Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements

All of the members of Everyoung Aesthetics Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 January 2018 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 09944923

Everyoung Aesthetics Limited Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements 31 January 2018

Abridged Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 January 2018

Contents	Page		
Director's Report	1		
Abridged Statement of Comprehensive Income	2		
Abridged Statement of Financial Position	3		
Statement of Changes in Equity	4		
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements	5		

Director's Report

Year Ended 31 January 2018

The director presents her report and the unaudited abridged financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 January 2018 .

Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 11th January 2016 and commenced trading on that date.

Director

The director who served the company during the year was as follows:

Mrs A Bates

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 14 August 2018 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs A Bates

Director

Registered office:

48 St Anne's Road

Formby

Liverpool

L37 7AT

Abridged Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year Ended 31 January 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Gross Profit		2,761	524
Administrative expenses		6,843	7,960
Operating Loss		(4,082)	(7,436)
Loss Before Taxation	4	(4,082)	(7,436)
Tax on loss		_	_
Loss for the Financial Year and Total Comprehensive Income		(4,082)	(7,436)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The company has no other recognised items of income and expenses other than the results for the year as set out above.

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 January 2018

		2018		2017	
	Note	£	£	£	
Fixed Assets					
Tangible assets	5		130	153	
Current Assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		44		205	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		11,690		7,792	
Net Current Liabilities			11,646	7,587	
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			(11,516)	(7,434)	
Net Liabilities			(11,516)	(7,434)	
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital			2	2	
Profit and loss account			(11,518)	(7,436)	
Members Deficit			(11,516)		

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

For the year ending 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 14 August 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs A Bates

Director

Company registration number: 09944923

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year Ended 31 January 2018

	Called up share	Profit and loss	
	capital	account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 February 2016	_	_	_
Loss for the year		(7,436)	(7,436)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	_	(7,436)	(7,436)
Issue of shares	2	_	2
Total Investments by and Distributions to Owners	2		2
At 31 January 2017	2	(7,436)	(7,434)
Loss for the year		(4,082)	(4,082)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	 - 	(4,082)	(4,082)
At 31 January 2018	2	(11,518)	(11,516)

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 January 2018

1. General Information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 48 St Anne's Road, Formby, Liverpool, L37 7AT.

2. Statement of Compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue Recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably. Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Operating Leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible Assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings - 15% reducing balance

Impairment of Fixed Assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial Instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Profit Before Taxation

Loss before taxation is stated after charging:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	23	27
5. Tangible Assets		
		£
Cost		
At 1 February 2017 and 31 January 2018		180
Depreciation		
At 1 February 2017		27
Charge for the year		23
At 31 January 2018		50
Carrying amount		
At 31 January 2018		130
At 31 January 2017		153

6. Director's Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Balance on Director's loan account bought forward £6,897 Net advances in the year £3,254 Balance on Director's loan account carried forward £10.151

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.