REGISTERED NUMBER: 11104088 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

FOR

PLANT MEAT LIMITED

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PLANT MEAT LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

DIRECTORS: P E H Sharman

A J Shovel A D Haes

REGISTERED OFFICE: Stapleton House, Block A

2nd Floor

110 Clifton Street

London EC2A 4HT

REGISTERED NUMBER: 11104088 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Horizon Accounts Ltd

Stapleton House Second Floor

110 Clifton Street

London EC2A 4HT

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2019

		31.12.19		31.12.18	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	5		9,601		11,675
Tangible assets	6		22,196		_
			31,797		11,675
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		593,033		-	
Debtors	7	591,544		47,473	
Cash at bank		4,099,525		670,761	
		5,284,102		718,234	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	435,061		86,133	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			4,849,041		632,101
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			4,880,838		643,776
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		3		3
Share premium			763,169		779,969
Other equity			4,650,000		-
Retained earnings			(532,334)		(136,196)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,880,838		643,776

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 31 DECEMBER 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 5 October 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

PEH Sharman - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Plant Meat Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

There are no significant judgements or estimates applied to the numbers contained within these financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Patents and licences are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of ten years.

Computer software is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment - 33.33% on straight line Office equipment - 33.33% on straight line Plant & Machinery - 20.00% on straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Company has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, cash and bank balances and investments in commercial paper, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the Income Statement.

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price.

Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in, the Income Statement, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from fellow Group companies that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Tax credits disclosed on the income statement represent losses surrendered for research and development tax credits.

Research and development

Revenue expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The company incurred losses during the period. However the director has been successful in attracting further investment during the accounting period and will continue to support the company to meet its obligations, if and when, they become due. The director is therefore of the opinion that he should continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk to changes in value.

Share based payment

The company operates an equity-settled compensation plan for its employees. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense in the company. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted at the date of grant, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At each statement of financial position date, the company revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement. The credit entry is taken to reserves because the share options are equity-settled.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2018 - NIL).

5. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

6.

Additions

		Patents and licences £	Computer software £	Totals £
COST		~	~	~
At 1 January 2019				
and 31 December 2019		4,852	7,943	12,795
AMORTISATION				
At 1 January 2019		485	635	1,120
Amortisation for year		<u>485</u>	1,589	2,074
At 31 December 2019		<u> </u>	2,224	3,194
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2019		<u>3,882</u>	5,719	9,601
At 31 December 2018		<u>4,367</u>	<u>7,308</u>	<u>11,675</u>
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Fixtures		
	Plant and	and	Computer	
	machinery	fittings	equipment	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST				

At 31 December 2019	17,842	<u>724</u>	<u>6,686</u>	25,252
DEPRECIATION			·	
Charge for year	1,969	180	<u>907</u>	3,056
At 31 December 2019	1,969	180	907	3,056
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2019	<u> 15,873</u>	<u>544</u>	5,779	22,196

17,842

724

6,686

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25,252

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

7.	DEBTORS: AN	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				31.12.19	31.12.18
				£	£
	Trade debtors			454,924	-
	Other debtors			136,620	47,473
				<u>591,544</u>	<u>47,473</u>
8.	CREDITORS:	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2		
				31.12.19	31.12.18
				£	£
	Trade creditors			395,135	2,654
	Taxation and so	cial security		4,299	_
	Other creditors			35,627	<u>83,479</u>
				435,061	86,133
9.	CALLED UP S	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.12.19	31.12.18
			value:	£	£
	938,776	Ordinary shares	£0.0000032	3	3

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the period, the directors settled expenses totalling £33 (2018 - £99,693) on behalf of the company and received repayments of £85,519 (2018 - £17,512).

At the date of the financial statements, the directors owed the company £3,305 (2018 - Company owed the directors £82,181). This has been repaid to the Company at the date of the financial statements.

11. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

During the period there is no ultimate controlling party.

12. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The company operates an EMI qualifying share option scheme for the employees of the company. As at the date of the statement of financial position, the company had granted 4,464 EMI qualifying share options to 4 employees with exercise prices £0.26 per share. Share options vest over a period of 4 years with a 12 month cliff from the date of grant. At the date of the financial statements no share options had vested or been exercised and no charge has been made in the financial statements.

The share options are exercisable on the share capital of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.