Company registration number (England and Wales): 9625479

FORTUNA FORTIS LIMITED

DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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CONTENTS

	Page
Company information	i
Strategic report	2
Report of the director	3
Independent auditors' report	4 - 5
Consolidated income statement	6 - 7
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	7
Consolidated statement of financial position	8 - 9
Company statement of financial position	10 - 11
Statement of changes in shareholders' equity	12
Consolidated statement of cash flows	13 ⁻
Accounting policies	14 - 22
Notes to the financial statements	23 - 35

COMPANY INFORMATION

COMPANY PERSONNEL

Director

Mr A J Taylor

COMPANY ADDRESSES

· Registered office

The Farmhouse Blatherwycke Road

Bulwick, Corby Northamptonshire

NN17 3EU

Auditors

Humphrey & Co Audit Services Ltd

7 - 9 The Avenue

East Sussex BN21 3YA

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The director presents his strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the group is carrying on the trade of underwriting at Lloyd's of London and providing the Funds at Lloyd's required to support the group's underwriting activities.

The result for the year is in respect of the 2017 annual accounting year, which consists of movements in the 2015, 2016 and 2017 years of account as well as any 2014 and prior run-off years.

Gross premiums written increased from £708,608 to £859,222 compared to the previous year and the overall balance in the technical account decreased from £41,491 to £42,497 deficit as a result of the level of claims experienced.

The group has continued to underwrite on the 2018 underwriting account where the market conditions are considered favourable for a profitable outcome subject to the level of claims experienced.

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the group are considered to relate to insurance risk, investment and currency risk and regulatory risk.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The group is principally exposed to financial risk through its participation on Lloyd's Syndicates. It has delegated sole management and control of its underwriting through each Syndicate to the Managing Agent of that Syndicate and it looks to the Managing Agent to implement appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls to manage each Syndicates' exposures to insurance risk, credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. The group is also directly exposed to these risks, but they are not considered material for the assessment of the assets, liabilities, financial position and income statement of the group.

Hedge accounting is not used by the group.

Key performance indicators

The director monitors the performance of the group by reference to the following key performance indicators:

	2017	2016
Capacity	£851,149	£745,574
Gross premium written as a % of capacity	100.95%	95.04%
Combined ratio	109.61%	95.45%

The combined ratio is the ratio of net claims incurred, commissions and expenses to net premiums earned.

Approved by the Board on 17 September

2018 and signed on its behalf by

Mr A J Taylor Director Julian Jan

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The director has pleasure in presenting his report together with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year after taxation was £145.051 (2016: loss £76.610). Interim dividends of £Nil (2016: £Nil) were paid during the year. The director does not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

Director

The director who held office at any time during the year is listed below:

Mr A J Taylor

Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he has satisfied himself that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements:
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable his to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The director is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

Humphrey & Co resigned as auditors after the year end and Humphrey & Co Audit Services Ltd were appointed in their place.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's or the group's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the director has taken all the necessary steps that he ought to have taken as director in order to make himself aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by the Board on 17 ly foot 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr A J Taylor Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FORTUNA FORTIS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Fortuna Fortis Limited (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2017 set out on pages 6 to 35. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Director's Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FORTUNA FORTIS LIMITED

Responsibilities of the directors

As explained more fully in the set out on page 3, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

This report is made solely to the group's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the group's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the group and the group's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Andrew Robinson (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Humphrey & Co Audit Services Ltd Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

Date:

29 September 2018

Humphrey & Co Audit Services Ltd 7 - 9 The Avenue Eastbourne East Sussex BN21 3YA

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT - TECHNICAL ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Gross premiums written	5	859,222	708,608
Outward reinsurance premiums		(189,340)	(137,624)
Net premiums written		669,882	570,984
Change in the provision for unearned premiums			
Gross provision Reinsurers' share		(48,251) 13,488	(13,111) 7,372
Net change in the provision for unearned premiums		(34,763)	(5,739)
Earned premiums net of reinsurance		635,119	565,245
Allocated investment income	8	20,031	17,083
Claims paid			
Gross amount	•	(435,148)	 (346,291)
Reinsurers' share		66,715	55,956
Net claims paid		(368,433)	(290,335)
Change in provision for claims			
Gross amount		(185,839)	(104,219)
Reinsurers' share		120,623	69,592
Net change in provision for claims		(65,216)	(34,627)
Claims incurred net of reinsurance	Monator	(433,649)	(324,962)
Net operating expenses	9	(262,487)	(214,560)
Investment expenses and charges	8	(1,511)	(1,315)
Balance on technical account for general business	1	(42,497)	41,491

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT - NON TECHNICAL ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Balance on the general business technical account	·	(42,497)	41,491
Investment income	8	36	25
Other income	10	-	-
Other charges		(108,793)	(94,620)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	11	(151,254)	(53,104)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	20	6,203	(23,506)
Loss for the financial year		(145,051)	(76,610)
Non-controlling interest - technical Non-controlling interest - non-technical		-	-
Retained loss for the group		(145,051)	(76,610)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREH Retained loss for the group Other comprehensive income:	ENSIVE INCOME	(145,051) -	(76,610) -
Loss for the financial year		(145,051)	(76,610)

All amounts above relate to continuing operations.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Company registration number (England and Wales): 9625479

		O 4 -		0047	0040
A00FT0	Maka	Syndicate	0	2017	2016
ASSETS	Note	Assets	Corporate	Total	Total
Fixed assets		£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	12	_	-	-	-
	_				
Intangible assets					•
Intangible assets	13	-	149,865	149,865	240,283
Investments					
Financial investments	14	913,713	_	913,713	988,193
Deposits with ceding undertakings		55	-	55	60
Total investments		913,768	-	913,768	988,253
	<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions					
Provision for unearned premiums	7	64,596	-	64,596	55,679
Claims outstanding	7	202,958	-	202,958	145,950
Other technical provisions		219,522	-	. 219,522	169,859
Total reinsurers' share of technical provisions		487,076	-	487,076	371,488
Debtors					
	15				•
Arising out of direct insurance operations Policyholders	13	22	_	22	16
Intermediaries		176,227		176,227	170,555
Arising out of reinsurance operations	15	18,481	-	18,481	11,849
Other debtors	16	135,970	-	135,970	173,936
Total debtors		330,700	· -	330,700	356,356
Other assets					
Cash at bank	17	142,396	574	142,970	150,260
Other		330		330	310
Total other assets		142,726	574	143,300	150,570
Prepayments and accrued income					
Accrued interest		2,611	_	2,611	2,369
Deferred acquisition costs	7	101,204	-	101,204	87,326
Other prepayments and accrued income	-	4,705	-	4,705	4,291
Total prepayments and accrued income		108,520	-	108,520	93,986
		4.000 705	450.100	0.400.000	
Total assets		1,982,790	150,439	2,133,229	2,200,936

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Company registration number (England and Wales): 9625479

