

(A company limited by guarantee)

Audited Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

Charity number 1169232 Company number 10323771







(A company limited by guarantee)

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Reference and Administrative Information

Charity Name:

Roundhouse Birmingham

Charity registration number:

1169232

Company registration number:

10323771

Registered Office Address:

First Floor

North Station House 500 Elder Gate Milton Keynes MK9 1BB

Operational Address:

Roundhouse Birmingham

Sheepcote Street Birmingham B16 8EB

Board Members/Trustees

Mr S Mills (Chair) Mr Q Pickford Mr A Beer Mrs L Ransberry Miss H Clarke Mrs L Reid

Auditors - Chiene + Tait LLP, 61 Dublin Street, Edinburgh, EH3 6NL.

Bankers - Nat West, Broad Street, Birmingham, B1 2DN

Solicitors - Bevan Brittan, Kings Orchard 1, Queen Street, Bristol, BS2 0HQ

Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 December 2019

The Trustees present their third annual report together with the financial statements of Roundhouse Birmingham (the charity) for the year ended 31 December 2019. The Trustees confirm that the annual report and financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the requirements of the charity's governing document and the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities", applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Our Aims and Objectives

The Roundhouse is one of Birmingham's most interesting and iconic buildings. Built in 1874 by the Birmingham Corporation it was originally used as a stables and stores. Designed by local architect W.H. Ward, the horseshoe-shaped building has become a real landmark in the city.

The aims of the charity are:

- (a) to promote, facilitate, undertake and assist in the conservation and enhancement of the Roundhouse Birmingham building and grounds for public benefit and enjoyment;
- (b) to advance the education of the public in the history of Roundhouse Birmingham and the surrounding area; and
- (c) to further such other exclusively charitable purposes incidental to the above objects as the Trustees see fit.

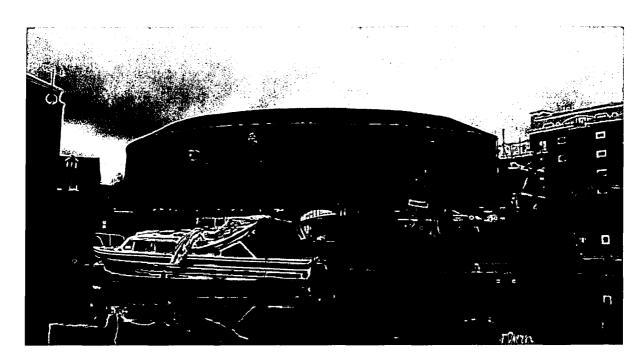
The Roundhouse is the first joint venture between the Canal & River Trust and the National Trust and is at the forefront of both organisations' urban strategies. Our £4m project has been taking shape since 2013, and we are in the final stages of realising an exciting scheme to restore and reimagine the Roundhouse.

Located in the heart of Ladywood, the Roundhouse sits within an economically, culturally and demographically diverse area, overlooking Birmingham's regenerating waterside. It is a horseshoe-shaped building, originally built to function as stables and stores for the City's lamplighters and the horses of the Public Works department.

Unlike most of the neighbouring Victorian architecture, this curious building survived the centuries and in 1976 was given a Grade II* listing due to its architectural and historic significance. But by the early 2000s, it had begun to fall into disrepair. Following this period of decline for the Roundhouse, the Canal & River Trust and National Trust came together in 2013, identifying an exciting opportunity to safeguard the future of the building. With capital investment from the National Lottery Heritage Fund and Historic England, the project is restoring the building to create an urban discovery and enterprise hub.

