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PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

of

STUDIO SR LTD

(company number 10128711) (the Company)

Circulation Date: 414 February 2018

Under Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006 (the **Act**), the director of the Company proposes that resolutions 1 and 2 below are passed as an ordinary resolution and resolutions 3 and 4 below are passed as a special resolution (together, the **Resolutions**).

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

1. THAT in addition to all existing and unexercised authorities and powers, the directors of the Company are generally, unconditionally and irrevocably authorised for the purposes of section 551 of the Act and the Company's articles of association, to exercise all or any of the powers of the Company to allot A ordinary shares in the Company up to an aggregate nominal amount of £250 to such persons at such times and generally on such terms and conditions as the directors may determine. This authority will, unless renewed by the Company, expire on 1474 February 2023, but the Company may make an offer or agreement before this authority expires which would or might require shares to be allotted after it has expired and the directors may allot shares under any such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the authority conferred by this resolution has expired.

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

- 3. **THAT** subject to the passing of resolution 1 above and in accordance with section 570 of the Act, the directors be and are hereby generally empowered to allot equity securities (as defined in section 560 of the Act) pursuant to the authority conferred by resolution 1 above, as if section 561(1) of the Act did not apply to any such allotments, provided that this power shall:
 - 3.1 be limited to the allotment of equity securities up to an aggregate of the nominal amounts referred to in resolution 1 above, and
 - expire on 4th February 2023 (unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company prior to or on that date), save that the Company may, before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of any such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the power conferred by this resolution has expired.
- 4. **THAT** with immediate effect, the draft articles of association attached to the Resolutions be adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the Company's existing articles of association.

The undersigned, being the sole person entitled to vote on the Resolutions on the Circulation Date, hereby irrevocably agrees to the Resolutions:

Signed by SERENA REES

SAAM ROD.

14TH FEBRUAR - 2-18

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

STUDIO SR LTD

Company No 10128711

Company number 10128711 THE COMPANIES ACT 2006 PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

STUDIO SR LTD

(Adopted by special resolution passed on 14 February 2018)

INTRODUCTION

1. Interpretation

1.1 The following definitions and rules of interpretation apply in these Articles:

A Ordinary Shares: the A ordinary shares of £0.01 each in the capital of the Company

Act: the Companies Act 2006.

Acting in Concert: has the meaning given to it in the City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers (as amended).

Adoption Date: the date of adoption of these Articles.

Articles: the Company's articles of association for the time being in force.

Available Profits: profits available for distribution within the meaning of part 23 of the Act.

Board: the board of directors of the Company as constituted from time to time.

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in England when banks in London are open for business.

Chairman: has the meaning given to it in article 4.11.

Company: means Studio SR LTD (Company number 10128711).

Company's Lien: has the meaning given to it in article 21.1.

connected: has the meaning given in section 252 of the Act.

Controlling Interest: an interest in Shares giving the holder or holders control of 50% or more of the outstanding voting share capital of the Company.

Deemed Transfer Notice: a Transfer Notice which is deemed to have been served by any of the provisions of these Articles.

Directors: the directors of the Company from time to time.

Eligible Director: means a Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of Directors (but excluding any Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter).

Employee Share Scheme: has the meaning given to it in the Investment Agreement.

Family Trust: as regards any particular Shareholder who is an individual (or deceased or former Shareholder who is an individual) any trust (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust or other instrument by whomsoever or wheresoever made, or under a testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which no immediate beneficial interest in any of the Shares in question is for the time being vested in any person other than the particular Shareholder and/or any of the Privileged Relations of that Shareholder (and so that for this purpose a person shall be considered to be beneficially interested in a Share if such Share or the income thereof is liable to be transferred or paid or applied or appointed to or for the benefit of any such person or any voting or other rights attaching thereto are exercisable by or as directed by any such person pursuant to the terms of the relevant trusts or in consequence of an exercise of a power or discretion conferred thereby on any person or persons).

Financial Year: an accounting reference period (as defined in section 391 of the Act) of the Company.

Fund Manager: a person whose principal business is to make, manage or advise upon investments in securities.

Group: the Company, any subsidiary or any holding company from time to time of the Company, and any subsidiary from time to time of a holding company of the Company from time to time, and **Group Company**: shall be construed accordingly.

holding company: has the meaning given in article 1.11.

Investment Agreement: the investment agreement dated on or around the Adoption Date between, amongst others, the Company and the Investors (as the same may have been varied, supplemented, adhered to or superseded in accordance with its terms for the time being).

Investor Consent: consent (in written form) given from the holder(s) for the time being of more than 50% by nominal value of all A Ordinary Shares.

Investor Director: the director appointed by the Investors and their Permitted Transferees in accordance with article 3.2.

Investors: has the meaning given to it in the Investment Agreement.

Lien Enforcement Notice: means a notice in writing which complies with the requirements of article 22.2.

Member of the Same Group: as regards any company, a company which is from time to time a holding company or a subsidiary of that company or a subsidiary of any such holding company.

Member of the Same Fund Group: if the Shareholder is a fund, partnership, company, syndicate or other entity whose business is managed by a Fund Manager (an **Investment Fund**) or a nominee of that person:

- (a) any participant or partner in or member of any such Investment Fund or the holders of any unit trust which is a participant or partner in or member of any Investment Fund (but only in connection with the dissolution of the Investment Fund or any distribution of assets of the Investment Fund pursuant to the operation of the Investment Fund in the ordinary course of business);
- (b) any Investment Fund managed by that Fund Manager;
- (c) any trustee, nominee or custodian of such Investment Fund and vice versa;
- (d) the Fund Manager of that Investment Fund and vice versa; or
- (e) any Member of the same Group as that Fund Manager.

Model Articles: the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 to The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (*SI 2008/3229*), as amended prior to the Adoption Date.

