## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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# CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Pag
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

**DIRECTORS:** 

M W Norkunas

M W Messenbaugh

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

4 Studley Court Guildford Road Chobham Woking Surrey GU24 8EB

REGISTERED NUMBER:

09357322 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

The Dyer Partnership 4 Studley Court Guildford Road Chobham Woking Surrey GU24 8EB

## SOMALOGIC LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 09357322)

## **BALANCE SHEET** 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016	2015
	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	4	103,393	.48,307
Cash at bank		2,738	12,872
		106,131	61,179
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one	year 5	(87,394)	(55,964)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		18,737	5,215
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURR	ENT	<del> </del>	
LIABILITIES	<del></del>	18,737	5,215
		***************************************	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Share-based payment reserve		3,976	•
Retained earnings		13,761	4,215
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		18,737	5,215

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on August 31 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

M W Norkunas - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

SomaLogic Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with "The Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements are the first financial statements that the company have prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102), as applied to smaller entities by the adoption of Section 1A of FRS 102. The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 were prepared in accordance with previous UK GAAP.

Some of the FRS 102 recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements and accounting policy choices differ from previous UK GAAP. Consequently, the directors have amended certain accounting policies to comply with FRS 102.

There have been no transitional adjustments.

### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represent amounts receivable from the parent undertaking during the year, for the provision of sales and marketing support functions. Turnover in respect of services provided to the parent undertaking is calculated as attributable cost plus 4% in accordance with a transfer pricing agreement between SomaLogic UK Limited and the parent undertaking.

### Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. Dividend's payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

## Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## Share-based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each statement of financial position date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair vale of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market condition.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the remaining vesting period.

## Financial assets

The Company has elected to apply the provision of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

### Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities which include trade and other payables, are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

## 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2015 - 2).

## 4. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

Amounts owed by group undertakings	92,963	41,325
Other debtors	10,430	6,982
	103,393	48,307
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2016	2015
	2010 £	£
Trade creditors	8,542	7.853
Taxation and social security	44,872	18,011
Other creditors	33,980	30,100
	87,394	55,964

2016

£

2015

£

## 6. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

David Brookes (FCA) (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Hopper Williams & Bell Limited

## 7. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors regard SomaLogic Inc., a company incorporated in the USA, to be the immediate and ultimate parent undertaking by virtue of holding 100% of the issued shares and being the largest group for which consolidated accounts are available. A copy of the consolidated financial statements can be obtained from SomaLogic Inc., 2945 Wilderness Pl, Boulder, CO 80301, USA. The director does not consider there to be an ultimate controlling party.