		Syndicate		2017	2016
	Note	Liabilities	Corporate	Total	Total
LIABILITIES	•	£	£	£	£
LIABILITIES					
Capital and reserves					
Called-up share capital	18	• -	100	100	100
Profit and loss account	19	(56,758)	(228,254)	(285,012)	(139,961)
Shareholder's funds attributable to					
equity interests		(56,758)	(228,154)	(284,912)	(139,861)
Tachaisal provisions					
Technical provisions	_	074 070			0.40 #00
Provision for unearned premiums	7	374,972	•	374,972	348,532
Claims outstanding - gross amount	7	1,454,112	<u>-</u>	1,454,112	1,329,687
Total technical provisions		1,829,084	-	1,829,084	1,678,219
Provisions for other risks and charges					
Provision for taxation	20	-	24,000	24,000	31,000
Deposits received from reinsurers		7,742	-	7,742	10,669
Creditors			·		•
Arising out of direct insurance operations		27,734	-	27,734	18,801
Arising out of reinsurance operations		94,848	-	94,848	87,286
Amounts due to credit institutions		-	-	-	-
Other creditors	21	61,273	350,753	412,026	491,916
Total creditors		183,855	350,753	534,608	598,003
Accruals and deferred income					
Other accruals and deferred income		18,867	3,840	22,707	22,906
Total liabilities		1,982,790	150,439	2,133,229	2,200,936

Approved by the Board on 17 September

2018 and signed on its behalf by :

Mr A J Taylor Director

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Company registration number (England and Wales): 9625479

	,	Syndicate		2017	2016
ASSETS	Note	Assets	Corporate	Total	Total
Acces of the second of the sec	14010	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets		~	~	~	
Tangible fixed assets	12	-	•	; -	-
Investments					
Financial investments	14	-	299,324	299,324	413,889
Deposits with ceding undertakings		<u>-</u>	· -	,· -	· •
Total investments	(· _	299,324	299,324	413,889
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions				•	•
Provision for unearned premiums		_	-	· · · · · ·	-
Claims outstanding		-	• •	-	•
Other technical provisions		-	-	-	• -
Total reinsurers' share of technical pròvisions		-	-	-	-
Debtors					
Arising out of direct insurance operations					
Policyholders		_	· •	_	-
Intermediaries		_	_	_	-
Arising out of reinsurance operations		_	- .		-
Other debtors	16	-	· -	-	-
Total debtors		•	-		•
Other assets					
Cash at bank	17	-	570	570	3,615
Other		-	-	-	-
Total other assets		-	570	570	3,615
Prepayments and accrued income					ş. e
Accrued interest		, - ,		. -	-
Deferred acquisition costs		% 3 -	r. : 31 1 5 7 7 7 7	· -	-
Other prepayments and accrued income		· -	-		274
Total prepayments and accrued income		4	· -		274
Total assets		<u> </u>	299,894	299,894	417,778

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COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Company registration number (England and Wales): 9625479

		Syndicate		2017	2016
	Note	Liabilities	Corporate	Total	Total
		£	£	£	£
LIABILITIES					
Capital and reserves					
Called-up share capital	18	-	100	100	100
Profit and loss account		-	(47,687)	(47,687)	15,197
Shareholder's funds attributable to					
equity interests		-	(47,587)	(47,587)	15,297
Technical provisions					
Provision for unearned premiums		<u>-</u>	-	-	
Claims outstanding - gross amount		-	-	· -	-
Total technical provisions		-	-	-	•
Provisions for other risks and charges					
Provision for taxation	20	-	24,000	24,000	31,000
Deposits received from reinsurers		-	-	-	-
Creditors					
Arising out of direct insurance operations		-	-	-	-
Arising out of reinsurance operations		-	-	-	-
Amounts due to credit institutions		-	-	-	-
Other creditors	21	_	319,641	319,641	363,651
Total creditors		-	319,641	319,641	363,651
Accruals and deferred income					
Other accruals and deferred income		-	3,840	3,840	7,830
Total liabilities		-	299,894	299,894	417,778

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's loss for the year was £62,884 (2016: £2,340).

Approved by the Board on (?) Sephender

2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Tuhan Im

Mr A J Taylor Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Company registration number (England and Wales): 9625479