Report of the Trustees (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2019

The year under review saw significant progress on the works to the exterior of the building including the structure, brickwork and roof, and towards the end of the year, the Roundhouse started emerging from the scaffolding which had encapsulated it. In addition to the main construction contract undertaken by Kier, stone masonry and brickwork apprentices from the partners worked on the side elevations and the doorways into the Roundhouse. Construction training and work experience on a variety of trades including plasterwork, carpentry and brickwork was given to students from South & Central Birmingham College. Works on the interior will complete in 2020





Report of the Trustees (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2019



Plans for the future

The emerging global pandemic of 2020 is likely to delay opening to the public until early 2021 when the Roundhouse will become an exciting new destination for Birmingham. We look forward to welcoming people of all ages and abilities and encouraging them to discover with us the untold stories of one of the UK's most vibrant cities. Our work will connect people to their local places and support the local economy and surrounding communities through an innovative, highly participatory programme of activities. There will be opportunities for heritage, fitness, well-being, culture, learning and skills development. The Roundhouse will be a place to meet, to work, and a base from which to explore the City and its history – by foot, by bike and by water.

Structure, Governance and Management

Governing Document

The organisation is a charitable company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 10 August 2016 and registered as a charity on 16 September 2016. The company was established under a Memorandum of Association which established the objects and powers of the charitable company and is governed under its Articles of Association. In the event of the company being wound up members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1.

Report of the Trustees (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2019

Recruitment and Appointment of the Board

The directors of the company are also charity trustees for the purposes of charity law and under the company's Articles are known as Members. Under the requirements of the Memorandum and Articles of Association the members of the Trustees are nominated to serve by each party to the Joint Venture, with the term of office to last until termination as per the strictures of the Articles of Association.

All members of the Trustees give their time voluntarily and received no benefits from the charity. Any expenses reclaimed from the charity are set out in note 8 to the accounts.

Organisational Structure

The Roundhouse Birmingham has a Board of Trustees of up to 6 members who meet quarterly and are responsible for the strategic direction and policy of the charity. At present the Board has six members from a variety of professional backgrounds relevant to the work of the charity.

A scheme of delegation is in place and day to day responsibility for the provision of the services rest with the Chair of Trustees along with the Services and Finance and Administration Managers. The Chair of Trustees is responsible for ensuring that the charity delivers the services specified and that key performance indicators are met. The Services Manager has responsibility for the day to day operational management of the Centre, individual supervision of the staff team and also ensuring that the team continue to develop their skills and working practices in line with good practice.

Risk Management

The Board has conducted a review of the major risks to which the charity is exposed. A risk register has been established and is updated at least annually. Where appropriate, systems or procedures have been established to mitigate the risks the charity faces. Significant external risks to funding have led to the development of a strategic plan which will allow for the diversification of funding and activities. Internal control risks are minimised by the implementation of procedures for authorisation of all transactions and projects. Procedures are in place to ensure compliance with health and safety of staff, volunteers, clients and visitors to the centre. These procedures are periodically reviewed to ensure that they continue to meet the needs of the charity.

Achievements and Performance

Financial review

As at 31 December the charity had a net deficit of funds of £206.5k. This deficit is deemed to be temporary and future budgets support the charity returning to a positive fund position within three years when the restoration works are complete, and the Roundhouse business is fully operational. Finance required beyond that obtained from fundraising and operations is provided by the identical loan agreements between Roundhouse Birmingham and both the Canal River Trust and National Trust.

Reserves policy

The Trustees aim to maintain a level of reserves sufficient to support the operational expenditure and any commitments of the charity for a period of 12 months, but this will not be feasible until the restoration works are complete and the Roundhouse is operational as noted above.

Report of the Trustees (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2019

Trustees' responsibilities statement

The trustees (who are also directors of Roundhouse Birmingham for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2015 (FRS 102);
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that
 information.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by the Trustees on 6 October 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr S Mills Trustee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees of Roundhouse Birmingham

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Roundhouse Birmingham (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2019, and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with Charities SORP (FRS 102) (second edition

 October 2019)
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the
 going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when
 the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report¹, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other matters

The comparative figures in the financial statements are unaudited for the year ended December 2018.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- the charitable company has not kept adequate accounting records; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 8, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jeremy Chittlebrugh, CA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Chiene + Tait LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 61 Dublin Street Edinburgh

Date: 13 November 2020

Chiene + Tait LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of Financial Activities For the year ended 31 December 2019

