Company No: 10160574 (England and Wales)

ASH LIFE SCIENCES LTD Unaudited Financial Statements For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Pages for filing with the registrar

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ASH LIFE SCIENCES LTD BALANCE SHEET As at 31 May 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	21,716	17,249
		21,716	17,249
Current assets			
Stocks	4	1,000	1,500
Debtors	5	49,383	69,314
Cash at bank and in hand		110,800	151,568
		161,183	222,382
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(65,720)	(126,957)
Net current assets		95,463	95,425
Total assets less current liabilities		117,179	112,674
Provision for liabilities		(3,326)	(1,724)
Net assets		113,853	110,950
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	7	80	100
Share premium account	7	15,000	15,000
Capital redemption reserve	7	20	0
Profit and loss account	7	98,753	95,850
Total shareholders' funds		113,853	110,950

For the financial year ending 31 May 2023 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the financial year in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements; and
- These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and a copy of the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements of Ash Life Sciences Ltd (registered number: 10160574) were approved and authorised for issue by the Director on 10 July 2023. They were signed on its behalf by:

A R Hill	\$ M Hill
Director	Director

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and to the preceding financial year, unless otherwise stated.

General information and basis of accounting

Ash Life Sciences Ltd (the Company) is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is 6 Office 1-34, The Hive, Beaufighter Road, Weston-Super-Mare, BS24 8EE, England, United Kingdom.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling which is the functional currency of the Company and rounded to the nearest \pounds .

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Turnover is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are considered to have been transferred to the customer.

Taxation

Current tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recoverable) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the Company's financial statements. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more or less tax at a future date, at the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities on the balance sheet.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than investment property and freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line or reducing balance basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 15 % reducing balance Fixtures and fittings 25 % reducing balance

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset, after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to sell, which is equivalent to the net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and an attributable proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity. Cost is calculated using the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts, except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in creditors: amounts falling due within one year.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the Company is presented as equity.

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2. Employees

2. Employees		2023 Number	2022 Number
Monthly average number of persons employed by the Company during the year, including directors		5	5
3. Tangible assets			
	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 01 June 2022	35,294	6,999	42,293
Additions	2,932	5,163	8,095
At 31 May 2023	38,226	12,162	50,388
Accumulated depreciation			
At 01 June 2022	21,398	3,646	25,044
Charge for the financial year	2,194	1,434	3,628
At 31 May 2023	23,592	5,080	28,672
Net book value			
At 31 May 2023	14,634	7,082	21,716
At 31 May 2022	13,896	3,353	17,249
-	-		
4. Stocks			
4. Stucks		2023	2022
		£	£
Stocks		1,000	1,500
5. Debtors			
J. Debtors		2023	2022
		£	£
Trade debtors		43,074	60,856
Other debtors		6,309	8,458
		49,383	69,314

6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	4,017	42,283
Corporation tax	19,524	23,442
Other taxation and social security	20,583	19,350
Other creditors	21,596	41,882
	65,720	126,957

7. Changes in equity

	Called-up share capital	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account
	£	£	£	£
At 01 June 2022	100	15,000	0	95,850
Profit for the financial year	0	0	0	85,263
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	85,263
Issue of share capital	(20)	0	0	0
Dividends paid on equity shares	0	0	0	(67,360)
Repurchase of share capital	0	0	20	(15,000)
At 31 May 2023	80	15,000	20	98,753
At 01 June 2021	100	15,000	0	68,676
Profit for the financial year	0	0	0	100,260
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	100,260
Dividends paid on equity shares	0	0	0	(73,086)
At 31 May 2022	100	15,000	0	95,850

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.