

Company Registration No. 10012282

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2020

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TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2020

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TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2020

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

G J Mathers
R S Yadava
A Malhotra

REGISTERED OFFICE

Lennox Road
Basingstoke
Hampshire
RG22 4AW

BANKERS

HSBC Bank plc
27th Floor
8 Canada Square
London
E14 5HQ

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP
400 Capability Green
Luton
LU1 3LU

STRATEGIC REPORT

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is that of an investment company. The company expects to continue current activities.

The profit on ordinary activities after taxation for the period was \$219,352,000, (2019: \$1,000), representing dividends received and interest income from fellow group undertakings during the year.

The Fortive Group manages its Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) at a segmental and geographical level. As this is an investment company, there are no relevant KPIs in respect of this entity.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Risk management is integrated into the process of planning and performance management at a Group level and is monitored by Fortive Group through quarterly performance reviews. Company level risks have been considered and classified as credit risk, liquidity risk and investment risk.

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument causes the company to suffer a financial loss by failing to discharge its obligations. Company policies are aimed at minimising such losses which are mitigated to a certain extent through all receivables being due from entities that are part of the Fortive group, which has significant resources. However, the company does continuously review its exposure to debtors to ensure the carrying value is appropriate.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations as they fall due. This risk is mitigated by the availability of subsidiary entities to distribute dividends as and when required and through the support of the ultimate parent undertaking, Fortive Corporation.

Investment risk is the risk that the value of the company's investments could be adversely affected by changes in the underlying business of the companies. The company actively monitors the performance and underlying value of its investments, which are also monitored by the Fortive group, and where any impairment indicators occur will consider whether an impairment is required.

S172 COMPANIES ACT 2006

Section 172(1) Statement

The revised UK Corporate Governance Code was published in July 2018 and applies to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 require Directors to explain how they considered the interests of key stakeholders and the broader matters set out in section 172(1) (A) to (F) of the Companies Act 2006 ('S172') when performing their duty to promote the success of the Company under S172.

This S172 statement, explains how the Directors:

- a) have engaged with employees, suppliers, customers and others; and
- b) have had regard to employee interests, the need to foster the company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and other, and the effect of that regards, including on the principal decisions taken by the company during the financial year.

The S172 statement focuses on matters of strategic importance to the Company, and the level of information disclosed is consistent with the size and the complexity of the business.

STRATEGIC REPORT

General confirmation of Director's duties

The Board has a clear framework for determining the matters within its remit and certain financial and strategic thresholds have been determined to identify matters requiring Board consideration and approval. The Delegation of Authority sets out the delegation and approval process across the broader business.

When making decisions, each Director ensures that he/she acts in the way he/she considers, in good faith, would most likely promote the Company's success for the benefit of its members as a whole, and in doing so have regard (among other matters) to:

S172(1) (A) "The likely consequences of any decision in the long term"

The company is part of the Fortive group which is a global group of companies listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and all of its shares are held internally within the Fortive group. The Fortive group and all of its subsidiaries embrace the Fortive Business System into its core values. The business and its Directors embody the core values of building the best team, continuously improving and driving innovation and this is included in each decision made in the short or long term.

S172(1) (C) "The need to foster the company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others"

Delivering the Company's strategy requires strong mutually beneficial relationships with suppliers, customers and government. The Company seeks the promotion and application of sound corporate governance principles in such relationships, and which governs the Company's approach to investment opportunities and reorganisations of its investment portfolio. The Company continuously assess the priorities related to those with whom it does business, and the Board is involved in this process through business strategy updates and considering investment or divestment proposals. Moreover, the Directors receive information updates on a variety of topics that indicate and inform how these stakeholders have been engaged. These range from information provided from the Finance and/or Legal Department (e.g. internal reorganisation proposals) to information provided by the Financial Planning and Analysis Department (related to business strategies and investment or divestment proposals).

S172(1) (D) "The impact of the company's operations on the community and the environment"

The Board receives information on these topics to both provide relevant information for specific Board decisions (e.g. those related to specific strategic initiatives such as investment or divestment proposals, business strategy reviews, etc.) and to provide ongoing overviews (e.g., regular reports from internal audit).

S172(1) (E) "The desirability of the company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct"

The Company abides by Fortive's Standards of Conduct, Ethics and Compliance. This ensures high standards of business conduct are maintained both within the Company and its business relationships.

