NATIONAL COLLEGE FOR NUCLEAR

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 JULY 2023

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)



ArmstrongWatson®

Accountants, Business & Financial Advisers

THURSDAY



14/03/2024 COMPANIES HOUSE

#254

NATIONAL COLLEGE FOR NUCLEAR

(A Company Limited by Guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 10064231

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JULY 2023

	Note		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		5,069		12,209
		-	5,069	_	12,209
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	32,195		11,899	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	95,603		207,487	
	-	127,798	_	219,386	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(32,515)		(72,256)	
Net current assets	_		95,283		147,130
Total assets less current liabilities		-	100,352	-	159,339
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(7,813)	·	(22,052)
Net assets		-	92,539	=	137,287
Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account			92,539		137,287
		-	92,539	_	137,287

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr C D Nattress

Director

Date:

92 2 24

NATIONAL COLLEGE FOR NUCLEAR (A Company Limited by Guarantee)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2023

1. General information

National College for Nuclear is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 10064231. Its registered office and principal place of business is Lakes College West Cumbria, Hallwood Road, Lillyhall, Workington CA14 4JN.

The principal activity of the company is to develop educational curricula in the field of nuclear energy further education.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The Directors of the Company consider that the going concern basis is appropriate when preparing the financial statements with the net current assets of £95,283, net assets of £92,539, and cash reserves of £95,603.

The have considered the strong position of the company and anticipated future cash flows, and consider that the use of the going concern basis is appropriate.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Website

3 years straight line

2.6 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2022 - 0).

NATIONAL COLLEGE FOR NUCLEAR (A Company Limited by Guarantee)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2023

4. Intangible assets

5.

6.

		Website £
Cost At 1 August 2022		21,422
At 31 July 2023		21,422
Amortisation At 1 August 2022 Charge for the year on owned assets		9,213 7,140
At 31 July 2023	•	16,353
Net book value		
At 31 July 2023	_	5,069
At 31 July 2022	,	12,209
Debtors		
	2023 £	2022 £
Trade debtors	10,800	-
Other debtors	14,969	4,034
Prepayments and accrued income	6,426	7,865
	32,195	11,899
Cook and each aguinalants		
Cash and cash equivalents	•	
•	2023 £	2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	95,603	207,487
	95,603	207,487

NATIONAL COLLEGE FOR NUCLEAR (A Company Limited by Guarantee)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2023

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		2023 £	2022 £
	Trade creditors	8,775	22,116
	Corporation tax	-	28,414
	Accruals and deferred income	23,740	21,726
		32,515	72,256
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2023 £	2022 £
	Trade creditors	7,813	16,345
	Accruals and deferred income	-	5,707
		7,813	22,052
	•		

9. Company status

The company is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the company in the event of liquidation.

10. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2023 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 12 More 2024 by Karen Rae FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Armstrong Watson Audit Limited.