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# **BALANCE SHEET**

# **AS AT 31 MARCH 2021**

	Notes	£	2021 £	£	2020 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		266,473		116,421
Investments	4		1		12,704
			266,474		129,125
Current assets					
Debtors	5	1,080,184		518,090	
Investments	6	215,386		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		904,702		73,328	
		2,200,272		591,418	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	7	(1,242,124)		(699,260)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			958,148		(107,842)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,224,622		21,283
Provisions for liabilities			(48,147)		(20,672)
Net assets			1,176,475		611
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss reserves			1,176,473 ————		609
Total equity			1,176,475		611

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

# **AS AT 31 MARCH 2021**

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 July 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

# J FITZPATRICK

Mr J Fitzpatrick **Director** 

Company Registration No. 10186928

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

## 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Gneiss Energy Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 64 North Row. Mayfair, LONDON, W1K 7DA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company has had another successful period of trading and projections prepared for the next 3 years illustrate that this is expected to continue. Fixed monthly revenue is in place by way of retainer income. Therefore the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

## 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

# 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings10 years straight lineOffice Equipment3 years straight lineMotor vehicles25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

## 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Fixed asset investments

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

## 1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade debtors and creditors. These are measured at amortised cost and are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

# 1.9 Retirement benefits

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan for it's employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations. The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

## 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

## 1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

# 1.11 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

## 1.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

## 1.13 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid.

## 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021 mber	2020 Number
Total	18	11

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3	Tangible fixed assets				
	•	Land and		otor vehicles	Total
		buildings	Equipment	•	•
		£	£	£	£
	Cost		.======		
	At 1 April 2020	34,957	173,532	-	208,489
	Additions		29,537	178,378	207,915
	At 31 March 2021	34,957	203,069	178,378	416,404
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 April 2020	5,060	87,008	-	92,068
	Depreciation charged in the year	4,641	49,382	3,840	57,863
	At 31 March 2021	9,701	136,390	3,840	149,931
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2021	25,256	66,679	174,538	266,473
	At 31 March 2020	29,897	86,524		116,421
4	Fixed asset investments				
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests			1	12,704

This is investments held in subsidiary company Gneiss Energy Capital Limited and listed investments held for trading.

# Movements in fixed asset investments

 Cost or valuation
 12,704

 At 1 April 2020
 12,704

 Share of loss
 (1,613)

 Disposals
 (11,090)

 At 31 March 2021
 1

 Carrying amount
 1

 At 31 March 2021
 1

 At 31 March 2020
 12,704

Shares in

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

5	Debtors	2024	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	2020 £
	Trade debtors	533,149	23,249
	Other debtors	412,267	72,339
	Prepayments and accrued income	134,768	422,502
		1,080,184	518,090
6	Current asset investments		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Other investments	215,386	
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	oronnotor announte ranning and retrieve your	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	234,562	31,247
	Corporation tax	359,960	142,306
	Other taxation and social security	37,775	49,007
	Other creditors	3,980	434,641
	Accruals and deferred income	605,847	42,059

# 8 Related party transactions

During the period, advances of £1,188,098 were made to the directors and credits of £941,936 were received, resulting in a balance due by the directors to the company of £6,238 (2020 - £239,924 due by the company).

During the period, advances of £295,000 were made to a company under common control and credits of £55,000 were received, resulting in a balance due to the company of £274,175 (2020 - £34,175).

There are no set repayment terms, nor is interest charged on the loan.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.