S172(1) (F) "The need to act fairly as between members of the company"

After weighing up all relevant factors, the Directors consider which course of action best enables delivery of the Company's strategy through the long-term, taking into consideration the impact on stakeholders. In doing so, the Directors act fairly as between the Company's members but are not required to balance the Company's interest with those of other stakeholders, and this can sometimes mean that certain stakeholder interests may not be fully aligned.

STRATEGIC REPORT

Principal decisions

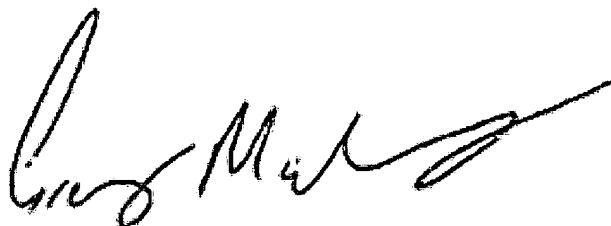
Below, we outline the principal decision made by the Board over the year, explain how the Directors have engaged with, or in relation to, the different key stakeholders and how stakeholder interests were considered over the course of decision-making.

- **Dividend income from subsidiary investments**
During the year, the Board called on its subsidiary to pay a dividend to give the company sufficient income to cover its dividend obligations to its parent. In doing so it considered the impact on the investments' own affordability, cashflow and solvency concerns.

STREAMLINED ENERGY AND CARBON REPORTING (SECR)

The company is an investment company and is a low energy user therefore it is not required to make detailed disclosures of energy and carbon usage.

On behalf of the Board

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'G J Mathers', with a stylized flourish at the end.

G J Mathers

Director

Date: 09 September 2021

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year to 31 December 2020.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

T M Sinkinson	(resigned 7 April 2020)
D A J Rodgers	(resigned 7 April 2020)
R S Yadava	
N J C Blomfield	(appointed 7 April 2020, resigned 11 June 2021)
G J Mathers	(appointed 7 April 2020)

Subsequent to the year end the following was appointed as director:

A Malhotra	(appointed 13 May 2021)
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COVID-19 AND GOING CONCERN

During the year, the COVID-19 pandemic has spread across the world. The COVID-19 pandemic has, at the time of approving these financial statements, had no direct impact on the Company. The company is an investment holding company with its risks residing mainly in the value of its investments compared to the carrying value of such investments at the balance sheet date. The company will continue to monitor the value of its investments compared to their carrying value.

The company is in a sound financial position as is indicated by the level of its net assets. The company is capable of declaring dividends in its subsidiaries in order to meet its short term liabilities if necessary. The intercompany loan creditor was settled by a dividend in specie post year end. The company also has the support of the parent undertaking, Fortive Corporation, who have issued a letter indicating that they will provide support for the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period of 12 months from approval of the financial statements.

After making due enquiries and considering the fact that the company has no operating costs and has the support of the parent undertaking, Fortive Corporation, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operation for 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements. These considerations included the impact of COVID-19 on the company, as well as the wider UK and Fortive group. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The primary treasury objectives of the company are to identify and manage the financial risks that arise in relation to underlying business needs and to provide secure funding for the activities of the company. If appropriate, the company uses financial instruments to manage these risks.

Details of the risks and uncertainties on the use of financial instruments are set out in the Strategic Report and notes to the financial statements.

THIRD PARTY INDEMNITIES

Fortive Corporation has provided to all directors limited indemnities in respect of the cost of defending claims against them and third party liabilities. These are all third party indemnity provisions for the purpose of the Companies Act 2006 and are all currently in force.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors at the date of approving this report are aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditors are unaware. Having made enquiries of the company's auditor, the directors have taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

