Report of the Director and

Financial Statements for the Period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

for

Plant Lipids UK Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

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Plant Lipids UK Limited

Company Information for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

| DIRECTOR: | J Nechupadom |
|--------------------|---|
| REGISTERED OFFICE: | 8 Ambleside Gamston Nottingham Nottinghamshire NG2 6NA |
| REGISTERED NUMBER: | 09290313 (England and Wales) |
| AUDITORS: | Longley & Company 81 Melton Road West Bridgford Nottingham Nottinghamshire NG2 6EN |

Report of the Director for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016.

INCORPORATION

The company was incorporated on 31 October 2014.

DIRECTORS

The directors who have held office during the period from 31 October 2014 to the date of this report are as follows:

J Nechupadom - appointed 31 October 2014 A Wainwright - appointed 28 March 2015 - resigned 30 June 2015

The director who is eligible offers himself for election at the forthcoming first Annual General Meeting.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The director is responsible for preparing the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Longley & Company, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

J Nechupadom - Director

16 June 2016

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Plant Lipids UK Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Plant Lipids UK Limited for the period ended 31 March 2016 on pages five to twelve. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page two, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Director to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its loss for the period then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Plant Lipids UK Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from
- branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
 - the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and
- take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Director.

Richard Longley (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Longley & Company 81 Melton Road West Bridgford Nottingham Nottinghamshire NG2 6EN

12 July 2016

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

| | Notes | £ |
|--|-------|------------------------|
| TURNOVER | 2 | 96,274 |
| Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT | | 93,879 2,395 |
| Administrative expenses OPERATING LOSS | 4 | 223,096 (220,701) |
| Interest payable and similar charges LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION | | <u>3,652</u> (224,353) |
| Tax on loss on ordinary activities LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD | 5 | (224,353) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD | | |

Balance Sheet 31 March 2016

| | Notes | £ | £ |
|---|-------|---------------|-----------|
| FIXED ASSETS | | | |
| Tangible assets | 6 | | 65,715 |
| Investments | 7 | | 3,865 |
| | | | 69,580 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Stocks | | 237,391 | |
| Debtors | 8 | 86,816 | |
| Cash at bank | | <u>24,976</u> | |
| | | 349,183 | |
| CREDITORS | | | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | 9 | 245,116 | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | | 104,067 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | 173,647 |
| CREDITORS | | | |
| Amounts falling due after more than one | | | |
| vear | 10 | | 198,000 |
| NET LIABILITIES | | | (24,353) |
| | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Called up share capital | 11 | | 200,000 |
| Retained earnings | 12 | | (224,353) |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | | (24,353) |

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 16 June 2016 and were signed by:

J Nechupadom - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

| | Called up share capital £ | Retained earnings | Total equity £ |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Changes in equity Issue of share capital | 200,000 | | 200,000 |
| Total comprehensive income | 200,000 | (224,353) | (224,353) |
| Balance at 31 March 2016 | 200,000 | (224,353) | (24,353) |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

• the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 33% on cost and 10% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Grants receivable

Grants that are received of a capital nature are released to the profit and loss account to match the expected useful life of the asset to which they relate. Any grant received but not yet amortised is included under creditors due after more than one year.

Going concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue trading for the foreseeable future. The director considers this to be appropriate and in the interest of the shareholder. The company incurred a loss during the year and has net liabilities at the year end. The appropriateness of the going concern basis is dependent upon continued support from within the group. Plant Lipids Limited, the parent company, has agreed to maintain financial support to the company for a period of at least 12 months from the signing of these accounts. The director has made his own enquiries of the going concern status of the parent company and is satisfied that it is able to maintain financial support for the relevant period.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and loss before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

| United Kingdom | 39.95% |
|----------------|---------|
| Europe | -60.05% |
| | 100.00% |

3. STAFF COSTS

| | T. C. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Wages and salaries | 127,810 |
| Social security costs | 15,490 |
| | 143,300 |

The average monthly number of employees during the period was as follows:

| Sales and Management | 2 |
|----------------------|---|
| Dures and management | _ |

4. **OPERATING LOSS**

The operating loss is stated after charging:

| | ${\mathfrak t}$ |
|--|-----------------|
| Other operating leases | 10,530 |
| Depreciation - owned assets | 6,542 |
| Auditors' remuneration | 3,500 |
| Foreign exchange differences | 133 |
| | |
| Directors' remuneration and other benefits etc | - |

5. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the period.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

| | for the period 31 October | 2014 to 31 March 2010 | |
|----|--|---|------------------|
| 6. | TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS | | Plant and |
| | | | machinery etc |
| | COST | | £ |
| | Additions | | 72,257 |
| | At 31 March 2016 | | 72,257 |
| | DEPRECIATION | | |
| | Charge for period | | 6,542 |
| | At 31 March 2016 | | 6,542 |
| | NET BOOK VALUE | | 65.715 |
| | At 31 March 2016 | | <u>65,715</u> |
| 7. | FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS | | |
| | | | Shares in |
| | | | group |
| | | | undertakings |
| | COST | | £ |
| | Additions | | 3,865 |
| | At 31 March 2016 | | 3,865 |
| | NET BOOK VALUE | | |
| | At 31 March 2016 | | 3,865 |
| | The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the | e share capital of companies include the following: | |
| | Plant Lipids Latin America | | |
| | Country of incorporation: Mexico | | |
| | Nature of business: Sale of spices and flavourings | | |
| | | % | |
| | Class of shares: | holding | |
| | Ordinary | 95.00 | 2016 |
| | | | £ 2010 |
| | Aggregate capital and reserves | | 113,967 |
| | Profit for the period | | 2,780 |
| 8. | DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ON | E YEAR | ۵ |
| | Trade debtors | | £ 20,560 |
| | Amounts owed by group undertakings | | 10,641 |
| | Other debters | | 55.615 |

Other debtors

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55,615 86,816

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

| 9. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DI | JE WITHIN ONE YEAR | _ |
|-----|--|-------------------------|--|
| | Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors | | $ \begin{array}{r} £\\ 19,800\\ 204,142\\ \underline{21,174}\\ \underline{245,116} \end{array} $ |
| 10. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DI YEAR | JE AFTER MORE THAN ONE | |
| | Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors | | $ \begin{array}{r} £\\ 180,000\\ \underline{18,000}\\ \underline{198,000} \end{array} $ |
| 11. | CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL | | |
| | Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class: 200,000 Ordinary | Nominal value: £1 | £ |
| 12. | RESERVES | | Retained earnings |
| | Deficit for the period At 31 March 2016 | | (224,353) (224,353) |
| 13. | ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY | | |

Plant Lipids Limited (incorporated in India) is regarded by the director as being the company's ultimate parent company.

OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS 14.

As at the 31 March 2016 the company had the following commitments under non-cancellable operating leases-

| | 2016 |
|--|---------|
| Rental of land and buildings - lease expires in 2 to 5 years | £20,000 |

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the period 31 October 2014 to 31 March 2016

15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Plant Lipids Limited

Plant Lipids Limited is the parent company of Plant Lipids UK Limited

During the period this company purchased stock from Plant Lipids Limited totalling £175,738 and this was still uppaid at the year end. In addition to this, Plant Lipids Limited also provided a loan to this company of £225,000 on which interest of £3,652 was charged.

Plant Lipids Europe

Plant Lipids Europe is in the same group as Plant Lipids UK Limited

During the period sales of £55,396 were made to Plant Lipids Europe, of which £9,569 was still outstanding at the period end.

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