New Securities: any shares or other securities convertible into, or carrying the right to subscribe for, those shares issued by the Company after the Adoption Date (other than shares or securities described in article 12.9).

Ordinary Shares: the ordinary shares of £0.01 each in the capital of the Company.

Original Shareholder: has the meaning given in article 14.1.

Permitted Transfer: a transfer of Shares made in accordance with article 14.

Permitted Transferee: in relation to:

- (a) a Shareholder who is an individual, any of his Privileged Relations or the trustee(s) of a Family Trust;
- (b) a Shareholder which is a company, a Member of the Same Group as that company; and
- (c) a Shareholder which is an Investment Fund, to (i) a Member of the Same Fund Group as that Shareholder, or (ii) a Member of the Same Group as that Shareholder, or (iii) any nominee of that Shareholder (or of a Member of the Same Fund Group as that Shareholder).

Privileged Relation: in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual (or a deceased or former Shareholder who is an individual) means a spouse, civil partner (as defined in the Civil Partnerships Act 2004), child or grandchild (including step or adopted or illegitimate child and their issue).

Shareholder: a holder for the time being of any Share or Shares, but excluding any member holding Shares in treasury.

Shareholder Consent: consent (in written form) given from both the holder(s) for the time being of more than 50% by nominal value of all Ordinary Shares and the holder(s) for the time being of more than 50% by nominal value of all A Ordinary Shares.

Shares: the Ordinary Shares and A Ordinary Shares, and **Share**: shall be construed accordingly.

subsidiary: has the meaning given in article 1.11.

Transfer Notice: has the meaning given in article 15.2.

Writing or written: the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise, save that, in relation to a Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice), "writing" or "written" shall not include the sending or supply of notices, documents or information in electronic form (other than by fax).

- 1.2 Headings in these Articles shall not affect the interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.3 Unless the context otherwise requires, words in the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular.
- 1.4 Unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to one gender shall include a reference to the other genders.
- 1.5 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles (but excluding any statutory modification of them not in force on the Adoption Date).
- 1.6 A reference in these Articles to:
 - (a) an Article is a reference to the relevant numbered article of these Articles; and
 - (b) a model article is a reference to the relevant article,

unless expressly provided otherwise.

1.7 A reference to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as amended, extended or re-enacted from time to time. A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all subordinate legislation made from time to time under that statute or statutory provision.

- 1.8 Any words following the terms **including**, **include**, **in particular**, **for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words, description, definition, phrase or term preceding those terms.
- 1.9 Where the context permits, **other** and **otherwise** are illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding them.
- 1.10 A reference in these Articles to a holder, or the holder(s), of Shares or any class of Shares as the case may be shall, in each case, be deemed to exclude the Company holding Shares in treasury from time to time, and a reference in these Articles to issued Shares of any class shall exclude any Shares of that class held in treasury from time to time.
- 1.11 A reference to a **holding company** or a **subsidiary** means a holding company or a subsidiary (as the case may be) as defined in section 1159 of the Act [and for the purposes only of the membership requirement contained in sections 1159(1)(b) and (c), a company shall be treated as a member of another company even if its shares in that other company are registered in the name of:
 - (a) another person (or its nominee), by way of security or in connection with the taking of security; or
 - (b) its nominee.

In the case of a limited liability partnership which is a subsidiary of a company or another limited liability partnership, section 1159 of the Act shall be amended so that: (a) references in sections 1159(1)(a) and (c) to voting rights are to the members' rights to vote on all or substantially all matters which are decided by a vote of the members of the limited liability partnership; and (b) the reference in section 1159(1)(b) to the right to appoint or remove a majority of its board of directors is to the right to appoint or remove members holding a majority of the voting rights.

2. Adoption of the Model Articles

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Model articles 7, 8, 9(4), 11(2) and (3), 14, 17(2) and (3), 26(5), 38, 39, 44(4) and 51 to 53 (inclusive) shall not apply to the Company.

- 2.3 Model article 20 shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and the secretary" before the words "properly incur".
- 2.4 Model article 29 shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name".

DIRECTORS

3. Number of directors; Investor Director

- 3.1 Save with Investor Consent, the number of Directors shall not be less than one nor more than five.
- 3.2 For so long as the Investors and their Permitted Transferees hold 10% or more of the Company's issued voting Shares, they shall have the right to appoint and maintain in office one natural person as the Investors and their Permitted Transferees may from time to time direct as an Investor Director and to remove any director so appointed and, upon his removal whether by the Investors and their Permitted Transferees or otherwise, to appoint another person to act as an Investor Director in his place.
- 3.3 Appointment and removal of the Investor Director shall be in the form of an Investor Consent and by written notice to the Company which shall take effect on delivery at its registered office or at any meeting of the Board or, if later, the date (if any) specified in such notice.

4. Proceedings of directors

- 4.1 Any decision of the Directors must be taken at a meeting of Directors in accordance with these Articles or must be a decision taken in accordance with article 4.2 (subject to article 4.3 and article 4.4). All decisions made at any meeting of the Directors (or any committee of the Directors) shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- 4.2 A unanimous decision of the Directors is taken when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 4.3 A decision taken in accordance with article 4.2 may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- A decision may not be taken in accordance with article 4.2 if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a Directors' meeting to vote on the matter in accordance with article 4.6 and article 4.7.

