Annual Report and Financial Statements
Year Ended
31 December 2021

Company Number 05476134

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23/12/2022 COMPANIES HOUSE

## **Company Information**

**Directors** 

I Hakim

Z I Hakim

S Issa

Company secretary

Z I Hakim

Registered number

05476134

Registered office

**Unit 317** 

India Mill Business Centre

Darwen Lancashire BB3 1AE

Independent auditor

**BDO LLP** 

3 Hardman Street Manchester

**M3 3AT** 

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# Group Strategic Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The Directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the Group during the year under review was trading as opticians through retail outlets acquired through their subsidiary undertakings and managed by the Company. The principal activity of the Company is that of an intermediate holding company and provider of support services to the rest of the Group.

#### **Business review**

The Group's business model is to acquire majority control of independent practices in the UK and Ireland with local practice management typically retaining a minority equity stake. We are the largest consolidator of independent practices in the UK market, retaining the local branding and approach to market while the Company provides back-office support. This back-office support includes accounting, IT, procurement, marketing support, facilities management, and HR. The rate of acquisition of new practices has been increased following new investment into the Group in 2020. During this financial year 54 companies were acquired bringing the total number of companies in the estate to 186. This is the largest number of acquisitions the group has made in a financial year to date.

The year under review was impacted by the Covid pandemic to a lesser extent than the previous year. Whilst in most cases practices remained open, the number of site tests performed was affected by both patients and optometrists testing positive for covid and therefore the number of cancelled clinics remained high. Social distancing measures remained in place as did strict clinical cleaning requirements adding a further constraint to the number of eye tests it was possible to perform.

Turnover for the Group amounted to £94.2m for the year ended 31 December 2021, compared with £54.2m for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase reflects the annualised impact of practices acquired in 2020, the addition of practices acquired in the financial year, and the fact that 2020 included the initial hard Covid lockdown. Contributions from business acquisitions during the year is shown in note 27.

Group profit for the year after taxation amounted to £6.0m compared with £3.8m for the previous year. Our preferred measure of profitability is EBITDA since the reported results are heavily impacted by goodwill amortisation arising from acquiring practices (goodwill is the premium paid over net asset value) which is a non-cash item. EBITDA was £20.8m for the year vs £13.6m for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Total operating profit	2021 £m 9.9	2020 £m 7.1
Add: Depreciation	3.2	1.0
Add: Amortisation	7.7	4.7
Add: exceptional administrative expenses		0.8
EBITDA	20.8	13.6

# Group Strategic Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### **Business review (continued)**

At the year end date, group net assets were £24.2m, up £3.2m since the previous year end, representing an increase of 15.2% during the reporting period.

At December 2021, cash and cash equivalents were £19.1m. On March 29th 2022 the Group re-banked with Santander UK PLC, taking a £25m acquisition facility in order to ensure the business continued to have funding availability to execute its strategy of purchasing majority control of further independent practices.

After the year end we also disposed of 3 practices we had acquired in the US as our view was we lacked sufficient critical mass in that particular market and the level of opportunities presenting themselves in the UK market had increased significantly so our capital was best deployed in the UK. We got a small premium on our initial investment cost when we sold.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The board has overall responsibility for the Group's approach to assessing risk and the systems of internal control and for monitoring their effectiveness in providing its shareholders with a return that is consistent with a responsible assessment and mitigation of risks. We have set out below a number of risk factors that we believe could cause our actual future results to differ materially from expected results. However, other factors could adversely affect the results and so the factors set out below should not be considered to be a complete set of all potential risks and uncertainties.

#### COVID-19

In the first lockdown in 2020 our outlets were forced to close. Subsequent lockdowns have not involved site closures with any reduction in revenue due to social distancing and lower high street footfall being recovered when the lockdown was lifted.

#### Business conditions and the general economy

The profitability of the Group could be adversely affected by a worsening of general economic conditions in the United Kingdom. Factors such as unemployment, interest rates and inflation could significantly affect the retail market. Inflation in 2022 has climbed significantly above Bank of England targets partly as a result of the energy price spike arising from the war in Ukraine and it is likely that the UK economy will be in recession during 2023. The Group is less affected than certain industries as its energy usage is relatively lower and its product less discretionary and partly state subsidised with a stable and loyal customer base who are typically recalled for a sight test every two years.

Whilst a short term worsening in economic conditions in the United Kingdom should not significantly adversely impact profitability a sustained downturn over a number of years would be likely to lead to reduced profits as customers reduce their net spend.

Brexit has not particularly impacted on trading results since a deal was struck without import tariffs and we are purchasing predominantly in sterling.

#### Liquidity and financing

Liquidity and financing risks relate to the Group's ability to pay for goods and services required to trade on a day to day basis. The Group has three main sources of financing which are, utilising cash reserves, borrowing from banks by way of borrowing facilities and from suppliers by way of trade credit. Sales are mostly paid in full on dispense and suppliers trade on credit terms. Furthermore the industry has no seasonal trading peaks, so there is little volatility in cash flows. Individual practices maintain cash reserves sufficient to cover their short term funding needs so the only requirement for external capital is to fund continued acquisitions of new practices. Therefore the Group is well protected in this area.

Group Strategic Report (continued)
For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank borrowings. The Group's policy is to manage interest cost using a mixture of fixed and variable rate debt. The Group's exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its borrowings is managed by the use of commercial rates variously related to SONIA and the Bank of England base rate.

#### Credit risk

The Group trades with only recognised, creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit vetting procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is mitigated.

#### Regulatory compliance risk

The Group is subject to regulatory compliance risk which can arise from a failure to comply fully with the laws, regulations or codes applicable, for example health and safety, licensing and fire regulations. Non compliance can lead to fines, enforced suspension from sale of certain products or public reprimand. The Group manages such risks by having specified individuals manage compliance with an escalation process through to board level.

#### Key performance indicators

	2021	2020
	£m	£m
Sales	94.2	54.2
Gross profit	69.2	40.1
Operating profit (before goodwill amortisation)	17.6	11.8
EBITDA	20.8	13.6
Net cash at bank	13.0	18.5

#### **Employees**

We are fortunate to have committed workforce whose skills, expertise and passion make a significant contribution to the success of the business. We aim to be the employer of choice and are committed to ensuring colleagues are respected and their views are valued. Appropriate training and colleague communication programmes are maintained. The activities that impact on colleagues are closely monitored to ensure that both strategy and colleague engagement are aligned to keep the Company at the forefront of a competitive marketplace. During the year, the Company took steps to add strength and depth to the management team to support the further growth of the business.

The culture and leadership within the business remains strong evidenced by achieving the number one spot on the Sunday Times Best 100 companies to work for in 2018 as well as the CEO receiving an award for best UK leader.

# Group Strategic Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### Section 172 statement

The Directors of the Group have acted in accordance with their duties codified in law, in particular their duty to act in the way in which they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Group for the benefit of its shareholders and other stakeholders as whole, having due regard to the matters set out in section 172 (1) of the Companies Act 2006.

