

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 09117823

A-Tech Offshore Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 March 2021

A-Tech Offshore Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	547	687
Current assets			
Debtors	6	29,021	28,544
Cash at bank and in hand		60,706	42,062
		-----	-----
		89,727	70,606
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	21,921	11,446
		-----	-----
Net current assets		67,806	59,160
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		68,353	59,847
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		104	130
		-----	-----
Net assets		68,249	59,717
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		68,248	59,716
		-----	-----
Shareholders funds		68,249	59,717
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

A-Tech Offshore Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 March 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1 December 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A Kitchen

Director

Company registration number: 09117823

A-Tech Offshore Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Wick House, Redhouse Lane, Westrip, Stroud, Glos, GL6 6EY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment - 33% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2020: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	Equipment £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 April 2020	3,189	3,189
Additions	524	524
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At 31 March 2021	3,713	3,713
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Depreciation		
At 1 April 2020	2,502	2,502
Charge for the year	664	664
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At 31 March 2021	3,166	3,166
	-----	-----
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2021	547	547
	-----	-----
At 31 March 2020	687	687
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6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	28,878	28,300
Other debtors	143	244
	-----	-----
	29,021	28,544
	-----	-----

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	12,299	5,397
Corporation tax	4,743	—
Social security and other taxes	2,123	3,620
Other creditors	2,756	2,429
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	21,921	11,446
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8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2021		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr A Kitchen	(1,964)	(312)	(2,276)
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	2020		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr A Kitchen	(1,739)	(225)	(1,964)
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.