	N o t e	Unrestricted Funds 2019	Restricted Funds 2019	Total Funds 2019	Unrestricted Funds 2018	Restricted Funds 2018	Total Funds 2018
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Income from: Donations and Legacies	2		8.0	8.0	-	-	-
Charitable activities	3	2.9	1958.6	1961.5	-	123.8	123.8
Other trading activities			-	-	-	-	-
Total Income		2.9	1966.6	1969.5	-	123.8	123.8
Expenditure on: Charitable activities	4	-	(2090.1)	(2090.1)	-	(178.9)	(178.9)
Raising funds	4	-	-	-	(4.7)	-	(4.7)
Transfer costs	5	(123.5)	123.5	-	(55.1)	55.1	-
Total expenditure		(123.5)	(1966.6)	(2090.1)	(59.8)	(123.8)	(183.6)
Net expenditure for the period	5	(120.6)	-	(120.6)	(59.8)	-	(59.8)
Reconciliation of funds Total deficit brought forward		(78.1)	-	(78.1)	(18.3)	-	(18.3)
Total deficit carried forward	1 3	(198.7)		(198.7)	(78.1)		(78.1)

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the period. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 15 to 21 form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Fixed Assets			
Heritage Assets	9	467.9	373.0
Total Fixed Assets		467.9	373.0
Current assets			
Debtors	10	554.9	149.5
Cash at bank and in hand		439.0	89.7
Total Current Assets		993.9	239.2
Current Liabilities			
Creditors falling due within	11	(660.9)	(55.2)
one year			
Net Current Assets		333.0	<u> 184.0</u>
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		800.9	557.0
Non-Current Liabilities Creditors falling due after more than 1 year	12	(999.6)	(635.1)
Net Liabilities		(198.7)	(78.1)
Charity Funds			
Unrestricted funds	13	(198.7)	(78.1)
Total Charity Funda	13	(198.7)	(78.1)
Total Charity Funds	13	(190.7)	(70.1)

Approved by the board on 6 October 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Stuart Mills

The notes on pages 15 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 December 2019

Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	14	(22.7)	(42.2)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of investments		-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Cash flows from financing activities		-	-
Cash inflows from Partner loans Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		372.0 349.3	80.0 37.8
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		349.3	37.8
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		89.7	51.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		439	89.7
Analysis of changes in net debt			
Borrowings at 1 st January 2019		627.6	
Loan advances		372.0	
Borrowings at 31st December 2019		999.6	

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland FRS 102 (second edition – October 2019)

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity and rounded to the nearest £000.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated

(b) Fund accounting

- Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes. Unrestricted funds include a revaluation reserve representing the restatement of investment assets at market values.
- Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the Trustees for particular purposes.
- Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure imposed by the donor or through the terms of an appeal.

(c) Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SoFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income after any performance conditions have been met, the amount can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the income will be received. The following policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- Voluntary income is received by way of grants, donations and gifts and is included in full
 in the Statement of Financial Activities when receivable. Grants, where entitlement is not
 conditional on the delivery of a specific performance by the charity, are recognised when
 the charity becomes unconditionally entitled to the grant.
- Donated services and facilities are included at the value to the charity where this can be quantified. The value of services provided by volunteers has not been included in these accounts.
- Investment income is included when receivable.
- Incoming resources from charitable trading activity are accounted for when earned.
- Incoming resources from grants, where related to performance and specific deliverables, are accounted for as the charity earns the right to consideration by its performance.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements cont. For the year ended 31 December 2019

(d) Resources expended

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Expenditure is recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to make payments to third parties, it is probable that the settlement will be required, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is reported as part of the expenditure to which it relates:

- Costs of generating funds comprise the costs associated with attracting voluntary income and the costs of trading for fundraising purposes including the charity's shop.
- Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its
 activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated
 directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.
- Governance costs include those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements of the charity and include the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.
- All costs are allocated between the expenditure categories of the SoFA on a basis designed to reflect the use of the resource. Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated directly, others are apportioned on an appropriate basis e.g. floor areas, per capita or estimated usage.