K1 January 2016 100 (63,351) (63,251) Profit/(loss) for the financial year - (76,610) (76,610) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - At 31 December 2016 100 - (139,961) (139,861) At 1 January 2017 100 - (139,961) (145,051) Profit/(ioss) for the financial year - - - - Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - At 31 December 2017 100 - (285,012) (284,912) Company E £ £ £ £ At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year	Group	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
Profit/(loss) for the financial year - (76,610) (76,610) (76,610) (76,610) Other comprehensive income -			£		
Called up share Called up shares Called up share Called up shares Called up share Capital shares Capital s	At 1 January 2016	100	-	(63,351)	(63,251)
Dividends paid -	Profit/(loss) for the financial year		• •	(76,610)	(76,610)
At 31 December 2016	Other comprehensive income	-		·	-
At 1 January 2017 100 - (139,961) (139,861) Profit/(loss) for the financial year - (145,051) (145,051) (145,051) Other comprehensive income - (145,051) (145,051) (145,051) (145,051) Dividends paid - (100) - (285,012) (284,912) At 31 December 2017 100 - (285,012) (284,912) Company \$\frac{\text{E}}{\text{ framewind permitted permitted earnings}}\$ Total Equity \$\frac{\text{E}}{\text{ framewind permitted earnings}}\$ Total Equity \$\frac{\text{ framewind permitted earnings}}\$ Total Equity<	Dividends paid -	-	<u>-</u>	-•	• •
At 1 January 2017 Profit/(loss) for the financial year Other comprehensive income Dividends paid Proceeds from issue of shares Called up share capital account account account for the financial year Other comprehensive income Called up share premium account acc	Proceeds from issue of shares	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	At 31 December 2016	100		(139,961)	(139,861)
Other comprehensive income	At 1 January 2017	100	-	(139,961)	(139,861)
Proceeds from issue of shares	Profit/(loss) for the financial year	-		(145,051)	(145,051)
Called up shares Called up share value Share premium account account (account dearnings) Total Equity At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - (2,340) (2,340) Dividends paid - (2,340) - (2,340) Proceeds from issue of shares - (2,340) - (2,340) At 31 December 2016 100 - 15,197 15,297 At 1 January 2017 100 - 15,197 15,297 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - (62,884) (62,884) Other comprehensive income - (62,884) - (2,884) Dividends paid - (2,340) - (2,340) Proceeds from issue of shares - (2,340) - (2,340)	Other comprehensive income	-	-		-
Called up share premium capital Share premium account Retained earnings Total Equity At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - At 31 December 2016 100 - 15,197 15,297 Profit/(loss) for the financial year -	Dividends paid	- .	: -	-	• -
Company Called up share capital share premium account Retained earnings account Total Equity At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - - - Dividends paid -	Proceeds from issue of shares	-	-	-	-
Company share capital capital account Retained earnings account Total Equity At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - - Dividends paid - <t< td=""><td>At 31 December 2017</td><td>100</td><td>- .</td><td>(285,012)</td><td>(284,912)</td></t<>	At 31 December 2017	100	- .	(285,012)	(284,912)
Company share capital capital account Retained earnings account Total Equity At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - - Dividends paid - <t< td=""><td></td><td>:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		:			
Company share capital capital account Retained earnings account Total Equity At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - - Dividends paid - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•.</td><td></td></t<>				•.	
Company capital £ account £ earnings £ Total Equity £ At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - - Dividends paid - <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>Retained</td> <td></td>		•		Retained	
£ £	Company		-		Total Equity
At 1 January 2016 100 - 17,537 17,637 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - - - At 31 December 2016 100 - 15,197 15,297 At 1 January 2017 100 - 15,197 15,297 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (62,884) (62,884) Other comprehensive income - - - - - - Dividends paid - - - - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - - - -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (2,340) (2,340) Other comprehensive income - - - - - Dividends paid -	At 1 January 2016	100	- ,	•	17.637
Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - - At 31 December 2016 100 - 15,197 15,297 At 1 January 2017 100 - 15,197 15,297 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (62,884) (62,884) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - -		٠ -	-		
Dividends paid -			-	-	-
Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - At 31 December 2016 100 - 15,197 15,297 At 1 January 2017 100 - 15,197 15,297 Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (62,884) (62,884) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - - -		-	- <u>-</u>		-
At 1 January 2017 Profit/(loss) for the financial year Other comprehensive income Dividends paid Proceeds from issue of shares 100 - 15,197 - (62,884) (62,884)	•	-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (62,884) (62,884) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - -	At 31 December 2016	100	-	15,197	15,297
Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (62,884) (62,884) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - -			<u> </u>		
Profit/(loss) for the financial year - - (62,884) (62,884) Other comprehensive income - - - - Dividends paid - - - - Proceeds from issue of shares - - - -	At 1 January 2017	100	-	15,197	. 15,297
Other comprehensive income Dividends paid		-	-		
Dividends paid		:. -	-	•	<u>-</u>
Proceeds from issue of shares		-	· _	-	-
At 31 December 2017 100 - (47,687) (47,587)	•	-	-	-	-
	At 31 December 2017	100	-	(47,687)	(47,587)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
		~	~
Cash inflow from operating activities	22	42,952	71,991
Interest received		36	25
Interest paid		(10)	-
Foreign tax paid		(797)	(506)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		42,181	71,510
Cash (outflow) from investing activities			
Purchase of intangible assets		(1,578)	(30,829)
Proceeds from sale of syndicate participation rights		365	-
Net cash (outflow) from investing activities		(1,213)	(30,829)
Cash outflow from financing activities			
Funds withdrawn from the company	_		
by the company's shareholders		(44,010)	(39,771)
Issue of share capital	_	·	-
Net cash (outflow) from financing activities		(44,010)	(39,771)
(Decrease) in cash		(3,042)	910
Net funds at 1 January		3,616	2,706
(Decrease) in cash in the year	~	(3,042)	910
Net funds at 31 December		574	3,616

The group has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the Statement of Cash Flows is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the Syndicates at Lloyd's.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 General Information

The Company is a private company limited by shares that was incorporated in England and whose registered office is given on page one of these financial statements. The group participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various syndicates at Lloyd's.

2 Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", FRS 103 "Insurance Contracts", the Companies Act 2006 and Regulation 6 of Schedule 3 to the Large and Medium Sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, relating to insurance.

The director does not consider the Group to be a financial institution under FRS 102.

Basis of accounting

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting modified to include the revaluation of certain financial instruments held at fair value, through the income statement.

The technical account has been prepared on an annual basis of accounting, whereby the incurred cost of claims, commission and related expenses are charged against the earned proportion of premiums net of re-insurance. Amounts reported in the technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the Syndicates on which the company participates.

Accounting information in respect of the Syndicate participations has been provided by the Syndicate managing agents through an information exchange facility operated by Lloyd's and has been reported on by the Syndicate auditors.

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the Syndicates' managing agents and are shown separately on the Statement of Financial Position as "Syndicate Assets" and "Syndicate Liabilities". The assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the Syndicates' insurance creditors.

In continuing to apply the going concern basis to this group's financial statements the following factors have been taken into account: the likely timing of any underwriting and non-underwriting cash flows, any Funds at Lloyd's supporting the group's underwriting and not reflected in the group's Statement of Financial Position and the continued support of the Directors and Shareholders including the potential deferral of balances due to them.

Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of Fortuna Fortis Limited and all its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The consolidated financial statements are based on the financial statements of subsidiary undertakings which are coterminous with those of the parent company.

Acquisitions of companies or LLPs that are consolidated are accounted for using the purchase method, by allocating their acquisition cost to the acquired identifiable assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) at the time of acquisition. Where the acquisition cost exceeds the net fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities, the difference is recognised as goodwill.

All expenses, income, debtors, creditors and provisions from transactions between consolidated companies are eliminated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

General business

i Premiums

Gross premiums are accounted for in the period in which the risk commences, together with adjustments to premiums written in previous accounting periods. Future premiums relating to risks commencing in the period are based upon estimates made by the Syndicates' management. Other adjustments are accounted for as arising.

ii Unearned premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the statement of financial position date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each Syndicate is determined by the relevant managing agent.

iii Deferred acquisition costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned.

iv Reinsurance premiums

Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the Managing Agent of each Syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned.

v Claims

Provision is made for the estimated cost of claims outstanding at the end of the year, including those incurred but not reported at that date, and for the related cost of settlement. Claims incurred comprise amounts paid or provided in respect of claims occurring during the current year, together with the amount by which settlement or reassessment of claims from previous years differs from the provision at the beginning of the year.

The claims provision determined by the managing agent will have been based on information that was currently available at the time. However, the ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided and will be reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustment is made.

vi Closed years of account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the underwriting year into which it is reinsured.

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring Syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims.

The Directors consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The company has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

vii Run-off years of account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the corporate member participating therein. As a result any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

viii Investments and allocated investment income

In accordance with Lloyd's current accounting practice, investments are stated at market value, including accrued interest at the financial reporting date. Investment income is included in the General Business Technical Account reflecting that earned on the investment portfolio managed by the Syndicates. The allocated investment income therefore comprises income received and investment profits and losses arising in the calendar year including appreciation/depreciation and accrued interest consequent upon the revaluation of investments at 31 December. All gains and losses on investments are treated as realised at the financial reporting date.

ix Financial assets and financial liabilities

The syndicates investments comprise of debt and equity investments, derivatives, cash and cash equivalents and loans and receivables.

Debtors/creditors arising from insurance/reinsurance operations shown in the Statement of Financial Position include the totals of all the syndicate's outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility. No account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate.

Recognition

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the syndicate becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the syndicate after deducting all of its liabilities.

