Registration number: 10149678

Dixon Searle Partnership Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

MMO Limited Wellesley House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited for the Period Ended 30 April 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited for the period ended 30 April 2017 as set out on pages 2 to 8 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Dixon Searle Partnership Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Dixon Searle Partnership Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited. You consider that Dixon Searle Partnership Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the period.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Dixon Searle Partnership Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

MMO Limited
Wellesley House
204 London Road
Waterlooville
Hampshire
PO7 7AN

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8 January 2018

(Registration number: 10149678) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2017

	Note	2017 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	6,612
Investments	<u>4</u> <u>5</u> _	5,000
	_	11,612
Current assets		
Stocks	<u>6</u>	61,725
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	15,608
Cash at bank and in hand	_	103,923
		181,256
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(70,374)
Net current assets	_	110,882
Total assets less current liabilities		122,494
Provisions for liabilities	_	(1,322)
Net assets	=	121,172
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		420
Profit and loss account	_	120,752
Total equity	=	121,172

For the financial period ending 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 10149678) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2017

Approved and authorised by the Board on 5 January 2018 and signed on its behalf by:
Mr Richard Anthony Dixon
Director
Mr Robert Owen Searle
Director
The notes on pages 4 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statement

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

Welleslev House 204 London Road Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7AN England

The principal place of business is: The Old Hayloft 28C Headley Road Grayshott

Hindhead

Surrey

GU26 6LD

England

Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

25% - straight line basis

Office equipment

25% - straight line basis

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, analysed by category was as follows:

27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017 No.

Administration and support

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation Additions	8,816	8,816
At 30 April 2017	8,816	8,816
Depreciation Charge for the	2,204	2,204
At 30 April 2017	2,204	2,204
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2017	6,612	6,612
5 Investments Investments in subsidiaries		2017 £ 5,000
	_	
Subsidiaries		£
Cost or valuation Additions		5,000
Provision		
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2017	_	5,000
6 Stocks		2017 £
Work in progress		61,725

7 Debtors

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

		2017 £
Trade debtors		12,060
Other debtors		3,548
Total current trade and other debtors	_	15,608
8 Creditors		
	Note	2017 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors		(451)
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	9	334
Taxation and social security		17,982
Other creditors		52,509
		70,374

9 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

2017	Repayments by director £	At 30 April 2017 ₤
Mr Richard Anthony Dixon		
Directors loan account	2,371	2,371
Mr Robert Owen Searle		
Directors loan account	2,451	2,451

Other transactions with directors

The directors loan account balances are owed to the directors at the balance sheet date. The loans are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

10 Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year the company has presented its financial statements under Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The last financial statements, for the year ended, were prepared under the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective January 2015 (FRSSE 2015). The transition date to FRS 102 was 27

April 2016.

There were no material adjustments required on transition to FRS102 and as such it has not been necessary to restate prior year comparatives following the implementation of FRS102.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.