# TANIDA LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

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### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Director

T Lane

Secretary

**Premium Secretaries Limited** 

Company number

08785572

Registered office

Suite 105 Viglen House Alperton Lane Wembley London

United Kingdom HA0 1HD

Accountants

SMP Accounting & Tax Limited

5th Floor

86 Jermyn Street

London SW1Y 6AW

# CONTENTS

·	Page
Director's report	1
Director's responsibilities statement	2
Accountants' report	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Statement of changes in equity	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 9

#### **DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

The director presents his annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2016.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company is that of investment holding.

#### Director

The director who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

#### T Lane

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

T Lane

Director 24/07/17

# DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

The director is responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF TANIDA LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the relevant Companies Act, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Tanida Limited for the year ended 30 November 2016 which comprise the Profit And Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Tanida Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Tanida Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Tanida Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Tanida Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Tanida Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Tanida Limited. You consider that Tanida Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Tanida Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

SMP Accounting & Tax Limited

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A member of the SMP Partners Group of Companies

5th Floor, 86 Jermyn Street, London, SW1Y 6AW

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A member of the ICAEW Practice Assurance Scheme

Directors: I.F. Begley, A.J. Dowling, P. Duchars, J.J. Scott, S.J. Turner

24/07/17

# **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

		Year	Year
		ended	ended
		30 November	30 November
		2016	2015
	Notes	£	£
Administrative expenses		(7,289)	(5,543)
Interest payable and similar expenses		(85)	(40)
Amounts written off investments		36,288	
Profit/(loss) before taxation		28,914	(5,583)
Taxation		-	-
		<del> </del>	<del></del>
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		28,914	(5,583)
		<del></del>	<del></del>

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2016**

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£.	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	2		38,547		2,259
Current assets					
Debtors	3	183		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,999		1,665	
		2,182		1,665	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(24,629)		(16,738)	
Net current liabilities			(22,447)		(15,073)
Total assets less current liabilities			16,100		(12,814)
,					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	5		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			16,000		(12,914)
			40.400		(40.04.1)
Total equity			16,100		(12,814)

For the financial year ended 30 November 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on  $\frac{240717}{17}$ 

T Lane
Director

Company Registration No. 08785572

# TANIDA LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total	
	£	£	£	
Balance at 1 December 2014	100	(7,331)	(7,231)	
Period ended 30 November 2015: Loss and total comprehensive income for the period	-	(5,583)	(5,583)	
Balance at 30 November 2015	100	(12,914)	(12,814)	
	100	(12,014)	(12,014)	
Period ended 30 November 2016: Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	<u>-</u>	28,914	28,914	
Balance at 30 November 2016	100	16,000	16,100	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Tanida Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Suite 105, Viglen House, Alperton Lane, Wembley, London, United Kingdom, HA0 1HD.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2016 are the first financial statements of Tanida Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 December 2014. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

#### 1.2 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### 1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt.instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.6 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

#### 2 Fixed asset investments

	2016 £	2015 £
Investments	38,547	2,259

The value of the 90% holding in Autopromservice LLC has been revalue to take into consideration the net asset of the entity per 31st December 2016 year end signed financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

2	Fixed asset investments		(Continued)
	Movements in fixed asset investments		Shares in group- undertakings £
	Cost or valuation At 1 December 2015 Valuation changes		2,259 36,288 ————
	At 30 November 2016		38,547
	Carrying amount At 30 November 2016		38,547
	At 30 November 2015		2,259
3	Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:	2016 £	2015 £
	Other debtors	183	_
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2016 £	2015 £
	Other creditors	24,629 ———	16,738
5	Called up share capital	2016	2015
	Ordinary share capital	£	£
	Issued and fully paid 100 ordinary shares	100	100