- Any Director may call a meeting of the Directors by giving notice of the meeting to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice. Notice of a Directors' meeting need not be given to Directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company at any time before or after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it.
- 4.6 The quorum for any meeting (or, where specified below, part of a meeting) of the Directors shall be two Eligible Directors provided that, if any meeting is adjourned for lack of quorum, at the reconvened meeting any one Eligible Director shall be required for the meeting to be quorate. Any meeting adjourned in accordance with this article shall be adjourned to such time and place (being not less than five (5) Business Days after the date of the original meeting) as may be agreed by the Directors present and notified to the other Directors.
- 4.7 If the number of Directors in office for the time being is less than two, the Director in office must not take any decision other than a decision to:
 - (a) appoint further Directors; or
 - (b) call a general meeting so as to enable the Shareholders to appoint further Directors.
- 4.8 Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. If there is an equality of votes, the Chairman (or other chairman of the meeting) shall not have a second or casting vote.
- 4.9 Where decisions of the Directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the Directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.
- 4.10 The Directors may appoint any person as chairman of the Board (**Chairman**) and may, remove and replace any such Chairman

5. Appointment and removal of directors

Model article 18 shall be modified by the addition of the following events upon the occurrence of which a person shall cease to be a Director:

- (a) he is convicted of a criminal offence (other than a minor motoring offence) and a majority of the other Directors resolve that he cease to be a Director; and
- (b) in the case of an executive Director only, he shall cease to be employed by the Company or other Group Company (as appropriate) and does not continue as an employee of any other Group Company.

6. Transactions or other arrangements with the Company

Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the Act, a Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:

- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
- (b) shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the Directors (or committee of the Directors) in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- (c) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of Directors (or of a committee of the Directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- (d) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director;
- (e) may be a Director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- (f) shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any such transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act.

7. Directors' conflicts

- 7.1 The Directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this article 7, authorise any matter or situation proposed to them by any Director which would, if not authorised, involve a Director (an Interested Director) breaching his duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid conflicts of interest (Conflict).
- 7.2 Any authorisation under this article 7 will be effective only if the matter in question shall have been proposed by any Director for consideration in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the Directors under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the Directors may determine.

- 7.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article 7, it shall not be made a condition of any authorisation under this article 7 that the Interested Director shall be restricted from voting or counting in the quorum at any meeting of the Directors or that he shall be required to disclose, use or apply confidential information as described in article 7.4(e).
- 7.4 Any authorisation of a Conflict under this article 7 may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
 - (a) extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
 - (b) provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the Directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
 - (c) provide that the Interested Director shall or shall not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the Directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
 - (d) impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the Directors think fit;
 - (e) provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a Director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
 - (f) permit the Interested Director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the Directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the Directors to the extent they relate to such matters.
- 7.5 Where the Directors authorise a Conflict, the Interested Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the Directors in relation to the Conflict.
- 7.6 The Directors may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time, but this will not affect anything done by the Interested Director, prior to such revocation or variation, in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.
- 7.7 A Director is not required, by reason of being a Director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a Director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with these Articles or by the Company in general meeting (subject in each

case to any terms and conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

8. Secretary

The Directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the Directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the Directors.

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

9. Share Capital

- 9.1 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, the Ordinary Shares and A Ordinary Shares shall rank *pari passu* in all respects but shall constitute separate classes of shares.
- 9.2 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, references to shares of a particular class shall include shares allotted and/or issued after the date these Articles are adopted and ranking *pari passu* in all respects (or in all respects except only as to the date from which those shares rank for dividend) with the shares of the relevant class then in issue.
- 9.3 Subject to the Act, the Company may purchase its own Shares to the extent permitted by section 692(1ZA) of the Act.
- 9.4 Except as otherwise permitted by section 726(4) of the Act, the Company shall not exercise any right in respect of any Shares held in treasury, including any right to:
 - (a) receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company;
 - (b) receive or vote on any proposed written resolution; and
 - (c) receive a dividend or other distribution.

10. Dividends

- 10.1 In respect of any Financial Year, the Available Profits of the Company shall be used to pay dividends as set out in this article 10.
- 10.2 Subject to article 10.5, any Available Profits which the Company may determine to distribute in respect of any Financial Year will be distributed among the holders of the

Shares (pari passu as if they constituted Shares of the same class) pro rata to their respective holdings of Shares.

- 10.3 Subject to the Act, the Directors may pay interim dividends provided that the Available Profits of the Company justify the payment.
- 10.4 Each dividend shall be distributed to the appropriate Shareholders pro rata according to the number of Shares held by them respectively and shall accrue daily (assuming a 365 day year) as well after as before the commencement of a winding up. All dividends are expressed net and shall be paid in cash.
- 10.5 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article 10, no dividend may be paid to the Company in respect of any Shares held in treasury.

11. Variation of class rights

- 11.1 Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, the special rights attached to any such class may only be varied or abrogated (either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up) with the consent in writing of the holders of at least 75% in nominal value of the issued Shares of that class.
- 11.2 The creation of a new class of Shares which has preferential rights to one or more existing classes of Shares shall not constitute a variation of the rights of those existing classes of Shares.

12. Pre-emption rights on the issue of New Securities

- Subject to the remaining provisions of this article 12, the Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised, for the purposes of section 551 of the Act, to exercise any power of the Company to:
 - (a) offer or allot;
 - (b) grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into; and
 - (c) otherwise deal in, or dispose of,

any Shares (or any options, warrants, conversion rights and all other rights to acquire or subscribe for Shares) to any person, at any time and subject to any terms and conditions as the Directors think proper.

