Registration number: 11317464

The Eternal Business Consultancy Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Stone & Co Chartered Accountants 2 Charnwood House Marsh Road Ashton Bristol BS3 2NA

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Company Information

Director Mr Christopher David Budd

18-21 Queen Square

Bristol BS1 4NH

Accountants Stone & Co Chartered Accountants

2 Charnwood House

Marsh Road Ashton Bristol BS3 2NA

(Registration number: 11317464) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Note		2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>		5,564	805
Current assets				
Debtors	<u>5</u>	20,543		7,540
Cash at bank and in hand		8,290	-	29,957
		28,833		37,497
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(31,243)	-	(13,687)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		<u>-</u>	(2,410)	23,810
Total assets less current liabilities			3,154	24,615
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than	<u>6</u>			
one year	_		(1,134)	(35,388)
Provisions for liabilities			(1,354)	(153)
Net assets/(liabilities)		-	666	(10,926)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital		1		1
Profit and loss account		665	-	(10,927)
Total equity			666	(10,926)

For the financial year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 8 August 2023

(Registration number: 11317464) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

Mr Christopher David Budd
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Queen Square House 18-21 Queen Square Bristol BS1 4NH

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 8 August 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate Office Equipment 25% Straight Line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2021 - 1).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

4 Tangible assets

	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Additions	1,111 5,201	1,111 5,201
At 31 December 2022	6,312	6,312
Depreciation At 1 January 2022 Charge for the year	306 442	306 4 4 2
At 31 December 2022	748	748
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2022	5,564	5,564
At 31 December 2021	805	805
5 Debtors Current	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	19,255	6,252
Prepayments	1,288	1,288
	20,543	7,540
6 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2024
	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	704	1,400
Taxation and social security	14,568	11,052
Accruals and deferred income	855	855
Other creditors	15,116	380
	31,243	13,687

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	2022 £	2021 £
Due after one year		
Other non-current financial liabilities	1,134	35,388

7 Related party transactions

As at the year end, the compay owed the director Chris Budd £15,117 (2021: £380) in the form of a director's loan account. There are no fixed repayment terms associated with the loan and no interest is charged on the outstanding amount.

No further transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS102.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.