(e) Fixed assets

Fixed assets (excluding investments) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The costs of minor additions or those costing below £1,000 are not capitalised. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life. Impairment reviews are carried out as and when evidence comes to light that that the recoverable amount of a functional fixed asset is below its net book value due to damage, obsolescence or other relevant factors.

Heritage assets are defined as tangible property with historical, artistic, scientific, technological, geophysical or environmental qualities which are held and maintained principally for their contribution to knowledge and culture. The Roundhouse building is Grade II* listed.

Heritage assets are recognised on the balance sheet and initially measured at cost when purchased or if donated, their valuation. Assets are subsequently stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Fair values for donated assets are estimated by reference to market prices. No depreciation has been provided in the first year, as due to the timing of the purchase, the accumulated depreciation charge was immaterial.

Where information on the cost or valuation of heritage assets is not available or the cost of providing such information significantly outweighs any benefit to the users of the accounts then heritage assets are not recognised on the balance sheet.

Acquisitions only arise when donated to the charity or if it is believed that they will further the charity's objectives. Once acquired they will be preserved by the charity in order to keep their historical, artistic, scientific, technological, geophysical or environmental qualities to such a high level as to contribute to knowledge and culture. A register of all assets held by the charity is available and the assets themselves are accessible to the public with prior agreement. Heritage assets are to be held for the foreseeable future.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements cont. For the year ended 31 December 2019

(f) Tax

The charity is an exempt charity within the meaning of schedule 3 of the Charities Act 2011 and is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes.

(g) Going concern

The global pandemic and resulting national containment measures has slowed progress in completing the restoration, added costs have been incurred as a result and the opening of the Roundhouse to visitors has been delayed so that operating cashflows are not yet being generated. Our grant funders have been understanding so that there has been no breach of agreements and the partner organisations have both extended the quantum of finance available to the company so that there is no prospect of the Roundhouse running out of funds over the next 12 month period regardless of any further delay to the opening of the attraction - for example if further restrictions are imposed by Government as a response to rising coronavirus infection rates. The trustees have considered the level of funds held and the expected level of income and expenditure for 12 months from authorising these financial statements. The budgeted income and expenditure is sufficient with the level of reserves for the charity to be able to continue as a going concern and the financial statements have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis.

2. Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds
	2019	2019	2019	2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Donations	.	8.0	8.0	_

In 2019, income from donations related to unrestricted funds, and £7,500 of donations income recognised in 2019 was received in prior years.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements cont. For the year ended 31 December 2019

3. Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted Funds 2019	Restricted Funds 2019	Total Funds 2019	Unrestricted Funds 2018 £000	Restricted Funds 2018 £000	Total Funds 2018 £000
	£000	£000	£000	2000	2000	2000
Heritage Lottery Funding	-	1825.6	1825.6	-	121.5	121.5
Historic England Funding	-	98.0	98.0	-	-	
Wolfson Grant	-	35.0	35.0	-	-	-
Events	2.9		2.9	2.3	-	2.3
	2.9	1958.6	1961.5	2.3	121.5	123.8
4. Total Resources E	Expended					
	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Total Funds
	2019	2019	2019	2018 £000	2018 £000	2018 £000
0 - 4 6 1 - 1 - 1	£000	£000	£000			
Costs of raising funds						
Salary costs	_	93.0	93.0	_	86.5	86.5
Secretarial costs	_	4.0	4.0	_	2.8	2.8
Professional fees	-	108.5	108.5	-	23.7	23.7
Restoration costs	-	1940.5	1940.5	-	36.3	36.3
Restoration costs	-	(94.6)	(94.6)	_	-	
capitalised		,				
Insurance	-	3.2	3.2	-	3.1	3.1
Legal fees		-	-	-	6.5	6.5
Rates	-	-	-	-	5.1	5.1
Management Fees	-	· -	-	-	3.8	3.8
Equipment	-	25.1	25.1	-	-	-
Advertising	· -	0.4	0.4	-	4.7	4.7
Other	-	10.0	10.0	-	11.1	11.1
Transfer		(123.5)			(183.6)	

Where total annual expenditure exceeds annual restricted funding, a transfer is made from restricted funds to unrestricted at the end of the year.