The Board monitors and reviews the strategic objectives against forward plans. Regular reviews are held across key business areas, including; customer services, health, safety & the environment, operational and financial performance, risks and opportunities. The Group's performance is reviewed on a monthly basis.

The overriding principle in the governance of the Group is that of ensuring transparent conduct, reflecting equitable dealings with colleagues, customers, our supply chain and stakeholders. We project a clear vision of how we conduct business in all personal interactions and on our website. We aim to reinvigorate the Independent Optician sector in a manner that adheres to our principles. The ultimate endorsement of this approach is seen in the length of service of our colleagues and through the weight of new member practices joining the Group in recent years.

The Group takes its obligations towards all employees seriously and prides itself on being a business for whom people want to work. Given the changes to working practices and necessitated by Covid-19, the Directors are conscious that now, more than ever, this is a critical area of responsibility. More information regarding our communication with colleagues can be found within the Directors' Report. The aim of these communications is to ensure a high level of awareness among employees regarding the performance of the business, operational changes and its future strategic direction, in order that they feel informed and have ample opportunity to influence relevant aspects.

The Directors factor environmental matters into consideration as part of their decision-making process, in order to minimise the Company's impact on the environment wherever possible. By communicating our aims to employees and our suppliers, we strive to ensure that all parties are aware of their environmental responsibilities. The Directors are also mindful of the impact business can have within local communities. The initial aim is always to provide the local community with a practice delivering personable, empathetic and first class service. We seek to further our aims by taking our Corporate Social Responsibility seriously and have partnered with charitable organisations locally such as Bolton Lads and Girls Club, and worldwide such as Vision Aid Overseas.

The Directors' intentions are to behave responsibly towards all stakeholders as the Group maintains its significant rate of growth. We do this by keeping them appraised of our strategies, treating them fairly and equally, allocating each party an appropriate level of capital and through appropriate personal attention from board members or group colleagues, seeking to ensure they all benefit from the long-term success of the Group.

The Directors have overall responsibility for determining the Group's purpose, values and strategy and for ensuring high standards of governance, mindful of a world in which legislation plays an important role. The primary aim of the Directors is to promote the long-term sustainable success of the Group, generating value for all stakeholders. The Directors are constantly looking for talented and ambitious individuals who can inspire those around them. This has been part of the Group's core culture since its inception. The Directors desire is to continue this theme throughout the next financial year and beyond.

In 2020, From a Corporate Governance perspective, the Group Board was strengthened following investment, with a new chairman and non-executive appointed, with All Seas representatives also This Board evaluates all key operational decision making such as the acquisitions in the US.

#### COVID-19

Throughout the Covid-19 pandemic we followed the government guidelines. All members of our teams were updated via briefs on regular occasions to ensure communications and adherence was achieved, this included the installation of barriers in offices, one-way systems for entering and leaving the buildings, extra wash and cleaning stations to keep our staff and customers safe at our practices and Head Office. These guidelines have subsequently been relaxed.

Group Strategic Report (continued)
For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### **Future developments**

The Directors look to the continued growth and development of the group and its subsidiaries. With these aims in mind the Group continues to expand its reach on the high street by increasing the size and number of stores that it services.

#### Going concern

The Directors confirm they have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. This statement is made after reviewing future assumptions about trading performance contained within the Group's five year plan, as well as reviewing the Group's financing structure.

We have run sensitivities modelling the impact of extremely high cost inflation and extremely low selling price inflation, together with substantial rises in interest rates on borrowings and our view is that our financial resources are adequate.

This report was approved by the board on

16/12/22

and signed on its behalf.

I Hakim Director

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# Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### Results and dividends

Group activities for the year and future prospects are set out in the Strategic Report.

The loss for the year, after taxation and minority interests, amounted to £195,000 (2020 - loss of £408,000).

Dividends of £8,623,000 (2020 - £2,663,000) were paid to non-controlling interests in the year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend to equity holders of the Company (2020 - £128,000).

#### **Directors**

The Directors who served during the year were:

I Hakim

Z I Hakim

S Issa

M Ashcroft (appointed 30 September 2021, resigned 21 July 2022)

#### Political contributions

There were no political donations in the current or prior year.

#### **Engagement with employees**

The Group's policy is to consult and discuss with employees in staff councils and in meetings, matters likely to affect employees' interests. Information about matters of concern to employees is given through information bulletins and reports which seek to achieve a common awareness on the part of all employees of the relevant and appropriate financial and economic factors affecting the Group's performance.

#### Engagement with suppliers, customers and others

The Group organises an annual retreat for all employees at which key suppliers organise product demonstrations and interact with Group employees which strengthens the working relationship with them. Similarly we have a long standing and loyal customer base who trust us with their eyecare. We communicate with them regularly and seek to offer them an outstanding service.

#### Disabled employees

It is the Group's policy to give disabled persons full and fair consideration for all job vacancies for which they offer themselves as suitable applicants, having regard to their particular experience, aptitude and ability. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment within the Group continues and that the appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Group that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

## Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its Directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

#### Greenhouse gas emissions, energy consumption and energy efficiency action

The Group has not disclosed information in respect of greenhouse gas emissions, energy consumption and energy efficiency action as its energy consumption in the United Kingdom for the year is 40,000kWh or lower.

# Directors' Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### Matters covered in the Strategic Report

In accordance with section 414C(11) of the Companies Act, certain matters required to be detailed in the Directors' Report are detailed in the Strategic Report where the Directors consider them to be of strategic importance to the Company.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditor is unaware; and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any
  relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditor is aware of that
  information.

#### Events after the reporting period

The Group secured a £25 million acquisition finance line from Santander UK PLC on 29 March 2022. The purpose of the banking line was to fund continued acquisition of UK optician practices. The term of the agreement is three years from 29 March 2022.

The Group has continued to acquire majority control of further optical practices post year end, with a further 62 companies being acquired. We sold 3 practices in the US for a small premium on purchase price as the number of available practices in the UK market has increased significantly and we have significantly greater buying power in the UK. The US market remains of interest in the medium term and we retain an interest in a US opticians' consultancy business.

#### Auditor

The auditor, BDO LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

16/12/22

and signed on its behalf.

I Hakim Director

HAKIM

# Directors' Responsibilities Statement For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the Group and Company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
  disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Independent Auditor's report to the members of HO2 Management Limited

#### Opinion on the financial statements

#### In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the Parent Company's
  affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of HO2 Management Limited (the 'Parent Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Company Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group and the Parent Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's and Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Independent Auditor's report to the members of HO2 Management Limited (continued)

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and Parent Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic report or the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit
  have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's report to the members of HO2 Management Limited (continued)

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Based on our understanding of the laws and regulations applicable and accumulated knowledge of the Group and Parent Company and the sector in which it operates we considered the risk of acts by the Group which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud and whether such actions or non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. These included but were not limited to those that relate to the form and content of the financial statements, such as the Group accounting policies, United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and the UK Companies Act 2006; and industry related such as compliance with health and safety legislation, employment law and taxation legislation. All team members were briefed to ensure they were aware of any relevant regulations in relation to their work. We obtained an understanding of the control environment in monitoring compliance with laws and regulations, enquired with management regarding matters pertaining to laws and regulations during the year, and reviewed any relevant correspondence arising to ensure these had been considered appropriately.

