# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2020

Registered no. 09993836

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# **OFFICERS AND ADVISORS**

## **DIRECTORS**

J D Emslie D P O'Brien S Smith

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

S Smith

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Metro Building 9th Floor 1 Butterwick Hammersmith London W6 8DL

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

HSBC Bank 60 Queen Victoria Street London EC4N 4TR

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors present the annual report and financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions in Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006 in regards to small companies. The directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemption provided by Section 414b of the Companies Act 2006 not to provide a Strategic Report.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity of the company is and will continue to be that of a holding company. The directors anticipate that this company will continue to exist into the foreseeable future and will not change its status. The results for the year are set out in the statement of comprehensive income on page 7.

### **GOING CONCERN**

Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, a fellow Group company with access to funding available within the same Group, has provided confirmation that it will provide the necessary support to the Company to enable it to continue trading for at least 12 months after the date of approval of these financial statements. The directors of Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, have performed analysis taking into account the global COVID-19 pandemic, including an assessment of a number of downside scenarios. Sufficient headroom was maintained even under a reasonable downside scenario. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with appropriate accounting standards.

### **DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

The following directors held office during the year and up to the date of signing the accounts:

J D Emslie D P O'Brien S Smith

### **QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY PROVISIONS**

Liability insurance for the directors was maintained by Tiger Acquisitions (Jersey) Ltd.

# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Exposure to currency and liquidity risk arises in the normal course of the company's business. Treasury operations are conducted within a framework of policies and guidelines authorised by the Board of the ultimate parent company and are subject to internal control procedures. The objective of the framework is to provide flexibility whilst minimising risk and prohibiting speculative transactions or positions to be taken.

The company's principal financial instruments comprise amounts owed to the parent undertaking and fellow subsidiaries and cash. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the company's operations.

The company is exposed to movements in foreign exchange rates against United States Dollar for intercompany transactions. The principal exposure is to sterling exchange rates which forms the basis of pricing for these transactions.

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

Approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf by:

S Smith

Company Secretary 24 September 2021

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
Other operating income	3	211,269	19,071
Operating profit		211,269	19,071
Other income	4	1,845,168	583,372
Profit before taxation		2,056,437	602,443
Taxation	5	-	-
Profit for the financial year	_	2,056,437	602,443

All amounts relate to continuing operations

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020 Company Number: 09993836

	Notes	2020	2019
		\$	\$
EIVED ACCETS			
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment in joint ventures	6 _	<u>5,270,454</u>	5,270,454
	_	5,270,454	5,270,454
CURRENT ASSETS			
			(a.a.a.)
Cash at bank in hand	_	(5,873)	(2,026)
		(5,873)	(2,026)
CREDITORS			
	7	(4.454.004)	(0.040.400)
Amounts falling due within one year	7 _	(1,151,824)	(3,212,108)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(1,157,697)	(3,214,134)
	_		(-)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	4,112,757	2,056,320
	_		
NET ASSETS	=	4,112,757	2,056,320
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	8	3	3
Profit and loss account	_	4,112,754	2,056,317
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	_	4,112,757	2,056,320

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

For the period ended 31 December 2020 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006, relating to subsidiary companies. The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period ended 31 December 2020 in accordance with section 476 of the Act. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements of PNO Exhibition Investment (Dubai) Limited, registration no 09993836 approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 September 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

D P O'Brien Director

24 September 2021

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Called up share capital	Profit & Loss	Total equity
	US \$	US\$	US\$
Balance brought forward as at 1 January 2020	3	2,056,317	2,056,320
Profit for the year	-	2,056,437	2,056,437
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	2,056,437	2,056,437
Balance carried forward as at 31 December 2020	3	4,112,754	4,112,757

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share capital	Profit & Loss	Total equity
	US \$	US\$	US\$
Balance brought forward as at 1 January 2019	3	1,453,874	1,453,877
Profit for the year	-	602,443	602,443
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	602,443	602,443
Balance carried forward as at 31 December 2019	3	2,056,317	2,056,320

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of accounting**

PNO Exhibition Investment (Dubai) Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on the officers and advisors page and the nature of the group's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report on page 4.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. Both the functional and presentational currency of the company is in United States Dollars ("USD \$").

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies.

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, the company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions contained in FRS 102. Therefore, the requirement to disclose a reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period, the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement, the requirement to disclose the remuneration of key management personnel, and financial instrument disclosures have not been presented on the grounds that the company's accounts are consolidated in the accounts of Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, which are publicly available. The company has not disclosed transactions with entities which are wholly owned by the group.

