

1ST CHOICE DRAINAGE LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1ST CHOICE DRAINAGE LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 09454706

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	4		3,756	5,009
			<u>3,756</u>	<u>5,009</u>
Current assets				
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	1,866	2,090	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	13,154	7,608	
		<u>15,020</u>	<u>9,698</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(10,954)	(8,355)	
Net current assets			<u>4,066</u>	<u>1,343</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>7,822</u>	<u>6,352</u>
Provisions for liabilities				
Deferred tax	9	(714)	(952)	
		<u>(714)</u>	<u>(952)</u>	
Net assets			<u><u>7,108</u></u>	<u><u>5,400</u></u>
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			2	2
Profit and loss account			7,106	5,398
			<u><u>7,108</u></u>	<u><u>5,400</u></u>

1ST CHOICE DRAINAGE LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 09454706

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 2 November 2022.

Stuart Richard Wood
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1ST CHOICE DRAINAGE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. General information

1st Choice Drainage Limited is a limited company incorporated in England and Wales. The Registered Office is 101 Bishopsteignton, Shoeburyness, Southend-On-Sea, England, SS3 8AF. The registered number is 09454706.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles	-	25%	Reducing Balance
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	25%	Reducing Balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.6 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

2.11 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2021 - 1).

1ST CHOICE DRAINAGE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2021	14,340	4,020	18,360
At 31 March 2022	14,340	4,020	18,360
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2021	10,961	2,391	13,352
Charge for the year on owned assets	845	407	1,252
At 31 March 2022	11,806	2,798	14,604
Net book value			
At 31 March 2022	2,534	1,222	3,756
At 31 March 2021	3,380	1,629	5,009

5. Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	1,670	1,570
Prepayments and accrued income	196	520
	1,866	2,090

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand	13,154	7,608
	13,154	7,608

1ST CHOICE DRAINAGE LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade creditors	130	-
Corporation tax	3,805	2,499
Other taxation and social security	640	-
Other creditors	5,255	4,942
Accruals and deferred income	1,124	914
	<u>10,954</u>	<u>8,355</u>

8. Financial instruments

	2022 £	2021 £
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	<u>13,154</u>	<u>7,608</u>

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank.

9. Deferred taxation

	2022 £
At beginning of year	952
Charged to profit or loss	(238)
At end of year	<u>714</u>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Accelerated capital allowances	714	952
	<u>714</u>	<u>952</u>

10. Related party transactions

During the year the following payments were made to S. and N. Wood: Rent £312 (2021 £312), Dividends £13,500 (2021 £4,000).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.