road,	Ordinary	100.00
15	Stocks				
		Group		Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		£	£	£	£
	Raw materials and consumables	1,673,311	1,494,213	-	-
16	Debtors				
		Group		Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£	£	£
	Trade debtors	2,233,107	2,471,207	-	-
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	8,333	375,667	-
	Other debtors	647,693	756,085	-	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	133,838	105,580	625	
		3,014,638	3,341,205	376,292	
					

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	Group		Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		£	£	£	£
	Trade creditors	3,475,003	3,456,361	-	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	8,333	-	8,333
	Corporation tax payable	374,604	209,579	202,991	91,459
	Other taxation and social security	424,723	339,788	88,835	52,625
	Other creditors	239,585	69,651	158,285	-
	Accruals and deferred income	198,824	201,498	7,695	10,429
		4,712,739	4,285,210	457,806	162,846
18	Deferred taxation The following are the major deferred tax liabilities thereon:	and assets recognised by	y the group and co	ompany, and mov	ements
				Liabilities 2022	Liabilities 2021
	Group			£	£
	Group			£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances			3,793	-
	•	·s.			-
	Accelerated capital allowances	·s.		3,793	1,028
	Accelerated capital allowances	s.		3,793 Group	1,028
	Accelerated capital allowances	s.		3,793	1,028 Company 2022
	Accelerated capital allowances The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities	·s.		3,793 ————————————————————————————————————	£ 1,028 ————————————————————————————————————
	Accelerated capital allowances The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities Movements in the year:	s.		3,793 Group 2022 £	1,028 Company 2022
	Accelerated capital allowances The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities Movements in the year: Liability at 1 June 2021	·s.		3,793 Group 2022 £	1,028 Company 2022 £
	Accelerated capital allowances The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities Movements in the year: Liability at 1 June 2021 Charge to profit or loss	to reverse within 12 mo	nths and relates to	3,793 Group 2022 £ 1.028 2,765 3,793	1,028 Company 2022 £
119	Accelerated capital allowances The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities. Movements in the year: Liability at 1 June 2021 Charge to profit or loss Liability at 31 May 2022 The deferred tax liability set out above is expected.	to reverse within 12 mo	nths and relates to	3,793 Group 2022 £ 1.028 2,765 3,793	1,028 Company 2022 £
19	Accelerated capital allowances The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities. Movements in the year: Liability at 1 June 2021 Charge to profit or loss Liability at 31 May 2022 The deferred tax liability set out above is expected that are expected to mature within the same period.	to reverse within 12 mo	nths and relates to	3,793 Group 2022 £ 1.028 2,765 3,793	1,028 Company 2022 £

144,790

213,357

Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

19 Retirement benefit schemes

(Continued)

A defined contribution pension scheme is operated for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund.

20 Share capital

Group and company	2022	2021	2022	2021
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000

21 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Within one year	411,894	369,171	-	-
Between two and five years	913,084	1,004,764	-	-
In over five years	24,658	72,125	-	-
	1,349,636	1,446,060		

22 Related party transactions

a. Entity with common directors

During the year the subsidiary paid rents, excluding VAT, to to an entity with common directors of £70,380 (2021: £70,380).

b. Administrative services

During the year £Nil (2021: £4,000) was paid by the subsidiary to a company which is associated with a director of the subsidiary. This company also provided additional support in administrative and secretarial services.

c. Site rental

During the year £27,600 (2021 £34,500) was paid by the subsidiary to close family members of two of the directors (of both the parent and subsidiary) as rent for use of one of the branch sites which they own.

During the year £27,600 (2021: £20,700) was paid by the subsidiary to two of the directors (of both the parent and subsidiary) as rent for use of one of the branch sites which they own.

d. Related employees

During the year £283,197 (2021: £282,413) was paid to close family members of the directors as salaries for work they completed from the parent company.

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

22 2021	2022		Cash generated from group operations	23
£	£			
10 948,645	1,583,410		Profit for the year after tax	
			Adjustments for:	
63 233,113	374,363		Taxation charged	
84 24,557	19,184		Finance costs	
77) (134)	(77)		Investment income	
45 54,992	39,545		Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	
			Movements in working capital:	
98) (92,582)	(179,098)		Increase in stocks	
67 (839,252)	326,567		Decrease/(increase) in debtors	
1,350,506	262,504		Increase in creditors	
98 1,679,845	2,426,398		Cash generated from operations	
_				
22 2021	2022		Cash generated from operations - company	24
£	£			
389,907	865,383		Profit for the year after tax	
			Adjustments for:	
92 91,459	202,992		Taxation charged	
-	63		Finance costs	
			Movements in working capital:	
	(376,292)		Increase in debtors	
28 71,387	183,428		Increase in creditors	
74 552,753	875,574		Cash generated from operations	
21.74 2422	~		Analysis of changes in net funds - group	25
vs 31 May 2022 £	Cash flows £	1 June 2021 £		
2,290,087	1,572,484	717,603	Cash at bank and in hand	
			Analysis of changes in net funds - company	26
vs 31 May 2022 £ £	Cash flows	1 June 2021 <u>£</u>		
51 386,804	194,051	192,753	Cash at bank and in hand	

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2022

27 Prior period adjustment

Within year ended 2022 a presentational adjustment has been processed between stock and creditors to show a fairer representation of the financial position.

A presentational restatement to the prior period has therefore also been processed to retain comparability of the accounts. There is no impact on either the prior period profit and loss account or statement of changes in equity as a result of this adjustment.

Changes to the balance sheet - group

	As previously	AdjustmentAs restated at 31 May 2021	
	reported		
	£	£	£
Current assets			
Stocks	1,202,650	291,563	1,494,213
Creditors due within one year			
Other creditors	(3,444,280)	(291,563)	(3,735,843)
Net assets	1,349,120	-	1,349,120
Capital and reserves			
Total equity	1,349,120	=	1,349,120

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.