

**Report of the Director and
Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2019
for
Euna Underwriting Ltd**



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for the year ended 31 March 2019**

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Euna Underwriting Ltd
Company Information
for the year ended 31 March 2019

DIRECTOR:

C J Hobbs

SECRETARY:

Alto Secretaries Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE:

5th Floor
Minories House
2-5 Minories
London
EC3N 1BJ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

09154730 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Anstey Bond LLP
Statutory Auditors &
Chartered Accountants
1 Charterhouse Mews
London
EC1M 6BB

**Report of the Director
for the year ended 31 March 2019**

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the provision of specialist insurance and reinsurance brokerage services.

DIRECTOR

C J Hobbs held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2018 to the date of this report.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

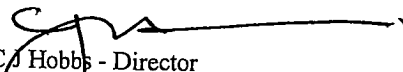
So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Anstey Bond LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:


C J Hobbs - Director

11 October 2019

**Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Euna Underwriting Ltd**

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Euna Underwriting Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Director has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

**Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Euna Underwriting Ltd**

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Director.

Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page two, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Colin Ellis FCCA CF (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Anstey Bond LLP
Statutory Auditors &
Chartered Accountants
1 Charterhouse Mews
London
EC1M 6BB

Date: 11/10/2019

Income Statement
for the year ended 31 March 2019

	31.3.19	31.3.18
Notes	£	£
TURNOVER	860,617	876,867
Administrative expenses	(769,610)	(919,362)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) and PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	91,007	(42,495)
Tax on profit/(loss)	247,940	10,421
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	<u>338,947</u>	<u>(32,074)</u>

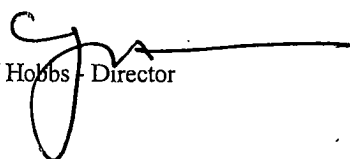
The notes form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet
31 March 2019

	Notes	31.3.19 £	31.3.18 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	26,766	85,638
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	184,499	130,322
Cash at bank		61,897	26,934
		<u>246,396</u>	<u>157,256</u>
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	7	(191,862)	(498,597)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		<u>54,534</u>	<u>(341,341)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		81,300	(255,703)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		-	(1,944)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		<u>81,300</u>	<u>(257,647)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		1	1
Retained earnings		81,299	(257,648)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>81,300</u>	<u>(257,647)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 11 October 2019 and were signed by:


C J Hobbs - Director

**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2019**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Euna Underwriting Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The company is reliant on its working capital on funds provided to it by ES Risks Limited, a member of the ultimate parents group of company's, who has confirmed that it will continue to make such funds available to the company for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. This should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due.

As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the director acknowledges that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, he has no reason to believe that it will not do so. On this basis, the director considers it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Turnover

Turnover represents commission and fees earned.

Revenue recognition

Credit is taken for commission at the point at which placement services are substantially complete. Commissions on adjustment premiums, binding authorities and treaties are recognised when revenue is confirmed as earned. Fees charged for services are recognised when earned.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant & machinery	33% on cost
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Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits**

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the Company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are included in the balance sheet at cost. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash within the bank.

Insurance broking debtors and creditors

Insurance intermediaries act as agents in the placement of insurable risks. As such, they are not liable, as principal, for amounts arising from such transactions. In recognition of this relationship, debtors from insurance intermediary transactions are not included as an asset of the Company. Other than the receivable for brokerage, commissions, or fees earned on a transaction, no recognition of the insurance transaction occurs until the Company receives cash in respect of the premiums or claims. At that point, a corresponding liability is established in favour of the insurer or the cedant, unless the cash is held in trust, in which case neither the cash nor the corresponding liability is reflected in the Company's financial statements.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2018 - 11).

4. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

The operating profit (2018 - operating loss) is stated after charging:

	31.3.19	31.3.18
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	66,227	60,163
Auditor remuneration	<u>3,900</u>	<u>3,900</u>

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc £
COST	
At 1 April 2018	193,639
Additions	7,355
Disposals	<u>(131,160)</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>69,834</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2018	108,001
Charge for year	66,227
Eliminated on disposal	<u>(131,160)</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>43,068</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2019	<u>26,766</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>85,638</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2019

6. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	31.3.19	31.3.18
	£	£
Trade debtors	174,629	126,482
Other debtors	9,870	3,840
	<u>184,499</u>	<u>130,322</u>

7. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	31.3.19	31.3.18
	£	£
Trade creditors	46,608	14,933
Amounts owed to group undertakings	115,880	479,764
Taxation and social security	25,474	-
Other creditors	3,900	3,900
	<u>191,862</u>	<u>498,597</u>

8. **RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

9. **ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY**

The immediate parent undertaking is Epsilon Group Limited.

The ultimate controlling party is Mr C Hobbs, by virtue of 100% shareholding in Epsilon Group Limited.