We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management bias in accounting estimates as well as inappropriate revenue cut-off. Our audit procedures included, but were not limited to:

- Agreement of the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates, in particular in relation to the inventory provisions and impairment of goodwill to identify any potential bias;
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular review of journal entries posted with unusual account combinations, specific keywords, manual journals to cash and journals posted by specific users;
- Testing a sample of revenue recognised either side of the year end to ensure revenue has been recognised in the correct period;
- Discussions with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Obtaining an understanding of the control environment in monitoring compliance with laws and regulations;
- · Review of minutes of Board meetings throughout the year.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Independent Auditor's report to the members of HO2 Management Limited (continued)

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Parent Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Parent Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Parent Company and the Parent Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:
Steven Roberts
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**Steven Roberts** (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor Manchester United Kingdom

16 December 2022

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Turnover	4	94,223	54,205
Cost of sales		(25,031)	(14,139)
Gross profit	-	69,192	40,066
Administrative expenses		(53,185)	(32,385)
Exceptional administrative expenses	5	-	(802)
Amortisation and impairment of goodwill		(7,714)	(4,679)
Total administrative expenses	-	(60,899)	(37,866)
Other operating income	6	1,579	4,898
Total operating profit	-	9,872	7,098
Loss on disposal of subsidiary		(51)	_
Interest receivable and similar income		2	2
Interest payable and similar expenses	11	(283)	(1,306)
Profit before taxation	-	9,540	5,794
Tax on profit	12	(3,511)	(1,952)
Profit for the financial year	-	6,029	3,842
Currency translation differences		84	(245)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	-	84	(245)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	6,113	3,597
Profit for the year attributable to:	=	<del></del>	<del></del>
Non-controlling interests		6,224	4,250
Owners of the parent Company		(195)	(408)
	-	6,029	3,842
Fotal comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	=		
Non-controlling interests		6,222	4,203
Owners of the parent Company		(109)	(606)

# HO2 Management Limited Registered number:05476134

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position** As at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000	2020 £000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	14		22,101		14,036
Tangible assets	15		5,811		4,620
		_	27,912	-	18,656
Current assets					
Stocks	17	5,858		3,965	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	18	7,190		5,758	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,100		25,065	
	-	32,148	_	34,788	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(31,288)		(26,604)	
Net current assets	-		860	<del></del>	8,184
Total assets less current liabilities		_	28,772	_	26,840
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20		(4,074)		(5,402)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	23		(504)		(436)
Net assets		<del>_</del>	24,194	_	21,002
Capital and reserves		=		_	
Called up share capital	24		-		-
Share premium account	25		12,804		12,804
Profit and loss account	25		2,492		2,601
Equity attributable to owners of the parent Company		_	15,296	-	15,405
Non-controlling interests			8,898		5,597
Total equity		_	24,194		21,002

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 1/2/2IHAKIM

l Hakim Director

Registered number:05476134

# Company Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000	2020 £000
Fixed assets			_ <del></del>		
Intangible assets	14		102		_
Tangible assets	15		145		125
Investments	16		36,149		22,444
		_	36,396		22,569
Current assets					
Stocks	17	-		8	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	18	5,565		4,223	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,359		11,171	
	_	8,924		15,402	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(18,024)		(17,066)	
Net current liabilities	-		(9,100)		(1,664)
Total assets less current liabilities		~	27,296	_	20,905
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20		(149)		(1,158)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	23		(20)		(14)
Net assets			27,127	_	19,733
Capital and reserves		<del></del>		_	
Called up share capital	24		-		_
Share premium account	25		12,804		12,804
Profit and loss account brought forward		6,929		7,762	
Profit/(loss) for the year		7,394		(705)	
Other changes in the profit and loss account		-		(128)	
Profit and loss account carried forward	_		14,323		6,929
Fotal equity			27,127		19,733

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf  $\lfloor b / 2 / 2 \rfloor$ 

Hakim HAICIM

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

At 1 January 2021	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000 12,804	Profit and loss account £000 2,601	Equity attributable to owners of parent Company £000 15,405		Total equity £000 21,002
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	(195)	(195)	6,224	6,029
Currency translation differences	-	_	86	86	(2)	84
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(109)	(109)	6,222	6,113
Contributions by and distributions to owners						
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(8,623)	(8,623)
On acquisition of subsidiaries	-	-	-	•	5,702	5,702
Total transactions with owners	-	<u> </u>			(2,921)	(2,921)
At 31 December 2021	-	12,804	2,492	15,296	8,898	24,194

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

A4.1 January 2020	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	loss account £000	Equity attributable to owners of parent Company £000	Non- controlling interests £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2020	-	-	3,335	3,335	1,927	5,262
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	-	-	(408)	(408)	4,250	3,842
Currency translation differences	-	_	(198)	(198)	(47)	(245)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(606)	(606)	4,203	3,597
Contributions by and distributions to owners						
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	(128)	(128)	(2,663)	(2,791)
Shares issued during the year	-	12,804		12,804	-	12,804
On acquisition of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	2,364	2,364
On disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(234)	(234)
Total transactions with owners	·	12,804	(128)	12,676	(533)	12,143
At 31 December 2020	·	12,804	2,601	15,405	5,597	21,002

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

At 1 January 2021	Called up share capital £000 -	Share premium account £000 12,804	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000 19,733
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	7,394	7,394
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	7,394	7,394
Total transactions with owners	-	•	-	
At 31 December 2021	<del></del>	12,804	14,323	27,127

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Called up share capital	Share premium account	Profit and loss account	Total equity
£000	£000	£000	£000
-	-	7,762	7,762
-	-	(705)	(705)
		(705)	(705)
-	•	(705)	(100)
-	-	(128)	(128)
-	12,804	-	12,804
-	12,804	(128)	12,676
-	12,804	6,929	19,733
	share capital £000	Called up share capital account £000 £000	Called up share capital         premium account loss account los

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the financial year	6,029	3,842
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	6,905	4,679
Depreciation of tangible assets	3,216	989
Impairments of fixed assets	810	_
Profit on disposal of tangible assets	-	(220)
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	51	-
Interest payable	283	1,306
Interest receivable	(2)	(2)
Taxation charge	3,511	1,952
(Increase) in stocks	(643)	(132)
Decrease in debtors	1,394	98
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(6,411)	7,778
Corporation tax paid	(1,926)	(1,491)
Interest paid	(283)	(1,294)
Net cash generated from operating activities	12,934	17,505
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	(4,498)	(1,046)
Sale of intangible fixed assets	267	140
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(2,073)	(679)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	-	291
Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries	(7,428)	(3,522)
Cash received from non-controlling interests on part disposal of subsidiaries and on incorporation of new subsidiaries	3,618	1,518
Interest received	2	2
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,112)	(3,296)
	<del></del> -	

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued) For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

2021 2020	
0003 0003	
	Cash flows from financing activities
- 12,804	Issue of ordinary shares
<b>1,060</b> 3,297	New bank loans
<b>(1,095)</b> (7,293)	Repayment of bank loans
- 518	Other new loans
(485) -	Repayment of other loans
<b>48</b> 223	New finance leases
- (128)	Dividends paid
<b>(8,623)</b> (2,663)	Non-controlling interest dividends paid
(9,095) 6,758	Net cash (used in)/from financing activities
<b>(6,273)</b> 20,967	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents
<b>25,043</b> 4,322	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year
<b>330</b> (246)	Foreign exchange gains and losses
<b>19,100</b> 25,043	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:
<b>19,100</b> 25,065	Cash at bank and in hand
- (22)	Bank overdrafts
<b>19,100</b> 25,043	
19,100 25	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:  Cash at bank and in hand

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 1. General information

HO2 Management Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The registered office is given on the Company Information page and the nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are detailed in the Strategic Report.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The group and individual financial statements of HO2 Management Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102') and the Companies Act 2006.