12.2 The authority referred to in article 12.1:

(a) shall be limited to a maximum nominal amount of £250 of A Ordinary Shares;

- (b) shall only apply insofar as the Company has not, subject to these Articles, renewed, waived or revoked it by ordinary resolution; and
- (c) may only be exercised for a period of five years from the Adoption Date save that, subject to these Articles, the Directors may make an offer or agreement which would, or might, require any Shares to be allotted after the expiry of such authority (and the Directors may allot Shares in pursuance of an offer or agreement as if such authority had not expired).
- 12.3 In accordance with section 567(1) of the Act, sections 561 and 562 of the Act shall not apply to an allotment of equity securities (as defined in section 560(1) of the Act) made by the Company.
- Subject to articles 12.8 and 12.9, before any New Securities are allotted, they must all be offered to the holders for the time being of Ordinary Shares and A Ordinary Shares (Subscribers) on the same terms and at the same price as those New Securities are being offered to other persons on a pari passu and pro rata basis to the number of Ordinary Shares and A Ordinary Shares (as if those Shares constituted one and the same class) held by those holders (as nearly as may be without involving fractions). Every offer must be made by notice and must specify:
 - (a) the type, number and class (if applicable) of New Securities offered;
 - (b) the price payable for each New Security;
 - (c) the offer period (being not less than 10 Business Days and not more than 20 Business Days) at the end of which the offer, if or to the extent not taken up, will be deemed to have been declined; and
 - (d) the persons (if already identified) to whom the Company intends to allot all or any of the New Securities if they are not applied for by the Subscribers.
- 12.5 Applications for New Securities offered in accordance with article 12.4 must be made by notice sent to the Company and must be received by the Company within the offer period set out in the Company's notice, specifying the number of New Securities applied for.
- 12.6 Each Subscriber applying for New Securities will be allotted the number applied for or, if the aggregate number applied for exceeds the number on offer, the number allocated to it in accordance with article 12.7.
- 12.7 If the aggregate number of New Securities applied for exceeds the number on offer, the New Securities on offer will be allocated to the applying Subscribers in proportion to the number of Shares held as between those applying Subscribers at the date of the offer. No applying Subscriber will be allocated more New Securities than it has applied for, but subject to this, the New Securities will be allocated to the applying Subscriber on the

- basis set out above in this article 12 (and may need to be so allocated more than once) until all New Securities are allocated.
- 12.8 The provisions of articles 12.4 to 12.7 (inclusive) may be dis-applied with Shareholder Consent.
- 12.9 The provisions of articles 12.4 to 12.7 (inclusive) shall not apply to the allotment of any New Securities (including options or shares) granted pursuant to the Employee Share Scheme.
- 12.10 No shares shall be allotted (nor any shares held in treasury be transferred) to any current or prospective employee or director of the Company, who in the opinion of the Directors is subject to taxation in the United Kingdom, unless such person shall first have entered into a joint election with the Company under section 431 of the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 if so required by the Company.

13. Transfers of shares: general

- 13.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that Share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that Share, and reference to a Share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.
- No Share shall be transferred, and the Directors shall refuse to register a transfer of any Share, unless it is made in accordance with these Articles. Subject to article 13.5, the Directors shall register any duly stamped transfer made in accordance with these Articles, unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent.
- 13.3 If a Shareholder transfers (or purports to transfer) a Share other than in accordance with these Articles, he shall be deemed to have immediately served a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by him.
- 13.4 Any transfer of a Share by way of sale which is required to be made under articles 15 to 18 (inclusive) shall be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells the Share with full title guarantee.
- 13.5 The Directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of Shares, require the transferee to execute and deliver to the Company a deed, in favour of the Company agreeing to be bound by the terms of the Investment Agreement or any shareholders' agreement (or similar document) in force between any of the Shareholders and the Company, in such form as the Directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor). If any condition is imposed in accordance with this article 13.5, the transfer

may not be registered unless and until that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee.

- 13.6 To enable the Directors to determine whether or not there has been any transfer (or purported transfer) of Shares the Directors may require:
 - (a) any holder (or the legal representatives of a deceased holder); or
 - (b) any person named as a transferee in a transfer lodged for registration; or
 - (c) such other person as the Directors may reasonably believe to have information relevant to that purpose,

to provide the Company with any information and evidence that the Directors think fit regarding any matter which they deem relevant to that purpose.

- 13.7 If any such information or evidence referred to in article 13.6 is not provided to enable the Directors to determine to their reasonable satisfaction that no breach has occurred, or that as a result of the information and evidence provided the Directors are reasonably satisfied that a breach has occurred, the Directors shall immediately notify the holder of such Shares of that fact in writing and, if the holder fails to remedy that situation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Directors within 10 Business Days of receipt of such written notice, then, unless otherwise acting with Shareholder Consent:
 - (a) the relevant Shares shall cease to confer on the holder of them any rights:
 - to vote (whether on a show of hands, on a poll or otherwise and whether in person, by proxy or otherwise), including in respect of any resolution of any class of Shares;
 - (ii) to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those Shares; or
 - (iii) to participate in any future issue of Shares; and
 - (b) the Directors may, by notice in writing to the relevant holder, determine that a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of some or all of his Shares with effect from the date of service of the notice (or such later date as may be specified in such notice).

The Directors may reinstate the rights referred to in article 13.7(a) at any time and, in any event, such rights shall be reinstated in respect of any Shares transferred pursuant to article 13.7(b) on completion of such transfer.

13.8 Unless expressly provided otherwise in these Articles, if a Transfer Notice is deemed to have been given under these Articles, the Deemed Transfer Notice shall be treated as having specified that the Seller wishes to transfer all the Shares held by him (including

- any Shares acquired after the date the relevant Transfer Notice is deemed given but before completion of the transfer of Shares pursuant to the relevant Transfer Notice).
- 13.9 Any Transfer Notice (but not an Offer Notice (as defined in article 17) or a Drag Along Notice (as defined in article 18)) served in respect of the transfer of any Share which has not completed before the date of service of a Deemed Transfer Notice shall (save with Shareholder Consent to the contrary) automatically be revoked by the service of a Deemed Transfer Notice.