Initial measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction cost), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through the income statement, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction, the financial asset or liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Subsequent measurement

Non-current debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one financial year and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Other debt instruments are measured at fair value through the income statement.' .

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights of the cash flow from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the syndicates transfer to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset or c) the syndicates, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, have transferred control of the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse in time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the syndicates estimate the fair value by using a valuation technique.

Impairment of financial instruments measured at amortised cost or cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of an impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, i.e. using the effective interest method.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the income statement immediately.

x Basis of currency translation

Syndicates maintain separate funds in Sterling, United States and Canadian dollars, and may also do so in certain other currencies. All transactions where separate currencies are maintained are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the financial reporting date. Transactions during the period in other overseas currencies are expressed in Sterling at the rates ruling at the transaction date.

Monetary assets and liabilities, which according to FRS 103 are deemed to include unearned premiums and deferred acquisition costs, are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange at the financial reporting date

Any non-monetary items are translated into the functional currency using the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transaction. FRS 103 states that insurance assets and liabilities (unearned premiums and deferred acquisition costs) are required to be treated as monetary items. These assets and liabilities have been translated at period end to the functional currency at the closing rate.

xi Debtors/creditors arising from insurance/reinsurance operations

The amounts shown in the Statement of Financial Position include the totals of all the Syndicates outstanding debit and credit transactions. No account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the Syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate.

xii Distribution of profits and collection of losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between Syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of Syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the Syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The Syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

xii Distribution of profits and collection of losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between Syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of Syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the Syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The Syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

2.2 Reinsurance at corporate level

Where considered applicable by the Directors, the group may purchase additional reinsurance to that purchased through the syndicates. Any such reinsurance premiums and related reinsurance recoveries are treated in the same manner as described for syndicates in Note 2.1 (iv) and (v).

2.3 Taxation

The Company is taxed on its results including its share of underwriting results declared by the syndicates. These are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The syndicate results included in these financial statements are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following the normal closure of the year of account. No provision is made for corporation tax in relation to open years of account. However, full provision is made for deferred tax on underwriting results not subject to current corporation tax.

HM Revenue & Customs agrees the taxable results of the syndicates at a syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the managing agent. At the date of the approval of these financial statements the syndicate taxable results of years of account closed at this and at previous year ends may not have fully agreed with HM Revenue & Customs. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provisions established by the Company, as a result of HM Revenue & Customs agreement of syndicate results, will be reflected in the financial statements of subsequent periods.

2.4 Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the financial reporting date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been discounted.

2.5 Goodwill

In accordance with FRS 102, goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings is capitalised as an intangible asset and amortised against profit over its useful life of 3 years.

2.6 Intangible assets

Costs incurred by the group in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on Syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible assets and amortised over a 5 year period beginning with the respective year of Syndicate participation. The intangible assets are reviewed for impairment where there are indicators for impairment and any impairment is charged to the income statement for the period.

2.7 Investments

Investments held directly by the group, by trustees of the Premium Trust Fund, or as the Lloyd's Deposit, are stated at fair value.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and cash in hand.

3 Key accounting judgements and estimation uncertainties

In applying the group's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities. These judgements, estimates and assumptions are based on the best and most reliable evidence available at the time when the decisions are made, and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be applicable. Due to the inherent subjectivity involved in making such judgements, estimates and assumptions, the actual results and outcomes may differ. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The measurement of the provision for claims outstanding is the most significant judgement involving estimation uncertainty regarding amounts recognised in these financial statements in relation to underwriting by the syndicates and this is disclosed further in Note 4.

The management and control of each Syndicate is carried out by the managing agent of that Syndicate, and the group looks to the managing agent to implement appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls to manage each Syndicate.

The key accounting judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty set out below therefore relate to those made in respect of the group only, and do not include estimates and judgements made in respect of the Syndicates.

i Purchased syndicate capacity

Estimating value in use:

Where an indication of impairment of capacity values exists, the Directors will carry out an impairment review to determine the recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The value in use calculation requires an estimate of the future cash flows expected to arise from the capacity and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value.

Determining the useful life of purchased syndicate capacity:

The assessed useful life of syndicate capacity is 5 years. This is on the basis that this is the life over which the original value of the capacity is used up.

ii Assessing indicators of impairment

In assessing whether there have been any indicators of impairment of assets, the Directors consider both external and internal sources of information such as market conditions, counterparty credit ratings and experience of recoverability. There have been no indicators of impairments identified during the current financial year.

iii Recoverability of debtors

The group establishes a provision for debtors that are estimated not to be recoverable. When assessing recoverability, factors such as the ageing of the debtors, past experience of recoverability, and the credit profile of individual groups of customers are all considered.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

4 Risk management

This section summarises the financial and insurance risks the group is exposed to either directly at its own corporate level or indirectly via its participation in the Lloyd's syndicates.

Risk background

The syndicate's activities expose it to a variety of financial and non-financial risks. The managing agent is responsible for managing the syndicate's exposure to these risks and, where possible, introducing controls and procedures that mitigate the effects of the exposure to risk. Each year, the managing agent prepares a Lloyd's Capital Return ("LCR") for the syndicate, the purpose of this being to agree capital requirements with Lloyd's based on an agreed assessment of the risks impacting the syndicate's business, and the measures in place to manage and mitigate those risks from a quantitative and qualitative perspective. The risks described below are typically reflected in the LCR, and, typically, the majority of the total assessed value of the risks concerned is attributable to insurance risk.

The insurance risks faced by a syndicate include the occurrence of catastrophic events, downward pressure on pricing of risks, reductions in business volumes and the risk of inadequate reserving. Reinsurance risks arise from the risk that the reinsurer fails to meet their share of a claim. The management of the syndicate's funds is exposed to risks of investments, liquidity, currency and interest rates leading to financial loss. The syndicate is also exposed to regulatory and operational risks including its ability to continue to trade. However, supervision by Lloyd's provides additional controls over the syndicate's management of risks.

The group manages the risks faced by the syndicates on which it participates by monitoring the performance of the syndicates it supports. This commences in advance of committing to support a syndicate for the following year, with a review of the business plan prepared for each syndicate by its managing agent. In addition, quarterly reports and annual accounts together with any other information made available by the managing agent are monitored and if necessary enquired into. If the group considers that the risks being run by the syndicate are excessive it will seek confirmation from the managing agent that adequate management of the risk is in place and, if considered appropriate, will withdraw from the next underwriting year. The group relies on advice provided by the members' agent which acts for it, who are specialists in assessing the performance and risk profiles of syndicates. The group also mitigates its risks by participating across several syndicates.

The Directors do not consider the group to be a financial institution under FRS 102, on the basis that the group itself does not undertake the business of effecting or carrying out insurance contracts. Therefore there is no requirement to discuss financial risks arising from syndicate investment activities. The analysis below provides details of the financial risks the group is exposed to from syndicate insurance activities as required by FRS 103.

