Company Registration No. 12088475 (England and Wales)		
LED-STORM LIGHTING SOLUTIONS LIMITED		
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
FOR THE YEAR ENDED		
31 JULY 2021		
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR		
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30-31 St.James Place Mangotsfield		
Bristol United Kingdom		
BS16 9JB		

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr A Britton

Mrs T Britton

Company number 12088475

Registered office New World Business Centre

Station Rd Warmley Bristol BS30 8XG

Accountants TC Group

30-31 St.James Place

Mangotsfield

Bristol

United Kingdom BS16 9JB

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2021

		202:	L	2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		2,907		2,083
Current assets					
Stocks		2,405		3,381	
Debtors	4	17,148		13,666	
Cash at bank and in hand		130		15,035	
		19,683		32,082	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(35,749)		(25,796)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(16,066)		6,286
Total assets less current liabilities			(13,159)		8,369
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(7,667)		(10,000
Provisions for liabilities			(396)		(396
Net liabilities			(21,222)		(2,027
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(21,322)		(2,127
Fotal equity			(21,222)		(2,027

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 JULY 2021

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 July 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 November 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A Britton

Director

Company Registration No. 12088475

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

LED-Storm Lighting Solutions Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is New World Business Centre, Station Rd, Warmley, Bristol, BS30 8XG.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings 25% reducing balance Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Total	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc
			macimier y etc
			£
	Cost		2
	At 1 August 2020		2,777
	Additions		1,798
	At 31 July 2021		4,575
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 August 2020		694
	Depreciation charged in the year		974
	At 31 July 2021		1,668
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 July 2021		2,907
	At 31 July 2020		2,083
4	Debtors		
7	DEMOIS	2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	16,736	13,666
	Other debtors	412	
		17,148	13,666
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	2,000	-
	Trade creditors	4,944	1,244
	Taxation and social security Other creditors	2,716	6,142
	Other creditors	26,089 ———	18,410
		35,749	25,796

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	
	2021	2020
	£	£

Bank loans and overdrafts 7,667 10,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.