These consolidated and separate financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the recognition of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The presentational and functional currency is pounds sterling and amounts presented are rounded to the nearest thousand.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies (see note 3).

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Comprehensive Income in these financial statements.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions available under FRS 102:

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A; and
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they form a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Statement of Financial Position, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Going concern

The Directors confirm they have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. This statement is made after reviewing future assumptions about trading performance contained within the Group's five year plan, as well as reviewing the Group's financing structure.

We have run sensitivities modelling the impact of extremely high cost inflation and extremely low selling price inflation, together with substantial rises in interest rates on borrowings and our view is that our financial resources are adequate.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

On consolidation, the results of overseas operations are translated into Sterling at rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place. All assets and liabilities of overseas operations are translated at the rate ruling at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on translating the opening net assets at opening rate and the results of overseas operations at actual rate are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts, to the extent that the Group has a right to consideration arising from the performance of its contractual arrangements. Turnover is recognised on despatch for wholesale transactions and at the point of collection for retail transactions. Turnover relating to services is recognised when the service has been provided.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the group; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

The Group receives income from suppliers in the form of incentives, discounts and promotional support. Such income is recognised within cost of sales when earned.

#### 2.6 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

#### 2.7 Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

#### 2.8 Leased assets: the Group as lessee

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the Company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.9 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Group but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

#### 2.10 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

#### 2.11 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### 2.12 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

#### 2.13 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where they relate to timing differences in respect of interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the Group can control the reversal of the timing differences and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.14 Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the Group's share of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income over its useful economic life

The periods chosen for writing off goodwill are based on reliable estimates of future cash flows arising from each acquisition. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date. In absence of indications to the contrary, the useful economic life is assumed to be five years. Goodwill is assessed for impairment when there are indicators of impairment and any impairment is charged to the income statement. No reversals of impairment are recognised.

The useful economic life of goodwill is 5 years.

#### Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The amortisation rate for computer software is 3 years.

#### 2.15 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the Group assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.15 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property - 2% straight line Long-term leasehold property - 2% straight line

Plant, machinery and vehicles - 25% straight line and 20-25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.16 Impairment of fixed assets and goodwill

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. Where there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the carrying value of the asset (or cash-generating unit to which the asset has been allocated) is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's (or CGU's) fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets that have been previously impaired are reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether there is any indication that the impairment losses recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

#### 2.17 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

#### 2.18 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.19 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

#### 2.21 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.22 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Group would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.23 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's and the parent Company's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are outlined below:

- Valuation and life of tangible fixed assets The useful economic life of tangible fixed assets is judged
  at the point of purchase and is then re-assessed at each reporting date. A useful economic life of
  each asset class is stated above within the accounting policies for tangible assets.
- Valuation and life of intangible fixed assets The useful economic life of goodwill is based upon the
  Directors' assessment of various pertinent matters including but not restricted to, the stability of the
  industry, current and expected gross contribution from the site, barriers to competition and the
  durability of customer bases in the locality. The useful economic life of goodwill is stated above within
  the accounting policies for intangible assets.
- Provision for slow moving or obsolete stock At each year end date, management undertake a review
  of stock balances and estimate the balance that should either be impaired or provided against. This
  calculation is based on the individual stock aging profile, expected sales at each retail site,
  expectations over current fashion trends and with due regard to arrangements over stock returns
  which may exist with suppliers.
- Impairment assessment and estimation of recoverable value of goodwill At each year end date management review whether the carrying value of each facet of goodwill is impaired, bearing in mind the same factors noted above.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

4.	Turnover		
	An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Retail optical sales	94,223	54,205
	Analysis of turnover by country of destination:		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	United Kingdom	88,637	51,723
	Republic of Ireland	4,196	2,482
	USA	1,390	-
		94,223	54,205
5.	Exceptional items		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Legal and professional fees	-	642
	Early loan repayment charges	-	160
			802
	Exceptional legal and professional fees along with early loan repayment of Company in the prior year in respect of the acquisition of the Company by Fire	narges were incu st Wave I Limited	rred by the
6.	Other operating income		
		2021	2020
		£000	£000

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

7.	Operating profit		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Depreciation of tangible assets	3,216	989
	Amortisation of intangible assets	5,478	4,679
	Impairment of intangible assets	810	-
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of tangible assets	51	(218)
	Operating lease charges	4,151	2,573
8.	Auditor's remuneration		··· <del>-</del>
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Group's annual financial statements	112	102
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates in respect of:		
	Accounts preparation	6	5

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

### 9. Employees

Staff costs, including Directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
Wages and salaries	28,796	18,726	2,879	2,305
Social security costs	2,189	1,288	278	218
Cost of defined contribution scheme	721	467	56	37
	31,706	20,481	3,213	2,560

The total key management personnel remuneration was £3,238,000 (2020 - £3,399,000).

The average monthly number of employees of the Group, including the Directors, during the year was as follows:

	2021 No.	2020 No.
Management (including Directors)	213	168
Operational	107	80
Retail outlets	1,182	828
	1,502	1,076
	<del></del>	

The Company has no employees other than the Directors.

## 10. Directors' remuneration

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Directors' emoluments		15

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 3 Directors (2020 - 3) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

11.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Bank interest payable	249	1,291
	Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	34	12
	Other interest payable	-	3
		283	1,306
		_ <del></del>	
12.	Taxation		
		2021	2020
	Corporation tax	£000	£000
	Current tax on profits for the year	3,883	1,899
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(306)	-
	Total current tax	3,577	1,899
	Deferred tax	<del></del>	
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(66)	53
	Total deferred tax	(66)	53
	Taxation on profit		 1,952

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 12. Taxation (continued)

#### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2020 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Profit before tax	9,540	5,794
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of:	1,813	1,101
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group relief	2,274 (576)	1,451 (600)
Total tax charge for the year	3,511	1,952

### Factors that may affect future tax charges

An increase in the future main corporation tax rate to 25% from 1 April 2023, from the previously enacted 19%, was announced in the budget on 3 March 2021, and substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. The deferred tax balance at the year end has been calculated based on the rate as at the year end date. The change in the rate is not expected to be material.