Syndicate risks

i Liquidity risk

The syndicates are exposed to daily calls on their available cash resources, principally from claims arising from its insurance business. Liquidity risk arises where cash may not be available to pay obligation when due, or to ensure compliance with the syndicate's obligations under the various trust deeds to which it is party.

The syndicates aim to manage their liquidity position so that they can fund claims arising from significant catastrophic events, as modelled in their Lloyd's realistic disaster scenarios ("RDS").

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

ii Credit risk

Credit ratings to syndicate assets emerging directly from insurance activities, excluding cash at bank and financial investments, which are neither past due nor impaired are as follows:

2017	AAA £	AA £:	A £	BBB or lower £	Not rated £	Total
Deposits with ceding undertakings	- -	-	-	-	55	55
Reinsurers share of claims	2,610	73,912	319,410	1,881	24,667	422,480
Reinsurance debtors	-	1,655	9,892	106	3,175	14,828
Insurance debtors	<u>-</u> :	_ :	• -	-	156,413	156,413
	2,610	75,567	329,302	1,987	184,310	593,776
2016				BBB or	• •	
	AAA	. AA .	Α	lower	Not rated	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Deposits with ceding undertakings		-		·	-60	60
Reinsurers share of claims	4,371	61,917	235,525	4,015	9,981	315,809
Reinsurance debtors	1,551	1,789	4,473	513	365	8,691
Insurance debtors		-	-	-	150,936	150,936
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,922	63,706	239,998	4,528	161,342	475,496

Syndicate assets emerging directly from insurance activities, excluding cash at bank and financial investments, past their due date or impaired are as follows:

2017

	Less than 3 months	Between 3 and 6 months £	Between 6 months and 1 year £	Greater than 1 year	Impaired £	Total past due or impaired £
Deposits with ceding undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reinsurers share of claims		· -	-	-	(137)	(137)
Reinsurance debtors	2,543	770	:212	136	(8)	3,653
Insurance debtors	9,525	2,539	3,430	4,472	(130)	19,836
	12,068	3,309	3,642	4,608	(275)	23,352

2016

	Less than 3 months	Between 3 and 6 months £	Between 6 months and 1 year £	Greater than 1 year £	Impaired £	Total past due or impaired £
Deposits with ceding undertakings	-	-		-	-	-
Reinsurers share of claims	<u>-</u>	-	-	_	-	-
Reinsurance debtors	2,491	103	108	319	137	3,158
Insurance debtors	10,266	2,133	2,902	4,531	(196)	19,636
	12,757	2,236	3,010	4,850	(59)	22,794

iii Interest rate and equity price risk

Interest rate risk and equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates and market prices, respectively.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

iv Currency risk

The syndicates' main exposure to foreign currency risk arises from insurance business originating overseas, primarily denominated in US dollars. Transactions denominated in US dollars form a significant part of the syndicates' operations. This risk is, in part, mitigated by the syndicates maintaining financial assets denominated in US dollars against its major exposures in that currency.

The table below provides details of syndicate assets and liabilities by currency:

2017	GBP £	USD £	EUR £ converted	CAD £ converted	Other £ converted	Total £ converted
Total assets	459,341	1,137,004	146,059	165,518	74,868	1,982,790
Total liabilities	(626,787)	(1,126,970)	(137,066)	(116,382)	(32,343)	(2,039,548)
Surplus/(deficiency) of assets	(167,446)	10,034	8,993	49,136	42,525	(56,758)
_	:					
2016	GBP £	USD £ converted	EUR £ converted	CAD £ converted	Other £ converted	Total £ converted
Total assets	459,622	1,094,200	124,553	164,146	114,516	1,957,037
Total liabilities	(623,796)	(960,324)	(133,972)	(106,950)	(80,223)	(1,905,265)
Surplus/(deficiency) of assets	(164,174)	133,876	(9,419)	57,196	34,293	51,772

Group risks

i Investment, credit, liquidity and currency risks

The significant risks faced by the Group are with regard to the investment of the available funds within its own custody. The elements of these risks are investment risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. The main liquidity risk would arise if a syndicate had inadequate liquid resources for a large claim and sought funds from the Group to meet the claim. In order to minimise investment, credit and liquidity risk the Group's funds are invested in readily realisable short term deposits. The syndicates can distribute their results in Pound Sterling, US Dollars or a combination of the two. The Group is exposed to movements in the US Dollar between the financial reporting date and the distribution of the underwriting profits and losses, which is usually in the May following the closure of the year of account. The Group does not use derivative instruments to manage risk and, as such, no hedge accounting is applied.

ii Regulatory risks

The Group is subject to continuing approval by Lloyd's to be a member of a Lloyd's syndicate. The risk of this approval being removed is mitigated by monitoring and fully complying with all requirements in relation to membership of Lloyd's. The capital requirements to support the proposed amount of syndicate capacity for future years are subject to the requirements of Lloyd's. A variety of factors are taken into account by Lloyd's in setting these requirements including market conditions and syndicate performance and although the process is intended to be fair and reasonable, the requirements can fluctuate from one year to the next, which may constrain the volume of underwriting the Group is able to support.

iii Operational risks

As there are relatively few transactions actually undertaken by the Group there are only limited systems and operational requirements of the Group and therefore operational risks are not considered to be significant. Close involvement of all Directors in the Group's key decision making and the fact that the majority of the Group's operations are conducted by syndicates, provides control over any remaining operational risks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

•					
Class of business	Gross	Gross	Gross		
	written	premiums	claims	Operating	Reinsurance
	premiums	earned	incurred	expenses	balance
2017	£	£	£	£	£
Direct					
Accident and health	32,431	31,424	(17,432)	(13,826)	(998)
Motor - third party liability	2,078	2,306	(1,820)	(777)	48
Motor - other classes	66,800	70,089	(56,105)	(19,850)	10
Marine, aviation and transport	69,606	66,449	(33,876)	(26,126)	(3,982)
Fire and other damage to property	208,598	200,746	(188,348)	(65,846)	11,526
Third party liability	274,338	247,792	(114,361)	(90,249)	(20,854)
Credit and suretyship	14,606	14,751	(10,563)	(5,556)	189
Other	6,943	6,015	(3,742)	(2,500)	(263)
Total direct	675,400	639,572	(426,247)	(224,730)	(14,324)
,					
Reinsurance business					
Reinsurance balance	183,822	171,399	(194,740)	(37,757)	25,810
Total	859,222	810,971	(620,987)	(262,487)	11,486
2016	£	£	£	£	£
Direct					
Accident and health	30,098	29,928	(17,937)	(12,401)	(649)
Motor - third party liability	2,404	2,487	(1,528)	(755)	(22)
Motor - other classes	64,478	61,824	(65,941)	(17,533)	17,064
Marine, aviation and transport	56,392	60,015	(30,295)	(22,114)	(1,892)
Fire and other damage to property	182,330	181,658	(88,240)	(56,599)	(22,580)
Third party liability	222,968	204,623	(183,951)	(67,862)	34,870
Credit and suretyship	8,135	8,633	(5,424)	(2,254)	(725)
Other	5,576	6,062	(2,819)	(2,160)	(262)
Total direct	572,381	555,230	(396,135)	(181,678)	25,804
	:				
Reinsurance business					
Reinsurance balance	136,227	140,267	(54,375)	(32,882)	(30,508)