14. Permitted transfers of shares

- 14.1 A Shareholder (the **Original Shareholder**) may transfer all or any of his or its Shares to a Permitted Transferee without any price or other restriction and any such transfer shall be registered by the Board.
- 14.2 Where Shares are held by the trustee(s) of a Family Trust, the trustee(s) may transfer Shares to:
 - (a) the Original Shareholder;
 - (b) any Privileged Relation(s) of the Original Shareholder;
 - (c) subject to article **14.3**, the trustee(s) of another Family Trust of which the Original Shareholder is the Settlor; or
 - (d) subject to article 14.3, to the new (or remaining) trustee(s) upon a change of trustee(s) of a Family Trust,

without any price or other restriction.

- 14.3 A transfer of Shares may only be made to the trustee(s) of a Family Trust if the Directors are satisfied:
 - (a) with the terms of the trust instrument and, in particular, with the powers of the trustee(s);
 - (b) with the identity of the proposed trustee(s);
 - (c) that the proposed transfer will not result in 50% or more of the aggregate of the Company's equity share capital being held by trustees of that and any other trusts; and
 - (d) that no costs incurred in connection with the setting up or administration of that Family Trust are to be paid by the Company.
- 14.4 If the Original Shareholder is a company, and a Permitted Transfer has been made, the Permitted Transferee shall, within 15 Business Days of ceasing to be a Member of the Same Group as the Original Shareholder, transfer the Shares held by it to:

(b) a Member of the Same Group as the Original Shareholder,

(which in either case is not in liquidation), without any price or other restriction. If the Permitted Transferee fails to make a transfer in accordance with this article 14.4, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of such Shares on the expiry of the period set out in this article 14.4.

- 14.5 If the Original Shareholder is an Investment Fund (or nominee of such person) and a Permitted Transfer has been made, the Permitted Transferee shall, within 15 Business Days of ceasing to be a Member of the Same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder, transfer the Shares held by it to:
 - (a) the Original Shareholder; or
 - (b) a Member of the Same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder,

(which in either case is not in liquidation), without any price or other restriction. If the Permitted Transferee fails to make a transfer in accordance with this article 14.5, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of such Shares on the expiry of the period set out in this article 14.5.

- 14.6 If the Original Shareholder is an individual and a Permitted Transfer has been made to a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder, the Permitted Transferee (or the transmittee(s) of any such person), shall within 15 Business Days of ceasing to be a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder (whether by reason of death, divorce or otherwise) either:
 - (a) execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them; or
 - (b) give a Transfer Notice to the Company in accordance with article 15,

failing which a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of such Shares on the expiry of the period set out in this article 14.6. This article 14.6 shall not apply to a transmittee of a Permitted Transferee if that transmittee is also a Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder, to the extent that such transmittee is legally or beneficially entitled to those Shares.

14.7 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article **14**, a transfer of any Shares approved by the Directors (acting with Shareholder Consent) may be made without any price or other restriction and any such transfer shall be registered by the Directors.

15. Pre-emption rights on the transfer of shares

- 15.1 Any transfer of Shares by a Shareholder, apart from those pursuant to the operation of article 14 and certain transfers described in articles 17 and 18, shall be subject to the pre-emption rights in this article 15.
- 15.2 A Shareholder (**Seller**) wishing to transfer all or any part of his Shares (**Sale Shares**) must give notice in writing (a **Transfer Notice**) to the Company giving details of the proposed transfer including:
 - (a) the number of Sale Shares;
 - (b) if the Seller wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed buyer;
 - (c) the price (in cash) that he has agreed to sell the Sale Shares to the third party proposed buyer or if no price has been agreed, the price deemed to be fair value of the Sale Shares as agreed between the Seller and the Board (Transfer Price); and
 - (d) whether the Transfer Notice is conditional on all or a specific number of the Sale Shares being sold to other Shareholders (a "Minimum Transfer Condition").
- 15.3 Once given (or deemed to have been given) under this article, a Transfer Notice may not be withdrawn.
- 15.4 A Transfer Notice constitutes the Company as the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares in accordance with the provisions of this article 15.
- 15.5 As soon as practicable following the receipt of a Transfer Notice, the Board shall offer the Sale Shares for sale in the manner set out in the remaining provisions of this article 15 at the Transfer Price. Each offer shall be in writing and give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered. If the Sale Shares are subject to a Minimum Transfer Condition then any allocation made under this article 15 will be conditional on the fulfilment of the Minimum Transfer Condition.
- The Board shall offer the Sale Shares to all holders of Shares other than the Seller and his Permitted Transferees (**Continuing Shareholders**), inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 10 Business Days after the offer (both dates inclusive) (**First Offer Period**) for the maximum number of Sale Shares they wish to buy.

15.7 If:

(a) at the end of the First Offer Period, the total number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the

Sale Shares to each Continuing Shareholder who has applied for Sale Shares in the proportion which his existing holding of Shares bears to the total number of Shares held by those Continuing Shareholders who have applied for Sale Shares. Fractional entitlements shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number (save where such rounding would result in not all Sale Shares being allocated, in which case the allocation of any such fractional entitlements among the Continuing Shareholders who have applied for Sale Shares shall be determined by the Board). No allocation shall be made to a Continuing Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Sale Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy.

(b) not all Sale Shares are allocated following allocations in accordance with article 15.7(a), but there are applications for Sale Shares that have not been satisfied, the Board shall allocate the remaining Sale Shares to such applicant(s) in accordance with the procedure set out in article 15.7(a) The procedure set out in this article 15.7(b) shall apply on any number of consecutive occasions until either all Sale Shares have been allocated or all applications for Sale Shares have been satisfied; and

at the end of the First Offer Period, the total number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the balance (**Surplus Shares**) shall be dealt with in accordance with article 15.12.