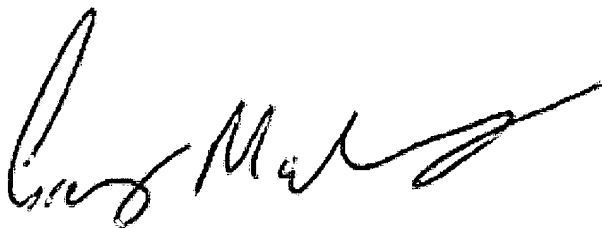
DIRECTORS' REPORT

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

- Because of the technical infringement referred to in Note 15 of TGA UK Finance Ltd ('its subsidiary') accounts, on 23 April 2021, the subsidiary ratified the dividend in specie declared on 1 August 2020 to an amount of US\$170,567,860 and the remaining receivable amount of US\$149,972,457 is being recognised as an Intercompany Loan payable to its subsidiary with effect from 1 August 2020.
- On 26 April 2021, a dividend in specie was received from its subsidiary for the amount of \$149,972,457, by assignment of the benefit of the Intercompany Loan (refer to Note 10).
- On 31 May 2021, the Company received a dividend in specie of CHF34,269,135 (equivalent to \$38,061,358) from its subsidiary, by assignment of the benefit of the Intercompany Loan with Fluke (Switzerland) GmbH.
- On 31 May 2021, the Company paid a dividend in specie totalling CHF34,269,135 (equivalent to \$38,061,358) to its parent, TLFN III, LLC, by assignment of the benefit of the Intercompany Loan with Fluke (Switzerland) GmbH.

There are no other significant post balance sheet events to report.

On behalf of the Board



G J Mathers

Director

Date: 09 September 2021.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and regulations.

Company law requires directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies in accordance with IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in FRS 101 is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the company financial position and financial performance;
- in respect of the company financial statements, state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is appropriate to presume that the company will not continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the company financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Under applicable law and regulations, the directors are also responsible for preparing a strategic report, directors' report, that complies with that law and those regulations. The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of TGA UK Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 15, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)".

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of 12 months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue. Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined the most significant to be those relating to United Kingdom General Accepted Accounting Practice, the Companies Act 2006, and United Kingdom direct and indirect tax regulations. The company has minimal transactions, and no employees.
- We understood how TGA UK Holdings Limited is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of senior finance personnel and those charged with governance and gaining an

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

understanding of the entity level controls of the company in respect of these areas and the controls in place to reduce opportunity for fraudulent transactions.

- We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by discussing with senior finance personnel and those charged with governance as to the rationale behind the specific accounting transactions. Due to the nature of the company as a holding company the risk of material misstatement is deemed to be low.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify noncompliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures included reading board meeting minutes and relevant approval documents, enquiries of senior finance personnel and those charged with governance and agreement of transactions to supporting source documentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Fraser Bull', followed by 'Ernst & Young LLP' in a stylized, cursive script.

Fraser Bull (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor
Luton

9 September 2021

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 \$000	2019 \$000
OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)	3	-	-
Income from investments	4	216,576	-
Profit on sale of investments	5	-	1
Interest receivables and similar income	6	<u>3,427</u>	<u>-</u>
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		220,003	1
Tax (charge) / credit on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	7	<u>(651)</u>	<u>-</u>
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION, AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u>219,352</u>	<u>1</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement of comprehensive income.

All activities derive from continuing operations.

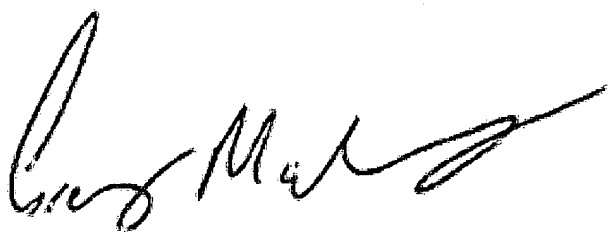
TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

Registered number 10012282

BALANCE SHEET At 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 \$000	2019 \$000
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	8	<u>156,289</u>	<u>156,289</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	323,967	-
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
		323,968	1
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	10	(150,623)	-
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>173,345</u>	<u>1</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>329,634</u>	<u>156,290</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	156,289	156,289
Profit and loss account		<u>173,345</u>	<u>1</u>
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>329,634</u>	<u>156,290</u>

These financial statements have been approved by the board on 09 September 2021 and signed on its behalf by



G J Mathers
Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the year ended 31 December 2020

	Ordinary share capital \$000	Profit and loss account \$000	Total Shareholders funds \$000
At 1 January 2019	156,289	-	156,289
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	1	1
At 31 December 2019	156,289	1	156,290
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	219,352	219,352
Equity dividends paid	-	(46,008)	(46,008)
At 31 December 2020	<u>156,289</u>	<u>173,345</u>	<u>329,634</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement of changes in equity.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

1. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH FRS101

The financial statements of TGA UK Holdings Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2020 were authorised for issue by the board of directors on 9 September 2021 and the balance sheet was signed on the board's behalf by G J Mathers. TGA UK Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The Company's financial statements are presented in US Dollars, which is also the functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000) except when otherwise indicated.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under s401 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Fortive Corporation.