Section . The second

Any open year loss provisions, stop loss premiums and stop loss recoveries have been allocated across the classes of business by reference to the gross premiums written.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

			•			•	
6	Geographical analysis					2017	2016
	Direct gross premiums written in:		•.			£	£
	United Kingdom	:				658,482	556,853
	Other EU member states			•		4,487	5,731
	The rest of the world					12,431	9,797
	Total					675,400	572,381
7	Technical provisions						
•	recrimed provisions						
	Movement in claims outstanding					•	
				2017			2016
			Reinsurance	Net		Reinsurance	Net
	A. 4 1.	£	£	£	£ (4.405.000)	£.	£ (1.010.004)
	At 1 January Movement in technical account	(1,329,687)	145,950	(1,183,737)	(1,135,969)	125,638 69,592	(1,010,331)
	Other movements	(185,839) 61,414	120,623 (63,615)	(65,216) · (2,201)	(104,219) (89,499)	(49,280)	(34,627) (138,779)
	Other movements	01,414	(63,613)	(2,201)	(09,499)	(49,200)	(136,779)
	At 31 December	(1,454,112)	202,958	(1,251,154)	(1,329,687)	145,950	(1,183,737)
	- Movement in unearned premium						
	Movement in unearned premium	3		2017	-		2016
		Gross	Reinsurance	Net	Gross	Reinsurance	Net
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	At 1 January	(348,532)	55,679	(292,853)	(300,949)		(258,073)
	Movement in technical account	(48,251)	13,488	(34,763)	(13,111)		(5,739)
	Other movements	21,811	(4,571)	17,240	(34,472)	5,431	(29,041)
	At 31 December	(374,972)	64,596	(310,376)	(348,532)	55,679	(292,853)
	Movement in deferred acquisition	n costs		2017			2016
				Net			Net
	•			£		•	£
	At 1 January		•	87,326			74,206
	Movement in deferred acquisition	costs		14,852		-	3,232
	Other movements			(974)			9,888
	At 31 December	•	-	101,204	•		87,326
	•		=				

Included within other movements are foreign exchange movements in restating the opening balances and the effect of prior years' technical provisions being reinsured to close, to the extent where the Group's syndicate participation portfolio has changed between years of account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7 Technical provisions (continued)

Assumptions, changes in assumptions and sensitivity

The majority of the risks to the Group's future cash flows arise from its participation in the results of Lloyd's syndicates and are mostly managed by the managing agents of the syndicates. The Group's role in managing these risks, in conjunction with the Group's members' agent, is limited to a selection of syndicate participations and monitoring the performance of the syndicates and their managing agents.

The amounts carried by the Group arising from insurance contracts are calculated by the managing agents of the syndicates and derived from accounting information provided by the managing agents and reported upon by the syndicate auditors.

The key assumptions underlying the amounts carried by the Group arising from insurance contracts are:

- The net premiums written calculated by the managing agent are an accurate assessment of the premiums payable as a result of the risks contractually committed to up to the financial reporting date.
- ii The net unearned premiums calculated by the managing agent are an accurate assessment of the net premiums written that reflect the exposure to risks arising after the financial reporting date, including appropriate allowance for anticipated losses in excess of the unearned premium.
- iii The claims reserves calculated by the managing agents are an accurate assessment of the ultimate liabilities in respect of claims relating to events up to the financial reporting date.
- iv The potential ultimate result of run-off year results has been accurately estimated by the managing agents.
- v The values of investments and other assets and liabilities are correctly stated at their realisable values at the financial reporting date.

There have been no changes to these assumptions in 2017.

The amounts carried by the Group arising from insurance contracts are sensitive to various factors as follows:

- i A 5% increase/decrease in net earned premium (with claims incurred assumed to change pro-rata with premium) will increase/decrease the Group's pre-tax profit/loss by £10,074 (2016: £12,014).
- ii A 5% increase/decrease in the managing agents' calculation of gross claims reserves will decrease/increase the Group's pre-tax profit/loss by £72,706 (2016: £66,484).
- iii A 5% increase/decrease in the managing agents' calculation of net claims reserves will decrease/increase the Group's pre-tax profit/loss by £62,558 (2016: £59,187).

·	At the end of				Profit/loss on
Claims development - Gross	underwriting	After 12	After 24	After 36	RITC
•	year	months	months	months	received
Underwriting pure year	£	£	£	£	£
2017	423,378	-	-	-	-
2016	228,967	473,535	• .	-	-
2015	178,333	369,649	384,864	-	-
2014	192,107	358,513	393,986	374,552	-
2013 and prior years	714,564	1,185,160	1,213,081	3,676,882	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7	Technical	provisions ((continued)