- 15.8 If the Transfer Notice includes a Minimum Transfer Condition and the total number of Shares applied for does not meet the Minimum Transfer Condition the Board shall notify the Seller and all those to whom Sale Shares have been conditionally allocated under article 15.7 stating the condition has not been met and that the relevant Transfer Notice has lapsed with immediate effect.
- 15.9 If allocations under article 15.7 have been made in respect of some or all of the Sale Shares and either:
 - (a) the Transfer Notice does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition; or
 - (b) the Transfer Notice does include a Minimum Transfer Condition and allocations have been made in respect of all or the minimum required number of Sale Shares,

the Board shall give written notice of allocation (an **Allocation Notice**) to the Seller and each Continuing Shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (each an **Applicant**). The Allocation Notice shall specify the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant, the amount payable by each Applicant for the number of Sale Shares allocated to him (**Consideration**) and the place and time for completion of the transfer of the Sale Shares (which shall be at least 10 Business Days, but not more than 15 Business Days, after the date of the Allocation Notice).

- 15.10 On the date specified for completion in the Allocation Notice, the Seller shall, against payment of the Consideration, execute and deliver a transfer of the Sale Shares allocated to such Applicant, in accordance with the requirements specified in the Allocation Notice.
- 15.11 If the Seller fails to comply with article 15.10:
 - (a) the Chairman (or, failing him, one of the other directors, or some other person nominated by a resolution of the Board) may, as agent on behalf of the Seller:
 - (i) complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
 - receive the Consideration and give a good discharge for it (and no Applicant shall be obliged to see to the distribution of the Consideration);
 and
 - (iii) (subject to the transfers being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of members as the holders of the Sale Shares purchased by them; and
 - (b) the Company shall pay the Consideration into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) for the Seller until he has delivered his certificate(s) for the relevant Sale Shares or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Board, in respect of any lost certificate, together, in either case, with such other evidence (if any) as the Board may reasonably require to prove good title to those Sale Shares, to the Company.
- 15.12 If an Allocation Notice does not relate to all of the Sale Shares or the Transfer Notice lapses pursuant to article 15.8, subject to article 15.13 and within four weeks following service of the Allocation Notice or the date of the lapse of the Transfer Notice (as the case may be), the Seller may transfer the Surplus Shares or the Sale Shares (in the case of a lapsed offer) (as the case may be) to any person at a price at least equal to the Transfer Price. The sale of the Sale Shares following the lapse of a Transfer Notice in accordance with this article 15.12 shall continue to be subject to any Minimum Transfer Condition.
- 15.13 The Seller's right to transfer Sale Shares under article 15.12 does not apply if the Board considers, acting reasonably, that the proposed transferee is a competitor of the Company or that the proposed transfer is not bona fide.
- 15.14 The restrictions imposed by this article may be waived in relation to any proposed transfer of Sale Shares by Shareholders who, but for the waiver, would or might have been entitled to have such Sale Shares offered to them in accordance with this article 15.

16. Compulsory transfers

- 16.1 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the bankruptcy of a Shareholder (or equivalent procedure in any jurisdiction outside England and Wales) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of that Share at such time as the Directors may determine.
- 16.2 If a Shareholder which is a body corporate either suffers or resolves to appoint a liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver over it, or any material part of its assets (other than a voluntary liquidation for the purpose of a bona fide scheme of solvent amalgamation or reconstruction) or suffers or takes any equivalent action in any jurisdiction outside England and Wales, that Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by it at such time as the Directors may determine.
- 16.3 If there is a change in control (as 'control' is defined in section 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010) of any Shareholder which is a company, it shall be bound at any time, if and when required in writing by the Directors to do so, to give (or procure the giving in the case of a nominee) a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Shares registered in its name (or the name of its nominee(s)) save that, where that Shareholder acquired Shares as a Permitted Transferee of an Original Shareholder, it shall first be permitted to transfer those Shares back to the Original Shareholder from whom it received its Shares or to any other Permitted Transferee of that Original Shareholder before being required to serve a Transfer Notice.
- 16.4 Forthwith upon a Transfer Notice being deemed to be served under the article 16 the Shares subject to the relevant Deemed Transfer Notice shall cease to confer on the holder of them any rights:
 - to vote (whether on a show of hands, on a poll or otherwise and whether in person, by proxy or otherwise), including in respect of any resolution of any class of Shares;
 - (b) to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those Shares; or
 - (c) to participate in any future issue of Shares.

The Directors may reinstate the rights referred to in article 16.4 at any time and, in any event, such rights shall be reinstated in respect of any Shares transferred pursuant to article 16 on completion of such transfer.

17. Tag Along Rights

- 17.1 The provisions of this article 17 shall apply if, in one or a series of related transactions, one or more Shareholders (**Tag Seller**) propose to transfer any of the Shares (**Proposed Transfer**) which would, if carried out, result in any person (**Buyer**), and any person Acting in Concert with the Buyer, acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company.
- 17.2 Before making a Proposed Transfer, a Tag Seller shall procure that the Buyer makes an offer (Offer) to the other Shareholders to purchase all of the Shares held by them for a consideration in cash per Share that is at least equal to the highest price per Share offered or paid by the Buyer, or any person Acting in Concert with the Buyer, in the Proposed Transfer or in any related previous transaction in the 12 months preceding the date of the Proposed Transfer.
- 17.3 The Offer shall be given by written notice (Offer Notice), at least 15 Business Days (Offer Period) before the proposed sale date (Sale Date). To the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the Offer Notice shall set out:
 - (a) the identity of the Buyer;
 - (b) the purchase price and other terms and conditions of payment;
 - (c) the Sale Date; and
 - (d) the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by the Buyer (Offer Shares).
- 17.4 If the Buyer fails to make the Offer to all holders of Shares in the Company in accordance with articles 17.2 and 17.3 the Tag Seller shall not be entitled to complete the Proposed Transfer and the Company shall not (and the Shareholders shall procure that the Company shall not) register any transfer of Shares effected in accordance with the Proposed Transfer.
- 17.5 If the Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (**Accepting Shareholder**) within the Offer Period, the completion of the Proposed Transfer shall be conditional on completion of the purchase of all the Offer Shares held by Accepting Shareholders.
- 17.6 The Proposed Transfer is subject to the pre-emption provisions of article 15, but the purchase of Offer Shares from Accepting Shareholders shall not be subject to those provisions.

