UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 FOR

FDS DIRECTOR SERVICES LIMITED

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FDS DIRECTOR SERVICES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

DIRECTORS: Mrs B J Haigh-Rosser

Mrs N Kaur

REGISTERED OFFICE: 3-5 Tammy Hall Street

Wakefield West Yorkshire WF1 2SX

REGISTERED NUMBER: 09088224 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Shenward LLP

Chartered Accountants & Business Advisors

Summit House Woodland Park Bradford Road Cleckheaton West Yorkshire BD19 6BW

ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 OCTOBER 2023

	Natas	2023	C	2022	r
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
Intangible assets	5		_		-
Tangible assets	6		1,845_		2,351
			1,845		2,351
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		95,852		54,177	
Cash at bank and in hand		294,274		158,963	
		390,126		213,140	
CREDITORS		•		•	
Amounts falling due within one year		279,688		99,225	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			110,438		113,915
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			112,283		116,266
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	7		475		105
	ſ		175		185
NET ASSETS			<u>112,108</u>		<u>116,081</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Retained earnings			112,107		116,080
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			112,108		116,081

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Statement of Financial Position for the year ended 31 October 2023 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 29 January 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs N Kaur - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

FDS Director Services Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Details of these judgements can be found in the accounting policies.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2014, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Fixtures and fittings - 33% on cost and 20% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to the income statement.

Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially recorded at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party,

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recorded at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities in payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made when an event has taken place that gives the company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Income Statement in the year that the company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

Going concern

After reviewing the company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 8 (2022 - 7).

5. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

ວ.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		Totals £
	COST	Į.
	At 1 November 2022	
	and 31 October 2023	450,000
	AMORTISATION	
	At 1 November 2022	
	and 31 October 2023	450,000
	NET BOOK VALUE	
	At 31 October 2023	<u>-</u>
	At 31 October 2022	
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		Totals
	COST	£
	At 1 November 2022	19,893
	Additions	1,962
	At 31 October 2023	21,855
	DEPRECIATION	
	At 1 November 2022	17,542
	Charge for year	2,468
	At 31 October 2023	20,010
	NET BOOK VALUE	1 0/5
	At 31 October 2023 At 31 October 2022	<u>1,845</u>
	ALST OCIODEL 2022	<u>2,351</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

7.	PROVISIONS F	OR LIABILITIES			
				2023 £	2022 £
	Deferred tax			<u> 175</u>	<u> 185</u>
					Deferred
					tax
	Dalamas and No				£
	Balance at 1 No				185
	Balance at 31 O	e Statement during year			<u>(10)</u>
	balance at 51 C	october 2023			<u>175</u>
8.	CALLED UP SH	ARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued	and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2023	2022
			value:	£	£
	76	Ordinary A shares	0.01	1	1
	20	Ordinary B shares	0.01	-	-
	4	Ordinary C, D and E shares	0.01		
				1	1

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.