8

9

Total

Administrative expenses Loss/(Profit) on exchange

Claims development - Net					•	
Claims development - Net year months months received to the control of the contr	:					Profit/loss on
Underwriting pure year						RITC
2017 269,293 359,254	•	•				received
2016			. £	£	£	£
2015			350 254	-	-	-
2014				333 464		-
2013 and prior years 596,468 1,017,055 1,024,854 3,014,825	•				313,446	-
The following return on investments relate to investments held at fair value. 2017 201 £ Investment income 18,841 18,80 Realised gain/(loss) on investments 1,190 (1,71 Allocated investment income - technical account 20,031 17,08 Income from other investments (including interest receivable) 36 2 Realised gain from other investments - Unrealised gain from other investments - Investment income - non-technical account 36 2 Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) (1,31) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201 £					- · · · · ·	-
The following return on investments relate to investments held at fair value. 2017 201 £ Investment income 18,841 18,80 Realised gain/(loss) on investments 1,190 (1,71 Allocated investment income - technical account 20,031 17,08 Income from other investments (including interest receivable) 36 2 Realised gain from other investments - Unrealised gain from other investments - Investment income - non-technical account 36 2 Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) (1,31) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201 £		•			•	
18,841 18,80 1,190 1,71 1,708 1,190 1,710 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,190 1,708 1,708 1,90	Investment return					
Investment income 18,841 18,800 Realised gain/(loss) on investments 1,190 (1,71) Allocated investment income - technical account 20,031 17,08 Income from other investments (including interest receivable) 36 2 Realised gain from other investments - Unrealised gain from other investments - Investment income - non-technical account 36 2 Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) (1,31) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201 £	The following return on investments	s relate to investment	ts held at fair va	lue.		•
Investment income 18,841 18,800 Realised gain/(loss) on investments 1,190 (1,71) Allocated investment income - technical account 20,031 17,08 Income from other investments (including interest receivable) 36 2 Realised gain from other investments - Unrealised gain from other investments - Investment income - non-technical account 36 2 Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) (1,31) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201 £					•	
Investment income Realised gain/(loss) on investments 18,841 18,80 Realised gain/(loss) on investments 11,190 (1,71 Allocated investment income - technical account 20,031 17,08 Income from other investments (including interest receivable) Realised gain from other investments Unrealised gain from other investments - Investment income - non-technical account 36 2 Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) (1,31 Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201	•				2017	2016
Realised gain/(loss) on investments 1,190 (1,71 Allocated investment income - technical account 20,031 17,08 Income from other investments (including interest receivable) 36 2 Realised gain from other investments - Unrealised gain from other investments - Investment income - non-technical account 36 2 Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) (1,31) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201 £		:			£	£
Realised gain/(loss) on investments 1,190 (1,71 Allocated investment income - technical account 20,031 17,08 Income from other investments (including interest receivable) 36 2 Realised gain from other investments - Unrealised gain from other investments - Investment income - non-technical account 36 2 Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) (1,31) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201 £	Investment income		:		18.841	18,802
Allocated investment income - technical account Income from other investments (including interest receivable) Realised gain from other investments Unrealised gain from other investments Investment income - non-technical account Investment expenses and charges - technical account Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 201		S				(1,719)
Realised gain from other investments Unrealised gain from other investments Investment income - non-technical account Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 £	Allocated investment income - tech	nical account			20,031	17,083
Realised gain from other investments Unrealised gain from other investments Investment income - non-technical account Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 £						
Realised gain from other investments Unrealised gain from other investments Investment income - non-technical account Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 £	Income from other investments (inc	luding interest receiv	rable)		36	25
Unrealised gain from other investments Investment income - non-technical account Investment expenses and charges - technical account (1,511) Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 £	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	,	•	_	-
Investment expenses and charges - technical account Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 £	_				·	•
Investment expenses and charges - technical account Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 £	Investment income - non-technical	account	······································	•	36	. 25
Total investment return 18,556 15,79 Net operating expenses 2017 £						
Net operating expenses 2017 201	Investment expenses and charges	- technical account		·	(1,511)	(1,315)
£	Total investment return	·			18,556	15,793
£						
£	Net operating expenses				2017	2016
Acquisition costs 187.140 168.36			•		£	£
	Acquisition costs			•	187,140	168,366

74,561

262,487

786

69,258

(23,064)

214,560

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

10	Other income	2017 £	2016 £
	Profit on sale of syndicate participation rights Other	<u> </u>	-
	Total	-	-
11	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2017 £	2016 £
	This is stated after charging:		
	Auditor's remuneration - audit Amortisation of syndicate capacity Amortisation of goodwill	1,145 68,331 22,295	1,145 62,306 22,295

The average number of persons, including directors, employed during the year was 3 (2016: 3).

Group and Company Tangible assets	Motor vehicles & equipment	Freehold Property	Tota
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2017		• •	-
Additions	· - ·	- •	-
Disposals	-	· -	
At 31 December 2017	-	-	_
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2017	-	-	-
Charge for the period	-	-	-
Impairment losses	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 December 2017	-	-	_
Net book value			
At 31 December 2017	-	<u>-</u>	
At 31 December 2016	· <u> </u>		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Group in	tangible assets		Syndicate F	articipation		2017
				Rights	Goodwill	Tota
				£	£	1
Cost				0.40.004	00.005	
At 1 Janu				342,364	66,885	409,249
Additions				1,578	-	1,578
Disposals	5			(2,284)	-	(2,284
At 31 De	cember 2017	· .		341,658	66,885	408,543
Amortisa	tion					
	uary 2017			124,376	44,590	168,966
	or the period			68,331	22,295	90,626
-	ent losses			20,001		50,020
Disposals			_	(914)	_	(914
	,					<u> </u>
At 31 De	cember 2017		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	191,793	66,885	258,678
Net book	value			. :		
	cember 2017			140 965		140 065
ALST DE	cernoer 2017			149,865		149,865
At 31 De	cember 2016			217,988	22,295	240,283
	,					
Investme	ents: Financial investments	. •				2017
				Syndicate	Corporate	Tota
At marke	et value	:	£	£	£	1
Shares a	nd other variable yield securities	- level 1	22,700		•	
	,	- level 2	114,911			
		- level 3	5,535	143,146		143,146
Debt sec	urities and other fixed income securities	- level 1	204,554			
D051 000	antico and other fixed income cocartico	- level 2	526,618			
		- level 3	-	731,172	-	731,172
Particinat	tion in investment pools	: - level 1	11,364			
articipa	uon in investment pools	- level 2	3,458			
		- level 3	5,533	20,355	-	20,355
Loans cu	aranteed by mortgage	- level 1	5	,		•
Luaris gu	iaranteeu by mortgage	- level 1 - level 2	13			
: • •		- level 3	. 1	19	•	19
Other		- level 1	5,250		•	•
Julio		- level 2	13,266			
		- level 3	505	19,021	 -	19,021
Total				913,713		913,713
rolai				313,/13	-	313,/I

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Total	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	988,193	-	988,193
	- level 3	618	26,197	-	26,197
4	- level 2	16,728			
Other	- level 1	8,851			
	- level 3	1	34	•	34
•	- level 2	22			
Loans guaranteed by mortgage	- level 1	11			
	- level 3	6,805	16,001	-	16,001
	- level 2	3,784			
Participation in investment pools	- level 1	5,412			
	- level 3	_	795,301	-	795,301
•	- level 2	614,062			
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	- level 1	181,239			
	- level 3	44	150,660	-	150,660
	- level 2	126,553			
Shares and other variable yield securities	- level 1	24,063			
At market value		£	£	£	£
			Syndicate	Corporate	Total
Investments: Financial investments (continued)					2016

The corporate investments held include £Nil (2016: £Nil) at market value in respect of Lloyd's deposits that are held in accordance with the constraints detailed in note 23.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial investments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets

Level 2: prices based on recent transactions in identical assets

Level 3: prices determined using a valuation technique

None of the above investments are valued at amortised cost.

	Syndicate	Corporate	2017 Total	2016 Total
	£	£	£	£
At cost				
Shares and other variable yield securities	146,200	-	146,200	145,641
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	738,278		738,278	795,289
Participation in investment pools	18,493	-	18,493	14,145
Loans guaranteed by mortgage	20	-	20	35
Other	17,666	-	17,666	25,061
Total	920,657	-	920,657	980,171

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

14 Investments: Financial investments (continued)

The company element of financial investments at market value is £Nil (2016: £Nil). The company has the following unlisted investments:

Cost At 1 January 2017 Additions Disposals			Unlisted Investments £ 413,889 8,877
Other movements	 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-		(123,442)
At 31 December 2017	 	 	299,324
Impairment At 1 January 2017 Impairment in the period Disposals			-
At 31 December 2017	 		_
Net book value At 31 December 2017	 	 1	299,324
At 31 December 2016			413,889

The Unlisted Investments is a 100% subsidiary and represents the company's share in Strensham LLP. The subsidiary is an insurance underwriter through Lloyd's of London and it's registered office is 3 Castlegate, Grantham, Lincolnshire NG31 6SF.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