1966.6

123.5

2090.1

183.6

183.6

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements cont. For the year ended 31 December 2019

5. Net expenditure for the period

Net expenditure is stated after charging:

	2019 £	2018 £
Audit fee (2019 Independent examiner's fee)	3.3	1.5

6. Salaries and Wages

There are no direct employees of Roundhouse Birmingham.

The Trustees consider the board of Trustees as comprising the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directly controlling the day to day operations. All Trustees give their time freely and no Trustee remuneration was paid in the year.

7. Trustee Remuneration & Related Party Transactions

No trustees received any remuneration during the period. Travel costs amounting to £nil (2019 - nil) were reimbursed to 0 (2019 – 0) trustees.

No trustee or other person related to the charity had any personal interest in any contract or transaction entered into nil by the charity during the period (2019 - Nil).

8. Taxation

As a charity, Roundhouse Birmingham is exempt from tax on income and gains falling within section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or s256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that these are applied to its charitable objects. No tax charges have arisen in the Charity.

9. Heritage assets

	Leasehold Land & Buildings £000	Total £000
Cost Net book value at 1st January 2019	373.0	373.0
Additions	94.9	94.9
Net book value at 31st December 2019	467.9	467.9

In 2018 there were no additions or disposals of Heritage assets

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements cont. For the year ended 31 December 2019

10. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Trade Debtors	-	_
Other Debtors incl. Taxation	554.9	149.5
	554.9	149.5
11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one	year	
11. Creditors: Amounts failing due within one	year	
	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Trade Creditors	62.1	10.2
Other Creditors and Accruals	598.8	45.0
	660.9	55.2

12. Creditors: Amounts falling due in more than 1 year

	999.6	635.1
Loan from National Trust	499.8	313.8
Loan from Canals River Trust	499.8	313.8
Grants		7. 5
	£000	£000
	2019	2018

An interest free loan facility of £0.5m is arranged with each Partner, repayable 10 years form the date of issue by 4th July 2027.

13. Analysis of net assets between funds

·	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	Total 2019 £000	Total 2018 £000
Fixed assets	-	467.9	467.9	373.0
Cash	-	439.0	439.0	89.7
Other current assets	-	(106.0)	(106.0)	94.3
Creditors more than one year	(198.7)	(800.9)	(999.6)	(635.1)
	(198.7)	-	(198.7)	(78.1)

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements cont. For the year ended 31 December 2019

14. Reconciliation of net expenditure to net cash flow from operating activities

	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Net operating expenditure for period	(120.6)	(59.8)
Fixed asset additions	(94.9)	-
Movement in debtors	(405.4)	6.5
Movement in creditors including grants	598.2	11.1 -
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(22.7)	(42.2)

15. Related Party Transactions

Roundhouse Birmingham was in receipt of £186,000 loan from each of the partners in the period as per loan agreements between the parties to fund the joint venture.

Roundhouse Birmingham was recharged costs for the provision of goods and services by the Joint Venture partners. For the period ended 31 December 2019, the joint venture paid recharges totalling £65,504; (2018: £48,498) to The National Trust and recharges totalling £3,190 (2018: £3,100) to Canal & River Trust. At 31 December 2019 amounts totalling £29,722 were owed to National Trust.

16. Capital commitments

At 31 December 2019, the Company had £2,170,856 capital commitments (31 December 2018: £230,351).

17. Post balance sheet events

The global pandemic has slowed the progress in completing the restoration and added costs have been incurred. Funding agreements are being adhered to and the partner organisations have both extended the availability of finance. The Trustees do not consider that there are any adjusting post balance sheet events.