# Earlestown Protective Coatings Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 October 2017

### **Earlestown Protective Coatings Limited**

Registered number: 09821420

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 October 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		76,148		43,780
Current assets					
Debtors	4	-		7,576	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	7,585		22,322	
		7,585		29,898	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(65,899)		(62,639)	
Net current liabilities	_		(58,314)		(32,741)
Net assets		_	17,834	_	11,039
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			3		3
Profit and loss account			17,831		11,036
Shareholders' funds		_	17,834	_	11,039

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr K Massey

Director

Approved by the board on 26 July 2018

## Earlestown Protective Coatings Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 October 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees	2017 Number	2016 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	8	7
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and machinery
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 November 2016		54,725
	Additions		56,878
	At 31 October 2017		111,603
	Depreciation		
	At 1 November 2016		10,945
	Charge for the year		24,510
	At 31 October 2017		35,455
	Net book value		
	At 31 October 2017		76,148
	At 31 October 2016		43,780
4	Debtors	2017	2016

£

£

	Trade debtors	<del></del> .	7,576
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	153	1,800
	Taxation and social security costs	4,736	15,969
	Other creditors	61,010	44,870
		65,899	62,639

#### 6 Other information

Earlestown Protective Coatings Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

296 Clipsley Lane

Haydock

St Helens

Lancashire

**WA11 0JQ** 

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