BROTHERS CASH & CARRY LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Gerald Thomas
Chartered Accountants
3 New Mill Court
Swansea Enterprise Park
Swansea
SA7 9FG

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BROTHERS CASH & CARRY LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

DIRECTOR:

A Latif

REGISTERED OFFICE:

31 St Helens Road Swansea SA1 4AP

REGISTERED NUMBER:

09595394 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Gerald Thomas Chartered Accountants 3 New Mill Court Swansea Enterprise Park Swansea SA7 9FG

BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2021

		2021		2020	2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	_					
Tangible assets	4		146,203		163,729	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stocks		69,000		74,632		
Debtors	5	84,729		19,605		
Cash at bank and in hand		58,507_		3,840		
		212,236		98,077		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u> 161,339</u>		<u> 147,965</u>		
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			50,897_		<u>(49,888</u>)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT						
LIABILITIES			197,100		113,841	
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due after more than one						
year	7		(41,667)		_	
,	·		(,)			
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(22,880)		(22,880)	
NET ASSETS			132,553		90,961	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital			1		1	
Retained earnings			132,552		90,960	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			132,553		90,961	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 MARCH 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 7 March 2022 and were signed by:

A Latif - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Brothers Cash & Carry Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors which are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision only effects that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the critical judgements that the directors have made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Impairment of assets

Assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and a reliable estimate can be made of a probable adverse outcome. Otherwise, material contingent liabilities are disclosed unless a transfer of economic benefits is considered remote. Contingent assets are only disclosed if an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 25% on cost and 10% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and bank loans, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

In preparing the financial statements, the directors have considered the current financial position of the company and likely future cash flows.

After making appropriate enquiries and examining those areas which could give rise to financial exposure, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

In considering the Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), the directors understand the situation is still evolving and the full impact on the business is unclear. The directors have taken steps to mitigate the risk to the business and although there is uncertainty, the directors are confident that all reasonable measures which can be taken, have been, to safeguard the business, the staff and clients.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 8 (2020 - 8).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Plant and machinery
			etc
			£
	COST		
	At 1 April 2020		234,027
	Additions At 31 March 2021		6,424 240,451
	DEPRECIATION		240,431
	At 1 April 2020		70,298
	Charge for year		23,950
	At 31 March 2021		94,248
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2021		146,203
	At 31 March 2020		<u>163,729</u>
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
0.	DEBIONS, AMOUNTO FACEING DOL WITHIN ONE FEAR	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	25,000	18,434
	Other debtors	59,729	1,171
		<u>84,729</u>	<u>19,605</u>
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	86,392	32,193
	Trade creditors	59,356	94,855
	Taxation and social security Other creditors	10,891 4,700	5,617 15,300
	Other creditors	161,339	147,965
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
	YEAR		
		2021 £	2020
	Bank loans	± 41,667	£
	Dank todato	<u> </u>	
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	1,667	-

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.