Registration number: 10149678

# Dixon Searle Partnership Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

MMO Limited Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN

# Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited for the year ended 30 April 2018 as set out on pages 2 to 10 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Dixon Searle Partnership Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Dixon Searle Partnership Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited. You consider that Dixon Searle Partnership Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

MMO Limited
Wellesley House
204 London Road
Waterlooville
Hampshire
PO7 7AN

5 December 2018

(Registration number: 10149678) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	10,641	6,612
Investments	<u>5</u>	<del>-</del>	5,000
		10,641	11,612
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	-	61,725
Debtors	<u>?</u>	60,979	15,274
Cash at bank and in hand		112,747	103,923
		173,726	180,922
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(65,656)	(70,040)
Net current assets		108,070	110,882
Total assets less current liabilities		118,711	122,494
Provisions for liabilities		(1,671)	(1,322)
Net assets		117,040	121,172
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	480	420
Profit and loss account		116,560	120,752
Total equity		117,040	121,172

For the financial year ending 30 April 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{10}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 10149678) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2018

Approved and authorised by the Board on 29 November 2018 and signed on its behalf by:			
Mr Richard Anthony Dixon			
Director			
Mr Robert Owen Searle			
Director			

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{10}$  form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN England

The principal place of business is: Elm House Tanshire Park Shackleford Road Elstead Surrey GU8 6LB

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixtures, fittings and equipment

Office equipment

Short leasehold property improvements

Depreciation method and rate

25% - straight line basis 25% - straight line basis

20% - straight line basis

#### **Business combinations**

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

#### Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

# Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

# Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

# 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	Year ended 30 April 2018 No.	27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017 No.
Administration and support	5	5

# 4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	buildings equipment	
Cost or valuation			
At 1 May 2017	-	8,816	8,816
Additions	2,257	5,902	8,159
At 30 April 2018	2,257	14,718	16,975
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2017	-	2,204	2,204
Charge for the year	451	3,679	4,130
At 30 April 2018	451	5,883	6,334
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2018	1,806	8,835	10,641
At 30 April 2017		6,612	6,612

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £1,806 (2017 - £Nil) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

# 5 Investments

	2018 £	2017 £
Investments in subsidiaries	<u> </u>	5,000

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

Subsidiaries			£
Cost or valuation Additions			5,000
Disposals			(5,000)
At 30 April 2018			
Provision			
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2018			-
At 30 April 2017		_	5,000
Associates			
Cost			
Provision			
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2018			
6 Stocks		2018	2017
		£	£
Work in progress			61,725
7 Debtors			
	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors		45,004	12,060
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	<u>10</u>	-	(334)
Prepayments		7,905	3,548
Other debtors		8,070	-
	===	60,979	15,274

# 8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	400	400	400	400
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	20	20	20	20
Ordinary B shares of £1 (2017 - £0) each	20	20	-	-
Ordinary C shares of £1 (2017 - £0) each	20	20	=	-
Ordinary D shares of £1 (2017 - £0) each	20	20	-	-
_	480	480	420	420

# 9 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £	
Due within one year			
Trade creditors	2,541	(451)	
Taxation and social security	15,103	17,982	
Accruals and deferred income	1,559	2,517	
Other creditors	46,453	49,992	
	65,656	70,040	

# 10 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

2018	At 1 May 2017 £	Advances to directors £	Repayments by director	At 30 April 2018 £
Mr Richard Anthony Dixon				
Directors loan account	2,371	39,934	(44,700)	(2,394)
Mr Robert Owen Searle				
Directors loan account	2,451	89,876	(94,917)	(2,590)

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

2017	Advances to directors	Repayments by director	At 30 April 2017 £
Mr Richard Anthony Dixon			
Directors loan account	64,501	(66,872)	(2,371)
Mr Robert Owen Searle			
Directors loan account	64,501	(62,049)	2,451

#### Other transactions with directors

The directors loan account balances are undated, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.