The results of TGA UK Holdings Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Fortive Corporation which are available from 6920 Seaway Boulevard, Everett, WA 98203, USA.

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Company are set out in note 2.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The accounting policies which follow set out those policies which apply in preparing the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2020.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (a) the requirements of IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*,
- (b) the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement*,
- (c) the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- (d) the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 111, and 134-136 of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*;
- (e) the requirements of IAS 7 *Statement of Cash Flows*;
- (f) the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*;
- (g) the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*;
- (h) the requirements in IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures* to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member ; and
- (i) the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii)-130(f)(iii) of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*

COVID-19 and going concern

During the year, the COVID-19 pandemic has spread across the world. The pandemic continued to spread post balance sheet date. The directors have considered the impact of COVID-19 as well as the availability of funds described more fully in the Directors' report on page 5. Given this assessment the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

2.2 NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND IFRIC INTERPRETATIONS

There are no amendments to accounting standards or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2020 that have had a material impact on the company.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

2.3 JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

The following judgements, including estimates, have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Impairment of investments

Where there are indicators of impairment management performs impairment tests based on fair value less cost to sell or value in use. Such tests will include estimates such as forecast profits, market valuations and discount rates. Changes in these estimates can have a significant impact on the impairment test assessment outcome.

2.4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Taxation

Corporation tax payable is provided on taxable profits at the current rate, as reduced by group relief claimed or surrendered with payment by the recipient company.

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

Investment impairment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses on continuing operations are recognised in the income statement in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

For assets where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment losses been recognised for the asset or cash generating unit in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

2.4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire; or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

Loans and receivables, other than those at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment where the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

The company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for receivables.

ii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. All financial liabilities are classified as 'other financial liabilities' and are initially measured at fair value net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

3. OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)

Operating profit / (loss) is stated after charging / (crediting):

	2020	2019
	\$000	\$000
Auditors' remuneration (paid by group undertaking)		
- audit	4	4

The Directors of this company are employed by other group companies and provide services to a number of group companies.

The proportion of Directors' time relating to services provided to this company is not material and therefore no apportionment of Directors' salary is made.

The company has no other employees.

4. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

	2020	2019
	\$000	\$000
Dividends received	216,576	-
	216,576	-

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

5. PROFIT ON SALE OF INVESTMENTS

	2020	2019
	\$000	\$000
Profit on disposal of investments	-	1
	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>

6. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2020	2019
	\$000	\$000
Interest income from fellow group undertakings	3,427	-
	<u>3,427</u>	<u>-</u>

7. TAX ON PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Tax charged to profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income

	2020	2019
	\$000	\$000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax at the standard rate of 19.00% (2019: 19.00%)	651	-
	<u>651</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax		
Charge / (credit) to the profit and loss account	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Taxation charge / (credit) for the year	<u>651</u>	<u>-</u>

Reconciliation of the total tax charge

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax, is 19.00% (2019: 19.00%). The actual tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate of UK corporation tax for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation.

	2020	2019
	\$000	\$000
Profit / (loss) before tax	220,003	1
Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 19.00% (2019: 19.00%)	41,800	-
Effect of:		
Income from investments not taxable	(41,149)	-
Total tax expense reported in the income statement	<u>651</u>	<u>-</u>

Corporation Tax rate

A reduction in the rate of corporation tax to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was enacted in 2016. In his budget of 2020, the Chancellor of the Exchequer proposed measures to hold the rate of corporation tax at 19%, effective 1 April 2020. This was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020 and hence the impact of any resulting changes to the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities is reflected within the financial statements.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 2020

7. TAX ON PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Corporation Tax rate (continued)

In his budget of 2021, the Chancellor of the Exchequer proposed measures to increase the rate of corporation tax from 1 April 2023 to 25%. The change had not been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and therefore does not impact on the carrying value of deferred tax assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Subsidiary undertakings \$000	Total \$000
Cost		
At 1 January 2020	156,289	156,289
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31 December 2020	<u>156,289</u>	<u>156,289</u>
Impairment		
At 1 January 2020	-	-
Charge for the year	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31 December 2020	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying value		
At 31 December 2020	<u>156,289</u>	<u>156,289</u>
At 1 January 2020	<u>156,289</u>	<u>156,289</u>

The company holds the following investments either directly or indirectly:

Company Name	Holding	Registered Office	%
Subsidiary Undertakings			
TGA UK Finance Ltd	Ordinary Shares	Lennox Road, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG22 4AW	62
TGA Industries Ltd *	Ordinary Shares	Lennox Road, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG22 4AW	100
Datapaq Ltd *	Ordinary Shares	52 Hurricane Way, Norwich, Norfolk NR6 6JB	100
Fluke (UK) Ltd *	Ordinary Shares	52 Hurricane Way, Norwich, Norfolk NR6 6JB	100
Fluke Precision Measurement Ltd *	Ordinary Shares	52 Hurricane Way, Norwich, Norfolk NR6 6JB	100
Infrared Integrated Systems Ltd*	Ordinary Shares	One Thames Valley, Wokingham Rd, Bracknell, Berkshire RG42 1NG	100
Tektronix UK Ltd *	Ordinary Shares	One Thames Valley, Wokingham Rd, Bracknell, Berkshire RG42 1NG	100
Diagnostic Monitoring Systems Limited**	Ordinary Shares	74 Black Street, Glasgow, G4 0EF	100
TGA Industries Saudi Arabia Ltd *	Ordinary Shares	Office No 101, First Floor, Rehab Building, King Fahad Road, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia	100
Gems Sensors Pension Trustees Ltd **	Ordinary Shares	Lennox Road, Basingstoke, Hampshire RG22 4AW	100

*Held indirectly

^The company has been dissolved on the 27 July 2021.

**The company is currently in the process of being struck off.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

9. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2020 \$000	2019 \$000
Amounts owed by other group undertakings	323,967	-
	<u>323,967</u>	<u>-</u>

Loan interest accrues at 2.55% per annum and is compounded on an annual basis if unpaid. The loan is repayable on 15 January 2030.

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020 \$000	2019 \$000
Amounts owed to other group undertakings	150,623	-
	<u>150,623</u>	<u>-</u>

As a result of the technical infringement referred to in Note 15 of TGA UK Finance Ltd accounts, an interest free loan denominated in USD amounting to US\$149,972,457 (equivalent to £114,303,000 on inception) payable to TGA UK Finance Ltd, was put in place with effect from 1 August 2020. This loan is repayable on demand. Subsequent to the year end, the benefit of the loan was reassigned to the company in the form of a dividend in specie and therefore settled. Refer to Note 19 of TGA UK Finance Ltd accounts for further details.

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2020 \$000	2019 \$000
Authorised, called up, allotted and fully paid		
156,288,768 ordinary shares of \$1 each	156,289	156,289
	<u>156,289</u>	<u>156,289</u>

The ordinary shares have full voting, dividend and capital distribution rights; they do not confer any rights of redemption.

12. GUARANTEES

An unlimited multi-lateral guarantee exists between all the United Kingdom based subsidiaries of Fortive Corporation and HSBC Bank plc. The guarantee is to a maximum amount of £10,000,000 (2019: £10,000,000).

13. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is TLFN III, LLC, a company registered in the USA. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Fortive Corporation, a company incorporated in the USA.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Fortive Corporation, a company incorporated in the USA. The consolidated financial statements of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from 6,920 Seaway Boulevard, Everett, WA 98203, USA.

TGA UK HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 8(k) of FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with fellow wholly owned subsidiaries.

15. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

- Because of the technical infringement referred to in Note 15 of TGA UK Finance Ltd ('its subsidiary') accounts, on 23 April 2021, its subsidiary ratified the dividend in specie declared on 1 August 2020 to an amount of US\$170,567,860 and the remaining receivable amount of US\$149,972,457 is being recognised as Intercompany Loan payable to its subsidiary with effect from 1 August 2020.
- On 26 April 2021, a dividend in specie was received from its subsidiary for the amount of \$149,972,457, by assignment of the benefit of the Intercompany Loan (refer to Note 10).
- On 31 May 2021, the Company received a dividend in specie of CHF34,269,135 (equivalent to \$38,061,358) from its subsidiary, by assignment of the benefit of the Intercompany Loan with Fluke (Switzerland) GmbH.
- On 31 May 2021, the Company paid a dividend in specie totalling CHF34,269,135 (equivalent to \$38,061,358) to its parent, TLFN III, LLC, by assignment of the benefit of the Intercompany Loan with Fluke (Switzerland) GmbH.

There are no other significant post balance sheet events to report.