Company Registration No. 09012513 (England and Wales)

CLEVELAND CARE AT HOME LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



Chester House, Lloyd Drive, Cheshire Oaks Business Park, Ellesmere Port, Cheshire CH65 9HQ

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors Miss M Fairless

Mr G Morrigan

Company number 09012513

Registered office Suite 5a, Surtees Business Centre

Bowesfield Lane Stockton on Tees Cleveland England TS18 3HP

Accountants Morris & Co

Chester House Lloyd Drive

Cheshire Oaks Business Park

Ellesmere Port Cheshire CH65 9HQ

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# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CLEVELAND CARE AT HOME LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Cleveland Care at Home Limited for the year ended 30 April 2021 which comprise, the balance sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Cleveland Care at Home Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Cleveland Care at Home Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Cleveland Care at Home Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Cleveland Care at Home Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Cleveland Care at Home Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Cleveland Care at Home Limited. You consider that Cleveland Care at Home Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Cleveland Care at Home Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Morris & Co 7 January 2022

Chartered Accountants Chester House
Lloyd Drive

Cheshire Oaks Business Park

Ellesmere Port Cheshire CH65 9HQ

## **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 30 APRIL 2021

|  |       | 2021      |         | 2020      |         |
|--|-------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
|  | Notes | £         | £       | £         | £       |
| Fixed assets                                   |       |           |         |           |         |
| Tangible assets                                | 4     |           | 25,050  |           | 9,624   |
| Current assets                                 |       |           |         |           |         |
| Debtors  | 5     | 121,624   |         | 123,240   |         |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       |       | 213,052   |         | 132,035   |         |
|  |       | 334,676   |         | 255,275   |         |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 6     | (218,209) |         | (148,662) |         |
| Net current assets                             |       |           | 116,467 |           | 106,613 |
| Total assets less current liabilities          |       |           | 141,517 |           | 116,237 |
| Provisions for liabilities                     |       |           | (4,759) |           | (1,828  |
| Net assets                                     |       |           | 136,758 |           | 114,409 |
|  |       |           |         |           |         |
| Capital and reserves                           |       |           |         |           |         |
| Called up share capital                        |       |           | 1       |           | 1       |
| Profit and loss reserves                       |       |           | 136,757 |           | 114,408 |
| Total equity                                   |       |           | 136,758 |           | 114,409 |
|  |       |           |         |           |         |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

## AS AT 30 APRIL 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7 January 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Miss M Fairless

Director

Mr G Morrigan

Director

Company Registration No. 09012513

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Company information**

Cleveland Care at Home Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Suite 5a, Surtees Business Centre, Bowesfield Lane, Stockton on Tees, Cleveland, England, TS18 3HP.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents gross invoiced sales of domiciliary home care services.

## 1.3 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Franchise fee 20% on cost

The franchise fee, paid to Home Instead Senior Care UK Limited in 2014, has been fully amortised over the term of the initial franchise agreement of five years.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% on cost Computer equipment 20% on cost

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

## 1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Employee benefits

(continued)

2021

2020

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

#### 1.13 Government grants

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors with service contracts) employed by the company during the year was 92 (2020 - 90).

|   |                                 | 2021<br>Number | Number             |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
|   | Total                           | 92             | 90                 |
|   |                                 |                |                    |
| 3 | Intangible fixed assets         |                |                    |
|   |                                 |                | Franchise fee<br>£ |
|   | Cost                            |                |                    |
|   | At 1 May 2020 and 30 April 2021 |                | 42,000             |
|   | Amortisation and impairment     |                |                    |
|   | At 1 May 2020 and 30 April 2021 |                | 42,000             |
|   | Carrying amount                 |                |                    |
|   | At 30 April 2021                |                | -                  |
|   | At 30 April 2020                |                | <del></del>        |
|   | ·                               |                |                    |
|   |                                 |                |                    |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

| 4 | Tangible fixed assets                          |         |                            |
|---|--|---------|----------------------------|
|   |  |         | Plant and<br>machinery etc |
|   |  |         | filacilinery etc           |
|   | Cost   |         |                            |
|   | At 1 May 2020                                  |         | 20,592                     |
|   | Additions                                      |         | 20,344                     |
|   | At 30 April 2021                               |         | 40,936                     |
|   | Depreciation and impairment                    |         |                            |
|   | At 1 May 2020                                  |         | 10,968                     |
|   | Depreciation charged in the year               |         | 4,918                      |
|   | At 30 April 2021                               |         | 15,886                     |
|   | Carrying amount                                |         |                            |
|   | At 30 April 2021                               |         | 25, <b>05</b> 0<br>        |
|   | At 30 April 2020                               |         | 9,624                      |
| 5 | Debtors  |         |                            |
|   |  | 2021    | 2020                       |
|   | Amounts falling due within one year:           | £       | £                          |
|   | Trade debtors                                  | 120,632 | 122,415                    |
|   | Other debtors                                  | 992<br> | <b>82</b> 5                |
|   |  | 121,624 | 123,240                    |
| j | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year |         |                            |
| • | Creators amounts taking and within one year    | 2021    | 2020                       |
|   |  | £       | £                          |
|   | Bank loans and overdrafts                      | 50,000  | -                          |
|   | Trade creditors                                | 986     | 1,463                      |
|   | Other taxation and social security             | 60,882  | 51,258                     |
|   | Other creditors                                | 106,341 | 95,941                     |
|   |  | 218,209 | 148,662                    |

# 8 Directors' transactions

The directors were owed £1,178 (2020: £487) by the company at the year end. The balance is interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.