Deferred tax has not been provided on tax losses on the basis that these losses are not expected to be recovered in the foreseeable future. The estimated unprovided deferred tax on these losses carried forward at the year-end was £576,000 (2020 - £531,000).

### 13. Dividends

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Dividends paid of £Nil (2020 - £1,280) per share	-	128

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 14. Intangible assets

#### Group

Cost At 1 January 2021 - 29,041	
•	
	29,041
Additions 152 4,346	4,498
Disposals - (267)	(267)
On acquisition of subsidiaries - 11,793	11,793
Foreign exchange movement - (244)	(244)
At 31 December 2021 152 44,669	44,821
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2021 - <b>15,005</b>	15,005
Charge for the year 77 6,828	6,905
Impairment charge - 810	810
At 31 December 2021 77 22,643	22,720
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021 75 22,026	22,101
At 31 December 2020 - 14,036	14,036

Goodwill additions in the year are where the Group has increased their ownership percentage in a subsidiary, or as a result of asset purchases and subsequent company incorporations.

Goodwill disposals in the year are as a result of transferring the trade and assets of a subsidiary into other trading entities.

Goodwill acquired on the acquisition of subsidiaries is detailed in note 27.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

# 14. Intangible assets (continued)

#### Company

	Software £000
Cost	
Additions	113
At 31 December 2021	113
Amortisation	
Charge for the year	11
At 31 December 2021	11
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	102
At 31 December 2020	-

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 15. Tangible fixed assets

#### Group

	Freehold land and property £000	Long-term leasehold land and property £000	Plant, machinery and vehicles £000	Total £000
Cost				
At 1 January 2021	919	879	11,110	12,908
Additions	-	-	2,073	2,073
Acquisition of subsidiary	1	226	2,107	2,334
At 31 December 2021	920	1,105	15,290	17,315
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2021	97	556	7,635	8,288
Charge for the year	94	18	3,104	3,216
At 31 December 2021	191	574	10,739	11,504
Net book value				
At 31 December 2021	729 ————	531	4,551 ————	5,811 —————
At 31 December 2020	822	323	3,475	4,620

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Plant, machinery and vehicles	449	474

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 15. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

#### Company

	Long-term leasehold property £000	Plant and machinery £000	Total £000
Cost			
At 1 January 2021	11	364	375
Additions			72
At 31 December 2021		436	447
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2021	3	247	250
Charge for the year	-	52	52
At 31 December 2021	3	299	302
Net book value			
At 31 December 2021	8	137	145
At 31 December 2020	8	117	125

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 16. Fixed asset investments

#### Company

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	23,952
Additions	19,972
Disposals	(5,457)
At 31 December 2021	38,467
Impairment	
At 1 January 2021	1,508
Charge for the period	810
At 31 December 2021	2,318
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	36,149
At 31 December 2020	22,444

#### Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

	Class of	
Name	shares	Holding
Janet Porter Optical LLP	Ordinary	53%
Terry and Associates Limited	Ordinary	50%
Shearwater Optics Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Irlam Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
New Brighton Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Waterloo Eye Centre LLP	Ordinary	50%
Carnforth Optical Ltd	Ordinary	25%
BB Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Clamp Optometrists Limited	Ordinary	50%
Tyrrells & Embery Ltd	Ordinary	50%

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 16. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Name	Class of shares	Holding
Adlam and Coomber Optometrists Limited	Ordinary	60%
Makerfield Optical Limited	Ordinary	75%
Stokers Optical Ltd	Ordinary	65%
VW Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Halsey Optical Ltd	Ordinary	75%
Biddle Optical Ltd	Ordinary	100%
C.P.T Holdings Limited	Ordinary	50%
Netherton Eye Centre Limited*	Ordinary	100%
Peters Optical Newmarket Ltd	Ordinary	75%
Robert & Quinn Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Suzanne Dennis Optometrist Limited	Ordinary	50%
Morans Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Paul Cheetham Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Walsh Optical Ltd	Ordinary	80%
Eyesentials Limited	Ordinary	50%
Madeley Optical Ltd	Ordinary	80%
Newbold Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Evington Eyecare Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Bridgnorth Optical Ltd	Ordinary	100%
McGovern Hakim Limited	Ordinary	50%
V.J. Hughes Limited	Ordinary	75%
Wendy Diddams Limited	Ordinary	55%
Enfield Optical Limited*	Ordinary	50%
Premier Optics Limited	Ordinary	100%
James Kidner Opticians Limited	Ordinary	50%
David Henderson Optical Ltd	Ordinary	55%
H W Williams (Optometrists) Limited	Ordinary	50%
Daybell & Choo Limited	Ordinary	68.5%
Ellerker Eyewear Limited	Ordinary	60%
Millicans Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Sarah Dineen Limited	Ordinary	50%
Holland Opticians Limited	Ordinary	50%
Kimberley Opticians Partnership	Ordinary	50%
SeeDerby Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Tropia Limited	Ordinary	50%
Columbo Limited	Ordinary	75%
Dr Stella Griffiths Limited	Ordinary	50%
Smith & Swepson Opticians Limited	Ordinary	50%
David Wood Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Harris Opticians Limited	Ordinary	52.5%
Harris Opticians (Heswall) Limited	Ordinary	50%
James Bryan Opticians Limited	Ordinary	50%
Eyesite Practices Limited	Ordinary	80%
Eyesite Weybridge Limited	Ordinary	80%
Eyesite Woking Limited	Ordinary	50%
Urban Optics Limited	Ordinary	60%
Anne Irving Optometrist Limited	Ordinary	50%
Ellesmere Optical Limited	Ordinary	50%
Skilbeck & Jones (Opticians) Limited*	Ordinary	100%
Richard Haynes Limited	Ordinary	50%
Y&S Optical Group Limited	Ordinary	75%
Yates & Suddell (Walkden) Limited	Ordinary	100%

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 16. Fixed asset investments (continued)

