

REGISTERED NUMBER: 10094474 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

FOR

AA & KS HOLDINGS LIMITED

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	31.3.20 £	31.3.19 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	4	240,000	255,000
Tangible assets	5	<u>363,597</u>	<u>369,032</u>
		<u>603,597</u>	<u>624,032</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	-	5,000
Investments	7	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
		100	5,100
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(105,516)</u>	<u>(115,362)</u>
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(105,416)</u>	<u>(110,262)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		498,181	513,770
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	<u>(524,368)</u>	<u>(535,669)</u>
NET LIABILITIES		<u>(26,187)</u>	<u>(21,899)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		<u>(26,287)</u>	<u>(21,999)</u>
		<u>(26,187)</u>	<u>(21,899)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued
31 MARCH 2020

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 19 December 2020 and were signed by:

K Kanagasabai - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

AA & KS HOLDINGS LIMITED is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address are as below:

Registered number:	10094474
Registered office:	5 Carlisle Street Dresden Stoke-On-Trent Staffordshire ST43 4HL

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(i) Useful economic lives of tangible assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are re-assessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets. See tangible assets note for the carrying amount of the assets and the accounting policy for the useful economic lives for each class of assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business.

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings	- 15% reducing balance
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Depreciation on freehold buildings is not provided as any uncharged depreciation for the year and any accumulated uncharged depreciation, would be immaterial in aggregate as a result of the company's policy to maintain its properties in good condition, which substantially prolongs their useful economic life and the estimated high residual value of the properties.

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purpose of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash- generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash- generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020
2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued
Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2019 - 1) .

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £
COST	
At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	<u>300,000</u>
AMORTISATION	
At 1 April 2019	45,000
Amortisation for year	<u>15,000</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>60,000</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2020	<u>240,000</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>255,000</u>

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	<u>332,799</u>	<u>59,000</u>	<u>391,799</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 April 2019	-	22,767	22,767
Charge for year	-	<u>5,435</u>	<u>5,435</u>
At 31 March 2020	-	<u>28,202</u>	<u>28,202</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 March 2020	<u>332,799</u>	<u>30,798</u>	<u>363,597</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>332,799</u>	<u>36,233</u>	<u>369,032</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	31.3.20	31.3.19
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>-</u>	<u>5,000</u>

7. CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS

	31.3.20	31.3.19
	£	£
Shares in group undertakings	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31.3.20	31.3.19
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,073	9,149
Amounts owed to group undertakings	40,443	46,213
Other creditors	55,000	60,000
	<u>105,516</u>	<u>115,362</u>

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	31.3.20	31.3.19
	£	£
Bank loans	142,009	153,639
Other creditors	382,359	382,030
	<u>524,368</u>	<u>535,669</u>

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Transactions with directors are under normal market conditions and or not material.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from the disclosures required by paragraph 33.1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 regarding transactions between fellow group companies.

11. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There were no material events up to the date of approval of the financial statements by the board.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.