15 Group debtors arising out of direct insurance and reinsurance operations

The following amounts are due after one year:	Syndicate £	Corporate £	2017 Total £	2016 Total
Direct insurance operations Reinsurance operations	3,157 985	-	3,157 985	4,839 276
Total	4,142		4,142	5,115

16 Group other debtors

+ .			2017	2016
	Syndicate	Corporate	Total	Total
	£	£	£	£
Deferred tax	-	-	-	-
Other	135,970	:	135,970	173,936
Total	135,970	•	135,970	173,936

Corporate other debtors includes £Nil (2016: £Nil) due to the group after more than one year. Syndicate other debtors includes £37,617 (2016: £17,041) due to the group after more than one year. Company other debtors total £Nil (2016: £Nil)

17 Cash at bank

	Syndicate £	Corporate £	2017 Total £	2016 Total £
Lloyd's deposit	71,286	-	71,286	73,224
Cash at bank and in hand	71,110	574	71,684	77,036
Total	142,396	574	142,970	150,260

Any Lloyd's deposit is held in accordance with the constraints detailed in note 23. Company cash at bank totals £570 (2016: £3,615).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

18	Group and company share capital			
			2017	2016
			£	£
٠	Allotted, issued and fully paid			
	100 Ordinary shares of £1.00		100	100
19	Group statement of movements on reserves		Share	Profit
13	Group statement of movements of reserves	Revaluation	premium	and loss
		reserve	account	account
		£	£	£
		•		
	At 1 January 2017	, - .	-	(139,961)
	Premium on shares issued during the period	-	-	-
	Revaluation during the period	· · · · · · · · · -	· -	-
	Loss during the period	-	.=	(145,051)
	Dividends .	-		· <u>-</u>
	At 31 December 2017	-	-	(285,012)
20	Taxation			
			2017	2016
			£	£
	Analysis of charge in period			
	Current tax			
	UK Corporation Tax on profits of the period		-	-
	Adjustments in respect of prior years		707	-
	Foreign tax		797	506
	Total current tax		797	506
	Analysis of charge in period			
	Deferred tax			
	Origination and reversal of timing differences		(7,000)	23,000
	Changes in tax rates		-	· -
	Other items		-	-
	Total deferred tax		(7,000)	23,000
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities		(6,203)	23,506

20

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Taxation (continued)		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Factors affecting tax charge for the period The tax assessed for the period is different than the standard rate of Corporatio 19.25%. The differences are explained below:	n Tax in the UK of	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(151,254)	(53,104)
	,	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the	(00.440)	(10.004)
standard rate of Corporation Tax in the UK of 19.25%.	(29,116)	(10,621)
Effects of:		
(Income)/Expenses not (taxable)/deductible	5,819	895
Timing differences arising from the taxation of the underwriting results	22,500	10,656
Timing differences arising from the taxation of syndicate		
participation movements	94	(14,138)
Tax losses carried forward	-	13,714
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	-	-
Other adjustments	1,500	_
Deferred tax movements	(7,000)	23,000
Total tax charge for the year	(6,203)	23,506

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The group has trading losses of £113,882 (2016: £106,508) available for carry forward against future trading profits.

	2017	2016
Provision for deferred tax	£	£
At 1 January	31,000	8,000
(Credit)/Charge to the profit and loss account	(7,000)	23,000
Released or utilised in the period	-	-
At 31 December	24,000	31,000

Full provision has been made for all timing differences apart from the recovery of taxation losses against future trading profits, which cannot be prudently anticipated at this time.

The deferred tax asset not provided for in respect of Corporation Tax losses, and deferred tax losses not yet assessable to Corporation Tax, amounted to £Nil (2016: £Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Other creditors	Syndicate £	Corporate £	2017 £	2016 £
Other creditors	61,273	31,112	92,385	128,265
Shareholders' loan account	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	319,641	319,641	363,651
Total	61,273	350,753	412,026	491,916

Company other creditors total £319,641 (2016: £363,651).

22 Reconciliation of loss before tax to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2017	2016
	£_	£
Loss before tax	(151,254)	(53,104)
Finance costs	10	-
Finance income	. (36)	(25)
Prior year result distributable in year	66,033	53,106
Loss on sale of syndicate participation rights	1,005	40
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	36,568	. (12,627)
Amortisation of goodwill	22,295	22,295
Amortisation and impairment of syndicate participation rights	68,331	62,306
Net cash inflow from operating activities	42,952	71,991

Note that the current year technical loss of £42,497, which has not been distributed in the period, is included within the increase in debtors line above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

23 Funds at Lloyd's

Cash balances of £Nil (2016: £Nil) detailed in note 17 and investments of £Nil (2016: £Nil) detailed in note 14 are held within the company's Lloyd's deposit. These balances exclude any amounts held via the syndicates.

The Lloyd's deposit represents funds deposited with the Corporation of Lloyd's (Lloyd's) to support the company's underwriting activities as described in the accounting policies. The company has entered into a legal agreement with Lloyd's which gives the Corporation the right to apply these funds in settlement of any claims arising from the company's participation on Lloyd's Syndicates. These funds can only be released from the provision of this deed with Lloyd's express permission and only in circumstances where the amounts are either replaced by an equivalent asset or after the expiration of the company's liabilities in respect of its underwriting.

In addition to these amounts, the shareholders of the group have also made available to Lloyd's assets amounting to approximately £516,027 (2016: £450,539) that are also used by the group to support its Lloyd's underwriting. These funds are also available to Lloyd's to meet the personal underwriting liabilities of the shareholders for underwriting years prior to the commencement of trading by the group.

24 Related party transactions

During the year the director of the group introduced capital of £14,444 (2016: £30,229) and withdrew capital of £58,454 (2016: £70,000). At the year end the director was due £319,641 (2016: £363,651).

25 Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mr A J Taylor.

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017	2016
	Movement	Movement
	£	£
Split of technical profit/(loss) between underwriting years		
2017 YOA	(115,965)	-
2016 YOA	11,191	(37,247)
2015 YOA	49,111	39,010
2014 YOA	1,356	59,039
2013 YOA and prior run-off years	11,810	(19,311)
Balance on technical account for general business	(42,497)	41,491
Investment and other income		
Loss on sale of capacity	(1,005)	(40)
Interest on Lloyd's funds	33	23
Interest on other funds	3	2
	•	
Other income total	(969)	(15)
(Loss)/Profit before expenses	(43,466)	41,476
Expenses		•
Accountancy	6,745	6,751
Amortisation of capacity	68,331	62,306
Amortisation of goodwill	22,295	22,295
Audit fees	1,374	1,374
Failed bids	60	60
Fee for provision of FAL	3,804	_
Interest paid	. 10	
Lioyd's fees	2,725	2,215
Sundry expenses	19	-
Exchange gains and losses	2,425	(421)
Total	107,788	94,580
Loss before taxation	(151,254)	(53,104)