	Class of	
Name	shares	Holding
Barrow Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Helston Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Ryde Optical Ltd	Ordinary	60%
Pryor and Clacher Limited	Ordinary	50%
Heath Optometric Limited	Ordinary	50%
Second Sight CL Limited	Ordinary	50%
Castlerea Optical Limited	Ordinary	50%
Eye2Eye Optical Birkenhead Ltd	Ordinary	100%
Eye2Eye Optical Heswall Ltd	Ordinary	75%
Eye2Eye Optical Upton Ltd	Ordinary	70%
G. A. Robinson Optometrists Limited	Ordinary	100%
Golden & Harper Limited	Ordinary	50%
K. France (Opticians) Limited*	Ordinary	100%
Memory Opticians Limited	Ordinary	55%
Peter Bowers Optical Ltd	Ordinary	75%
Tracey York-Andrews Eye Care Excellence Ltd	Ordinary	50%
J. Wooding Opticians Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Simon Browning Optical Ltd	Ordinary	75%
Wigrarn & Ware Limited	Ordinary	50%
Botley Optical Limited	Ordinary	50%
Skye Optometrists Limited	Ordinary	55%
Hazel Smith Optical Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Harold I. Silverberg Limited	Ordinary	50%
Stephen Evans Optical Limited	Ordinary	50%
Pinder & Moore Limited	Ordinary	50%
Tim Roebuck Optician Limited	Ordinary	90%
S Donne (Bedford) Limited	Ordinary	50%
Galway Independent Opticians Limited	Ordinary	50%
Staples Optical Limited	Ordinary	50%
Brosgill Eyewear Limited	Ordinary	50%
Optima (Exeter) Ltd.	Ordinary	50%
Leyland Optical Limited	Ordinary	50%
Stephens Opticians Limited	Ordinary	100%
Pullen and Symes Limited	Ordinary	60%
Gill Opticians Ltd	Ordinary	57.5%
Keith Murphy Opticians Limited	Ordinary	50%
Enderbys of Boston Limited	Ordinary	81%
Kelly Optometry Limited	Ordinary	50%
Welbourne Opticians Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Cooper & Leatherbarrow Limited	Ordinary	50%
WSM Optical Limited	Ordinary	50%
Heals Opticians Limited	Ordinary	90%
Face Furniture Limited	Ordinary	100%
Dawkins & Lodge Limited	Ordinary	75%
Nicola Fenner Limited	Ordinary	50%
Davis Optometrists Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Davis (MH) Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Aden Walsh Ltd	Ordinary	75%
Innovative Eyecare Limited*	Ordinary	50%
Norville Retail Limited	Ordinary	100%
Bruce Avery Limited	Ordinary	50%
Willetts & Doig Ltd	Ordinary	50%

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 16. Fixed asset investments (continued)

	Class of	
Name	shares	Holding
D R and J Searle Limited	Ordinary	100%
T.J Crompton Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Sports Eyewear Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Glos Mec Limited	Ordinary	67.5%
Look Opticians Limited	Ordinary	50%
E&G Optical Ltd	Ordinary	100%
BBR Optometry Ltd	Ordinary	50%
Catalyst Vision Holdings, LLC	Ordinary	70%
Jasper Eye Care Inc	Ordinary	100%
Power Practice Corp.*	Ordinary	100%
Akay & Turnbull Visioncare Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Hassocks Eyecare Centre Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Pagan & McQuade (Hartlepool) Limited **	Ordinary	80%
McQuade Eyecare Limited **	Ordinary	75%
Martin Steels Limited **	Ordinary	90%
AP Optical Limited **	Ordinary	80%
Bird & Fairley (Dunmow) Limited **	Ordinary	75%
Bird & Fairley (Loughton) Limited *, **	Ordinary	50%
Long After Limited ** Norville & Dobinson Limited **	Ordinary	50%
	Ordinary	75%
Guilford & Carter Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Norville Keynsham Limited **	Ordinary	80%
Norville Stonehouse Limited ** Milecharm Ltd **	Ordinary	50%
	Ordinary	50%
Broadhurst Optometrists Limited *, **  David Isman Opticiona (Proembill) Limited **	Ordinary	50%
David Inman Opticians (Broomhill) Limited **	Ordinary	50%
David Inman (Opticians) Limited *, **	Ordinary	50%
Norville Bath Road Limited **	Ordinary	100%
Liage Ltd ** J&C Briddon Limited **	Ordinary	100%
J&PAE Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Martin Steels (Emsworth) Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Aves Optometrists Limited **	Ordinary	80% 50%
Mullins & Henry Limited **	Ordinary	75%
Longford Independent Opticians Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Taylor Biddle Holdings Limited **	Ordinary Ordinary	60%
Taylor Biddle Opticians Ltd *, **	Ordinary	60%
Alexander Gage Opticians Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Andrew Laird Optical Ltd **	Ordinary	100%
Barnard & Levit Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Cooper & Barr Ltd. **	_ · ·	40004
David Burghardt Vision Care Limited **	Ordinary Ordinary	100% 50%
Fines Opticians Limited **	Ordinary	80%
Finniston Limited **	Ordinary	100%
H.J.Wheeldon Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Inspeyer Ltd **	Ordinary	50 % 50%
J Oliver Radley Opticians Limited **	Ordinary	75%
John Weygang (Churchdown) Ltd **	Ordinary	67%
John Weygang (Hucclecote) Ltd **	Ordinary	67%
John Weygang (Quedgeley) Ltd **	Ordinary	67%
Julian Berson Opticians Limited **	-	67% 75%
Lambrou Limited **	Ordinary Ordinary	75% 75%
Edition of Elithica	Orumary	7576

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 16. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Name	Class of shares	Holding
Norman Prince Ascot Limited **	Ordinary	100%
Norman Prince Ashford and Teddington Limited **	Ordinary	100%
Norman Prince Crowthorne Limited **	Ordinary	75%
Optima (Faversham) Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Osborne Harle Ltd **	Ordinary	100%
Outlook Eyecare Ltd **	Ordinary	70%
Pilbeam Opticians Limited **	Ordinary	50%
Prebble Opticians Limited **	Ordinary	100%
C S Segal Limited **	Ordinary	100%
TK&S Optometrists Limited **	Ordinary	50%

Subsidiary undertakings marked with a single asterisk are held indirectly.

Subsidiary undertakings marked with a double asterisk were acquired in the year.

All subsidiary undertakings business activity is retail optician outlets.

The Company has chosen in accordance with Companies Act 2006, S479A not to audit the individual subsidiary undertakings and provide a parent company guarantee on behalf of these undertakings.

The registered offices of the subsidiary undertakings are as follows:

Shearwater Optics Ltd	35 Bucks Rd, Douglas, IM1 3DE, Isle 01 Man
McGovern Hakim Limited	Market Lane, Westport, Co. Mayo, D07 XEW4, Republic of
	Ireland
Urban Optics Limited	Scolts St, Killarney, Co. Kerry, Republic of Ireland
Castlerea Optical Limited	7 Lowpark Ave, Chartestown, Co. Mayo, F12 DK64,
·	Republic of Ireland
Galwey Independent Opticians Limited	Corner House, Woodquay, Galway, H91 FW10, Republic of
	Ireland
Kelly Optometry Limited	Sandymount House, Newport co, Mayo Newport Mayo,
• • •	Republic of Ireland
Aden Walsh Ltd	Columcille House, William Street, Tullamore co, Offaly,
	Republic of Ireland
Catalyst Vision Holdings	847 S. Newport Avenue, Tampa, Florida
Jasper Eye Care Inc.	319 Belvedere Rd, Suite 1, West Palm Beach, Florida
Power Practice Corp.	319 Belvedere Rd, Suite 1, West Palm Beach, Florida
Mullins & Henry Limited	Sandymount House, Newport, Co. Mayo, Ireland
Longford Independent Opticians Limited	Sandymount House, Newport, Co. Mayo, Ireland
Fines Opticians Limited	57 Catherine Street, Co. Limerick, Limerick, V94K5YX
In a constant of the constant	

All other subsidiary undertakings have registered office Unit 317, India Mill Business Centre, Darwen, BB3 1AE, England.

Subsidiaries listed above that are 50% owned or less are consolidated as they are controlled by HO2 Management Limited through their ability to appoint and remove Directors.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 17. Stocks

	Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
Goods for resale	5,858	3,965	-	8

The difference between purchase price or production cost of stocks and their replacement cost is not material.