18. Drag Along Rights

The provisions of this article 18 shall apply if holders of more than 50% of the voting Shares (Selling Shareholders) wish to transfer their interests in the Shares (Drag Shares) to a bona fide arm's length purchaser (Proposed Buyer). The Selling Shareholders may require all other Shareholders (Called Shareholders) to sell and

- transfer all their shares to the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer directs) in accordance with the provisions of this article (**Drag Along Option**).
- 18.2 The Selling Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving written notice to that effect (**Drag Along Notice**) at any time before the transfer of the Drag Shares to the Proposed Buyer. The Drag Along Notice shall specify:
 - (a) that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (Called Shares) pursuant to this article 18;
 - (b) the person to whom the Called Shares are to be transferred;
 - (c) the consideration payable for the Called Shares (**Drag Consideration**), which shall, for each Called Share, be an amount at least equal to the price per share offered by the Proposed Buyer for the Drag Shares;
 - (d) the proposed date of the transfer; and
 - (e) the form of any sale agreement or form of acceptance or any other document of similar effect that the Called Shareholders are required to sign in connection with such sale (Sale Agreement).
- 18.3 Once issued, a Drag Along Notice shall be irrevocable. However, a Drag Along Notice shall lapse if, for any reason, the Selling Shareholders have not sold the Drag Shares to the Proposed Buyer within 15 Business Days of serving the Drag Along Notice. The Selling Shareholders may serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.
- No Drag Along Notice or Sale Agreement shall require a Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically set out in this article 18. In respect of a transaction that is the subject of a Drag Along Notice and with respect to any Drag Document (as defined below), a Called Shareholder shall only be obliged to undertake to transfer his Shares with full title guarantee (and provide an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board if so necessary) in receipt of the Drag Consideration when due and shall not be obliged to give warranties or indemnities except a warranty as to capacity to enter into a Drag Document and the full title guarantee of the Shares held by such Called Shareholder
- 18.5 Completion of the sale of the Called Shares shall take place on the Purchase Completion Date. Purchase Completion Date means the date proposed for completion of the sale of the Drag Shares unless:
 - (a) all of the Called Shareholders and the Selling Shareholders agree otherwise in which case the Purchase Completion Date shall be the date agreed in writing by all of the Called Shareholders and the Selling Shareholders; or

- (b) that date is less than 15 Business Days after the date on which the Drag Along Notice is served, in which case the Purchase Completion Date shall be 15 Business Days after service of the Drag Along Notice.
- 18.6 Within 15 Business Days of the Selling Shareholders serving a Drag Along Notice on the Called Shareholders, the Called Shareholders shall deliver:
 - (a) duly executed stock transfer forms for the Called Shares, together with the relevant share certificates (or a suitable indemnity for any lost share certificates) to the Company; and
 - (b) duly executed Sale Agreement, if applicable, in the form specified in the Drag Along Notice or as otherwise specified by the Company

(together, **Drag Documents**). On the Purchase Completion Date, the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Proposed Buyer, the Drag Consideration they are due for their Shares to the extent that the Proposed Buyer has put the Company in the requisite funds. The Company's receipt for the Drag Consideration shall be a good discharge to the Proposed Buyer. The Company shall hold the Drag Consideration in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.

- 18.7 To the extent that the Proposed Buyer has not, on the Purchase Completion Date, put the Company in funds to pay the Drag Consideration that is due, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the return of the Drag Documents for the relevant Called Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this article 18 in respect of their Shares.
- 18.8 If any Called Shareholder does not, on the Purchase Completion Date, deliver the Drag Documents in respect of all of the Called Shares held by it, the defaulting Called Shareholder shall be deemed to have irrevocably appointed any person nominated for the purpose by the Selling Shareholders to be his agent and attorney to take such actions and enter into any Drag Document or such other agreements or documents as are necessary to effect the transfer of the Called Shareholder's Shares pursuant to this article 18, against receipt by the Company (on trust for such holder) of the Drag Consideration payable for the Called Shares, to deliver such Drag Documents to the Proposed Buyer (or as they may direct) as the holder thereof. After the Proposed Buyer (or its nominee) has been registered as the holder, the validity of such proceedings shall not be questioned by any such person. Failure to produce a share certificate shall not impede the registration of shares under this article 18.
- 18.9 Following the issue of a Drag Along Notice, on any person becoming a Shareholder of the Company pursuant to the exercise of a pre-existing option to acquire shares in the Company or on the conversion of any convertible security of the Company (a **New Shareholder**), a Drag Along Notice shall be deemed to have been served on the New

Shareholder on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice. The New Shareholder shall then be bound to sell and transfer all Shares acquired by it to the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer may direct) and the provisions of under this article 18 shall apply with the necessary changes to the New Shareholder, except that completion of the sale of the Shares shall take place immediately on the Drag Along Notice being deemed served on the New Shareholder.

18.10 The rights of pre-emption set out in article 15 shall apply to any transfer of Shares to a Proposed Buyer (or as it may direct) by a Selling Shareholder. However, following compliance with the process of pre-emption rights set out in article 15, any transfer of Shares to a Proposed Buyer pursuant to a sale in respect of which a Drag Along Notice has been duly served shall not be subject to the pre-emption provisions of article 15.

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

19. General meetings

- 19.1 No business other than, subject to article 19.2, the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.
- 19.2 The Chairman shall chair general meetings. If there is no Chairman in office for the time being, or the Chairman is unable to attend any general meeting, the Directors present (or, if no Directors are present, the meeting) must appoint another Director present at the meeting (or, if no Directors are present, a Shareholder) to chair the meeting and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

20. Voting

- 20.1 Subject to any other provisions in these Articles concerning voting rights, each Share in the Company shall carry the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company.
- 20.2 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 20.3 Model article 44(3) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that model article.
- 20.4 Model article 45(1) shall be amended by:
 - (a) the deletion of model article 45(1)(d) and its replacement with the words "is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at

(b) the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the Directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that model article.