The company is exempt by virtue of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare group financial statements on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

### Going concern

Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, a fellow Group company with access to funding available within the same Group, has provided confirmation that it will provide the necessary support to the Company to enable it to continue trading for at least 12 months after the date of approval of these financial statements. The directors of Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, have performed analysis taking into account the global COVID-19 pandemic, including an assessment of a number of downside scenarios. Sufficient headroom was maintained even under a reasonable downside scenario. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with appropriate accounting standards.

### **Investments**

Investments in joint ventures are measured at cost less any impairment losses recognised.

### Impairment of investments

Fixed asset investments are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the investment is impaired. Where there is indication that an investment may be impaired, the carrying value of the investment is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an investment exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (CONTINUED)

# Impairment of investments (continued)

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the investment.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the investment's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### Cash at bank and in hand

Cash comprises of cash balances held at the bank.

### **Taxation**

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, except:

- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that these will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into United States Dollars at the rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into United States Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the balance sheet. All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income or expense'.

### **Dividends**

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

### Financial assets

Financial assets, other than investments and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (CONTINUED)

# 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities, excluding convertible debt and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

#### Reserves

The Company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

# 2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### Critical accounting judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

The Directors" do not consider that there to be any critical accounting judgements within the financial statements that will have a material impact on the reported numbers.

### Key source of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

### Impairment of investments

• Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's investments. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the investee company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (CONTINUED)

### 3. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Other charges	-	87
Foreign exchange gain	211,269	19,158

The emoluments of the Directors are paid by another group company. It is not practicable to split their remuneration between the services provided to the remunerating company and other group companies. Their remuneration is fully disclosed in the accounts of Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited.

### 4. OTHER INCOME

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Dividend from Joint Ventures	1,845,168	583,372
	1,845,168	583,372

### 5. TAXATION

The standard rate of tax applied to reported profit is 19% (2019: 19%).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date. There is no expiry date on timing differences, unused tax losses or tax credits.

The current tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applied to the loss before tax. The differences are explained below:

	2020 US \$	2019 US \$
Profit before tax	2,056,437	602,443
The standard rate of tax applied to reported profit is 19% (2019: 19%)	390,723	114,464
Effects of: Income not taxable Group relief (claimed)/surrendered for no consideration Imputed income for tax purposes Total tax charge for the year	(350,582) (16,763) (23,378)	(110,841) 34,799 (38,422)

The imputed tax charge arises due to notional interest (or imputed interest) being applied to related party loan balances which under their terms do not attract interest.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (CONTINUED)

### 5. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

Investment in joint ventures, held at cost:

	2020 US \$	2019 US \$
At 31 December	3,425,286	5,270,454

The details of the joint venture company are set out below:

	Date Of acquisition	Nature of company	Group holding And voting	Registered Address	Country of registration
			rights % of ordinary shares		and operation
Shanghai Intex Exhibition Co. Limited	14 June 2016	Trading	50	Room 1208, No.55 Loushanguan Road, Shanghai, China	China

The principal activity of the above trading company is the promotion, organisation and management of exhibitions and conferences, together with related publications and new media products.

## 6. CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Amounts due to parent undertakings	1,151,824	3,212,108
	1,151,824	3,212,108

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

## 7. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2020	2019
	us \$	us \$
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 3 ordinary shares at \$1 each	3	3

All shares are ordinary shares which have full voting rights and rights to dividends. Ordinary shareholders have the right of return of capital only in solvent liquidation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (CONTINUED)

### 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are summarised below:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Financial assets		
Cash in bank and in hand	(5,873)	(2,026)
	(5,873)	(2,026)
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost:		
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	1,151,824	3,212,108
	1,151,824	3,212,108

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise cash.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed to Group undertakings.

### 9. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is International Tiger Holding Lux S.a.R.L, a company incorporated in Luxembourg at 8 rue Notre Dame, L-2240 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. The immediate parent undertaking is Tarsus Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales at Metro Building, 9th Floor, 1 Butterwick, Hammersmith, London, W6 8DL.

At the year end the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member is Tiger Acquisitions (Jersey) Limited, registered in Jersey with the office located at 26 New Street, St Hellier, JE2 3RA. Copies of the financial statements can be obtained from the Jersey Financial Services Commission. The parent undertaking of the smallest such group is Tiger Acquisitions Holding Limited, registered in England and Wales and located at 9th Floor, Metro Building, 1 Butterwick, London, England, W6 8DL. Copies of the financial statements can be obtained from Companies House