#### 18. Debtors

	Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
Trade debtors	4,732	2,744	1,715	602
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	3,073	3,104
Other debtors	1,603	2,279	545	347
Prepayments and accrued income	809	682	232	170
Corporation tax recoverable	46	53	<u> </u>	
	7,190	5,758	5,565	4,223

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

An impairment charge of £Nil (2020 - £Nil) was recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in respect of bad or doubtful debts.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 19. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
-	22	•	-
1,946	1,058	778	167
-	418	-	-
4,773	3,323	657	225
12,811	12,799	12,992	13,121
3,574	2,057	-	-
1,342	906	285	212
365	342	-	-
686	543	-	-
5,051	4,083	3,098	3,187
740	1,053	214	154
31,288	26,604	18,024	17,066
	2021 £000 - 1,946 - 4,773 12,811 3,574 1,342 365 686 5,051 740	2021 2020 £000 £000 - 22 1,946 1,058 - 418 4,773 3,323 12,811 12,799 3,574 2,057 1,342 906 365 342 686 543 5,051 4,083 740 1,053	2021       2020       2021         £000       £000       £000         -       22       -         1,946       1,058       778         -       418       -         4,773       3,323       657         12,811       12,799       12,992         3,574       2,057       -         1,342       906       285         365       342       -         686       543       -         5,051       4,083       3,098         740       1,053       214

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

Included within creditors due within one year is a Directors loan of £686,000 (2020 - £543,000). No interest was charged during the year (2020 - £Nil).

#### 20. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
Bank loans	3,319	4,242	-	778
Other loans	33	100	-	-
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	417	392	-	-
Other creditors	305	668	149	380
	4,074	5,402	149	1,158

The loans are secured by fixed and floating charges over the Company's assets.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 21. Loans

	Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
Amounts falling due within one year				
Bank loans	1,946	1,058	778	167
Other loans	-	418	-	-
	1,946	1,476	778	167
Amounts falling due 1-2 years	<del></del>		<u> </u>	
Bank loans	3,307	2,716	-	778
Other loans	33	100	-	-
	3,340	2,816	<del>-</del>	778
Amounts falling due 2-5 years				<del></del>
Bank loans	12	1,526	-	-
	12	1,526	·	-
	5,298	5,818	778	945

#### 22. Hire purchase and finance leases

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Within one year	365	342
Between 1-5 years	417	392
	782	734
	<del></del>	<del></del>

Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured over the assets to which they relate.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

23.	Deferred taxation				
	Group				
				2021 £000	2020 £000
	At beginning of year			436	282
	(Credited)/charged to profit or loss			(66)	53
	Arising on business combinations			134	101
	At end of year		-	504	436
	Company				
				2021 £000	2020 £000
	At beginning of year			14	6
	Charged to profit or loss			6	8
	At end of year		=	20	14
	The provision for deferred taxation is made	up as follows:			
		Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
	Accelerated capital allowances	504	436	20	14

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 24. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid	2021 £000	2020 £000
200 (2020 - 200) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	-	-

Each share is entitled to one vote in any circumstances. Each share is entitled pari passu to dividends and distributions. The shares are not redeemable.

#### 25. Reserves

The Company's capital and reserves are as follows:

#### Called up share capital

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of equity shares issued.

#### Share premium account

Share premium account represents the premium on equity shares issued net of transaction costs.

#### Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments which are attributable to the owners of the Company.

#### 26. Analysis of net debt

	At 1			At 31
	January		New finance	December
	2021	Cash flows	leases	2021
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cash at bank and in hand	25,065	(5,965)	-	19,100
Bank overdrafts	(22)	22	-	-
Debt due after 1 year	(4,342)	990	-	(3,352)
Debt due within 1 year	(1,476)	(459)	-	(1,935)
Finance leases	(734)	(188)	140	(782)
	18,491	(5,600)	140	13,031
		(5,600)	=====	=======

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 27. Business combinations

The below table represents 50 of the total 54 acquisitions made in the year which have been aggregated together as they are individually immaterial.

Fixed assets         Book value £'000         adjustment £'000         Fair value £'000           Tangibles         1,749         -         1,749           Current assets         996         -         996           Stocks         996         -         996           Debtors due within one year         1,897         -         1,897           Cash         3,108         -         3,108           Total assets         7,750         -         7,750           Creditors         Due within one year         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Deferred tax         -         -         -         -           Total liabilities         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Total identifiable net assets         2,051           Goodwill         9,228           Non-controlling interests         (1,087)           Total purchase consideration         10,192
Fixed assets         1,749         -         1,749           Current assets         1,749         -         1,749           Stocks         996         -         996           Debtors due within one year         1,897         -         1,897           Cash         3,108         -         3,108           Total assets         7,750         -         7,750           Creditors         Due within one year         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Deferred tax         -         -         -         -           Total liabilities         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Total identifiable net assets         2,051           Goodwill         9,228           Non-controlling interests         (1,087)
Tangibles         1,749         -         1,749           Current assets         996         -         996           Stocks         996         -         996           Debtors due within one year         1,897         -         1,897           Cash         3,108         -         3,108           Total assets         7,750         -         7,750           Creditors         Due within one year         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Deferred tax         -         -         -         -           Total liabilities         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Total identifiable net assets         2,051           Goodwill         9,228           Non-controlling interests         (1,087)
Current assets       1,749       -       1,749         Stocks       996       -       996         Debtors due within one year       1,897       -       1,897         Cash       3,108       -       3,108         Total assets       7,750       -       7,750         Creditors       Due within one year       (5,699)       -       (5,699)         Deferred tax       -       -       -         Total liabilities       (5,699)       -       (5,699)         Total identifiable net assets       2,051         Goodwill       9,228         Non-controlling interests       (1,087)
Current assets         996         -         996         Debtors due within one year         1,897         -         1,897         -         1,897         -         1,897         -         1,897         -         3,108         -         3,108         -         3,108         -         3,108         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         -         7,750         -         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         -         7,750         -         7,750         -         -         7,750         -         -         7,750         -         -         7,750         - <td< td=""></td<>
Stocks         996         -         996           Debtors due within one year         1,897         -         1,897           Cash         3,108         -         3,108           Total assets         7,750         -         7,750           Creditors         Due within one year         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Deferred tax         -         -         -         -           Total liabilities         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Total identifiable net assets         2,051           Goodwill         9,228           Non-controlling interests         (1,087)
Debtors due within one year       1,897       -       1,897         Cash       3,108       -       3,108         Total assets       7,750       -       7,750         Creditors       Due within one year       (5,699)       -       (5,699)       -       (5,699)         Deferred tax       -       -       -       -       -         Total liabilities       (5,699)       -       (5,699)       -       (5,699)         Total identifiable net assets       2,051         Goodwill       9,228         Non-controlling interests       (1,087)
Cash         3,108         -         3,108           Total assets         7,750         -         7,750           Creditors         Due within one year         (5,699)         -         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Deferred tax         -         -         -         -         -           Total liabilities         (5,699)         -         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Total identifiable net assets         2,051         -
Total assets         7,750         -         7,750           Creditors         Due within one year         (5,699)         -         (5,699)         -         (5,699)           Deferred tax         - <td< td=""></td<>
Creditors Due within one year Deferred tax  Total liabilities  (5,699)  (5,699)  (5,699)  (5,699)  (5,699)  Capability  Total identifiable net assets  (1,087)
Due within one year Deferred tax Code in the second
Total liabilities (5,699) - (5,699)  Total identifiable net assets 2,051  Goodwill 9,228 Non-controlling interests (1,087)
Total liabilities (5,699) - (5,699)  Total identifiable net assets 2,051  Goodwill 9,228 Non-controlling interests (1,087)
Total identifiable net assets  2,051  Goodwill Non-controlling interests  (1,087)
Goodwill Non-controlling interests 9,228 (1,087)
Non-controlling interests (1,087)
Non-controlling interests (1,087)
Total purchase consideration 10,192
Consideration
Cash 9,066
Deferred consideration 952
Directly attributable costs 174
Total purchase consideration 10,192
Cash outflow on acquisition
Purchase consideration settled in cash, as above 9,066
Directly attributable costs 174
Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired (3,108)
Net cash outflow on acquisition 6,132