21. Company's Lien over Shares

- 21.1 The Company has a lien (the **Company's Lien**) over every Share which is registered in the name of a person indebted or under any liability to the Company, whether he is the sole registered holder of the Share or one of several joint holders, for all monies payable by him (either alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, whether payable immediately or at some time in the future.
- 21.2 The Company's Lien over a share:
 - (a) takes priority over any third party's interest in that Share; and
 - (b) extends to any dividend or other money payable by the Company in respect of that Share and (if the lien is enforced and the Share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that Share.

The Directors may at any time decide that a Share which is or would otherwise be subject to the Company's Lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part.

22. Enforcement of the Company's Lien

- 22.1 Subject to the provisions of this article 22, if:
 - (a) a Lien Enforcement Notice has been given in respect of a Share; and
 - (b) the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it,

the Company may sell that Share in such manner as the Directors decide.

22.2 A Lien Enforcement Notice:

- (a) may only be given in respect of a Share which is subject to the Company's Lien and in respect of a sum payable to the Company for which the due date for payment has passed;
- (b) must specify the Share concerned;

- (c) must require payment of the sum within 14 clear days of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires);
- (d) must be addressed either to the holder of the Share or to a transmittee of that holder; and
- (e) must state the Company's intention to sell the Share if the notice is not complied with
- 22.3 Where Shares are sold under this article 22:
 - (a) the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to the purchaser or to a person nominated by the purchaser; and
 - (b) the transferee is not bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.
- 22.4 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the Company's Lien) must be applied:
 - (a) first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice; and
 - (b) second, to the person entitled to the Shares at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the Shares sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation, or an indemnity in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Directors has been given for any lost certificates, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's Lien over the Shares before the sale for any money payable by that person (or his estate or any joint holder of the shares) after the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice.

A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been sold to satisfy the Company's Lien on a specified date:

- (c) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
- (d) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the Articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the Share.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

23. Means of communication to be used

23.1 Subject to article **23.3**, any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on, or delivered to, the intended recipient:

- (a) if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt or at the time the notice, document or other information is left at the address; or
- (b) if sent by fax, at the time of transmission; or
- if sent by pre-paid first class post, recorded delivery or special delivery to an address in the United Kingdom, at 9.00 am on the second Business Day after posting; or
- (d) if sent by pre-paid airmail to an address outside the country from which it is sent, at 9.00 am on the fifth Business Day after posting; or
- (e) if sent by reputable international overnight courier to an address outside the country from which it is sent, on signature of a delivery receipt; or
- (f) if sent or supplied by email, one hour after the notice, document or information was sent or supplied; or
- (g) if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website; and
- (h) if deemed receipt under the previous paragraphs of this article 23.1 would occur outside business hours (meaning 9.00 am to 5.30 pm Monday to Friday on a day that is not a public holiday in the place of deemed receipt), at 9.00 on the day when business next starts in the place of deemed receipt. For the purposes of this article, all references to time are to local time in the place of deemed receipt.
- 23.2 To prove service, it is sufficient to prove that:
 - (a) if delivered by hand or by reputable international overnight courier, the notice was delivered to the correct address; or
 - (b) if sent by fax, a transmission report was received confirming that the notice was successfully transmitted to the correct fax number; or
 - (c) if sent by post or by airmail, the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, paid for and posted; or
 - (d) if sent by email, the notice was properly addressed and sent to the email address of the recipient.
- 23.3 A Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice) may not be served or delivered in electronic form (other than by fax), or by means of a website.
- 23.4 In proving that any notice, document or information was properly addressed, it will suffice to show that the notice, document or information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

24. Indemnity and insurance

- 24.1 Subject to article **24.2**, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Relevant Officer is otherwise entitled:
 - (a) each Relevant Officer shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a Relevant Officer in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation thereto, including any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted, or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part, or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a Relevant Officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's (or other Group Company's) affairs; and
 - (b) the Company may provide any Relevant Officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 24.1 and otherwise may take any action to enable such Relevant Officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.
- 24.2 This article **24** does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law.
- 24.3 The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any Relevant Officer in respect of any Relevant Loss.

24.4 In this article **24**:

- (a) Relevant Loss means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a Relevant Officer in connection with that Relevant Officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company (or other Group Company) or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company (or other Group Company); and
- (b) Relevant Officer means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of any Group Company, but excluding in each case any person engaged by a Group Company as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor.

25. Data protection

25.1 Each of the Shareholders and Directors (from time to time) consents to the processing of his personal data by the Company, its Shareholders and Directors (each a **Recipient**) for the purposes of due diligence exercises, compliance with applicable laws, regulations and procedures and the exchange of information amongst themselves. A Recipient may process such personal data either electronically or manually.

- The personal data that may be processed for such purposes under this article 25 shall include any information which may have a bearing on the prudence or commercial merits of investing in, or disposing of any Shares (or other investment or security) in, the Company. Save as required by law, court order or any regulatory authority, that personal data shall not be disclosed by a Recipient or any other person, except to:
 - (a) a Member of the Same Group as the Recipient (each a Recipient Group Company);
 - (b) employees, directors and professional advisers of that Recipient or any Recipient Group Company; and
 - (c) funds managed by any of the Recipient Group Companies.
- 25.3 Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent (from time to time) to the transfer of such personal data to persons acting on behalf of any Recipient and to the offices of any Recipient, both within and outside the European Economic Area, for the purposes stated above, where it is necessary or desirable to do so.