#### **Financial Statements**

for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

for

**Yorkshire and Humber Partners Academic Health Science Network Limited** 

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# Yorkshire and Humber Partners Academic Health Science Network Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

**DIRECTORS:** 

Professor W Pope Sir A J Cash Ms C A Outram R Stubbs

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Unit 1

Calder Close Durkar Wakefield West Yorkshire WF4 3BA

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

08887451 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Kirk Newsholme

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

4315 Park Approach

Thorpe Park

Leeds

West Yorkshire LS15 8GB

# Balance Sheet 31 March 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		56,591	·	144,564
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	5	1,020,732 5,695,173		404,033 3,660,765	
		6,715,905		4,064,798	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	6	6,729,525		4,169,985	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(13,620)		(105,187)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			42,971		39,377
RESERVES Income and expenditure account			42,971		39,377
			42,971		39,377

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income and Expenditure Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 18 November 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Professor W Pope Director

R Stubbs - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

#### 1. COMPANY INFORMATION

Yorkshire and Humber Partners Academic Health Science Network Limited is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The functional and presentational currency of the company is considered to be pounds sterling.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared using the going concern basis.

Despite the COVID-19 pandemic the company has continued to operate normally and has plans in place to mitigate and respond quickly to any ultimate effect this may have on the business in the future.

During the pandemic our objectives continue to be to protect our workforce to ensure that they are fit and healthy and to continue operating as normally as possible. There has been no requirement to access the government backed grants, loans or the Job Retention (i.e. furlough) scheme.

Despite the uncertainty surrounding the impact of COVID-19, the directors consider that with the good level of reserves held and sufficient financial resources, the company is in a strong position to overcome the challenges that may arise over the coming months. After consideration of these factors, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided, net of VAT.

The Company has been set up to create and harness a strong, purposeful partnership between patients, health services, industry and academia. Funding is only available for these purposes and to cover the costs of these activities. These funds are not available to create profit within the Company. On this basis, income is recognised in the income and expenditure account so as to match costs as and when they are incurred on those contracts. Deferred income is recognised where funds receivable are in excess of costs during the year and when those funds are not related to specific time periods or performance measures.

Other income generated is recognised in the period in which the service by the Company is performed.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at purchase cost together with any incidental expenses of acquisition, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible assets at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful life.

Short leasehold

- Over the period of the lease

Computer equipment

33% on cost

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already at an age and in the condition expected at the end of its estimated useful life.

The need for any fixed asset impairment write down is assessed by comparison of the carrying value of the assets against the higher of realisable value and value in use.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined on the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the income and expenditure account.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

#### **Leasing commitments**

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the income and expenditure account in the period to which they relate.

#### **Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

Where material, the cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination payments.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit and loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

The following assets and liabilities are classified as basic financial instruments - trade debtors, other debtors, cash and bank balance, trade creditors and other creditors.

Trade debtors, other debtors, cash and bank balances, trade creditors and other creditors are measured at the amortised cost equivalent to the undiscounted amount of cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

#### Impairment of assets

Assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss as described below.

#### Non financial assets

An asset is impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

#### Financial assets

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had the impairment loss not been recognised.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 51 (2020 - 48).

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

4.	TAN	<b>GIBLE</b>	FIXED	<b>ASSETS</b>
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4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Short leasehold £	Computer equipment £	Totals £		
	COST					
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	209,448	70,935	280,383		
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 April 2020 Charge for year	93,088 69,816	42,731 18,157	135,819 87,973		
	•		<del></del>	<del></del>		
	At 31 March 2021	162,904	60,888	223,792		
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2021	46,544	10,047	56,591		
	At 31 March 2020	116,360	28,204	144,564		
	7.1.0 · Maion 2020			====		
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR					
	·		2021 £	2020 £		
	Trade debtors		636,825	311,255		
	Prepayments and accrued income		383,907	92,778		
			1,020,732	404,033		
		_				
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEA	.R	2021	2020		
	Total and disease		£ 380,933	£ 358,383		
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security	•	429,399	108,624		
	Other creditors		5,919,193	3,702,978		
			6,729,525	4,169,985		
7.	LEASING AGREEMENTS					
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:					
	g		2021	2020		
	Within one year		£ 111,102	£ 134,811		
	Between one and five years		117,659	228,761		
			228,761	363,572		

### 8. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Jill Wright BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Kirk Newsholme

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

#### 9. LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

The Company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of the members in the event of a winding up is limited to £1 per member.