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 27. Business combinations (continued)

The results of the new subsidiaries since acquisition are as follows:

	£'000
Turnover	15,726
Profit for the period	2,662

Acquisition of Barnard & Levit Limited

On 3 September 2021, the Company purchased 50% of the share capital of Barnard & Levit Limited for total consideration of £1,008,000.

		Fair value	
	Book value £'000	adjustment £'000	Fair value £'000
Fixed assets			
Tangibles	82	-	82
	82	-	82
Current assets			
Stocks	58	-	58
Debtors due within one year	626	-	626
Cash	947	•	947
Total assets	1,713		1,713
Creditors			
Due within one year	(227)	-	(227)
Deferred tax	•	-	-
Total liabilities	(227)	<u> </u>	(227)
Total identifiable net assets			1,486
Goodwill			265
Non-controlling interests			(743)
Total purchase consideration			1,008

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

27.	Business combinations (continued)	
		£'000
	Consideration	
	Cash	794
	Deferred consideration	183
	Directly attributable costs	31
	Total purchase consideration	1,008
	Cash inflow on acquisition	
	Purchase consideration settled in cash, as above	794
	Directly attributable costs	31
	Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(947)
	Net cash inflow on acquisition	(122)
	The results of Barnard & Levit Limited since acquisition are as follows:	
		£'000
	Turnover	452
	Profit for the period	141

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 27. Business combinations (continued)

Acquisition of Martin Steels Limited

On 31 January 2021, the Company, purchased 100% of the share capital of Martin Steels Limited for total consideration of £1,213,000.

	Book value	Fair value adjustment	Fair value
Fixed assets	£'000	£'000	£'000
Tangibles	183	-	183
	183	-	183
Current assets Stocks	133		133
Debtors due within one year	39		39
Cash	163	<u>-</u>	163
Gush	103	_	103
Total assets	518	-	518
Creditors			
Due within one year	(139)	-	(139)
Total liabilities	(139)	<u> </u>	(139)
Total identifiable net assets			379
Goodwill			834
Total purchase consideration			1,213
Consideration			
Cash			894
Deferred consideration			300
Directly attributable costs			19
Total purchase consideration			1,213

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

27.	Business combinations (continued)	
		£'000
	Cash outflow on acquisition	
	Purchase consideration settled in cash, as above	894
	Directly attributable costs	19
	Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(163)
	Net cash outflow on acquisition	750
	The results of Martin Steels Limited since acquisition are as follows:	
		£'000
	Turnover	1,238
	Profit for the period	147

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 27. Business combinations (continued)

Acquisition of Osborne Harle Limited

On 2 December 2021, the Company, purchased 100% of the share capital of Osborne Harle Limited for total consideration of £1,169,000.

	Book value £'000	Fair value adjustment £'000	Fair value £'000
Fixed assets			
Tangibles	44	-	44
0	44	-	44
Current assets Stocks	27		27
Debtors due within one year	144	_	144
Cash	519	-	519
Total assets	734	-	734
Creditors			
Due within one year	(194)	-	(194)
Total liabilities	(194)	-	(194)
Total identifiable net assets			540
Goodwill			629
Total purchase consideration			1,169
Consideration			
Cash			752
Deferred consideration			410
Directly attributable costs			7
Total purchase consideration			1,169

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

27.	Business combinations (continued)	
		£'000
	Cash outflow on acquisition	
	Purchase consideration settled in cash, as above	752
	Directly attributable costs	7
	Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(519)
	Net cash outflow on acquisition	240
	The results of Osborne Harle Limited since acquisition are as follows:	
		£'000
	Turnover	81
	Profit for the period	29

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 27. Business combinations (continued)

Acquisition of Taylor Biddle Holdings Limited

On 30 April 2021, the Company purchased 60% of the share capital of Taylor Biddle Holdings Limited and Taylor Biddle Opticians Limited for total consideration of  $\pounds 1,214,000$ .

	Book value	Fair value adjustment	Fair value
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Tangibles	276	-	276
	276		276
Current assets Stocks	36		36
Debtors due within one year	120	-	120
Cash	396	-	396
Total assets	828	-	828
Creditors			
Due within one year	(199)	-	(199)
Total liabilities	(199)	<u> </u>	(199)
Total identifiable net assets			629
Goodwill			837
Non-controlling interests			(252)
Total purchase consideration			1,214
Consideration			
Cash			814
Deferred consideration			392
Directly attributable costs			8
Total purchase consideration			1,214

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

27.	Business combinations (continued)	
		£'000
	Cash outflow on acquisition	
	Purchase consideration settled in cash, as above	814
	Directly attributable costs	8
	Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(396)
	Net cash outflow on acquisition	426
	The results of Taylor Biddle Holdings Limited and its subsidiary since acquisition are as follows:	
		£'000
	Turnover	1,137
	Profit for the period	_

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 28. Pension commitments

The Group operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Group to the fund and amounted to £721,000 (2020 - £467,000). Contributions totalling £209,000 (2020 - £137,000) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

#### 29. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2021 the Group and the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	Group 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	Company 2021 £000	Company 2020 £000
Not later than 1 year	3,534	2,029	-	15
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	10,222	4,483	-	1
Later than 5 years	6,152	2,139	-	-
	19,908	8,651	_	16

#### 30. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available in Section 33.1A of FRS 102 whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Sales and recharges to 2021 £000	Sales and recharges to 2020 £000	Purchases and recharges from 2021 £000	Purchases and recharges from 2020 £000
Entities over which the Group has control, joint control or significant influence	2,946	1,750	-	-
Other related parties	-	-	623	261
Key management personnel of the Company and its group	-	-	-	78
· -	2,946	1,750	623	339

There were no amounts outstanding as at the reporting end date.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 31. Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is First Wave I Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales with the registered office Unit 317 India Mill Business Centre, Darwen, Lancashire, England, BB3 1AE.

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by First Wave I Limited. The group accounts are publicly available and can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

The Directors consider the ultimate controlling party to be the Hakim family.